

NEW STOCK OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Wall Paper and Linings. Furniture, etc., Sold on the Installment Plan. Easy terms. Call and Investigate.

We are Headquarters for HOUSEHOLD FURNISHING GOODS, CARPETS, MIRRORS, BEDROOM SUITES, MATTING, OIL CLOTH, LINOLEUM LACE CURTAINS, TABLE LINEN, TOWEL, TOWELING, STOVE, RANGES, CROCKERY, GLASS.

Sewing Machines. Undertaker's Supplies.

Now's the time to furnish your homes. Call and inspect our Goods. Prices are low for First Class Furniture.

OLSEN & CO., The Tillamook House Furnishers

A CAPTAIN'S FIGHT.

The President so Decides the Schley-Sampson Scrap.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The president today made public the statement on Admiral Schley's appeal and the answer thereto from the navy department. The president says:

"I have examined both with the utmost care, as well as the preceding appeal to the secretary of the navy. I have read through all the testimony taken before the court and the statements of counsel for Admiral Sampson and Admiral Schley; have examined all official reports of every kind in reference to the Santiago naval campaign, and have also personally had before me the four surviving captains from those of the two admirals, which were actively engaged at Santiago.

"It appears that the court of inquiry was unanimous in its findings of fact and unanimous in its expressions of opinion and most of its findings of fact. No appeal is made to me from the verdict of the court on these points, where it was unanimous. I have, however, gone carefully over the evidence on these points also. I am satisfied that, on the whole, the court did substantial justice.

"I should have specifically condemned the failure to enforce an efficient night blockade at Santiago while Admiral Schley was in command. On the other hand, I feel that there is a reasonable doubt whether he did not move his squadron with sufficient expedition from port to port. The court is united in condemning Admiral Schley's action on the point where it seems to be he has gravely erred in his 'retrograde movement,' when he abandoned the blockade and his disobedience of orders and mistatements of facts in relation thereto.

"It should be remembered, however, that the majority of these actions which the court censures occurred weeks or more before the fight itself, and it certainly seems that if Admiral Schley's actions were censurable he should not have been left as second in command, under Admiral Sampson. His offenses were in effect condoned when he was not called to account for them. Admiral Sampson, after the fight, in an official letter to the department, alluded for the first time to Admiral Schley's 'reprehensible conduct' six weeks previously. If Admiral Schley was guilty of reprehensible conduct of any kind which called for such notice from Admiral Sampson, then Admiral Sampson ought to have left him as senior officer of the blockading squadron on the third of July, when he (Sampson) steamed away on his proper errand of communication with General Shafter.

"We can, therefore, for our present purposes, dismiss consideration of so much of the appeal as relates to anything except the battle. As regards this, the point raised in the appeal is between Admiral Sampson and Schley as to which was in command and as to which was entitled to the credit, if either of them was really entitled to any unusual and pre-eminent credit by any special exhibit of genius, skill or courage. The court could have considered both of these questions, but as a matter of fact it unanimously excluded the evidence offered upon them and through its preannounced refusal to hear Admiral Sampson's side at all, and in view of such exclusion, a majority of the court acted with entire propriety in not expressing any opinion on this point. The matter has, however, been raised by the president of the court. However, it is a point upon which Admiral Schley in his appeal lays most stress, and which he especially asks me to consider.

"The appeal of Admiral Schley to me is not, as to this, the chief point because really an appeal from the decision of the court of inquiry. Five-sixths of the appeal is devoted to this question of command and credit; that is, to the matter which the court of inquiry did not consider. It is in effect an appeal from the action of President McKinley three years ago, when he sent in recommendations for promotion for various officers connected with the Santiago squadron, basing these recommendations upon his estimate of credit to which the officers were respectively entitled.

"What I have to decide, therefore, is whether or not President McKinley did injustice in the matter. This necessarily involves a comparison of the actions of the different commanders engaged. Exhaustive official reports of the action leave little to be brought out anew; but as the question of Admiral Sampson's right to be considered in chief command, which was determined in his favor by President McKinley and later by the court of inquiry, has never hitherto been officially revised, I deemed it best to secure statements from commanders of the five ships (other than the Brooklyn and New York) which were actively engaged in the fight.

"The question as to which one of the two men, Admiral Sampson or Admiral Schley was at the time in command is of merely a nominal character. It was a captain's fight.

"Therefore the credit to which of the two is entitled, rests on matters apart from the claim of nominal command over the squadron; for, so far as the actual fight was concerned, neither one or the other in fact, exercised any command. Sampson was hardly more than technically in the fight. His real claim for credit rests upon his work as commander-in-chief: upon the excellence of the blockade; upon the preparedness of the squadron; upon the arrangement of the ships ahead in a semi-circle around the harbor and the standing orders in accordance with which they constantly moved to the attack of the Spaniards when the latter appeared. For all these things, credit is his.

"Admiral Schley is rightly entitled—as is Captain Cook—to the credit of what the Brooklyn did in the fight. On the whole she did well; but I agree with the unanimous finding of the three admirals who composed the court of inquiry as to the 'loop.' It seriously marred the Brooklyn's excellent record, being, in fact, the one grave mistake made by any American ship that day.

"Personally, I feel it would have been well to have given Captain Cook of the Oregon the advancement that was given Wainwright. But waiving this, it is evident that Wainwright was entitled to receive more than any of the commanders, and that it was just to Admiral Sampson that he should receive a greater advancement in number than Admiral Schley—there was nothing done in the battle that warranted an unusual reward for either. In short, as regards Admiral Sampson and Admiral Schley I find that President McKinley did substantial justice, and there would be no warrant for reversing his action.

News in a Nutshell.

Perhaps some day there may be a home for eperunated historical novel writers.

The tidal wave on the Salvadorian coast caused the loss of more than 50 lives and the partial destruction of seven villages.

The Populists of Kansas decided that there would be no affiliation between the Populist and Democratic forces in Kansas this year.

After 24 hours of snow, sleet and rain and a night of high winds, New York woke Saturday to the worst weather conditions it has faced this winter.

The official heads of the medical profession of Great Britain are determined to unite for a systematic investigation into the causes, the prevention and the treatment of cancer.

While a Boston pastor was preaching on "The Perils of City Life," all the electric lights in the church suddenly went out. This was an illustration of his sermon, however, that the Pastor hadn't foreseen.

Final ratifications of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, giving England's assent to the construction of a canal across Central America by the United States, were exchanged at the State Department Friday afternoon.

A daring and foolhardy attempt was made to rob the London & Mexico Bank, one of the strongest financial concerns in the City of Mexico, by an unknown robber, who, after killing the cashier, and seeing that he would be captured, blew out his own brains.

The House of Representatives of the Ohio Legislature has placed itself on record as being in favor of electing United States Senators by a direct vote of the people by a vote of 73 to 23. The resolution asks Congress to take the necessary action.

Forty persons have been killed since the disturbances broke out at Barcelona, Spain. The strikers Friday attacked the jail in an attempt to rescue their imprisoned comrades, but they were repulsed by the troops after a number of rioters had been killed or wounded.

Another desperate fight occurred between the Indians and the bands of outlaws that killed Sheriff Smith and Beck at Anadarko a month ago. As a result, one of the outlaws, Walter Swofford, is dead and Deputy Sheriff John Fisher, of Oklahoma, is seriously injured.

The House committee on territories unanimously voted to report bills for the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma. The vote was taken upon a motion made by Moon (Dem., Tenn.), declaring it to be the sense of the committee that the three territories were entitled to statehood, and that subcommittees be appointed to prepare the bills. The subcommittees were appointed.

Even Russia Is Satisfied.

Nothing could be lovelier than to have everybody satisfied. When the news of the new Anglo-Japanese treaty was given out the English press was filled with words of the warmest approval, while the Japs fairly went wild with delight that they should have secured an alliance that might save them from the aggressions of the great white czar.

Now, strange to relate, Russia itself comes forward and tells the world that if others are pleased, it is simply delighted, that the maintenance of the integrity of Korea and the Chinese empire has long been its wish, hope and prayer and, this being apparently guaranteed by the new treaty, it has received a double vindication and experiences a double joy. Nothing could be more delightful than all this. Nobody suspects that Russia is not entirely sincere in its manifestations of approval, though there may be those who believe that anything which will make for the temporary peace of the world in the Orient plays into the hands of the Slav and fits into his ultimate designs.

The movement of the Russians through the Trans-Baikal region, and through Manchuria to Port Arthur, is one of the most remarkable in the history of the human race. It is not the result of a sudden impulse, but of a vast plan which has been going through a process of evolution and development since the days of Peter the Great. There is no notion on the face of the globe which can so well afford to wait as Russia. In the way of internal improvement alone it has before it a task of staggering proportions. In the course of time, by sheer force of numbers, it will have its way along the diplomatic lines which it has been following for generations. When it is remembered that 900,000 men annually reach military age in that vast empire, that of all races they are the sturdiest, the most invulnerable, and, as the most primitive, so to say, the most vital, one may see the foundation for their claim that ultimately the world will be dominated by the Slavs and the Americans, the two great growing races, who must sooner or later control the destinies of the globe.

If Russia is satisfied with the terms of the treaty, of which it is manifestly the object, it must be taken for granted that it is not yet ready to proceed in its forward movement, but that having stretched and equipped its long line of railroad through Manchuria, and, to a degree, colonized the vast narrow stretch of tributary territory, it is now rapidly building up to its support a strong arm of force, which, when the time comes will maintain it against the united force of what ever nations may be pitted against it in the coming inevitable struggle.

An interesting illustration of the quickness with which international strikes are forgotten is found in the fact that Spain has asked that the United States shall be especially represented at the festivities in honor of the coming of age of the young king in May next, and this government has promised to send a special commission tomer.

Chamberlain. Mr. Gladstone's reply was: "Chamberlain is the first politician we have had of the American type, and he is destined to give a great deal of trouble."

With his hand practically clenching the \$10,000,000 for which he gave up all the joys of life, for which he became a recluse in the Northwest, Frank Eaton says, calmly, "I'll go right on as I have been doing." This means that one of the richest owners of iron mines will continue to live in a log shack that isn't worth pulling apart for firewood; that he will tolerate no man's intrusion upon his solitude, and that he will suffer the pains and pangs of age and infirmity as he has during the long years that he fought for the possession of the millions that are his. He has won the prize for which he fought, strove and starved, but finds himself incapable of enjoying its possession.

The Goble Nehalem & Pacific Railway has been sold to a new company of two or three persons who will take charge of it and put it in operation at once. The consideration was \$25,000 for the road and right of way. The same persons have purchased 2080 acres of the Green estate, which lies near the line of road, paying \$12 an acre therefor. Robert Smith, who has been operating a large mill at Perry, in the Blue Mountains, is reported to be one of the purchasers. The O. R. & N. Co., which has had charge of the locomotive belonging to the road, has been ordered to turn it over to the purchasers.

S. Anders, a workman in Booth-Kelly Company's sawmill at Springfield, was almost instantly killed Friday afternoon. He was working at the logway, where logs were being drawn up from the pond into the mill. As a large log was being hauled up the incline the dog slipped loose from the log and flew with great force, striking Anders on the left temple. The skull was shattered and brains escaped, so that death ensued in a very short time. Anders was 45 years old, and leaves a wife and four children. He was well known and quite prominent, having served at one time as Councilman in Springfield. He was an Odd Fellow, and also a member of the Woodmen of the World.

In the Senate Saturday afternoon a fist fight occurred between Senator McLaurin and Tillman, both of South Carolina. McLaurin arose and said that Tillman's statement regarding him was a "willful and deliberate and malicious lie." Tillman jumped over chairs and struck McLaurin in the face. A vicious encounter ensued. Both men clinched and struck frantically at each other, when Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms Layton sprang between them and several Senators seized the men and parted them. It was with great difficulty that the men were parted. The Senate deciding that it was contempt, both Senators apologized.

Real Estate Transfers. Jacob S. Elliott to W. B. Elliott, tract in tp. 1 S, R. 9 W. C. E. Thayer to Wm. R. Hingsworth, S 1/2 of N 1/2 of sec. 12, tp. 1 S, R. 8 W. Mrs. Sophia Williams to Mrs. L. A. Campbell, W 1/2 of Se 1/4 and E 1/2 of Sw 1/4 of sec. 30, tp. 2 N, R. 9 W. George B. McLeod to B. A. Todd, 11.81 acres in tp. 3 N, R. 10 W. Wm. G. Gosslin to H. A. Todd, 8.46 acres in tp. 3 N, R. 10 W. John Newburg, by guardian, to C. E. Todd, Se 1/4 of sec. 25, tp. 2 N, R. 7 W. George W. Jennings to Jasper Smith, 35 acres in Haines D. L. C. Wm. J. Hines to Riley Maxwell, und. 1-10 interest in E 1/2 of Se 1/4 of sec. 21, tp. 1 S, R. 9 W. Chas. Ray to R. P. Killebrew, lots 5, 6 and 8 in block 7, Malaney's add. to Ocean Park. Frank Norberg to R. P. Killebrew, lot 7, of block 7, Malaney's add. to Ocean Park. Myrtle Lilly to D. A. Blodgett, Nw 1/4 of sec. 15 tp. 2 N, R. 7 W. Erastus Dailey to Goran Munson, Sw 1/4 of Ne 1/4, S 1/2 of Sw 1/4 and Se 1/4 of Sw 1/4 of sec. 11, tp. 2 S, R. 10 W. M. Adlanalp, 30 acres in sec. 35, tp. 1 S, R. 9 W. C. W. Christensen to Geo. Hawes, und. 1/2 of Sw 1/4 of sec. 1, tp. 3 N, R. 10 W. Arthur B. Caples to D. A. Blodgett, E 1/2 of Se 1/4, Sw 1/4 of Se 1/4 and Se 1/4 of Sw 1/4, sec. 7, tp. 2 N, R. 7 W.

Yellow Fir Lumber Co.'s Prices. Below will be found the Yellow Fir Lumber Company's price list for lumber. PRICES FOR LUMBER AT THE MILLS: Per 1000 ft. Rough lumber..... \$6 50 Sized lumber..... 7 50 Ship lap..... 8 50 Dressed lumber, flooring & rustic 14 50 PRICES AT TILLAMOOK CITY. And delivered anywhere along the main road from the mills: Rough lumber..... 8 00 Sized lumber..... 9 00 Ship lap..... 10 00 Dressed lumber up to 15 in. wide..... 16 00 Flooring and rustic..... 16 00 Dressed pickets from 1 to 3 inches wide 1/2 in. per lineal foot. Above prices are for lumber less than thirty feet long. Leave orders at the saw mills or with E. G. E. WIST, President; PETER BRANT, Secretary.

Twin Family Medicines

Save a Doctor Bill and may be Your Life. HOW IS YOUR LIVER? Rather a pointed question. So it is, and OREGON LIVER REGULATOR hits the point. For a sick headache, the kind that is caused from a deranged stomach, dizziness, nervousness, dyspepsia, constipation or any ailment of the stomach, liver or bowels, there is no medicine that will relieve you so quickly and permanently as OREGON LIVER REGULATOR. Regular size, 25c. and 1.

D. J. Fry, Salem, Oregon. Star, Idaho. Dear Sir,—Enclosed find 25c. for a package of Oregon Liver Regulator. We used the medicine when we lived in Salem and found it superior to anything we ever tried for headache and biliousness. Yours truly, REV. ALVIN COX.

A FEW WORDS MORE. FRY'S LIGHTNING HEALER. Meaning Best, Quick Cure. A new remedy for all aches and pains. It is the justly celebrated Pain Killer—guaranteed or money back. Try it for an ache or pain, external or internal. Regular size, 50c.

BENJAMIN WHEELER, residence Highland Addition, Salem, Or., a sufferer from rheumatism, says: "Fry's Lightning Healer is the best and the only medicine that ever gave me relief. I believe it will do all that is claimed for it." Above medicines for sale by ROBERT STURGEON, Tillamook, Oregon.

Pacific Navigation Co.

STEAMERS—SUE H. ELMORE, W. H. HARRISON. ONLY LINE—ASTORIA TO TILLAMOOK, GARIBALDI, BAY CITY, HOBSONVILLE. Connecting at Astoria with the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Co. and also the Astoria & Columbia River R. R. for San Francisco, Portland and all points east. For freight and passenger rates apply to SAMUEL ELMORE & CO., General Agents, ASTORIA, OR. B. C. LAMB, Agent, Tillamook, Oregon. Agents J. O. R. & N. R. Co., Portland. J. A. & C. R. Co., Portland.

Truckee Lumber Co., OF SAN FRANCISCO, DEALERS IN FIR & SPRUCE Lumber BOX SHOOKS.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE And LOGGERS' SUPPLIES AGENTS STEAMERS "W. H. KRUGER" AND "ACME." For San Francisco and Los Angeles. Hobsonville, Or. J. E. SIBLEY, Mgr. Centrally Located. Rates, \$1 Per Day. LARSEN HOUSE, M. H. LARSEN, Proprietor. TILLAMOOK, OREGON. The Best Hotel in the city. No Chinese Employed. M. F. LEACH, PROPRIETOR OF Tillamook Meat Market DEALER IN Fresh and Cured Meats, Hides, Wool, etc. Shop next door to Larsen's Hotel, Tillamook

Edwards & Sladden, Barber

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, SHAMPOOING, Hot and Cold Baths. EVERYTHING STRICTLY FIRST CLASS

The Oriel House, MRS. H. L. HEIGHT, Proprietor.

First-class accommodation for the traveling public. 650 Commercial Street, Near O. R. & N. Wharf, and nearest Hotel to Tillamook boat landing, ASTORIA, ORE.

CHEESE AND BUTTER MAKERS.

Of Cheesery, Dairy and Creamery Machinery and Supplies we carry the largest stock in the northwest. A full line of D. H. Barrell & Co.'s celebrated Cheese making preparations, Apparatus, etc. Send for Catalogue. BRADDICK-KEATING CO., 143 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND, ORE. Agents for DeLaval Cream Separators.