

DEBIT AND CREDIT.

Come, little Paul, and let me tell about this thing which I have done— This net of debt which round my life for your dear baby sake I've spun; Sit on my knee and hearken well, for you, I know, are worldly-wise, And I'm prepared to follow out what course of conduct you advise.

A CHANGE OF OPINION.

And Percy found the indignant young lady soon ready to retract.

"I'll have nothing more to do with him," declared one of the belles of Detroit, with a pout, according to that city's Free Press. "He's a perfect stick. The idea of him coming here regularly every week and then dropping off suddenly to come at long intervals, just when it suits him. I'll show him. Remember, mamma, if he calls I'm not in, and if he asks me to go any place I'll tell him that I have a previous engagement. I never did care a snap of my finger for his eyes, just as an evidence of good faith.

WHY YOU "SEE STARS."

Cause of the Singular Sensation Experienced by Receiving a Blow on the Head.

ANCIENT POLITICAL "RINGS."

Monopolists Flourished Centuries Ago in Rome and Egypt as They Do To-Day.

The evil of monopolies and rings was known to the ancients, Aristotle, referring to them in his "Politics," and then, as now, it was found necessary to hold them in check by legislation. The monopolist was in Roman law called a Dardanarius, and published under the Lex Julia de Annona, says London Answers. Monopolies of clothing, fish and all articles of food were prohibited by Emperor Zeno under pain of confiscation and exile; so that it is certain that the "rings" of the ancient days were as mischievous as those of to-day.

SAIL OF A FLYING MACHINE.

It Lasted for a Minute and a Half— Might Have Flown Indefinitely.

Electric Lights Aid Singers.

Singers, actors and public speakers, since the introduction of the electric light, have less trouble with their voices and are less likely to catch cold; their throats are not so parched and they feel better. This is due to the air not being vitiated and the temperature more even.

WINE MADE FROM LEAVES.

Curious Results Obtained by a French Druggist in His Experiments.

Wine growers are much interested in, but somewhat dubious of, a story of a new process of wine manufacture. It seems that a French druggist has conceived the idea that the flavor of the fruit of shrubs and trees is generated in the leaves of these plants, and passes from them into the fruits. The fragrance which the leaves of the black currant bush give off, especially after a little rubbing, and which is so very similar to the taste of the berry, appears to favor this view. The Frenchman, however, goes further, and says that the pleasant taste of the apple, pear or grape is prepared in the leaves of the respective plants, although it may be noticeable in these cases in a less degree than with the black currant. After crushing the leaves he adds a fermenting agent such as yeast to them, whereupon the odorless and tasteless glycoside principle becomes free, which is imparted to the fruit proper its aroma and pleasant taste. What was formerly sought to be accomplished with grapes and other fruits is now claimed to be done in a superior manner with the leaves of the plants in a fermenting vat. Apple tree leaves, for instance, are placed in water containing 15 per cent. of sugar, and yeast is added. As the process advances there is an odor of apples, and when the fermentation is finished and the yeast has settled, a straw yellow liquid is obtained, which possesses the fine "bouquet" of the fruit of the respective trees from which the leaves were taken. The public is assured that "with vine leaves the results are still more prolific. A beverage tasting and smelling strongly of wine is obtained, and finally brandy may be distilled from it which is similar to the best cognac."

THIS YEAR WORTH WATCHING.

Not Since 1651 Has There Been So Peculiar a Numerical Combination.

A German statistical scientist, in an article in the Magdeburg Zeitung, calls attention to the remarkable attributes of the year 1898. No man in the present generation has lived or will live under such peculiar circumstances, a condition that has not appeared since the year 1651 and will not appear again until the year 2119. People imbued with a superstitious belief and members of 13 clubs ought to watch closely the events of this remarkable year. As a starter, the numeral 1898 can be divided by 13, and the four figures added together gives 26, which can also be divided by 13. The numeral of the year 1898 also belongs to the remarkable group of four-sided numbers, of which only eight have existed since the birth of Christ, 1898 being the ninth. Take 1898, for example. Subtract the first figure from the third and the value of the second and fourth are received. These peculiar year numbers have been 1010, 1121, 1232, 1343, 1454, 1565, 1676, 1787, and now 1898. The last time the peculiar condition of 13 existed was in 1651. This could evenly be divided by 13, and the figures, 1, 6, 5, 1 added together give 13.

OLD-TIME POST OFFICES.

Some Points of Advantage About the London Mail Established in 1677.

The postmasters were free from all public offices, from liability to quarter soldiers, and they received gazettes free of postage, "wherever they advantage themselves in their common trade of selling drink, and they have their single letters free to London."

Wales Wants Representation.

"Gallant little Wales," says the London Chronicle, "is putting forward a claim for representation in the royal coat-of-arms, as well as for inclusion in the union jack. With this object a provisional committee has drawn up a memorial to the queen, praying that the fourth quarter of the royal shield—which, as they very truly say, is practically unfiled, since it is a repetition of the first quarter—be devoted to insignia for Wales. The claims of the principality to heraldic recognition are not to be disputed. It is the only nationality in Europe that has no distinctive blazon to exhibit to the world, although its history is associated with more than one symbol."

Guard Their Young.

A New Yorker sitting on the edge of a small Adirondack lake was attracted by a school of tiny fish that seemed to move in remarkable union. Watching for a long time he discovered that the infant fish were guarded by their parents, for whenever the young began to stray they were driven back into the school by a large fish on one side or the other, and whenever a strange fish approached one of the guardians rushed at him and drove him off. The watcher noted the movements of several small schools for two hours, and vows that the little creatures were tended like a drove of sheep.

STIRRED UP THE DONS.

An American in Madrid Gave the Spaniards Some Music They Didn't Like.

A Detroitier recently back from abroad relates an experience that is entirely self-explanatory. "In Venice," he tells, "I fell in with a southern soldier of the war. He left college and a magnificent home as a volunteer, coming out of the conflict with little but his own attainments and strength of purpose. Now he is a fascinating man of large means and has some very important business connections both in England and on the continent. At his invitation, and for the sake of his delightful company, I accompanied him to Madrid, where there were matters requiring his attention.

"When we reached there the rumblings of impending war were plainly heard and the impulsive people had no hesitancy in expressing their hatred of the 'American pigs.' I was anxious to reach more pleasant surroundings, but the colonel was as cool as though in the house of his friends, and I noticed that when anything unpleasant was said in his presence there was a pretense that it was not intended for his ears. "On the third evening there we attended a social entertainment at which there were some of the most important persons outside of royalty. National airs were favorites with those who treated the company with music, and I could see that the applause was the heartier because of our presence. At length one of the Dons, with a sneer and the most ex-cruciating politeness, asked the colonel if he would not favor them. To the intense surprise of the Don and all others who had heard the request, the colonel accepted with a bow. His first touches showed that he was a master, and he drew upon Beethoven, Mozart, Chopin and Liszt in a way that drew the most enthusiastic applause, for music hath charms that soothe the savagery of Spanish breasts.

"When the colonel suddenly left the classics to give them the 'Star-Spangled Banner,' some of the men scowled, but the ladies still called for more and were treated in rapid succession to 'Dixie,' 'America' and 'Yankee Doodle,' the colonel actually roaring the latter forth in song, causing the Dons to fairly dance in their wrath. He left the piano as cool as though nothing unusual had occurred, and showed such utter indifference to the mutterings about him that the freeters ready with the cards they wanted to offer kept them in hand. As we left one stalwart Spaniard jostled the colonel, with a view to getting tangible material for issuing a challenge but he was promptly thrown across the street and laid there groaning. "I can't stay here to fight all these fellows, much as I'd like to," declared the colonel as we moved away. "Business will not permit, and the country may need me at home. It has the first claim on the life of every patriotic citizen." So we changed our hotel that night, and the next morning we were on our way to France."—Detroit Free Press.

WATER WANTS REPRESENTATION.

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Allen House. J. P. ALLEN, Proprietor. First class accommodation at second class rate. BEST MEALS IN THE CITY, Tillamook, Ore

"My Kingdom For a Horse." WELL, WE'VE GOT IT AND MORE TOO. If you Want to Drive A Nice Gentle Horse To a Nice Easy Buggy, Come to Our Stable and Get it. The Tillamook Livery and Sale Stable, TILLAMOOK, OREGON.



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WHEN YOU WANT LUMBER, Remember that we keep the best of everything in stock and at prices as low as the lowest.

FOLLOWING IS OUR LIST OF PRICES: COMMON ROUGH LUMBER at \$8.00 per thousand feet. SHIP LAP at \$9.00 per thousand feet. SIZED LUMBER at \$9.00 per thousand feet. FLOORING, No. 1, at \$12.00 per thousand feet. FLOORING, No. 2, at \$12.00 per thousand feet. RUSTIC, No. 1, at \$16.00 per thousand feet. RUSTIC, No. 2, at \$12.00 per thousand feet. No. 1, FINISH, at \$15.00 per thousand feet. MOULDINGS, 1 1/2 in. per foot, per inch in width. ALL 3 IN. PLANKING at \$7 per 1000 feet.

Tillamook Lumbering Co. STEAMER RUTH Direct From S. F. to Tillamook. Freight handled with dispatch and at lowest rates. Fruit delivered in good order. Best Accommodations and Cheapest Route to or from Tillamook. Every attention paid to wants and conveniences of passenger. First-class table set. WILL SAIL FROM SAN FRANCISCO ABOUT OCTOBER 30th AND EVERY 10 DAYS AFTER. For further particulars apply to A. W. BEADLE & Co., No. 14 CALIFORNIA STREET, SAN FRANCISCO; or to TRUCKEE LUMBER CO.

When you are in town and want to stop at a nice hotel, the place to go is to THE TILLAMOOK EDW. G. E. WIST Proprietor. This Hotel has just been newly furnished and put in first class repair and is now by far the best in the city EVERYTHING COMFORTABLE AND HOMELIKE. Terms Reasonable, Tillamook Ore.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, October 11th, 1898. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

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TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, November 8th, 1898. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Land Office at Oregon City, Ore., December 9th, 1898. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook Co., at Tillamook, Oregon, on February 1st, 1899, viz: J. H. WILLIAM STEINMETZ; H. E. 11, 7 1/2, for the Lot 3, Sec 14, of Sw 1/4 and E 1/2 of Sec 14, of Tp. 2 S., R. 9 W.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.—That by virtue of an order of the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Tillamook, sitting in probate, made and entered in the records of said Court on the 20th day of May, 1898, the administrator of the estate of J. C. HALL, deceased, will from and after the 30th day of January, 1899, proceed to sell at private sale for cash, the following described real property belonging to said estate, to-wit: The W 1/2 of the Sw 1/4, of sec. 27, under and of the Sw 1/4, and the Sw 1/4 of the Ne 1/4, of sec. 28, containing 160 acres in Tp. 3 S., R. 9 W. of the Willamette Meridian in Oregon, save and except all of that portion of the Sw 1/4 of the Ne 1/4 of sec. 28 lying North of the Big Nestucca River and containing 15 acres more or less, located by W. A. Hanor and sold by G. O. Richards, November 18th, 1891, also saving and excepting all of that portion of the Sw 1/4 of the Ne 1/4 of sec. 27, said Tp. 3 S., R. 9 W., heretofore owned by W. A. Hanor and wife to James Hughes and wife, leaving a balance conveyed herein of 120 acres more or less.

WHERE TO INSURE. THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE CO. AGENTS FOR TILLAMOOK, J. S. STEPHENS. HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, AGENTS FOR TILLAMOOK, BIGGS & STEPHENS. SCHOOL DESKS AND SUPPLIES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. J. S. STEPHENS is agent for the Northwest School Furniture Company for Tillamook Co.

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