

Supplement to the Tillamook Headlight.

Items of General News.

It is quite unlikely that any Fall fishing will be done this season on the Columbia. The cannerymen figure out that they will be unable to pay more than 1 cent per pound for the raw fish, and at this price it will be impossible to get fishermen to work.

The Forest Grove Times has passed into new hands. J. Wheelock Marsh sold the plant to Walter Hoge, of Lincoln, Neb. Mr. Hoge has been connected with the newspaper business in Nebraska for 25 years. The paper, politically, will be independent.

Jack Winters, the man who got away with \$330,000 in gold bullion from the Selby Smelting Works, and afterwards confessed, was sentenced to 15 years at Folsom. The prisoner took the sentence coolly, and asked that he be sent to San Quentin, but the request was refused.

Negligence on the part of the Penoyer-McBride Metschan School Land Board is strongly imputed in the stipulation recently filed in the Davis defalcation suit by Bondsmen Biigham and McCormack and Attorney-General Blackburn. The Attorney-General has already charged negligence in his suit against the board, but it remains for the bondsmen to point out more definitely wherein the board was negligent.

A new thing in telephones has been inaugurated at one of the piers of the big ocean-going steamers at New York. Telephone apparatus is placed on the steamers, and a station erected on the pier. Connection is made by a flexible cord. By this means telephone communication can be established with incoming steamers before the gang plank is put out. In the case of outgoing steamers, passengers can have telephone communication with friends till the vessel leaves the pier.

Professional betting men are beginning to show a keen interest in the coming international yacht race, and some men who are well known in the sporting world are inclined to give the long end to Shamrock. One of the most prominent of these sporting men is quoted as saying that the men who make bets are disgusted with the trials of the American boats, and that they with the bank rolls do not like the performance of Constitution. He has expressed the opinion that even money bets on the race will prevail.

Helen Post, her husband, Colonel C. C. Post, and her son-in-law, C. F. Burgman, were arrested at Daytona, Fla., on information sworn to by a United States Postoffice Inspector, charging them with using the mails for fraudulent purposes. The offense alleged consists in sending through the mails circulars professing to cure patients at a long distance by means of mental science. Mrs. Post claimed to be able to heal all kinds of diseases, even restoring the blind to sight, holding that no disease was incurable by her method of treatment.

South Camden, N.J., was the scene of trouble between negroes and whites Monday night. The affair might almost be termed a riot. A negro was arrested by the police, and reports exaggerating his offense becoming spread, the white people in the neighborhood became excited. A mob formed, and the houses of

a number of negroes were entered, doors being broken in amid great confusion and much noise. Threats were made that all negroes should be driven from the place. The police were called out, and the rioters were dispersed. A number of people on both sides were injured, but no fatalities are reported.

All Western Oregon will have common rates on lumber and shingles destined to points east of the McCammon Junction, Idaho, after this week. Southern Pacific points will be able to ship through Portland to the East at the Portland rate. Lower Columbia points will enjoy the same rate, but cannot use it through Portland. The O. R. & N. does not join in the Lower Columbia rate, but it does join in the rate given the Southern Pacific lines. The reason for this discrimination is said to be that the O. R. & N. and Southern Pacific are under one control now while the Astoria and Columbia River Railroad is outside this "harmonized" group. The O. R. & N. wishes to protect the lumber business along its own lines from competition of mills in territory outside the family.

The Treasury officials have unearthed what they allege is a wide conspiracy in Nogales, Ariz., to admit Chinese to the United States. Thus far the collector at Nogales, William Hoey, and Deputy and Chinese Inspector B. F. Jossey, Frank Howz and another Chinaman, who lives at Clifton, Ariz., have been arrested. Other arrests will follow. It is charged that the Chinese in large numbers have been permitted to cross the border upon the payment to the collector of anywhere from \$50 to \$200 apiece. Hoey was appointed about a year and a half ago from Indiana. He is widely known among Republicans of the state. Before he went to Arizona, Hoey was foreman in a steam mill, and his appointment was regarded as a recognition of the labor interests.

The steamer Hating arrived bringing the remains of five victims of the Islander disaster. In all, 19 bodies have now been recovered, and it is authentically stated that the total number of lives lost was 40. Advice from Skagway of the latest date state that after some of the bodies were washed ashore, ghoul-like acts were committed by Indians. At that time the coast was not in control of patrolmen, and the bodies cast ashore were temporarily unprotected. As soon as it was discovered in Juneau that the work of robbing the corpses was in progress, the United States Marshal dispatched a number of deputies to the scene and at the date of the sailing of the Hating it was understood that several of the ghouls had been apprehended. All of them were Indians. At present, the coast line is fully covered with patrols. Of the bodies recovered, nine were buried in Juneau. It is understood that the majority of the interred remains were those of members of the crew.

Patrick Malady, who many years ago was convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment in England for complicity in the Fenian plot for which the three Irishmen known to history as "The Manchester Martyrs," were executed, is dying in St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, N. J. Malady was pardoned after serving 10 years of his sentence, and came to this country, going West. He returned to Newark some months ago in bad health. Malady insists that he is innocent of the offense for which he was convicted. The

man with whom he was said to have been concerned and who died on the scaffold belonged to a Fenian organization and planned the rescue of two Irish-American suspects, who were being conveyed to prison in Manchester. In the attack on the prison van, a policeman was killed.

More and more stress is being laid by physicians on the subject of proper mastication of food. Most persons would be highly offended if they were told that they bolt their food, yet if they will only watch the chances are that they will catch themselves in the act. The percentage of folk who devote the proper amount of time and care to chewing their food is very small. Yet a person who does not chew thoroughly what he eats not only injures himself much more than he imagines, but also misses the best and most enjoyable and nutritious parts of his diet. It is a common thing to here persons say that they cannot eat this or that because it does not agree with them. The chances are that they could eat it with impunity if they would only learn to chew it.

The newspaper editors of Paris are having another of their periodical attacks of hysteria. This time they do not see England menacing the peace of Europe, or Germany meditating some diablerie, but the United States plotting the swallowing whole of the peppery Latin American nations of Venezuela and Colombia and possibly a few other tobacco-sauce countries to the south of us. They have worked themselves into a perfect frenzy of fear of American imperialism that would have done credit to Mr. Bryan himself in the mid-heat of last fall's campaign. The perturbed Paris editors may, however, calm themselves. No one in the United States wants to annex or absorb or swallow or do anything else wild or unusual. All that this country desires in South America, as in the rest of the world, is that the fire-eaters shall devote themselves to their own fire-eating and not disturb or menace the peace and comfort of the people who may be their guests for business or other reasons.

Shot by Saloon Robbers.

TACOMA, Aug. 25.—A sensational saloon hold-up and murder occurred early this morning while the carnival crowd was on its way to the masked ball.

Two masked men entered the Elk saloon at 1548 South C street and ordered the occupants to throw up their hands. Proprietor Hermsen took it to be a joke on the part of the revellers and remarked: "You're coming it pretty course."

The answer was a shot from one of the men's revolvers that grazed the forehead of Edward Pfankachen and slightly wounded J. Kempin. Three pairs of hands shot into the air immediately and the men meekly did the bidding of the robbers. They emptied the till and were standing in front of the bar when Kempin saw an opportunity to escape. He bolted toward the door to call for help. A shot from the revolver of one of the men passed dangerously near his back and buried itself in the wooden partition near by.

Ben Johnson, an employe of the smelter, had just pushed open the door to enter the saloon when Kempin rushed by him. One of the robbers shot at the newcomer and the ball struck him above the left hip. He dropped to the floor in the doorway with a cry that he had been shot,

and died half an hour later. The two highwaymen dashed out of the place, not even pausing to look at the dying man on the floor, and sped up C street and were lost to sight.

Grain Pool a Success.

SALEM, Aug. 26.—The Waldo Hills grain pooling farmers completed the sale of their holdings Saturday evening at Rock Point. There were three bidders and the struggle between them was so hot that it looked like the Chicago Board of Trade. Simpson & Bean, of Albany, got 55,000 bushels of Fall oats at \$16.55 a ton and 1605 bushels of Spring oats. Gardner Bros. of Stayton, got 11,000 bushels of wheat at 3 cents per bushel above Salem price at any time the owner wishes to sell. A large majority of the farmers of the neighborhood are in the pool, and the plan will be continued next year even more systematically. Counting the oats sold, and about 30,000 bushels in the same region which were not in the pool, but which will not sell at the same figure, it is claimed that a gain of \$4200 has been made on that one item.

Another Negro Burned.

CHATTANOGA, Tenn., Aug. 25.—Henry Noles, the negro who shot to death Mrs. Charles Williams, wife of a prominent farmer near Winchester, Tenn., last Friday, was captured early this morning at a water tank near Coan, Tenn. He was taken to Winchester by his captors and placed in the County Jail. Several hundred citizens from the neighborhood where the crime was committed augmented the crowd to thousands. They swept forward upon the jail, overpowered the Sheriff and his deputies, took the prisoner and started for the scene of the crime, 12 miles distant at 10:15 A.M. The mob was orderly, but determined. It seemed that the whole population for miles around had turned out to see the fate of the wretch. A procession, three miles in length, followed the mob to the Williams home.

Arriving at a point in sight of the scene of the crime, the negro was placed upon a stump and given a chance to make a statement. He mounted the stump stolidly and laughed as he began his statement. He said:

"Tell all my sisters and brothers to meet me in glory. I am going to make that my home. Tell my mother to meet me where parting will be no more."

He was then asked as to whether anyone else was implicated in the crime. Noles stated emphatically that there was no one implicated but himself.

"Why did you kill Mrs. Williams?" he was asked.

"I just done that because I had nothing else to do."

He finished his statement at 1:35 P. M. He was taken from the stump, carried to a tree nearby, bound to the tree by chains and his body saturated with oil. At 1:40 P. M. a match was applied and instantly the quivering body was enveloped in flames. Fence rails were piled about the burning body and soon life was extinct. The negro made no outcry at any time, and died as stolidly as a stoic. There were no disorderly scenes about the burning body. At least 6000 people witnessed the horrible fate of the negro. Many remained until night-fall, augmenting the blaze until the body was entirely consumed. Then they departed for their homes quietly.