

JURY LIST.

Justice Goynne drew the following jury list for the Second Justice district:

F. M. Shearer, Tillamook, farmer.
F. N. Wilson, Tillamook, farmer.
H. F. Goodspeed, Tillamook, farmer.
J. W. Jennings, Tillamook, farmer.
John Hathaway, Tillamook, farmer.
I. H. Mapes, Tillamook, farmer.
Jos. Mapes, Hobsonville, farmer.
G. Nicklund, Tillamook, farmer.
John Sheets, Tillamook, farmer.
Amos Vaughn, Bay City, farmer.
Henry Lowery, Tillamook, farmer.
M. W. Harrison, Tillamook, farmer.
Ned Fitzpatrick, Tillamook, farmer.
Alfred Fletcher, Tillamook, jeweler.
Silas Morton, Tillamook, farmer.
Samuel Downs, Tillamook, farmer.
Geo. Williams, Tillamook, farmer.
G. T. Jenkins, Tillamook, farmer.
W. G. Kelso, Tillamook, farmer.
Frank Worthington, Bay City, farmer.
L. Hiner, Tillamook, blacksmith.
Nels Thompson, Tillamook, merchant.
F. M. Trout, Tillamook, farmer.
W. H. Reynolds, Tillamook, stone mason.
D. Reasoner, Tillamook, farmer.
Wm. Eberman, Tillamook, teamster.
F. M. Lamb, Tillamook, farmer.
I. C. Quick, Tillamook, farmer.
My. Leclerc, Tillamook, farmer.
S. McCargar, Tillamook, farmer.
Richard Maun, Tillamook, laborer.
Chester Holden, Tillamook, cheese-maker.
P. McIntosh, Tillamook, merchant.
G. A. Edmunds, Tillamook, merchant.
J. D. Edwards, Tillamook, farmer.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

Allen House.

Four Corners, Iowa—C. O. Erickson.
Beaver—C. N. Johnson, Joe Bixby.
Dallas—J. M. Holman, E. C. Richmond.
Sand Lake—Chas. Atkinson.
Trask—Jack Roop, C. Curtis, John Rupp.
Astoria—M. Herrick.
Bay City—F. Worthington, G. Nelson, Frank Long, H. B. Hendricks.
Garibaldi—Fred Robinson, Mrs. Alley.
Spruce—E. K. Gilbert, Dave Jones, James Christenson.
Woods—A. C. Dimick, Alice Dimick.

Larsen House.

Hobsonville—Emmitt Jenkins, Geo. Tone, Dan Murphy, Jim Murphy.
Nestucca—D. Turpie.
Garibaldi—Fred Pocket, Jany Murphy.
Portland—G. W. Phelps, M. E. Phelps, R. Nien.
Netarts—O. B. Willey, Ben Bunn, A. M. Austin.
Pleasant Valley—Geo. Ray.
Bay City—Fred Dusham, W. S. Cone, Dr. Madison, Cleve Madison, Will Reifenburg, Fred Balmer, Louie Dusham, H. Comer.
Sand Lake—Chas. Murphy, J. R. Elridge.
Beaver—Joe Bixby.

Real Estate Transfers.

Feb. 2.—Henry Tohl to L. Clyde and Dudley R. Newell, lot 2 block 19 in Tohl's add to Nehalem city.
Feb. 2.—W. A. and M. E. Oliver to P. D. and Laura Newell, und. $\frac{1}{2}$ int. in Sw $\frac{1}{4}$ of Ne. $\frac{1}{4}$ and W. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ and Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sw. $\frac{1}{4}$ of sec. 9 tp. 2 N. R. 10 W.
Feb. 4.—D. G. Randall to C. Randall, Ne. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Ne. $\frac{1}{4}$ of sec. 28 tp. 1 S. R. 9 W.
Feb. 6.—U. S. to W. Doyle N. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ Ne. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sw. $\frac{1}{4}$ lot No. 3 of sec. 30 tp. 3 N. R. 9 W.
Feb. 6.—U. S. to W. Hale S. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sw. $\frac{1}{4}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 26, tp. 3 N. R. 9 W.
Feb. 6.—U. S. to Frank E. Browne, Sw. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 10 tp. 1 R. R. 8 W.
Feb. 6.—U. S. to P. Nelson Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 25 tp. 3 N. R. 9 W.
Feb. 6.—U. S. to Elmer Shader N. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Nw. $\frac{1}{4}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Ne. $\frac{1}{4}$ of sec. 26 tp. 3 N. R. 9 W.
Feb. 6.—U. S. to G. Backus, Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ of sec. 35, tp. 3 N. R. 9 W.
Feb. 6.—U. S. to J. Kastell, Sw. $\frac{1}{4}$ of sec. 26, tp. 3 N. R. 9 W.
Feb. 6.—U. S. to Geo. L. Hall Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Nw. $\frac{1}{4}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Ne. $\frac{1}{4}$ and lot No. 2 of sec. 30 tp. 3 N. R. 9 W.
Feb. 6.—U. S. to C. W. Alley, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 24, tp. 3 N. R. W. lots 3 and 4, sec. 19, tp. 3 N. R. 9 W.
Feb. 6.—U. S. to G. P. Hall S. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sw. $\frac{1}{4}$ and lot No. 4, sec. 3, tp. 3 N. R. 9 W.
Feb. 6.—P. Moore to E. B. Moore, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Nw. $\frac{1}{4}$ of sec. 5 and lot No. 6 of sec. 6, tp. 2 S. and lots 3 and 4 of sec. 31 in tp. 1 S. R. 10 W.
Feb. 6.—B. Geinger to W. B. Alderman, 73 acres more or less in sec. 12 of tp. 1 S. R. 10 W.
Feb. 8.—A. M. R. B. Brannersreuther to E. B. Brannersreuther, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ of lot 2 of sec. 13 tp. 3 N. of R. 10 W.
Feb. 8.—H. M. Sampson to Theo. Steinhilber, 27 acres more or less in sec. 7 tp. 1 S. R. 10 W.
Feb. 8.—Theo. Steinhilber to H. M. Sampson, S. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Ne. $\frac{1}{4}$ Nw. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Se. $\frac{1}{4}$ and Ne. $\frac{1}{4}$ Sw. $\frac{1}{4}$ of sec. 6, tp. 1 N. R. 9 W.

NOTICE OF GUARDIAN SALE.

In the County Court of the County of Tillamook, State of Oregon.
In the matter of the estate of Frederick M. and Mollie Y. Davidson, Minors.
The petition of George Williams, guardian of the above-named Minors, for an order to sell certain undivided interests in real property coming to the court that it is for the best interest of the said Minors that the real property described in said petition be sold and the money derived from the sale thereof be placed at interest, or otherwise invested so as to derive the most benefit therefrom for the said Minors, is hereby ordered that the next day of March, A. D. 1899, be shown in said court, estate appearing before this court on the 7th day of March, A. D. 1899, to show cause, if any, they can why said sale should not be ordered.
G. W. SAMPSON, County Judge.
Dated this 9th day of February, 1899.

NO FLIES ON TILLAMOOK.

Lumber Resources of the County Bound to Push it Ahead.

The Astorian gives a pretty good idea of what may be expected in Tillamook county in the near future. It says "Timber locators have been busier in this section lately than for several years past. Their work is almost wholly confined to Clatsop, Columbia and Tillamook counties, and particularly to those parts of the latter two countries tributary to the Nehalem river. Many settlers are also filing on the Washington side of the Columbia. The country through which the Nehalem flows is considered by lumbermen to contain the best logging show on the entire Pacific coast. Millions of feet of the finest spruce and fir grows for miles on the banks of this river, with plenty of water to take the logs to tidewater at any season of the year. Export cargoes cannot be sent out on account of the shallow water and the dangerous sand spits at the entrance to the harbor, so the mills there at present are not operated more than half the year. An appropriation by congress for building a jetty, similar to improvements made to harbors in the South Bend country, would result in great benefit to the people of both Tillamook and Clatsop counties. A veritable boom in timber, both in mill and logging operations, may be looked for with the opening of the summer, and several sales are already under way which may be closed before this time."

Obituary.

The funeral of Mrs. Margarette Wall, who died of lung trouble, January 26th, 1899, at her son-in-law's, T. M. Baker, Sherwood, Or., took place at Hood View Congregational church, January 28th.

The funeral was conducted by Rev. A. Brady, the text of the funeral sermon being found in I. Cor., ii., 9-10.

After the service at the church the remains of the deceased were interred in the Pleasant Hill cemetery.

Mrs. Wall was born in Salina co., Missouri, March 9, 1833, came to Oregon with her parents (Mr. and Mrs. Roberts), in 1853, and settled in Washington co.

She was married to David Wall in May, 1855. To them were born nine children. The husband and seven children survive her death.

The children remaining are: Mrs. T. M. Baker, Sherwood, Clackamas co., Oregon; John Wall, Carlton, Yamhill co., Oregon; Mrs. D. J. Olds, of South Bend, Pacific co., Wash.; Nicholas Wall, Dundee, Yamhill co., Or.; Joseph Wall, Salmon, Clackamas co., Or.; Mrs. W. Williams, Tillamook co.; Mrs. J. R. Harris, Ilingsworth, Tillamook co.

Schmeer Defends Mrs. Robinson.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HEADLIGHT.

DEAR SIR:—As my attention has been called to an article which appeared in your issue of last week, and which concerns the Robinson family and myself, and which with one single exception consists of nothing but gross falsehoods, I feel compelled to remark that it seems to me to be a part of a newspaper's business, to suppress lies as much as it has it in its power to do so and not to encourage them. As far as I know Mrs. Robinson came from a highly respected family and for that reason Mrs. Robinson never did any of those things your article says she did, for it is not true, that improper relations existed between us neither is there any truth in the remark that Mr. Robinson ever found his wife sitting on my lap, as she was not in the habit of doing so, nor did she ever extract \$200 or any other sum of money from me, and as we never lived together there was no occasion for her to refuse to live with me any longer. The last time Robinson came back from Tillamook he stayed at Perry's overnight, from there the next morning he sent a letter ahead to Newt, Lestic, who seemed to have acted as his legal adviser during the last few months, and whom he afterwards met before going to his own house, and both together hurried the family out of the county, so you see there was not much time for any lengthy argument and Mrs. Robinson herself never expected such a departure.

The only trouble with Mrs. Robinson is that she is afflicted with a husband of whom she might well be rid of, as he is of no earthly good to her, and while she is strictly honest in all her transactions, he is not, and after he got himself into a disagreeable position he wants to shift the responsibility on to his wife. For that reason he didn't want to take her to Tillamook for fear she might find out how he tried to play the game in his favor down there. I am in a position to know something about these things, and if any man thinks he knows better I should like to make his acquaintance.

Yours Truly,

JULIUS SCHMEER.

[If we erred in stating what we believed to be facts, Mr. Schmeer has not improved it by evading the actual cause of so much scandal.]

Feather Cleaning.

F. M. Elliott has bought W. E. Enson's feather renovator, who will carry on the business in Tillamook at the old laundry building in the west end of the city.

BLAINE.

Possibly a few items from this place would be of interest to some of your readers.

We have no boom but a steady growth. Each year brings several new settlers, but still there are room for more.

Slashing, log burning, grubbing and fencing is the general work now noticeable among the farmers.

Our people are quite jubilant over the prospects of a new cheese factory that is to be built in our midst in time to receive milk in early spring.

Mrs. Chas. Desmond and her brother, Henry Benton, passed through Blaine the first of the week, enroute to Sheridan, where she was called to attend the bedside of her mother.

P. R. Coulson, our mail carrier, has a severe attack of rheumatism.

In whom does the fault lay that the slides have not been cleaned out of our roads.

The present cold weather is causing some of our people to think that winter is not over. We have heard already of some damage being done by the cold snap.

HOBSONVILLE.

Hobsonville awakened from a long period of social inactivity on Thursday evening, the 2nd inst., when its residents passed some pleasant hours dancing in the large dining-room of the hotel. The cold weather added a zest to the occasion and made all present feel jolly and full of life. Gustav Trimmer furnished the music very acceptably on his violin. Those who participated were: Mr. and Mrs. John M. Bodle, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Payne, Mr. and Mrs. Fred R. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. Woehle, Mrs. William Heitmiller, Mrs. Emily Fitzhugh, Miss Sargent, the Misses Ripley, Miss Ellis, Mr. Waldo Staples, Mr. H. Coleman, Mr. Leigh Jones, Mr. Geo. W. Brower, Mr. John Roach, and Mr. West Harris.

Mrs. Emily Fitzhugh, of Port Orford, Oregon, who has been spending several months with her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Sibley, was a passenger on the "Harrison" last Saturday. Mrs. Fitzhugh proceeded to Portland, where she will visit the rest of the winter, and then return home.

The arrival is noted of the schooner "Sacramento" at San Francisco, eight days from Tillamook Bay. Capt. Gruggel deserves much credit for the way in which he both sailed in and out of the bay. The three schooners which laid so long at Nehalem might have shortened their stay by remodeling the "Sacramento."

Miss Edith Ellis, who has had the Oretown school, has resigned her position. During the past week she has been visiting Mrs. J. M. Bodle, at Hobsonville, and is now the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. S. Ripley, Foley.

SAND LAKE.

Charles Atkinson is home again. He was taken sick in Portland and was in the St. Vincent Hospital for some time.

Quite a few of our dancers enjoyed themselves at the home of Mr. Sommers, Friday evening last.

Some of our people have again been careless about the care of their potatoes, and have lost them by frost. Why not build root cellars?

W. C. King is selling splendid cranberries for \$1.00 per bushel to all who may come.

Rev. Armstrong, from Beaver, preached an interesting sermon here last Sunday week.

Flounder are being caught here in the lake now.

A little more of this snowy weather and our people will begin to wonder if they have hay enough to carry them through.

Our roads are in horrid condition.

Mr. Gave is giving music lessons at the school house each Sunday.

No sickness around here.

BEAVER.

Everybody enjoyed over the weather and delighted with the idea that the snow layed long enough for the old folks from the east and middle west to tell the children about the snowy winters in their youthful days, and how the sleigh bells jingle, etc., etc.

W. T. West made a trip to Tillamook one day last week, taking Miss May Donaldson and Elder Le Masters to their homes. He reports the roads perfectly horrible. But Beaverites are already beginning to smile at the pleasant and hopeful prospect that our present county judge and commissioners will soon give us good planked roads, and let me tell you Beaver people are an earnest, praying people, and we do hereby earnestly ask one and all to join us in prayer that our beloved officials may have grace and backbone to in some good kind, but sure way furnish this county at least with one road to get in and out, free from toll, to the joy to every intelligent, thinking citizen. Amen, so may it be.

The meeting which is acknowledged to have been a grand success at the Johnson's school-house or Coulson's, burg, is largely credited to the efficient help rendered by Rev. Ciseel, of South

Prarie, and some lay members from Blaine.

E. W. Brown's health is much better the past ten days.

Preacher Mills, we learn, has an appointment to speak at the Hebo school-house, Thursday and Friday nights of this week; also Sunday at 11 a.m., and Sunday evening at 7 p.m.

Rev. Armstrong is to preach at Blaine this coming Sunday, and Rev. Dollarhide at Beaver.

WILSON RIVER.

The rain storm is here again and so are we.

The young folks in the neighborhood had a merry time sleigh riding last Sunday.

Alfred Eason passed through here last Sunday on his way back to town to take his father to Nehalem.

E. Bergstrom, from Nestocton, came down on Saturday and went back Sunday.

Quite a social time was enjoyed by those who attended the singing at Mr. Freeman's last Tuesday eve. These song meetings have been postponed till after the revival meetings.

NEHALEM.

Why did not our old friend Capt. Dawson warn us of this spell of belated winter?

H. V. Alley is setting type on the new paper, which is expected out in a day or two.

Frank Astman is circulating for signatures a memorial to congress for the improvement of Nehalem bar.

The tug Maggie towed out the schooner Seven Sisters and Frank I. Long on Tuesday. The Volant was expected to get out next day.

N. McMillan was up from the mouth of the river Tuesday to inform people that he was there to stay, and not to be run off by any combination against him.

Fishermen are taking out licences already so they can fish for steelheads.

Nehalem, in common with some other parts of the county, needs a Roosevelt to purify the atmosphere of its political mountebanks.

G. and J. Irwin have about 50 head of beef cattle that are wintering themselves in the hills between Foley and the beach, and are all in splendid order.

The Nehalem Literary continues to be a source of much pleasure and knowledge to the young people of Nehalem.

The Nehalemites are wearing a regular two by eight smile after the brilliant matrimonial affair which occurred at Nehalem recently. All the Four Hundred were there to pay their respects to the young and handsome bride. All the young ladies were envious of her to think that they were not the choice of the groom, who is tall and stately and handsome as Apollo. The sweet strains of the music floated through the air till the wee small hours. The wedding took place at the home Mr. and Mrs. Seamen, sister of the bride, and the contracting parties were Mr. A. Christenson and Miss Nellie Lovell. The bridesmaids were Misses Esse Lovell and Lena Sandberg, and those who witness the nuptial knot being tied were Mr. Albert Kimmern, Mr. J. Paul, Mr. and Mrs. Seaman and family, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Lundberg, the Misses Sales, Messrs. Albert Anderson, Joseph Cronen, J. Sharp and others. Music was furnished by the Nehalem band, and the large party made the occasion one of merry-making.

MASQUERADE BALL.



Wednesday, Feb. 22nd, in Bailey's Hall, TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

First Prize—Best Dressed Lady—Pair of Shoes, given by J. A. Todd & Co.
Second Prize—Best Sustained Lady Character—Silk Umbrella, given by Cohn & Co.
Third Prize—Best Sustained Gentleman Character—Dressing Case, given by Sturgeon's Drug Store.

Good Supper at Allen House. TICKETS, - \$1.50.

Turkish Bath Fixed in Home for \$5. J. W. Steinmetz is the agent for the Quaker hot-air and vapor bath cabinet. A consignment of these baths reached him last week, which he is selling at the low sum of \$5 each. No home is complete without one. Prof. Kuhne resolves all disease into one, and says that dirt is the primal cause of all the ills to which flesh is heir to. It requires heat to open the pores of the skin, either dry heat or not. It costs only about 3 cents per bath. Further particulars of J. W. Steinmetz, Tillamook, who is now prepared to furnish a limited number of these baths.

LATEST FROM MANILA.

49 Americans Killed and 148 Wounded.

MANILA, Feb. 7, 8 P. M.—There are many indications that Manila is full of desperadoes, who had intended to co-operate with Aguinaldo. The police are continually capturing men and women with weapons concealed in their clothing. The vigilance of the authorities in this respect is highly reassuring.

Last Saturday, about midnight, two Englishmen accidentally encountered a gang of armed natives in a dark side street. The natives, fearing discovery, threatened to kill them unless they maintained silence.

Many native clerks, employed by mercantile houses, are missing. As it is impossible that they should have passed the lines, the inference is that they are in hiding in the city.

Several attempts were made to assassinate Americans on the street, but that danger is now at a minimum. The natives are terribly cowed, and the precautions taken, especially against incendiaries, are admirable.

The rebels, who have been swept in every direction, die by the hundreds in the trenches—for the most part passively, except the Igorotes, who charged desperately and uselessly.

The rebel prisoners declare that their attack was unpremeditated; that the outposts fired, and then everybody followed, in accordance with a sort of general understanding.

A Fight in a Jungle.

MANILA, Feb. 8, 1 A. M.—Lieutenant A. T. Ford, company I, Twentieth Kansas infantry, and a private of that company were killed, and six other members of the regiment were wounded near Calocan last evening, while reconnoitering. The party was in a jungle, when it was attacked by the enemy. Two companies of the Kansas regiment were sent to the relief of their comrades and drove the Filipinos into Calocan, penetrating to the very heart of the town. Meanwhile the gunboats shelled the suburbs.

General Otis finally recalled the troops, but the natives, misunderstanding the retreat, failed to take advantage of it. The outskirts of the town were burned.

Filipinos Utterly Routed.

MANILA, Feb. 7, 3:45 P. M.—General Otis as this dispatch is sent, is in complete control of the situation within a radius of nine miles of Manila. The American lines extend to Malabon on the north and to Paracane on the south, fully 25 miles. While a few detached bodies of Filipinos offer desultory opposition, the main body is in full retreat and utterly routed. Of the hordes of troops originally brawn up in battle array against the Americans fully one-third are already incapacitated, and the rest are scattered in every direction.

Forty-nine Were Killed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—General Otis, report of casualties in the Manila fight up to date aggregate 197. Of these, 49 were officers and men killed, and 148 wounded.

THE TREATY RATIFIED.

Goes Through With One Vote to Spare.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The treaty of peace negotiated by the commissioners of the United States and Spain at Paris, was today ratified by the United States senate, the vote being 57 ayes to 27 noes, or one vote more than the two-thirds majority necessary to secure senatorial concurrence in a treaty document. The vote was taken in executive session, and until the injection of secrecy was removed, the result was supposed to be private; but the vice-president had no more than announced the figures before the senators rushed out of every door leading from the senate chamber, declaring that the treaty had been ratified. Some made the mistake of stating that there were three votes to spare. There was, in fact, only one vote more than was necessary—the balloting resulted 57 ayes to 27 noes.

No vote had been taken in the senate since that of the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law that has been followed with as close interest as was the vote today. This anxiety was due not only to the magnitude of the question at issue, but to the uncertainty which attended the matter up to the last moment. Only the select few knew how Senators McEnery, of Louisiana, and Jones, of Nevada, would vote half an hour before their votes were cast, and not even these knew when the bells rang for the executive session at 2:15 o'clock.

Many of the vast throng which were turned from the galleries after the doors were closed in response to Senator Davis' motion lingered in the corridors, all waiting eagerly for the first news from inside. It was generally understood that the first 45 minutes was to be given to speech-making, but the crowd apparently was prepared for this delay.

Within the chamber the interest was even more intense. Very few senators left the chamber, except those engaged in the cloakrooms in trying on the one side to gain votes for the treaty, and on the other to prevent a break in the ranks.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure, 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

NEGLECTED OPPORTUNITIES.

Frank G. Carpenter, who has been making a study of South American trade, calls the attention of this country to a state of affairs there well worth consideration of those seeking new markets for manufactured products. From his statement it appears that we have blindly neglected opportunities in the country eagerly seized by other competitors, with the result that our exports are merely nominal while the less favored European countries are reaping a golden harvest in fields that should be particularly our own.

The western coast of South America for over two thousand miles is almost devoid of timber, which makes it one of the greatest iron markets in the world. England alone sells annually on the coast \$350,000,000 worth of galvanneal and structural steel. Our sales there for the last year reached the significant proportions of \$204,000,000, only one fourth the amount sold in Belgium. The significance of these facts is apparent when it is remembered that this country is now exporting to Europe, at prices no commercial country can duplicate, the grades of manufactured iron that are furnishing to South America.

What is true of iron is equally true of other commodities. Great Britain practically, a monopoly of the South American coal trade. Last year she sent to Brazil and Argentina 10,000,000 tons at prices ranging from \$10 to \$15 per ton. Our sales amounted in the period to less than a half million tons and this in the face of the fact that we could have supplied good, if not better, grade of coal at lower price and still have realized handsome profit on it.

American shoes and leather goods are sold in Chili and Peru for less than costs to manufacture them there, many does the bulk of that business, those countries and receives for an inferior shoe a higher price than we charge for a good one.

These are but instances among hundreds of others that might be cited, demonstrating the fact that we have allowed Germany and England to stall us in a field where we should be supreme and to divert to the hands of the European merchants a prey revenue that we could have had, still may have, by reaching out for it.

ORDINANCE NO. 110.

An Ordinance to regulate the ringing of the fire bell in the city of Tillamook City, Tillamook County, Oregon.

The people of Tillamook City do enact as follows:

1.—It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to ring the fire bell in Tillamook City except as herein provided.

2.—It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to ring said fire bell in case of a fire within the limits of Tillamook City.

3.—A fire alarm within the meaning of this ordinance, shall be a series of three or more taps rung in rapid succession.

4.—Any person violating the provisions of this ordinance shall upon conviction be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$100, or in default of payment of such fine by imprisonment in the city jail for a period of not more than 24 days nor more than 5 days.

6.—Passed city council Feb. 6th, at 8:15 o'clock, p.m.

W. H. COOPER, Recorder.

Approved February 7, 1899.

B. L. EDDY, Mayor.

H. A. Daniels, clerk of the Wood camp at Coburg, was on Saturday on a preliminary hearing at Eugene charged of embezzling \$60 of the camp funds. He waived examination and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury under bonds of \$500.

Old Mr. Grump—My boy, you save five times as much money on yourself as I used to.

Young Mr. Grump—How can I that, father? I belong to a good wealthier family than you did, remember.

"Dead, is he?"

"Yes. Died suddenly."

"Old story, I suppose. Looked in gun to see if there was a charge in it."

"No. New story. Felt of the trigger to see if there was a charge in it."

"What is this here eastern question about the Iowa man."

"How to git the pore man's home," said the Kansas man who wore a 16-to-1 badge."

"Do you see anything so very about a prize fight?"

"I do," answered the particular.

"I am always glad when the actually occurs. It puts a temporary stop to so much unrefined language in the newspapers."