

Your Last Chance to GET BARGAINS. ONLY 10 DAYS MORE to secure bargains at R. JACOBSON & CO's. Bargain Store,

As we will positively and must give up our store on the evening of August 17th. Everybody is aware whoever purchased goods from us since we are here that they have obtained value received for their money and from now on the remainder of our stock will be closed out for nearly half of its former prices. Remember we can sell you the same goods from 1/2 to 1/2 less than you would have to pay in the East for it, and you have the goods right at home for your inspection. The goods which we offer you at half-price you will surely have to buy it before long as we have a nice lot of Fall goods and Fall is coming on, and if you do not buy it now you will be the loser.

Remember the date, SATURDAY, AUGUST 17TH, at 8 P.M., we give up business. Respectfully yours,

R. JACOBSON & Co.

Trask House Destroyed by Fire.

Fire played havoc with the well-known and picturesque fishing resort at Trask on Sunday afternoon, when Trask house and most of the contents went up in smoke. Some brush across the river was set on fire, but as this endangered a barn close by with about twelve tons of hay in it, several parties went across the river to keep the fire under control and protect the barn from catching fire. As they were doing this it was noticed that the roof of Trask house was on fire, so they hurried across the river to lend what assistance they could. Mr. Smith got on the roof with buckets of water, but the fire had obtained a good hold under the roof, where it is supposed it originated from the flue, that the water had only the effect of increasing the fire. The house burned rapidly, which did not allow of hardly any time to remove the contents. One of the things in this room resting when the alarm was given, when he made his exit, and as he did so the fire swept through the house. A few seconds after that the house was a mass of fire. Some few things, however, which were near were saved, but most of the household furniture, including the contents of the post office and telephone were destroyed. The barn across the river then caught fire and burned up. The barn near the house was saved, although it took some effort to do so. The place belonged to Mr. C. H. Smith, who carried an insurance of only \$600. The loss will foot up \$2,500. Mr. Smith was in the city on Tuesday making preparations to rebuild.

The Timber Claims Contest.

The Oregonian gave a synopsis of the evidence in the timber claims contest on government lands in Tillamook county on Tuesday, which it says is "one of the most notable contests that has ever been before the land office at Oregon City." It will be remembered that after the land had been filed on by a number of people from Tillamook, the Northern Pacific tried to get possession of it by offering forest reserve scrip for the land. This application was rejected by the local and also the general land offices. This was the first victory for the citizens who were exercising their rights, after being called aliens, frauds, etc., by the railroad company. Then B. E. Watkins filed a protest against 14 entries of the batch, and later Charles E. Hays instituted a contest against 73 of the applicants. After Hays contested the 14 claims, the hearing of which was completed last month and a decision is expected about the 24th of this month. The 14 timber applicants included in this bunch were Egbert D. Joseph, Frank, Lydia F., Etta and Sophie Severance, Flora M. Means, James K. Harris, John E. Tuttle, Horace E. Weston, Frank B. Harrington and Walter J. and Alice Smith.

The decision in these cases is awaited with a good deal of interest in Tillamook county, for it will demonstrate whether a number of citizens, having exercised their rights to file on timber claims, and strictly complying with the law in every particular, without the least thought of fraud or collusion in their transactions, can be deprived of their rights by those who are known to be timber frauds, but are trying to remove the mantle of fraud from themselves and place it upon these applicants, who belong to the best class of citizens in Tillamook county. This is virtually the point at issue and which is to be decided in these 14 contests. It is not surprising that the contentions have introduced a lot of irrelevant evidence to prejudice these cases, with that of those who have turned traitors and become the tools in the hands of those who have instituted these contests—perhaps for personal spite and other considerations, but apart from this evidence given somewhat fully in the Oregonian, is that of the entrymen themselves, which place quite a different complexion on the case and shows most conclusively that these 14 entrymen have in no wise circumvented the law and fraudulently combined and confederated to violate it. They are too straight forward in their dealings to do that. Therefore, for these reasons, it is well not to be too hasty in drawing conclusions from only part of the evidence and forming wrong opinions, and thereby dubbing these parties as frauds. They have only done what thousands of other citizens have done in complying with the law in filing on timber claims, and to deprive them of their rights because other parties failed in their efforts to gobble up everything in sight with scrip, or oust them in other ways, would, we believe, be unjust. Every person who takes up timber land does so for speculation. They either manufacture the timber themselves, log it, hold the timber as an investment or dispose of it to the highest bidder at the first opportunity. There is nothing wrong about this after they have come into possession of the land and paid the government the stipulated price. It's theirs, and no one has a right to interfere in how or what way they shall do with it. We make this prediction, that the entrymen in these cases will win and it will be decided in their favor. As, no doubt, the other 73 cases will be also. It is not characterized a fraud when big railroad corporations gobble up large

tracts of Uncle Sam's domain which was intended for citizens, but when a tract of land is thrown open and a number of individual citizens make a bee line for the land office and file ahead of these land sharks, then a cry of "Fraud, fraud!" is set up by these corporations to gain their ends. If these 14 cases are frauds, then all those who have previously taken up individual timber claims are frauds also, and to deprive them of it would be to deprive them of their legal rights.

Lectures by Elder Cady. Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Cady have returned from the east, and will be visiting in this city for a few days. Mr. Cady will conduct a short series of meetings in the Adventist Church, beginning Friday evening, August 9th, at 8 o'clock. They will also give a free stereopticon lecture at the Opera House, Tuesday, August 13th, at 8:00 p.m., showing views of South Sea Island scenery, the natives, their homes, etc. The following evening, Wednesday, August 14, Mr. Cady will give this illustrated lecture at Bay City, 8:00 p.m. The people in the vicinities of Tillamook and Bay City are cordially invited to attend the e-spective lectures. There will be no charges, but collections will be taken up, the proceeds of which will go to assist in the work which Mr. and Mrs. Cady represent.

Resolutions of Condolence.

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God to deeply afflict our beloved sister, Mrs. B. H. Hathaway, in the death of two of her brothers in such a short time, and in such a sudden manner, therefore, Resolved 1. That we sincerely sympathize with our beloved sister in her afflictions. Resolved 2. That these resolutions be recorded in the minutes of the W. E. M. S. of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of Tillamook, Or. Resolved. That these resolutions be published in the county papers and a copy sent to the family. By order of the society, Aug. 1st. 1901. MRS. GEO. EDMUNDS, Committee. MRS. B. F. PECK.

\$340,000 Gold Bricks Stolen.

VALLEJO, Cal., Aug 6.—The Selby Smelting works was robbed of \$340,000 last night in gold bricks. The robbers had evidently been working on the case for two or three months. They had dug a tunnel from outside the house, digging a shaft first about three feet deep. They then tunneled it under the vault and striking upward, bored a hole in the strongroom floor. The hole was in the shape of a manhole of a boiler. Part of the hole had been bored two months ago, it is thought, and the last one was bored last night. Through that hole they took the gold bricks and carried them to the shore near the tunnel east of the works, where they were evidently placed in a boat. In the hurry they lost two of the bricks on the bank. During the night one of the workmen reported to his fellows that he heard a noise in the strongroom, and he thought it must be a ghost. The others ridiculed him for his superstition, but an investigation was made to see what caused the noise. The entrance to the tunnel was covered with a frame, over which the employes of the smelter passed repeatedly every day, but no one seemed to notice anything out of the way.

Maniac Ran Amuck

Mosco, Idaho, Aug. 4.—Dr. W. W. Watkins was shot and instantly killed while riding in his buggy in the streets of Mosco. George Creighton, a prominent merchant, was shot through the arm, and Deputy Sheriff Cool was shot in the shoulder and the thigh. All this happened about 9:30 this morning. William Steffen, a resident of Mosco, who was insane was the murderer. Steffen was on horseback when he shot Watkins and Creighton. He was at once pursued by the Deputy Sheriff and a large posse. As he neared his house, about two miles southeast of town, his horse was shot from under him. It was here that Cool was wounded. Steffen took refuge in his house, which was surrounded immediately. Here armed with a Winchester, in the use of which he was an expert, he kept the besiegers at a respectful distance. The besieging party however kept growing in number and increasing their armament, and a fusillade was kept up from every side of the structure, the attacking party taking refuge in a field of tall wheat which skirted it on the west, and behind a fence which ran over the hill to the east. Steffen would occasionally appear at the windows, fire shot and then disappear. Just before 11 o'clock he appeared at the kitchen window on the east side of the house, evidently intending to pick off some one in a party of four who had crawled up to take an advantageous position. They were looking for him, however, and a volley from their rifles ended the tragedy. A bullet had pierced his forehead, killing him instantly. No other cause is assigned for the rash act other than the perpetrator of the deed was violently insane.

BEAVER.

Beaver is located 17 miles south of Tillamook, and in the center of one, if not, the richest and most productive valleys in the world. It surely is among the richest. Just a small village with four cheese factories. Mr. D. T. Edmunds, of Tillamook, has just put in a store of general merchandise, and he is represented by Mr. Patterson, of Blaine. Rev. A. M. Ginn has purchased one block in Beaver and the sound of the hammer and saw are heard already, as he is erecting a dwelling house. Alva Finley's house caught fire on Monday, but was soon put out, with little damage. Another Missourian and family came in last week and went on up to Blaine to locate. The Free Methodists have got two preachers this year, the Rev. and Mrs. Blaine. Mr. J. D. West's hotel seems to be thronged of late. Mr. oh, my oh, but Beaverites are busy burning brush and building, making good use of good weather.

BOULDER CREEK.

H. L. Jensen and W. D. Gladwill went to the Hub last week. Arthur Jackson is building a fence around the cheese factory lot. Mr. Freeman Jackson has been hauling lumber for E. O. Mills. H. S. Chopard went out to the logging camp last Sunday. He will probably stay a month or more. Mr. Chas. C. Getchell came up from Cedar Creek, Monday, to visit his sister, Mrs. Grace Chopard. C. A. Smith and family are talking of taking an outing at Netarts Bay before long. There has been quite a bit of travel through our little burg the last day or two, on account of a tree across the road near Mr. Lucas'. Mr. Jay Ford came from the logging camp Sunday, and is putting up his hay this week. Miss Edna Getchell is staying with Mrs. Chopard while Mr. C. is away. Mr. Perry Huston came up to his daughter's (Mrs. Ford) last Tuesday. Rev. Blalock preached at Brown school-house last Sunday to a large and appreciative audience. H. L. Jensen and family spent Sunday at the C. A. Smith home. P. R. Coulson has been hauling lumber quite steadily of late. Sam Lucas has likewise been engaged in that business. Mr. and Mrs. Blalock went to Tillamook Monday morning. Miss Bessie Bays has been visiting Boulder Creek friends for a day or two.

NETARTS.

Frank Rogers and family, of McMinnville, arrived on the beach on Saturday. Frank says that he has visited all of the resorts on the Oregon coast and Netarts beats them all for pleasure. George Byva and family, of Sheridan, came in on Friday to stop on the beach for a couple of weeks. Chas. Miller, of Tillamook, is camping at Happy Camp. Quite a lot of Tillamook people came over to Netarts on Sunday to spend a pleasant day. Robert Jackson and family moved up on Wilson river last week. Mr. Jackson will run Mr. Illingsworth's place the coming season. C. B. Wiley has built himself quite a fine barn. Mrs. Matthew and son, of McMinnville, are camping on the beach enjoying the pleasures of Netarts. Geo. Grayson's family is on the beach. Miss Lillie Phelps is quite sick at the present writing.

NEHALEM.

The Rev. Sweeney preached at Nehalem on Sunday last, and will preach again next Sunday. He is accompanied by his daughter. The Rev. C. P. Metzler of Tillamook is rusticated on the river. The Louise took down a raft of logs last week. She glides along very quietly compared with the gasolines. C. Pyle lost a valuable cow last week, of milk fever. Miss Minnie Schollmeyer returned to her school at Blyback on Monday. Prof. D. Larbet of Albany, and Mrs. and Miss Cora Watson, of Tillamook, are the guests of P. D. Newell. Mr. Lusk, at the Old Fearnside stand, is selling groceries at reduced rates. Quite a number of fine Salmon have been taken with the troll.

Notice.

I wish to collect all my accounts which are due by the 15th of August, and any one having an account with me will oblige by settling by that time. RALPH ACKLEY

Items of General News.

It has been decided that the United States will retain possession of Morro Castle at Havana and arm it with modern appliances. Negotiations for a settlement of the labor troubles at San Francisco having resulted in failure, the indications now are that the strike will not be ended until after a bitter and protracted struggle. It is practically assured that an English cricket team will visit the United States next month. Captain John P. Green is now in England, and a dispatch from him says that all arrangements for the trip have been made. A White Salmon man received \$640 for the strawberries he raised on two acres of land. This is only one of many instances that might be mentioned of the possibilities of industries and fore-sighted effort in the unparalleled Pacific Northwest.—Telegraph.

Ernest C. Carbill, the star pitcher for the Binghamton State League, N.Y., has decided to give up baseball as a profession and enter evangelic work. Mr. Carbill was converted during revival meetings last winter, and since then has given much study to the Bible. The officials of Waukiakum County, Wash., have offered a reward of \$100 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of Frank Hoffman, the disreputable Frenchman, who recently administered such a terrible beating to an aged woman named Jones. Empress Frederick died at Cronberg on Monday. The death of the Dowager Empress was somewhat sudden. At 4 o'clock her physicians reported no change in her condition. Emperor William and her Majesty's other children were in the sickroom most of the day.

A terrific explosion in a block of six buildings on Locust street near Tenth, Philadelphia, wrecked five of the structures and caused the death of 23 or more persons. Over two score of others were more or less seriously injured. Some of those taken to the hospital will die. It is estimated that at the least 35 persons were in the five buildings when the explosion occurred and the exact number of dead will probably not be known for 24 hours.

The report of the coal product of the United States for 1900, made public, shows that the output of Oregon was 58,864 short tons, as compared to 86,888 tons in 1899. The Washington product increased from 2,029,881 tons in 1899, to 2,474,093 tons in 1900. The total output for the United States in 1900 was 268,064,281 tons, an increase of 15,324,289 tons over the year preceding. This makes the United States by far the greatest coal producing country in the world.

F. C. Reed, ex-Fish Commissioner under the fishery law as it existed prior to the session of the last Legislature, has appealed to the Supreme Court in his mandamus case against Secretary of State Dunbar. In this case Judge Boise, of the Circuit Court, decided that Reed was lawfully legislated out of office, and was therefore not entitled to his salary after the new fishery law took effect. It was understood at the time the mandamus suit was begun that the case would be taken to the Supreme Court whatever the decision in the Circuit Court might be.

Hundreds of home-seekers who failed to draw a claim in the new Kiowa Coranache country are selling their tents, horses and wagons at a sacrifice in order to reach their homes. Many others who have camped on the borders of the land for months, expecting that it would be opened by a "rum," are destitute, and suffering is already apparent. Hundreds are drifting south toward the three projected towns of Anadarko, Hobart and Lawton, hoping that something may turn up. Many merchants and professional men drew claims, while hundreds of needy have found themselves without either the hoped-for land or money sufficient to purchase necessities.

Two of the three highwaymen who held up Clark Tabor and E. J. Godfrey, owner of the Red Boy mine, on the summit, between Granite and Sumpter, Saturday morning, have been captured. Their names are Phil McFilly and Henry Hanby, respectively. The name of the third man, who is still at large, but whose capture is now expected at any time, is Charles Stewart. The capture of the robbers was effected by Sheriff Huntington, of Baker County, and posse, who started in pursuit as soon as the robbery was reported. McGinly and Hanby were in hiding in Pete Mann's cabin, on Hope Flat, about three miles from the Bonanza mine. Realizing that they were surrounded by the determined officers of the law, and that a resistance was useless, the two robbers, although heavily armed, surrendered without a murmur.

A London correspondent says the all-British Pacific cable scheme upon which the government has authorized the expenditure of £2,000,000, for the purpose of establishing a line connecting Vancouver with New Zealand, will be controlled by a special board, including representatives of Canada, New South Wales, Queensland, Victoria and New Zealand.

Seperate

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No hitches have occurred in the preparation of the transfer of the various salmon canneries throughout this part of the United States to the trust, and by today it is believed, the greatest deal ever effected on the Pacific Coast will have been completed and the promoters hurrying to their Eastern homes, there to complete the work which has been inaugurated in Portland.

London has been pouring hundreds of thousands of excursionists into the country and to the seaside, where they will remain the bank holiday. The latest seaside fad is wearing of sandals by grown persons. Many girls seem to be especially taken with the new idea. The sandals are generally worn without stockings. The craze has spread even to London, where well-dressed women can be seen sauntering in the park.

The salmon situation on the Lower Columbia is better Tuesday than any other time for some years past. The run of fish is very good, though not as great as it was for a time, and the packers are accepting all the salmon taken by the gill-net fishermen. Best of all, the price has been increased to 5 cents a pound, while the cold-storage dealers are going the canners one better and paying 5 1/2 cents.

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The steel strike in the East appears to be as far off settlement as ever, the effort last week to do so proving futile, in fact, if reports are correct each side appears more determined than ever. After the conference in New York had adjourned, the steel magnates sent out this ultimatum: "It will be a fight to a finish. No quarter will be given. We are prepared to spend all the money and time necessary to wipe out the Amalgamated Association in all of our mills." On the other hand the Amalgamated Association position was told as follows, which make the strike situation of great magnitude: "Within a week every union man and every union man at heart in the employ of the United States Steel Corporation will be asked to join in the strike now being waged by the Amalgamated Association. We must settle whether unionism is to stand or fall. There will be no more conference with the United States Steel Corporation unless the meeting is asked for by the officials of that corporation. The Amalgamated Association will not ask for a peace meeting."

Tillman Favors Lynching.

United States Senator B. R. Tillman, of South Carolina, addressed a large audience at Marietta, Wis., on the race question from a Southern standpoint. One of the features of his remarks was a plea in justification of lynching. "In Wisconsin you have 5000 black men," said he. "Why don't you try the bleaching process and exterminate them by intermarrying? The idea is repugnant to you. In South Carolina we have 750,000 blacks and 1,500,000 whites. The carpet baggers, the 'niggers' and the Southern scallywags and scoundrels ruled us after the war until they had stolen everything that was there in the state. Then we went with our shot-guns to the polls to take it away from them. All men are not created equal, and the 'niggers' are not fit to vote. Come what may, the white people of the South will govern their own country." He condemned Booker T. Washington's scheme of educating the negro along industrial lines as an attempt to place him on an equality with the white artisan, something that would intensify race hatred in the South. He said that among the 4,000,000 of slaves during the rebellion, there were more Christians than there are to-day among the 9,000,000 blacks in the South. "I do not want to uphold slavery," he continued. "I thank God there are no slaves under the Stars and Stripes." Mr. Tillman made an eloquent plea in justification of lynching, saying that Southern women could not be brought into court to testify to their shame and degradation before a jury for the purpose of convicting a beast. His reference to the sanctity of the Southern household and the Southern woman and his remarks on lynching were heartily applauded. He closed with an impassioned statement to the effect that the white people of the South would remain on top in spite of the devil, and if necessary he and his brethren were ready to take down their shotguns again.

Bay City School Report.

Report of school district No. 31, Bay City, Tillamook county, Ore., for term ending July 26, 1901. Primary Department. Whole number enrolled, 27; whole number days attendance, 510; whole number days absence, 30; whole number times late, 8. Roll of Honor.—Bernice Warren, Lola Smith, Hilton Geroy, Franklin Knight, Frank Nelson, Fred Ostrander. MILDRED SYBIL LISTER, Teacher. Advanced Department. Whole number enrolled, 21; whole number of days attendance, 414; whole number of days absence, 6; whole number of times late, 3. Roll of Honor.—Sadie Watt, Daisy Hendricks, Mary Lederer, Robert Robbins, Margaret Watt, Edith Watt, Frank Warren, Marion Hare, Alice Boyington, Edith Ostrander. MARIE MERRIMAN BRADLEY, Principal.

The house of lords has decided against the system of boycott in England, and we believe will become also a burning question in the United States before long. Boycotting is a dirty Irish trick, any country which boasts of liberties—liberties to buy and sell where the people can do the best.