

**The Tillamook Headlight**

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**RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.**  
(STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.)

One year	\$1.50
Six months	75
Three months	50

The verdict in the Schley court of inquiry is disappointing to everybody but the naval clique. It looks like a compromise verdict in which Admiral Schley is convicted and acquitted. Anyhow, the traducers of Schley will consider this a victory, and they certainly must have rejoiced when they read the conclusions of the court. By all means let there be a congressional investigation, for the evidence against Schley appeared so weak and that for him so strong, the verdict is a great surprise. The scandal is magnified, and congress should now get in and route the nigger behind the fence.

About two years ago it was surprising that a number of aspirants there were who wanted to jump into Congressman Tongue's shoes. Evidently they were snowed under so badly they do not care to tackle the job again, for popular opinion is opposed to making a change, especially when Mr. Tongue has been for several years the most energetic member in the Oregon delegation, and for that reason Mr. Tongue should be re-nominated with unanimous consent. When this district is well represented it is wise to allow it to remain so.

Somehow or other, after annexing the Philippine Island, it don't look exactly fair or consistent to want to put a tariff on the product of those islands. The colonies in the early days rebelled, but since then gigantic trusts have come into existence to control legislators.

The Cubans want their sugar admitted free to the United States and Governor General Wood is pleading their cause. Members of congress from the beet sugar states will have something to say about "charity beginning at home."

The sugar trust has again thought better of giving "the dear people" 3-cent sugar and incidentally trying to kill the lusty beet infant. Prices are slowly but surely going up to the old level.

Herr Bebel, Germany's labor statesman, give the noble landlords a series of hot shots, each and every one of which went home. Maybe the kaiser will not find himself so much a supreme lord after the tariff debate as he once imagined.

Croker announces that he has "retired from active politics. There is a well-grounded suspicion throughout the country that his retirement was decidedly in the nature of a violent throw-out."

Carrie Nation's troubles are not coming singly. First divorce and then collapse of "The Smasher's Mail." She may soon have to pawn her hatchet and get down to housework again.

**To Cure Consumption.**

One of the least known institutions under the jurisdiction of the government is Uncle Sam's Sanitarium for the treatment of Consumption at Fort Bayard, N. M. Here the government is carrying on a series of investigations of tuberculosis, which are likely to end in highly beneficial results. Remarkable cures have been brought, and radical changes have been made in the previously accepted hospital treatment of consumption. The sanitarium was opened in 1899, under the war department authorized Major D. M. Appel, surgeon, U. S. A., to take charge of the hospital, which is for the care of officers and enlisted men suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis and for discharged soldiers entitled to the benefits of the United States Soldiers home at Washington, D. C.

The hospital is located in the arid mountainous region of Southern New Mexico. Having an altitude of 6,040 feet, the climate permits of an outdoor life during the entire year, and patients live in the open air for at least eight hours every day. The sanitarium has been in operation only a little over one year, and already it has turned out ten cases cured and has a number of others on the sure road to recovery. The administration force consists of the chief surgeon, three assistant surgeons, ten female nurses, one hospital steward, two acting stewards and twenty privates of the hospital corps.

Scientific diet, fresh air and sunshine are combined in the chief theory of the sanitarium, and scrupulous cleanliness is enforced in all departments. Careful attention is given to each individual and a record kept of each case. All are advised to retire early, to take moderate exercise and to eat slowly. The most scrupulous cleanliness is the keynote of the admiration of affairs at the nation's army hospital. It is not only enforced in all departments, but is required of the patients. Kitchens, dining rooms and dormitories are thoroughly scrubbed each day. To prevent infection and reinfection no tablecloths or napkins are used in the dining room. The tables are of plain board and after each meal are thoroughly cleansed with soda and boiling water after each use. Each inmate is supplied with towels and bed linen and no one is permitted to use those allotted to another. Each patient, upon joining the little colony at Fort Bayard, is subjected to a most comprehensive physical examination. A chart is then prepared showing the stage of the disease, the date of admission and subsequent progress. The charts are reported almost daily to the

chart shows almost a continuous history of each case. In addition a weekly record is kept of each patient's weight and such reports are regarded as an index of the general progress of the individuals.

In the government's scientific treatment of consumption, as exemplified at the station at Fort Bayard, great stress is laid upon the importance of providing an abundance of good, nutritious food. The bill of fare for the patients at breakfast consists of a choice of several cereals, eggs to order, potatoes, broiled beef, steak, ham, chops, breakfast bacon, rolls, toast, wheat bread, butter, coffee and milk. For dinner there are served roast mutton and beef, vegetables, fresh fruit, bread, butter and milk. The supper menu comprises cold meats, meat stew, boiled and baked potatoes, stewed fruit, corn and wheat muffins, bread and butter, coffee and tea.

The wonderful New Mexican climate is, of course, the very best tonic and restorative that could possibly be prescribed for a consumptive patient, and to insure their gaining the maximum possible amount of benefit from it the army officers in charge insist upon the patients spending as much time as possible in the open air, and that when indoors they shall see to it that windows are kept open. To such an extent is the enforcement of this regulation carried out that inmates of the hospital who are at all able to get out are not permitted to occupy their dormitories between the hours of 8 o'clock in the morning and 7:30 o'clock in the evening. Visiting in quarters is not permitted, and not only are the ambulant patients required to absent themselves from the dormitories, but it is one of the tenets of Uncle Sam's innovation in consumption treatment that each sufferer shall remain out in the open air at least eight hours a day.

The use of stimulants and cigarettes is forbidden, although smoking and chewing tobacco in moderation are permitted.

During the first year in the history of the new hospital a very satisfactory showing was made, particularly in view of the fact that the new methods of treatment are only at the introductory stage. Several patients were discharged cured and a number of others returned to their homes much improved. The latter consisted principally of sufferers whose cases had reached an advanced stage when they were admitted to the sanitarium, and who, when informed that there was no reasonable hope of entire recovery, preferred to return to their homes and friends. Some of the most severe cases treated have brought out the most interesting disclosures to the medical authorities who are studying the results of Fort Bayard with intense interest. For instance, there has been a conclusive disproof of the opinion generally held that hemorrhages are superinduced by residence in the high altitudes.

**Quaint Features of Life.**

According to a Chicago paper four young and pretty married women of St. Bernard's church in Englewood, Chicago, attired themselves in infant's clothing and impersonated the famous Ormsby quadruplets in the church fair, until their husbands found it out and broke up the show. The production was a complete surprise to the husbands, who held an indignation meeting. Then the church lost the best money-making scheme in the fair.

An American sojourner in the Philippines says in a recent letter to friends at home: "I want to go home. I want some washing done. To show you how bad, I send you a handkerchief and collar just back from the laundry. Take the handkerchief out and bury it and save the collar for a souvenir. They don't pretend to get the dirt out of their clothes here. They take them down to the river, hard water and partly salt, soase them in, take them out, lay them on boards and with stones beat them full of holes and pound the buttons off. Then they smooth them out with a plank."

Susie E. Jenkins, 29 years old, of Philadelphia says: "I have seen nearly all the funny shows that have come to Philadelphia in recent years, and not one of them could make me laugh. My mother has often tried to make me laugh by tickling me, but even that won't work. Ever since I can remember people have been telling me funny stories and cutting up all sorts of capers in the hope that I could be induced to smile; but all their efforts have been in vain. No; I have never considered a doctor about it, for I have always enjoyed perfect health. I want to exhibit myself in public and offer a prize to anyone who can make me laugh. It must be a queer sensation."

Two miles from Caribou, Me., on the Aroostook river, the beavers have built a dam of logs and mud 250 feet long, turning the river back upon the lowlands for a distance of three miles, and thus creating a great lake. Trees a foot in diameter have been cut down by the beavers, the branches trimmed off and the trunks in some mysterious manner brought to the dam and submerged. The dam is better than many on the river have been built by men and the Caribou people are rather proud of it. Over 1,000 beavers have worked hard on this job for several months, and they will be allowed to remain in possession all winter.

"A couple of years ago," says the advertising agent of a tobacco firm, "I wished to introduce among the Chinese a two-for-five cigar that my people were heavily interested in, and I decided to draw up a little card extolling this cigar in Chinese characters. I sought out Lo He, Wong, in San Francisco, a very intelligent young fellow, and got him to write me a few sentences in praise of my article. I had what he wrote lithographed and distributed the cards by thousands in all the Chinatowns of the United States. They were inscribed with a picture of the cigar, and below were the words: 'Smoke this cigar. It is the best on the market, and two for five is its price.' That, at least, is what I thought was the meaning of the Chinese characters. I found out, some six months later, my mistake. The words Lo He Wong had written and which I had had lithographed were: 'Don't smoke this cigar. It is not good. But the Gong company's cigarettes, for sale in every Chinatown at 3 cents a package, are excellent.' Lo He Wong had got \$10 for his work, and I don't know how much he got from the Gong company. We distributed many thousands of cards before we got on to the trick that had been played on us."

**THE VERDICT A SURPRISE.**

**Schley Court of Inquiry Made Two Reports—Condemns Him on Eleven Counts.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—The report of the Schley court of inquiry was promulgated by Secretary Long to-night. There are two reports. Admiral Benham and Admiral Ramsey concur in the first, which is signed by Admiral Dewey also, as a matter of form. Admiral Dewey makes a separate report, although he agrees with the findings of facts subscribed to by the others.

The majority report condemns Admiral Schley on 11 points, while Admiral Dewey sustains him in most places. The majority opinion finds in brief that Admiral Schley should have proceeded with the utmost dispatch to Cienfuegos and maintained a close blockade; that he should have endeavored to have obtained information of the Spanish there; that he should have proceeded to Santiago with dispatch; that he should not have made the retrograde movement; that he should have obeyed the Department's orders; that he should have endeavored to capture the Spanish vessels in Santiago; that he did not do his utmost to destroy the Colon; that he caused the squadron to lose distance in the loop of the Brooklyn; that he thereby caused the Texas to back; that he did injustice to Hodgson; that his conduct in the campaign was characterized by vacillation, dilatoriness, and lack of enterprise; that his official reports on the coal supply were misleading and inaccurate; that his conduct during the battle was self-possessed, and that he encouraged in his own person his subordinate officers and men.

**Dewey Takes a Different View**

Admiral Dewey, in his report, says that the passage to Cienfuegos was made with all dispatch; that in view of his coal supply, the blockade of Cienfuegos was effective; that he allowed the Adula to enter Cienfuegos to get information; that his passage to Santiago was with as much dispatch as possible keeping the squadron together; that the blockade of Santiago was effective and, finally, that he was the senior officer of the squadron, in absolute command, and entitled to the credit due for the glorious victory which resulted in the total destruction of the Spanish ships.

For seven weeks the court heard testimony, and for fully a month it deliberated upon that mass of evidence, finally reaching the conclusions announced.

**The Result a Surprise.**

The result was a complete surprise, and it is probable that no prophecy has approached the truth. Instead of one report there are two. Both are signed by George Dewey, as president, and by Samuel C. Lemly, as Judge-Advocate. This is a form said to be recognized in all courts of inquiry; the signatures of the other members not being necessary. But it is explained that Admiral Dewey signed the second report, a minority report, to express his qualification of or dissent from the views expressed by the court, comprising besides himself Admirals Benham and Ramsey, in the first report.

New York, Dec. 14.—Captain Parker, of Admiral Schley's counsel, was told early this morning of the purport of the two Schley reports. He said:

"Admiral Dewey, better than any one else in the world, was qualified to judge this case. He is the one man living, besides Admiral Schley, who conducted a campaign and fought a battle with modern ships, under modern conditions. He probably found there was a difference between theory and practice, and judged Schley in the light of his own experience. The two other members of the court were high-minded men of the highest character, and men who would not misjudge knowingly or willingly. They never had the experience the Admiral had, and probably did not see things in the same light as he did. We shall leave the matter to the judgment of the people of the country, confident that in the just popular mind, the findings of Admiral Dewey will be sustained."

Captain Parker seemed almost as much pleased that Admiral Dewey had sustained Rear-Admiral Schley as if the court had been unanimous in the verdict that he (Dewey) rendered.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

In pursuance of a decree and order of sale rendered in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, on the 11th day of November, 1901, in the suit of J. S. Stephens, plaintiff, vs. E. E. Selph and Lulu B. Selph, defendants, and of an execution duly issued out of the said court in the said suit on the 23rd day of November, 1901, I will expose for sale, and sell as the law directs at the Court House door of said county, in Tillamook City, Oregon, on Saturday, the 28th day of December, 1901, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., the real property described in said decree and order of sale as follows, to-wit:

Lots five, six, seven and eight, of block sixteen, in Claude Thayer's addition to the town of Tillamook, now incorporated within the limits of Tillamook City, and being in Tillamook county, state of Oregon.

Dated, Tillamook City, Oregon, Nov. 27th, 1901.  
H. H. ALDERMAN,  
Sheriff of Tillamook County,  
State of Oregon.  
By E. W. STANLEY, Deputy.  
First insertion, Nov. 28th, 1901.  
Last insertion, Dec. 26th, 1901.

**Notice.**

Sealed bids will be received by the Tillamook Dairy Association until Jan. 1st, 1902, to build a Creamery Building according to specifications now on file in my possession. All material furnished by said Tillamook Dairy Association. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of Directors,  
ALFRED BURKHOLTER,  
Director of  
Tillamook Dairy Association  
Tillamook, Or., Dec. 12, 1901.

**PLACER MINERS**

having Platinum, Iridosmium and other Placering Metals associated with their gold, should save them. They are worth about as much as gold. They cannot be saved by amalgamation. For sale or free analysis, send to the Welshbach Company, Broad & Arch sts., Philadelphia, Pa. For information as to methods of saving the metals, write to the Waratah Minerals Company, Limited, 140 Ellis street, San Francisco, Cal.

**Tillamook.**

It was two o'clock, by the good town time. When we hurried aboard the car: And each of us had a good big load, For we were going afar.

There was gun and peaches and things we need To hurry aboard the boat. For we were fixed to the utmost point, And we took our overcoat.

To the Kruger's side at Mission Street what? In time we found our way. When we got there the ship hurried up, And soon we were out in the bay.

On the bay, where the water rolls wide and deep, But not as deep as the ocean, And our stomach was the first of earthly things

To notice the change in the motion. Oh, Winnie, was it the ginger snaps, Or simply the supper we ate That caused the heaves in our little insides.

Or was it the workings of fate? But what of this, or what of that, We got there just the same, And we long for more of Tillamook's shore

And there's nothing else to our game. Oh! to be there when the salmon run, To be there with the salmon trout, The dinners and cream and the cows sweet milk—

But what am I talking about, I never could write, or talk, or sing, Or read of the thing in a book, Of the joys that we had and the sport that we had

In this place called Tillamook. You may speak of kings in palaces grand And the pleasures of the millionaire, They can have them all, and more than all,

But give me Tillamook the fair. And give me a line or a trolling spoon, Or set me on the banks of the Frank, And just give me room to work my reel; Oh, Lord, that is all I ask.

If the future's dream will but come true, And for me you care to look, Search not through the crowded ways of men, For I'll be at Tillamook.

Yes, at Tillamook I will live, My ambition not to roam, There will be cows around, but come yourself And see—my home—sweet, home.

—ED. HIDER.

**Blasts from Ram's Horn.**

A passive church soon passes away. Fruitfulness is the cause of fearfulness. Conduct shows the content of character.

The heart that sings wings itself to heaven. The gloomy church preaches a sunless heaven.

No man finds his work till he loses himself in it. Some churches make very successful burial clubs. No duty is too small to embrace the noblest principles

Holliness is never under the necessity of advertising itself. The true furniture of life in made in the factory of drudgery.

When the pulpit is a pedestal for pride it cannot be a power for God. Nothing would surprise some people more than to have their prayers answered.

It will not help to pray for heavenly illumination after you have blown out the candle of sense. It makes all the difference in the world whether our religion is an inner force or an outer fashion.

The U. S. Civil Service Commission will hold examinations at several places in each state, during March and April, to secure young men and women for the government service. 9,889 persons secured positions last year through these examinations. Probably 10,000 appointments will be made this year. All appointments are for life and for most positions only a common school education is required. Salaries at appointment vary from \$660 to \$1200 a year with liberal promotions afterward. Politics is not considered. This affords a good opportunity for people between 16 and 45 years of age. Those desiring places of this kind can get full information about them, free, by writing to the Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D.C., and asking for its Civil Service Catalogue, number three.

**ASTHMA CURE FREE!**

Asthmalene Brings Instant Relief and Permanent Cure in All Cases.

SENT ABSOLUTELY FREE ON RECEIPT OF POSTAL.



There is nothing like Asthmalene. It brings instant relief even in the worst cases. It cures when all else fails. The Rev. C. F. WELLS, of Villa Ridge, Ill., says: "Your trial bottle of Asthmalene received in good condition. I can't tell you how thankful I feel for the good derived from it. I was a slave, chained with putrid sore throat and asthma for ten years. I despaired of ever being cured. I saw your advertisement for the cure of this dreadful and tormenting disease, asthma, and though you had over-spoken yourselves, but resolved to give it a trial. To my astonishment, the trial acted like a charm. Send me a full-size bottle."

We want to send to every sufferer a trial treatment of Asthmalene, similar to the one that cured Mr. Wells. We'll send it by mail POSTPAID, ABSOLUTELY FREE OF CHARGE, to any sufferer who will write for it, even on a postal note or card, though you are despairing, however bad your case. Asthmalene will relieve and cure. The worse your case, the more glad we are to send it. Do not delay. Write at once, addressing DR. TAFT BROS., MEDICINE CO., 79 East 130th St., N.Y. City. Sold by all Druggists.

**"C." BEN RIESLAND,**

FOR DAIRY FARMS, TIMBER CLAIMS, Life and Fire Insurance, Financial Agent, Tillamook City, Oregon.

**CASE & FOWLER,**

PROPRIETORS Tillamook Iron Works General Machinists & Blacksmiths. Boiler Work, Logger's Work and Heavy Forging. Fine Machine Work a Specialty. TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

**Practical Christmas Presents.**

- A SEWING MACHINE.
- A SET OF DISHES.
- A CARVING SET.
- A SILVER SERVICE.
- A FANCY PARLOR LAMP.

And many other things, all of which can be had from us. Send in your order. It will be faithfully filled.

**FOARD & STOKES CO.,** Astoria, Ore.

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Is the place to have your Watches, Clocks, or Jewelry Repaired. All Work Guaranteed. A fine line of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry at very low prices. Call and see for yourself. C. F. FRANKLIN.

**Allen House,** J. P. ALLEN, Proprietor.

First Class accommodation at Second Class Rate. Best Meals in the City. TILLAMOOK, ORE.

**McINTOSH & McNAIR,**

Dealers in HARDWARE, TINWARE and CHINA. STOVES, RANGES and HEATERS.

Headquarters for Dairymen's Supplies. Agent for CHARTER OAK STOVES. Western Washing Machines. Large Stock of Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Glass.

The Most Reliable GROCERY STORE in Tillamook.

**LUMBER AT TILLAMOOK.**

J. A. TAFT CO.

HAVE ON HAND DRY FLOORING, CEILING, Finish Rustic, Wainscoting, Mouldings and Ship Lap. Also all Sizes of ROUGH LUMBER.