

Tillamook Headlight.

D. DeK. Bowman, Ed. and Mgr.

Official paper, Tillamook City and County

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The HEADLIGHT has Double the bona fide Subscription list of any other Newspaper in Tillamook County

Telephone No. 6.

Office corner of Main and 2d streets.

Cheap Transportation.

The tug now being built by the Malaney Bros. is nearing completion. The dimensions of the boat and its carrying capacity have been given in these columns before. The HEADLIGHT is pleased to see the progress that the Malaney boys are making, and trusts that their boat will soon be completed and running. And we are surprised that any one in Tillamook should feel otherwise, if there is any one who really does. The Malaney boys are residents of this place. Whatever may they make they spend here. Their interests are with us and they can be depended on to work for the general interest, for in promoting the interests of others they promote at the same time their own. Being residents here any unfair dealing or chicanery of shippers would react on themselves harder than on any one else. Taking all these facts into consideration it seems to us that the enterprise should be given all possible encouragement.

With a boat owned and controlled wholly by our own people, unreasonable freight charges need not be feared and especially charges that would hinder and practically prohibit manufacturing enterprises here.

One of the most important of our new industries, that of the manufacture of wooden stave pipes, has already been seriously interrupted by a lack of reasonable transportation rates. We can not expect such enterprises unless we can get transportation rates that manufacturers can afford to pay. To fix or maintain freight rates at a higher figure will be to drive and keep away all such enterprises. By all means let us encourage all legitimate competition in our shipping.

The only safety for the commercial life of any community is a reasonable transportation and freight rate, and the only way to get a reasonable rate is through competition, and therefore competition should be encouraged. Tillamook has vast timber resources and manufacturing of lumber and other articles made of wood will in time grow to large proportions. Tillamook is a great dairy country and in the course of a short time our shipment of dairy products will be enormous. New industries will be established and for all our products, as well as for what we consume, cheap transportation will be imperative.

"Orator Bryan is not so busy these days as he was at this time last year. The New York Democrats bought his silence and absence with a 'lick and promise'; the Ohio Democrats have given him notice that his presence will harm their cause in that state; the Maryland Democrats have no place for him in view of their straddling platform, and his own managers have warned him that he is endangering their cause by keeping up his talk upon a subject which everybody knows is becoming every day more unpopular."

The McKinley prosperity seems to come in handy in paying off Cleveland mortgages.

The fact that prosperity is returning to the country is no longer open to doubt or cavil. Of course the democratic party will claim that the republican administration had nothing at all to do with it, but the fact still remains that democracy always means hard times, while republican administration always means prosperity. Even the most obtuse mind ought to be able to discover some connection between such manifest causes and effects.

What awful plotters these republicans are. In order to make their campaign speeches come true they have actually had the merit to raise the price of wheat and depreciate the price of silver all over the world. They have started up the factories all over the east on such a close semblance to prosperity that no one but an expert popocratic political cynic can tell the difference between this dreadful counterfeit prosperity and the genuine article.

The wisest thing for those who are eager to get to the Klondike gold fields is to postpone action until next spring. Before any of them can reach the gold fields, winter will have set in. They will have to stay there until next May, doing absolutely nothing; and they would have to take supplies for their subsistence through the eight months of waiting.

In place of enduring the rigors of an Arctic winter and expense, keep steadily at work and accumulate money wherewith to purchase an outfit and supplies next spring. And be sure you take plenty of money along, for prices are extortionate, and it will cost you more than the original price of your outfit to get it to the gold fields. —Toledo Blade.

A gratifying feature of the great strike in the coal regions is the absence of violence and the care exercised by the strikers to keep from doing anything that would bring them into conflict with the officers of the law. This is a direct result of the experiences in past strikes, particularly the Homestead affair in 1892, and the one engineered by Debs three years ago. Heretofore violence followed almost upon the heels of a walk-out. Strikers assumed that they had a legal right and moral right to prevent others from taking their places or from continuing to work when others had ordered them quit. Violence once started on this basis soon developed into riot and destruction of property. The error of the assumption has been thoroughly exposed, and neither the moral nor legal right to interfere with a man at work is now claimed or admitted. Further than this, strikers have learned that riot brings the officers of the law, backed up by troops, and that when this stage is reached the failure of the strike is certain. These are the reasons why a strike has been carried on for more than a month with violence and riot, by men who would have resorted to both within a week a few years ago. We certainly have made progress in these matters, and may confidently look forward to the time when the strike will be no longer considered just the proper way to adjust industrial grievances.—Oregonian.

Mr. E. V. Smalley, in a letter from the west to the New York Evening Post, has this excellent summary of the situation: The big crops in Kansas and Nebraska, and also in Iowa and Missouri, are resulting in the full or partial payment of thousands of farm mortgages, and the wiping out of store debts, and in the liberal purchase by the farmers of all kinds of goods, implements and machinery. From a drought-stricken, bankrupt, and discouraged region these two states have sprung up immediately into confidence and cheerfulness. Their people are beginning to realize that politics and legislation cannot bring prosperity. They feel now that they have a fine country, and that when nature gives them sufficient rain and they put in a reasonable amount of work upon the soil, prosperous conditions inevitably follow. We shall probably hear no more calamity from these states for the next year or two.

There is, and always will be, some men who, through ill-luck or management, or lack of ability, do not succeed. And they will, we presume, persist in regarding their own personal embarrassments as a national calamity. There is a smack of self-conceit in such an attitude, but how many men there are who take it!—Toledo Blade.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

School Apportionment.

Apportionment of the School Districts of Tillamook County, Oregon, August 16, 1897.

Table with columns: No. of Dist., Name of Clerk, Ad. Pupil, Co. Fund, State Fund. Lists various school districts and their respective funds.

Number of children of school age, 1725. G. A. Walker, Co. Supt. of Schools.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook. Richard Nixon as Receiver of the Portland Savings Bank, Plaintiff vs. W. S. Runyan, James Steel, S. W. Her, S. E. Anderson, Edward Evans, and Eliza Evans his wife, Mary Hughes, and Lewis Prager, Hyman M. Prager, and William Prager, partners, defendants.

To the above named W. S. Runyan, defendant. In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby notified and required to appear in the above entitled court on or before the 10th day of the next regular term of said court, to wit: on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1897, and answer the plaintiff's complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit and if you fail so to appear and answer for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

The relief demanded in the complaint herein is as follows: First: For the reformation of a certain deed from the defendants Edward Evans, and Eliza E. Evans, his wife, to the defendant W. S. Runyan, to a portion of the real property hereinafter described. Second: For the recovery by plaintiff from the defendants W. S. Runyan and James Steel of the sum of forty-four thousand three hundred and thirty-six dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the 23rd day of February, 1894, all in U. S. gold coin, and the further sum of five thousand dollars, attorneys fees, together with his costs and disbursements herein, all on account of a certain promissory note made and delivered by the defendant W. S. Runyan to the defendant James Steel and endorsed by said defendant James Steel to the Portland Savings Bank and Federal Building, Astoria, Ore., being for said sum of \$44,336, with interest thereon after maturity at the rate of eight per cent per annum, said note being due one year. Third: For the foreclosure of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by the defendant W. S. Runyan to the defendant James Steel to secure the payment of said promissory note, upon the following described real property situated in the County of Tillamook and State of Oregon, to wit: The southeast quarter of section nineteen (19) and the southwest quarter of section twenty (20) all in Township one (1) north of range six west of the Willamette Meridian. Also the north half of section twelve (12) and the northeast quarter of section twenty two (22), and the south west quarter of section twenty four (24) all in Township one (1) north of range seven (7) west of the Willamette Meridian. Also the northeast quarter and the north half of the south half of section twenty-two (22), Township two (2) north of range nine (9) west of the Willamette Meridian containing one thousand two hundred and eighty-two acres. Also the south half of the northeast quarter and the south half of the northwest quarter, and the southwest quarter of section two (2) and the south half of the southwest quarter of section three (3), and the northeast quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of section ten (10) and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter and also one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4) of section eighteen (18), and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter, and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the northwest quarter and the north half of the north-

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J. E. SIBLEY, Manager of Store and Mill, Hobsonville, Oregon. Principal Office 249 Berry Street, San Francisco, Mills at Truckee Cal.



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