Engineer of a Fast Train Receives a Fright Which He Can't Forget.

The nervous strain on the engineer of a fast train is something enormous, said one of them the other day, reports the Detroit Free Press. "Not only the lives of the passengers are at stake, but there is the constant fear of running over someone on the track. An accident, no matter how innocent the engineer, is always a kind of hoodoo. What was my first accident? I shall never forget it. H it had been traced on my mind with a streak of lightning it couldn't have made a more lasting impression.

'It happened one bright moonlight night in November. We were spinning over the rails at full speed across the country where there were few people passing at that time of night, when I looked out and saw the figure of a man lying across the track not ten feet in front of the engine. I stopped quick as possible, but too late, of course. We had run over him, and the lifeless body was under the wheels. We got out to look for him, and found his hat, a piece of his coat sleeve and one of his shoes, but the rest seemed to be further back under the train. I backed up the engine and got out to look again. There lay the body. I nearly fainted when I saw its distorted form. I felt like a murderer. Did I know the man? No. not personally. He was a scarecrow from a neighboring corn field."

THE ORIGINAL HANDY MAN. He Lives in California and Is a Jack

of All Trades. In one of Frank R. Stockton's amusing stories there is a character of a jackof-all-trades and general utility man, who is good at everything. He can do anything, from building a house to a hencoop, and is just as handy in most other lines as in that of carpenter.

Mr. Stockton might have got the material for this character from a man who lives in National City, Cal., says the Philadelphia Times. He is willing to do anything from nursing a sick person to building a church. There is no sort of work in which he will not engage if paid for it, and he is versatile enough to make himself useful in pretty nearly anything he undertakes.

That he is slever, not only with his hands, but with his pen, is proved by the following advertisement, which he inserted in a newspaper in his town:

THE ORIGINAL HANDY MAN!

HANDY MAN!

Still lives and loves to labor.

Makes Door and Window Screens, Files
Saws, Sharpens Cutlery and Fits Keys.

Repairs and Polishes Furniture, Makes
Store Fixtures and Does General Jobbing.

He is at home in the sick room to offer
consolation to those who mourn, and patlently nurses by day or night the sick in
body. God bless the Handy man and keep
him safe.

B.-Makes a specialty of Church and

MARK TWAIN'S STUTTER.

Joseph Hatton Discusses His Pleasant Impediment.

Joseph Hatton, in his "Cigarette Papers," thus breezily writes of America's humorist:

"Do you recall what a pleasant, tantalizing stutter Mark Twain has? It is really not a stutter, nor a stammer, but just a drawl and a hesitation. Charles Lamb's was a real stutter. Lord Dundreary's was a good imitation.

"The most captivating impedit heard Mark Twain lecture you know with what effect he uses his little pelaugh when first he appeared in town concerning that very cold mountain in Fiji, where, he said, 'it is so cold up there that people can't speak the truth.' When the audience had done smiling, he added: 'I know because I have been there.' The wit of a story should be in the tail; American humor has often the peculiar artfulness of a double-hinged tail; and you get two laughs instead of one."

-By actual measurement of 50 skeletons, the right arm and left leg have been found to be longer in 23, the left arm and right leg in six, the limbs on the right longer than those on the left in four, and in the remainder the inequality of the limbs was varied. Only seven out of seventy skeletons measured, or ten per cent., had limbs of equal

A MISTAKE.

A tadpole sat on a cool, gray stone, And sadly thought of his life; "Alas, must I live all alone!" said he, "Or shall I espouse me a wife?"

A wise old frog on the brink of the stream, Leaned over and said, with a sigh "Oh, wait till you're older, my dear young You'll have better taste by and by!

"Girls change, you know, and the polly-

wog slim, That takes your fancy to-day, May not be the polly at all you'd choose, When the summer has passed away!"

But the tadpole rash thought he better knew,
And married a pollywog fair;
and before the summer was over he sat
On the brink of that stream in despair.

For, would you believe it? His fair, young bride Proved to be but a stupid frog, With never a trace of beauty and grace Of young Miss Pollywog.

And although the tadpole himself had

grown
Stout and stupid, too!
He only saw the faults of his wife,
As others sometimes do.

To all young tadpoles, my moral is this:
Before you settle in life,
Be sure you know, without any doubt,
What you want in the way of a wife!
—Mary H. Olmstead, in Golden Days

LANGUAGE SPOKEN BY THE CATS Investigation Reveals They Have Quite

an Extensive Vocabulary. Since the domestication of the animal there has never been a doubt that cats possessed a language that they sometimes employed with more liberality than the occasion seemed to demand. But it is a new theory that the smooth and liquid passages in our poets are founded primarily on the accents of cats, and that the latter is the completest illustration of vocal and lingual harmony which nature affords. The popular idea has always been quite the contrary. But the notion is seriously advanced by Prof. Marvin Clark, who is said to be a blind author, and argued upon with feline emphasis and prolixity. Cat language, he says, is rather like Chinese, "both being musical, mellifluous and pleasing to the senses"a proposition which will command at-

tention on account of its novelty, and may be concurred in by the cats and the Chinese themselves, but is certain of indignant and spontaneous rejection by all other animals and men. In other respects the similarity between the two dialects may possess a higher degree of plausibility. For instance, the same word in Chinese means several hundred different things, according to the inflection, and Prof. Clark asserts that the same thing may be said of the various yowls through which the car endeavors to express its emotions. Sometimes they mean one thing, and sometimes another, according to their pitch and cadence, and in the case of an error of interpretation on the part of the adjacent cat there is always the expedient of battle, giving rise to new vocal experiments and new misunderstandings in a chain of unbroken succession since the first midnight cat appeared upon the first back fence in history. So far as the inhabitants of the flowery kingdom have been observed, their conversational habits par take of the same general character, and often lead to the same results, and there may be a plausible reason for tracing an analogy between them.

Of the 600 primitive words which the professor claims to have traced home to the cat by far the larger proportion bear a noticeable similarity to those employed in the colloquies of the original laundrymen, and the light repartee of the fan-tan table. But it is not pos sible to concur in the theory that they form the ultimate basis of poetical lit erature, or that to unravel them is to untwist all the chords that tie the prisoned soul of harmony. Giving the cat note its proper value in the phonetic and lingual scale, it is possible to conceive another origin for their tongues and sounds. There is no evidence that it has materially influenced the deveropment of poetical literature in any period. There is a trace of it here and there in verse to be seen, but it is a mere accidental similitude, a trifle more He may be found at his old knoll on Street | marked in the case of the new laurente than in common, but in that, too, 'tis but a casual concord. It is not wise to claim for the animal more than properly belongs to it, and any judicious cat would reject the pretensions put forth in its behalf than a much louder yowl than belongs to its usual vocabu lary.-Chicago Times-Herald.

DEATH DUE TO FALLING WIRES.

More Persons Killed by These Than by Railroad Accidents.

We have recently had an opportunity to examine a batch of newspaper clippings giving accounts of accidents due falling of electric wires. These was that of Mr. Travers, of New York. clippings cover the months from May Why, Mr. Travers,' said a lady, 'you to September, inclusive, but it is not to stammer more in New York than you be supposed that we have found in them did in Baltimore.' 'B—b—bigger place,' stammered Travers. 'A chestnut!' you dents of that character which have say? Well, what of it? There are taken place. We have found enough, chestnuts and chestnuts. If you have however, to show that the matter is a

very serious one. We find in the five months reports of culiarity of speech. The point that 122 accidents due to falling trolley broke the general titter into a hearty wires. In 11 of these accidents 12 persons were killed, and in 28 of them 31 persons were injured and in 18 of them 24 horses were killed. During the same five months we find reports of 40 accidents from falling electric light and telephone wires, showing that 9 per-sons were killed in 9 accidents and 27 were injured in 22 accidents, and 7 horses were killed.

The nature of the accidents is very familiar; that is, a broken live wire falls into the street and a passer-by steps on it or picks it up and gets a ock which is often fatal. We thus find, during this period, a total of 21 fatalities resulting from falling live wires of all kinds. At this rate of mortality, if it were kept up, 50 persons would be killed in the year. In 1895 there were 38 passengers killed in train accidents on all the steam railroads of the United States, so far as we have been able to ascertain. It appears, therefore, that more persons are killed by live wire accidents than are passengers in railroad train accidents, and the difference might be still greater if complete sta-

tistics of the former were obtained. There have been widespread and persistent efforts made by the public in various ways and for many years to minimize train accidents by legislation and by agitation in the press and by investigations and recommendations on the part of railroad commissions, but the serious mortality due to live wire accidents does not appear to have attracted much attention from the public. There are simple and obvious means, which we suppose are not very expensive, for preventing accidents of this class; but until the public realizes the seriousness of the situation and the practica- 986 969, 1030, 1025, 955, 967, 814, 1038, bility of remedying it probably little 931, 932, 831, 832, 921, 957, 1009, 984, will be done. We suggest this subject 998, 938, 980, 964, 989, 1041, 919, 961, 1000, as an interesting one for the daily 1027, 1001, 1618, 1003, 981, 982, 1012, newspapers.—Railroad Gazette.

Salt Mountains of San Domingo. In the island of San Domingo there is 950, 934, 954, 1076, 940, 959, 1002, 976, aremarkable salt mountain, nearly four miles long, estimated to contain 90,000, 942, 818, 929, 999, 958, 922, 923, 1053 000 tons, and so clear that medium-sized 652 1046 1047, 1045, 1048, 1054, 1050, print can be read through a block a foot | Class C. Nos. 333, 125.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR

PUBLICATION

PUBLICATION

PUBLICATION

United States Land Office.

Oregon City, Or.,

October 11, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that in compilance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1862.

Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory, as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

JAMES B. MELLOTT, of Dayton, country of Yambill, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No loss for the purchase of the nel4 of Section No 10 in township No 2 S Range No 7 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, on Thursday, the December 22nd, 1898.

He names as witness:
Riley G. Smith, of Dayton, Oregon, Albert E. Cook, of McMinnville, Oregon, J. W. Fishburn, of Dayton, Oregon, James L. Fletcher, of McMinnville, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 22nd day of December, 1898.

Chas. B. Moores, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.-NOTICE FOR

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon,
October 17th, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of t mber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,
LUTHER J. FLETCHER,
of Dayton, county of Yamhili, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No 3050, for the purchase of the e½ of e½ of Section No 2xin Township No 2 S, Range No 7 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 21st day of December, 1898.

He names as witnesses:
Albert E. Cook, of McMinnville, Yamhill county, Oregon, Riley G. Smith, of Dayton, Yamhill county, Oregon, James B. Mellott, of Dayton, Yamhill county, Oregon, San are requested to tile their claims in this office on or before said 21st day of December, 1898.

CHAS. B. MOORES. Register.

CHAS. B. MOORES. Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon,
October 11th, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of Umber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory" as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

Oregon, Nevada and Washington Jerrior, as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

GEORGE H. BAXTER, of Dayton, county of Yamhill, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3055, for the purchase of e½ of w½ of Section No 36 in Township No. 2 s. Ran e No. 7 w. and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Kegister and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 20th day of December, 1898, He names as witnesses:

on Tuesday, the 20th day of December, 1829. He names as witnesses:

Riley G. Smith, of Dayton, Yamhill county, Oregon, John Starr, of Dayton, Yamhill county Oregon, William H. Fletcher, of McMinnville, Yamhill county, Oregon, Athert E. Cook, of McMinnville, Yamhill county, Oregon, Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to fie their claims in this office on or before said 20th day of December, 1858.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon,
October 11th, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

JOHN W. FLETCHER,

of Dayton, county of Yamhill, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3053, for the purchase of the e½ of w½ of Section No. 24 in Township No. 25 Range No. 7 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, on Thursday, the 22nd day of December 1898. He names as witnesses:

Albert E Cook, of McMinnville, Oregon, Ri-

es as witnesses: bert E. Cook, of McMinnvill², Oregon, Ri-3, Smith, of Dayton, Oregon, James B. ott, of Dayton Oregon, Luther J. Fletcher, ley G. Smith, OI Longon, Luther J. Mellott, of Dayton Oregon, Luther J. of Dayton, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 2211d day of these 1808.

D. MOORES, Register.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon,
October 11, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, cuttilled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

JOHN W. FISHBURN, of Dayton, county of Yambill, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No 3049, for the purchase of the wly of eld of Section No 24, in Township No 2 S, Range No 7 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Thursday, the 22nd day of December, 1898.

He names as witnesses:

A. E. Cook, of McMinnville, Yambill county, Oregon, Riley G. Smith, of Dayton, Yambill county, Oregon, Riley G. Smith, of Dayton, Vambill county, Oregon, Riley G. Smith, of Dayton, Vambill county, Oregon, Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 22ud day of December, 1898.

CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

December, 1898.
CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Chas. B. Moores, Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon,
October 11th, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,
CRIS T. STARR,
of Dayton, county of Yamhill, Stale of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2681, for the purchase of the 1½ of 8½ of Section No. 32 in Township No. 18, Range No. 6 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stonethan for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Ore., on Tucsday, the 20th day of December, 1898.

Nathaniel Stretch, of Dayton, Ore., Rily G. Smith, of Dayton, Ore., John Glen, of Dayton Ore., Albert E. Cook, of McMiniville, Ore.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said zoth day of December, 1898.

Chas. B. Moores, Register.

County Warrants Payable

Series E

Nos. 912, 1035, 949, 968, 1037, 913, 821, 939, 938, 1021, 940, 951, 943, 928, 1028, 711, 1042, 925, 924, 926, 927, 1008, 997, 1007, 1011, 965, 966, 916, 918, 915, 996, 997, 990, 930, 978, 820, 956, 1019, 988, 962, 963, 1017, 946, 992, 1028, 1032, 1014, 985, 953,

W. H. Cary, Co. Trea s



The man who whispers down a well About the goods he has to sell, Won't reap the gleaming, golden dollars Like one who climbs a tree and hollers.

It is not our intention to, nor do think it best to



Holler

till you're tired out but we do want you to remember that we always keep on hand a good fresh sapply of all kinds of

Logger's Supples,

Merchandise, Groceries, Dry Goods, etc. Just step into our store for a moment and let us convince you that what we say is true, that our stock is good and we sell it just as cheap as anyone

And Save Money.

The Truckee Lumber Company. Leigh Jones, Manager Store and Mill, Hobsonville, Oregon,

Principal Office, No. 3 Cal. St. San Francisco, Cal

St. Alphonsus ACADEMY,

TILLAMOOK, OREGON. CLASSES WERE RESUMED ON THE FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER.

GRADED COURSE OF INSTRUC-TION.

ST. ALPHONSUS ACACEMY is divided into four departments, viz: Primary, Intermediate

Grammar, and Senior The year is divided into tour terms of eleven weeks each.

TUITION FEE.

Tuition Fee for one pupil for a term of eleven weeks in the Primary Department, Two DoL-LARS; in the INTERMEDIATE, THREE DOLLARS; GRAMMAR GRADE, FOUR DOLLARS; SENIOR GRADE, FIVE DOLLARS.

INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC. Instrumental Music on the Piano or the tringed instruments, for a term of eleven weeks, TEN DOLLARS.

VOCAL MUSIC. Vocal Music, Eight Dollars.

BUSINESS DEPARTMENT.

In the Business Department: Stenograph, Book-keeping, and Type-writing included, if desired. The common branches, THIRTY-FIVE DOLLARS for the whole course.

Plain Sewing and Fancy Work free to the pupils on Saturday afternoon. Latin, French, and German included in the Senior Grade. Private lessous in those lan-

guages TEN DOLLARS a term. Board and Tuition, including plain and fancy needle work, THIRTEEN DOLLARS a month. When there are four pupils in one family attending, the last one is free.

Sewing school, free to pupils, will be resumed on the first Saturday in October.

REGULATIONS.

Students are entered at any time during the Session. No deduction will be made in either the Academic or Music Department for the Christmas or Easter Holiday for withdrawal before the expiration of the term or absence, exceptin case of dismissal or prolonged Illness. Those who finish a complete course in the Academic or the Commercial Department and pass a satisfactory examination in the branches prescribed are entitled to a Diploma



Do you get up with a headache? Is there a bad taste in our mouth?

Your mouth?
Then you have a poor appetite and a weak diges-tion. You are frequently dizzy, always feel dull and drowsy. You have cold hands and feet. You get but little benefit from food. You have no ambition to work and the sharp pains of neuralgia dart through

what is the cause of all this trouble? Constipated bowels.

will give you prompt relief and certain cure

Keep Your Blood Pure. If you have neglected your case a long time, you had

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

also. It will remove all impurities that have been and will greatly strengthen

here may be something about reason you do not quite underd. Write the dector freely, tell a how you are suffering. You promightly receive the best loal strice. Address. Br. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

TILLAMOOK BAKERY AND RESTAURANT.

FRESH BREAD, PIES and CAKES

Also a complete line of Fresh Fruits, Nuts, Cigars, Tobacco and Stationery. Best Meals in the city, from 15 cts up Frank Wheeler. Prop.

When you are in town and want to stop at a nice hotel, the place to go is to

THE TILLAMOOK

EDW. G. E. WIST Proprietor.

This Hotel has just been newly furnished and put in first class repair and is now by far the best in the city

EVERYTHING COMFORTABLE AND HOMELIKE.

Tillamook Ore.

STURGEON'S Drug Store.

NEW AND SELECT STOCK. PATENT MEDICINES AND DRUGGIST'S NOTIONS.

A Fine Line of Jewelry.

STATIONERY, BOOKS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

Direct from S. F. to Tillamook.

Freight handled with dispatch and at lowest rates. Fruit de-

livered in good order Best Accommodations and Cheapest Route to or from Tillamook.

Every attention paid to wants and conveinces of passengers. First class table set.

Will sail from S. F. about May

8th and every 10 days after For further particulars apply to A. W. BEADLE & Co.

> No. 14 Cal. St. S. F. or to Truckee Lumber Co.

KNOW THE NEWS

You can have it all for PER... 500 PER... MONTH in The Evening Telegram, of Portland, Oregon. It is the largest evening newspaper published in Oregon; it contains all the news of the state and nation, Try it for a month. A sample copy will be mailed to you free. Ad-

THE TELEGRAM,

Portland, Or

Are You Interested? The O.R. & N. Go.'s New Book-

On the RESOURCES OF OREGON, WASH-INGTON AND IDAHO is being distributed. Our readers are requested to forward the addresses of their EASTERN friends and acquaintances, and a copy of the work will be sent them free. This is a matter ALL should be interested in, and we would ask that everyone take an interest and forward such addresses to W. H. HURLBURT, General Passenger Agent, O. R. & N. Co., Portland.

How's This.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward of any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transations and financially able to carry out any obligations

made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo O. WALDING, KINNAN, & MAVRIN, Wholesale Drug-

gists, Toledo O. Hall's catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting

directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggits. Hall's Family Pills are the best.