

Tillamook Headlight.

—BY—
W. F. D. JONES.

THE COUNTY OFFICIAL PAPER

—Independent in Politics—

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

(STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.)
One year \$1.50
Six months .75
Three months .40

ADVERTISING RATES.

1 inch, per month \$1.75
2 inch, per month 2.25
3 inch, per month 2.75
4 inch, per month 3.25
5 inch, per month 3.75
6 inch, per month 4.25
7 inch, per month 4.75
8 inch, per month 5.25
9 inch, per month 5.75
10 inch, per month 6.25
11 inch, per month 6.75
12 inch, per month 7.25
13 inch, per month 7.75
14 inch, per month 8.25
15 inch, per month 8.75
16 inch, per month 9.25
17 inch, per month 9.75
18 inch, per month 10.25
19 inch, per month 10.75
20 inch, per month 11.25
21 inch, per month 11.75
22 inch, per month 12.25
23 inch, per month 12.75
24 inch, per month 13.25
25 inch, per month 13.75
26 inch, per month 14.25
27 inch, per month 14.75
28 inch, per month 15.25
29 inch, per month 15.75
30 inch, per month 16.25
31 inch, per month 16.75
32 inch, per month 17.25
33 inch, per month 17.75
34 inch, per month 18.25
35 inch, per month 18.75
36 inch, per month 19.25
37 inch, per month 19.75
38 inch, per month 20.25
39 inch, per month 20.75
40 inch, per month 21.25
41 inch, per month 21.75
42 inch, per month 22.25
43 inch, per month 22.75
44 inch, per month 23.25
45 inch, per month 23.75
46 inch, per month 24.25
47 inch, per month 24.75
48 inch, per month 25.25
49 inch, per month 25.75
50 inch, per month 26.25
51 inch, per month 26.75
52 inch, per month 27.25
53 inch, per month 27.75
54 inch, per month 28.25
55 inch, per month 28.75
56 inch, per month 29.25
57 inch, per month 29.75
58 inch, per month 30.25
59 inch, per month 30.75
60 inch, per month 31.25
61 inch, per month 31.75
62 inch, per month 32.25
63 inch, per month 32.75
64 inch, per month 33.25
65 inch, per month 33.75
66 inch, per month 34.25
67 inch, per month 34.75
68 inch, per month 35.25
69 inch, per month 35.75
70 inch, per month 36.25
71 inch, per month 36.75
72 inch, per month 37.25
73 inch, per month 37.75
74 inch, per month 38.25
75 inch, per month 38.75
76 inch, per month 39.25
77 inch, per month 39.75
78 inch, per month 40.25
79 inch, per month 40.75
80 inch, per month 41.25
81 inch, per month 41.75
82 inch, per month 42.25
83 inch, per month 42.75
84 inch, per month 43.25
85 inch, per month 43.75
86 inch, per month 44.25
87 inch, per month 44.75
88 inch, per month 45.25
89 inch, per month 45.75
90 inch, per month 46.25
91 inch, per month 46.75
92 inch, per month 47.25
93 inch, per month 47.75
94 inch, per month 48.25
95 inch, per month 48.75
96 inch, per month 49.25
97 inch, per month 49.75
98 inch, per month 50.25
99 inch, per month 50.75
100 inch, per month 51.25

Correspondence Wanted.

The HEADLIGHT is for the people, and they are invited to write for its columns. We believe in free exercise of opinion, and wish to encourage independence of thought and action. Local topics are preferred. Our name stands at the head of this column, and everything not otherwise signed, we stand responsible for. If you write, don't be afraid to father your own opinions, but sign your name for publication, it is cowardly to do otherwise, and articles with fictitious names have little weight. We address to this column, except as to local correspondents who send news items pure and simple, in such cases we do not publish the name of the writer. But if you wish to express an opinion or criticize somebody, you must sign your name for publication. And in all cases we must know the name of the writer. Don't throw out petty personal slanders, or deal in coarse abuse regarding your neighbors. Would rather you'd abuse the editor of this paper. Such letters would be more apt to be published. In fact, people who hold opinions different from ours are urged to write them for publication. We'll answer you fairly and conscientiously if your opinions are worth answering. We are anxious to have parties of different faith express their opinions in this paper. We pride ourselves on granting everybody the right to think and act according to his conscience, regardless of our own beliefs. The public doesn't care about "somebody going to see his girl," "new fence," "bad cold," "building of hen-coops," etc. Write about something interesting or not at all. Write as plainly as possible. If you can't spell correctly, or use good grammar, never mind that. Don't let a good news item spoil on that account. We furnish printed instructions that will be of help to those who wish to write for papers. The space in this paper is yours. Make use of it if you like.

HAULING COALS TO NEWCASTLE.

A Gales Creek correspondent says in the Forest Grove Times:

"Messrs. Quick and Her began hauling lumber to Wilson river Friday and report good luck. This is good for Gales Creek to furnish lumber within twenty miles of Tillamook for less than they will furnish it from Tillamook, and from what they tell me it is better lumber."

There is evidently a mistake somewhere. But, if the above is true, and any amount of lumber is needed on Wilson river, somebody should start a water-power mill up on Wilson river, similar to the one established by Mr. Anderson on Bowley Creek.

Most of the time of the county court last week was taken up with considering the claims of those who have been working on the roads. The supervisors' time books, which were sworn to as being correct, were taken as authority in auditing claims. Every man was given credit according to these time books, and those who have paid their taxes in cash already will receive credit and warrants for the cash will be given them at the July meeting of the court. Those who owe taxes will be given credit only and the sheriff will deduct the amount when they pay their taxes. It is thought taxes will come in pretty lively now. It is agreed by all that better road work is being done this year than ever in two years before, though some parties are kicking.

We present our readers this week with another installment of gold-bug plate matter. The bond holders of New York are sending out tons of it, freight charges prepaid. They hold the sack and can afford to pay out a little to blind the people. It will not hurt anyone to read it. In fact that is what is needed. The more the question is agitated, the worse it is for the gold-bugs. Investigation will not hurt anyone. The masses are becoming too intelligent to be swayed by a few burlesque pictures and sarcastic sayings from gold-bug bond holders.

The Siletz reservation is to be thrown open for settlement at noon July 25th. A homestead applicant must at time of original entry pay 50 cents per acre in addition to the fees now required by law and at the time of making final proof must pay the further sum of \$1 an acre. The final shall be made

within five years from time of entry and must show three years' actual residence on the land entered. No one will be allowed to enter or occupy the lands before the date named. The territory to be thrown open contains a large body of land and some of it quite desirable.

The developments in the Lotan-Seid Back jury are certainly sensational and prove that our jury system is faulty in the extreme, but the affidavit of the man Garibaldi Stahl is certainly shocking if the same be true. It likewise throws the flash of investigation upon the methods used by government counsel to bring about a conviction. It is now no longer a question as to the guilt or innocence of either Lotan or Seid Back, but a question of outrages perpetrated in the name of the law. Every class of our citizens are awake to the unlawful means used to bring about a disgraceful verdict, and those, even, who were loudest in denunciations of both these defendants, are by an unfair treatment, so plainly apparent, fully persuaded that something is wrong in the practice on the part of the prosecution. It is that when they brought from the reservation, as it were, all the ignoramuses that could possibly be collected and placed them upon that jury, they still neglected to guard against the possible squeal that has come. I considered the verdict rendered by these men an outrage and so called it in a former issue of this paper. I now pronounce it a crime. It is safe to say that ten out of the twelve jurymen were unfitted for jury service, incapacitated simply because none of them had read about this case nor heard of it prior to their appearance in court. A man, claiming to be fit for jury duty, who could come into court and swear that he had never heard of these cases before, is no more fit to be a jurymen than he is fitted to become an angel. He confesses himself incompetent, and yet the defense must accept him, in spite of his confessed incompetence. The more one reasons upon the methods used in the selections of a jury, the surer will he become convinced that the law should and must be amended so as to free it from many of its present absurdities. The present method does not allow intelligent jurymen in the box but both sides endeavor to put there men calculated to be impressionable, and their qualifications are judged by counsel on both sides to a great extent by the length of their ears.—Tomahawk.

TOO MUCH SILVER IN COUNTERFEITS.
A novel case of counterfeiting has recently come to light in San Francisco. Some silver dollars were paid into a government office where the expert declared were counterfeit, although every ordinary test but one failed to show anything wrong with the coins. When weighed, however, it was found they were too heavy, and a careful test proved that each dollar contained 25 grains more silver than the standard dollar. Pure metal had been used, as the bullion value of silver gave the counterfeiters about 30 cents profit on each dollar. Had the exact number of grains required by law for a standard dollar been used, Uncle Sam might, for a long time, have been ignorant of the fact that he had a rival in the business of manufacturing the "dollar of our dads."

A man in Winfield advertised in the Courier that he knew who took his quilt, and if it was not returned at once there would be trouble. During many a cold winter night we have been in a condition to sympathize with the man, and we knew who took that quilt, too, but to our demands that she return at least our share of it, the only answer was a snore, to which our chattering teeth played an accompaniment. Yes we knew who took that quilt, but we never thought of advertising for it in the papers. That is a new kind of revenge. Ex-

Ripans Tabules: a family remedy. It is said that the farmers over around Vancouver carry some clover seed in their pockets and whenever they come to a bare place or where there has been slashing burned scatter some seed, the result being that clover is getting good set all around.

THE NEW ATLANTIC STEAMER.

The new steamer St. Louis, of the American line, has had her sea trial, which proved highly successful, and is now doubtless speeding on her first voyage across the Atlantic, her day of sailing from New York being June 5. On her recent trial at sea she is reported to have reached a maximum speed of 22-75 knots, which gives promise of satisfactory performance for her business trips.

The St. Louis is the first of a number of vessels authorized to be built under the special act of Congress of 1892, designed to encourage the building of American steam vessels, and also to provide cruisers for the government in the event of the sudden outbreak of hostilities. A sister ship, the St. Paul, was recently launched from the yards of Cramp & Company, Philadelphia, and will soon take her place with the St. Louis, on the line between New York and Southampton. Four magnificent boats, the Paris, New York, St. Louis and St. Paul, will then be in service, and four better ships it would be difficult to find.

The St. Louis is 554 feet long over all and 536 feet on the load water line, with an extreme beam of 63 feet, and draws 26 feet of water, her gross register being 11,000 tons. She has six decks and nine water-tight compartments, without any openings or doors in the intervening bulkheads. Her hull is of steel, the plating being three-quarters of an inch thick, and the frames and beams channel shaped. The engines are quadruple expansion, designed to afford 20,000 horse power, the four cylinders being 36, 50, 71, and 100 in. in diameter respectively, and the stroke being 60 inches. Their six steel double-end boilers, each 20 feet long and 15 feet 7½ inches in diameter, and designed to furnish steam at 200 pounds pressure. The vessel has twin screws and the hull is built out to support the shaft bearings.

Of her building and equipment, Mr. Charles H. Cramp says: "No foreign materials entered into the construction of the hull. It is of American model and design, of American material, and has been built by American skill and muscle. The existing tariff law gave us the privilege of importing, free of duty, all plates, tees, beams, angles wire rope and composition metal that might be needed in her construction. But we did not take advantage of the law. On the contrary, we placed every order with American rolling mills, forges and foundries."

Her interior furnishings are said to exceed in cost and beauty anything of the sort afloat. There are accommodations for 350 persons in the first cabin, 250 in the second cabin, and 900 in the steerage. The arrangements of berths and saloons and the fittings and decorations embody American ideas of comfort, and differ from the prevailing styles in European-built steamships.

In the recognition of the courtesy of the American Line in the bestowal of the name St. Louis on the first trans-atlantic steamship of American material and workmanship, the citizens of St. Louis have presented to the beautiful steamship finely bound libraries for the first and second cabins. The citizens of St. Louis have also given ten ornamental glass windows for the first cabin library room, and a full set of flags, including the American ensign and the house flag in silk, and a burgee bearing the name St. Louis.—Scientific American.

The Oregonian has resurrected Leland Stanford, and tells, in truth, what a rascal he was. Even the university founded by him, it says, will not cover up the rascality of its founder. This may all be, yet it is rather late in the day to arraign him, more especially since there are so many living examples about us.—Astoria News.

It is said that the farmers over around Vancouver carry some clover seed in their pockets and whenever they come to a bare place or where there has been slashing burned scatter some seed, the result being that clover is getting good set all around.

The Famous Wilson River Route.

The Sunset Route.

FOREST GROVE TO TILLAMOOK BY THE WILSON RIVER ROAD.

The best mountain road, the most magnificent scenery on the Pacific coast. Cheapest rates of toll in the state.

Four horse team, \$2.00 Round trip, \$3.25
Two " " 1.50 " " 2.50
Horse and buggy, 1.00 " " 1.50
Cart, 1.00 " " 1.50
Saddle or pack horse, .75 " " .75
Loose horse or cow 12½ " " 12½
Sleep or swine .05 " " .05

Take the Sunset Route for Tillamook.

A. W. SEYFRANCE, Receiver.

Stage Line.

QUICKEST, CHEAPEST, AND BEST ROUTE TO PORTLAND.

Connects with evening train in Forest Grove so passengers from Tillamook arrive in Portland same day. Only 10 hours on stage.

Leaves Forest Grove 6:30 a. m. Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Leaves Tillamook, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Baggage seats at Tillamook hotel or of T. C. McNamer, Forest Grove, who can be reached by telephone from Portland.

New Wagons, New Stock, Safe Driving.

Good accommodations en route.

Netarts Beach.

THE MOST POPULAR BEACH RESORT ON THE COAST.

Happy Camp now ready, bath houses will be prepared soon, and stages will connect with the Forest Grove Stage.

If you want to see the sea lions, the arched rocks, and the grand scenery in summer, come to Netarts. Good accommodations reasonable.

The Mecca of all Coast Tourists. Address D. J. HADLEY, Tillamook.

Best Road,

Best Stage,

Best Beach.

TRUCKEE LUMBER CO

OF SAN FRANCISCO

LUMBER AND BOXES

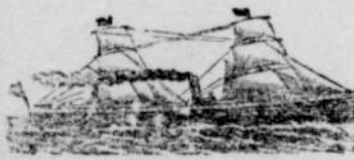
Manufacturers of and Dealers in

At their Hobsonville store they carry a large stock of

General Merchandise, Clothing,

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Groceries, Feed, Provisions, Etc.

Special Attention to Orders in Jobbing Lots.



J. E. SIBLEY, Manager Store and Mill, Hobsonville, Oregon.

Principal Office, 249, Berry St., S. F. Mills at Truckee, Cal.

Headlight and Oregonian \$2.00

THE ALDERMAN

H. A. WOODFORD, Proprietor.

New House. Finely Furnished. Stage Offices.

First Class in the Strictest Sense of the Word. Rates \$1 to \$2 per day.

Tillamook, Ore.

ALLEN HOUSE

J. P. ALLEN, Prop'r.

Noted for its Fine Cuisine Department.

Best Meals in the City.

TILLAMOOK, OREGON

LARSEN HOUSE

M. H. LARSEN, Proprietor.

Tillamook, Ore.

LARGEST HOUSE IN THE CITY—FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT—RATES VERY REASONABLE—CENTRAL LOCATION.

Horticultural Quarantine Regulations.

At a special meeting of the Oregon State Board of Horticulture, held in Portland, April 2, 1895, all members present, the following regulations were adopted, in accordance with the laws regulating such matters, and are, therefore, binding upon all persons. The regulations are to take effect and be in force from and after May 4, 1895:

RULE 1—All consignees, agents or other persons, shall, within 24 hours, notify the quarantine officer of the State Board of Horticulture, or a duly commissioned quarantine guardian, of the arrival of any trees, plants, buds or clons at the quarantine station, in the district of final destination.

RULE 2—All trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or clons, imported or brought into the state from any foreign country, or from any of the United States or territories are hereby required to be inspected upon arrival at the quarantine station in the district of final destination, and if any such nursery stock, trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or clons are found to be free of insect pests and fungous diseases, the said quarantine officer or duly commissioned quarantine guardian shall issue a certificate to that effect. And furthermore, if any of said trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or clons are found infested with insect pests, fungi, blight or other diseases injurious to fruit or to fruit trees, or other trees or plants, they shall be disinfected and remain in quarantine until the quarantine officer of the State Board of Horticulture, or the duly commissioned quarantine guardian can determine whether the said trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or clons are free from live injurious insect pests or their eggs, larvae or pupae, or fungous diseases before they can be offered for sale, gift, distribution or transportation. All persons or companies are hereby prohibited from carrying any trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or clons from without the state to any point within the state beyond the nearest point on its line or course to the quarantine station in the district of ultimate destination; or from any point within the state to any other point therein, until such trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or clons have been duly inspected, and if required disinfected as hereinbefore provided, and all such shipments must be accompanied by the proper certificate of the inspecting officer. Provided, however, that after such persons or company have given the proper officer four days' notice, he or they shall not be required to hold such shipments further, without directions from such officer.

RULE 3—All peach, nectarine, apricot, plum or almond trees, and all other trees budded or grafted upon peach stock or roots, all peach or other pits, and all peach, nectarine, apricot, plum or almond cuttings, buds or clons, raised or grown in a district where the "peach yellows" or the "peach rosette" are known to exist, are hereby prohibited from being imported into or planted or offered for sale, gift or distribution within the state of Oregon.

RULE 4—All trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or clons, seeds or pits arriving from any foreign country found infested with any insect pests or their eggs, larvae or pupae, or with fungi, or other disease or diseases hitherto unknown in this state, are hereby prohibited from landing.

RULE 5—Fruit of any kind grown in any foreign country, or in any of the United States or territories, found infested with any insect or insects, or with any fungi, blight, or other disease or diseases injurious to fruit or fruit trees, or to other trees or plants, is hereby prohibited from being offered for sale, gift or distribution within the state.

RULE 6—Any boxes, packages, packing material and the like infested by any insect or insects, or their eggs, larvae or pupae, or by any fungi, blight, or other disease or diseases known to be injurious to fruit or to fruit trees, or to other trees or plants, and liable to spread contagion, are hereby prohibited from being offered for sale, gift, distribution, or transportation until said material has been disinfected by dipping it into boiling water and allowing it to remain in said boiling water not less than two minutes; such boiling water used as such disinfectant to contain in solution one pound of concentrated potash to each and every ten gallons of water.

RULE 7—Animals known as flying fox, Australian or English wild rabbit, or other animals or birds detrimental to fruit or fruit trees, plants, etc., are prohibited from being brought or landed in this state, and if landed shall be destroyed.

RULE 12—Quarantine stations: For the first district, comprising the counties of Multnomah, Clackamas, Yamhill, Washington, Columbia, Clatsop and Tillamook, shall be Portland. Henry E. Bosch, quarantine officer, or any member of the Board or the Secretary thereof.

RULE 13—Importers or owners of nursery stock, trees, or cuttings, grafts, buds, or clons, desiring to have such nursery stock, trees, plants, cuttings, grafts, buds or clons inspected at points other than regular quarantine stations may have such inspections done where required, provided, however, that such importers shall pay all charges of inspection. Such charges and expenses to be paid before a certificate is granted.

Transportation companies, or persons and consignees or agents shall deliver and cause to be detained all nursery stock, trees, plants and fruit at one or other of the quarantine stations, for inspection, as provided by the rules and regulations of the board.

Details as to quarantine stations, offices, fees of inspection, receipts for dissection, and all desired information may be obtained on application to the Secretary or any member of the Board, or by reference to pamphlet circulated.

Passed at a meeting of the State Board of Horticulture at Portland, Or., April 3, 1895.

Attest, GEORGE I. SARGENT, Secretary.

J. K. CARDWELL, President.

Ladd's New Gun Store.

New line of all sporting goods. Campers, Fishermen and Prospectors supplied at reduced rates. Highest cash price paid for Raw Furs.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

Address Ladd's Gun Store, Cor. Third & Market Sts., SAN FRANCISCO.

Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

Ripans Tabules have come to stay.