

Tillamook Headlight.
Published every Thursday evening.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF TILLAMOOK COUNTY.

TOM COATES - EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

TILLAMOOK, ORE., Sept. 14, 1893.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
(STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.)

One year	\$1.50
Six months	.75
Three months	.50

ADVERTISING RATES.

1 inch, per month	\$2.75	per year \$33.00
1/2 inch, per month	1.75	per year \$21.00
1/4 inch, per month	.75	per year \$9.00
1/8 inch, per month	.375	per year \$4.50
1/16 inch, per month	.1875	per year \$2.25

Local notices, notes, per line, and sets, after the first insertion, only sets per line for first insertion for regular advertisements.

Lost, Found, For Rent, For Sale, Wanted, and Special notices, in classified "ad" columns, at the rate of one cent per word for first insertion and half rates thereafter.

Legal notices, Nonpareil, notes, per line for first insertion and sets per line for each subsequent insertion.

All local notices will be "starred" or otherwise designated as advertisements.

No special position will be agreed upon for any advertisement, though we take special pains to display advertising matter effectively and give as favorable position as possible, frequently changing the "make-up" of the paper.

We make a special effort to change or re-build advertisements as our patrons desire, but make no contract to that effect.

No cuts will be used, except out-line cuts on metal bases.

We reserve the right to reject any advertisement, and payment is required monthly or quarterly on large contracts.

TERMS: Cash in advance for small advertisements, and payment is required monthly or quarterly on large contracts.

Responsible on topics of general interest, by mail.

Address all communications to:
THE HEADLIGHT,
TILLAMOOK, ORE.

The Yamhill County Ledger and the Dayton Herald came to us this week on the half-sheet. They must be practicing economy.

Senator Dolph has introduced a bill to appropriate \$500,000 to enforce the Geary act. The people of Oregon will heartily endorse him.

The hop-picking season is now at its height in the Willamette Valley, and it is estimated that \$15,000 will be paid out for that work in Yamhill county alone.

Emperor William was so leashed with the loyalty expressed by the people of Alsace-Lorraine that he has abolished all the exceptional laws enacted against the people of those provinces.

It costs \$18,000 a day to run the World's Fair, though expenses are continually being reduced. One item of \$1,800 a day was saved when Prof. Thomas and his orchestra were dispensed with.

State Treasurer Metcalf states that another apportionment of state money for school purposes will be made about the first of December, and that it will be an additional 70 cents per scholar.—Dallas Observer.

Senator Mitchell says he will vote against the unconditional repeal of the Sherman act as he has received so many petitions from Oregon in favor of free silver, and being a free silver man himself he feels that he can take no other course.

The defeat of the Home Rule bill in the House of Lords by a vote of 419 to 41 ought to convince the English people of the utter impossibility of reconciling the interests of the lords and the people, and that the sooner the house of lords is abolished the better it will be for the people.

The yacht Valkyrie has sailed for this country to compete for the America's cup. Her owner, Lord Dunraven, is assured of a hearty reception, says the Chicago Herald, not only because he is a thorough sportsman, but because he snubbed Emperor William, who, by the aid of a toady committee, defrauded him of a prize which the Valkyrie rightfully won.

It now seems as if the senate would either compromise the Voorhees bill or prolong the debate indefinitely. This in spite of the fact that three-fifths of the members are in favor of the repeal. The cloture could be applied to close the debate but very few of the senators wish to depart from the traditions of the house. If they were elected directly by the people they would be more subservient to their wishes and care less for traditions.

The smoke from the burning forests lies heavy on the southern horizon, and is slowly but surely creeping all around the compass. The camp-fire fiends are quite as slowly and lazily creeping down from the mountains they fired, and blessings of the just go after them. May they never, through all the eons of eternity, feel the want of a rousing fire!—Klamath Star.

The proposed clause in the compromise to provide that the secretary of the treasury shall purchase a reduced amount of silver each month and actually coin it into money would not be of any more permanent benefit than the Sherman act, for the storage of the bullion and the issuance in its place of silver certificates was done as a matter of convenience to the people.

The action of the Astoria Chamber of Commerce in recommending that a whistling buoy be placed at Tillamook bar is evidence that the importance of Tillamook bay as a harbor and shipping point is beginning to be recognized. Now would be a good time for the Tillamook Board of Trade to send in their petition and have the buoy established as soon as possible.

The Astorian, commenting on the petition being circulated here in regard to providing appliances for fire protection has these kindly words: "Surely, with its late bitter experience fresh in memory, the Tillamook city council will listen to this petition and act on it without delay. By the way, we hear very favorable reports about the progress of our little sister city since that catastrophe. No doubt native pluck will come out strong and surmount even greater obstacles, till Tillamook Bay sees on its shores a metropolis to be proud of."

The decision of Judge Ross in the Los Angeles court is that of a Western man who understands the position of the Chinese on this coast and who, instead of looking for some way to evade the requirements of the act, as seems to have been the object of the authorities hitherto, goes to work with a will to enforce the law as it was intended. When it comes to a question as to whether the Chinese Six Companies or the American people are running this government it ought to be decided so emphatically as to leave no doubt in the minds of the Chinamen.

Mrs. John A. Logan is disappointed at the actions of the Women's representatives at Chicago, in displaying such jealousies and mercenary spirit in their Congress. Though the executive committee could have done all the work, the members of the board were not content to stay at home when they could be in Chicago at a salary of \$6 a day and expenses; and it was only when notified that no more vouchers would be paid that they would allow the meeting to adjourn. Considering this is about the first time the ladies have been allowed to draw public money that way, they did well, and with a little more experience would be qualified to go to the legislatures.

While the expulsion of Chinese laborers from the hop fields of Oregon and the orchards and vineyards of California has called down anathemas on the Chinamen who were so iniquitous as to go and do work that properly belonged to the citizens of this country, yet it seems as if it would be more proper to heap the maledictions on those who employed them. The laborers themselves practically have no say in the matter at all, but are, to all intents and purposes, slaves, under the absolute control of the head Chinaman of each gang. Most of the owners of hop-yards and orchards are perfectly aware of this, yet are content to take advantage of their bondage to make a little more profit rather than furnish work for fellow-citizens. And yet any one of these men would take umbrage if told that he was without patriotism.

In nearly every mail we receive letters from distant parts of the country asking for information regarding the resources and prospects of this county. Many of these letters are from men who would make very desirable settlers and it will be evident to anyone who gives the matter any thought, that such letters should be answered by someone who is in a position to do so with a thorough understanding of the country and also of the obstacles which all new settlers have to contend with. This duty properly belongs to the Board of Trade, if that organization is still in existence, though for some time past it seems to have devolved upon the editor of the HEADLIGHT. While it is a pleasure to us to furnish all the information we can, and to make the information reliable, yet it would be much better if the Board of Trade were re-organized and the information gathered and disseminated in a systematic way.

Among the bills presented by Representative Hermann is one for to establish a life saving station at Tillamook bay. Such a institution would be a good thing for the harbor, for though there have been no boats wrecked here so far, yet there is always the possibility of an accident to a steamer or other vessel crossing the bar that would render the presence of a life-saving crew essentially necessary to insure the safety of the crew and passengers. The accident to the steamer Truckee last winter, when her wheel was disabled by a heavy sea striking it, while on the bar would serve to illustrate that point, for only the coolness and promptness of the officers and crew prevented the loss of the vessel and probably several lives. Such an accident is liable to happen to any steamer crossing the bar, and, depending as we do, practically, on the shipping that goes in and out over the bar for our commercial relations with the balance of the world, it is only right and just that we should make every effort to establish such safeguards as are necessary to insure the safety of those who are engaged in this hazardous work.

The latest dispatches are to the effect that the senate will enact a compromise measure. This must not be understood to mean that, after a long and exhaustive debate, during the course of which every feature of our financial policy has been canvassed, this body has finally determined upon such legislation as the debate has developed will be the wisest measure for the country at large, will be the most creditable act that the senate of the United States can devise. It does not even mean that the friends and the opponents of silver are so nearly equal in strength as to compel a compromise. It means only that in a government based upon a fundamental principle of the right of the majority to rule, a handful of men by dint of parliamentary juggling, in the way of "demanding a call" of the senate and other obstructive tricks are able to dictate the financial policy of the United States. A small but factious minority can control the entire nation. Of a sober truth the senate is making but a sorry appearance before a watching world. It appears as well perhaps as any body of men selected in the methods Senators are, can be expected. As a matter of fact the Senate is very near being a farcical affair.

Fred Martin,
Barber Shop.

Hot and cold water baths at any time.

First Class in every Respect.

Opposite Larsen House.
Tillamook, Oregon.

Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.
Ripans Tabules for bad temper.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, July 31, 1893.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on September 20, 1893, viz:
Daniel R. Hurlburt,
Homestead No. 92, for the lot 2 and e 1/2 of s 1, and s 1/2 of s 2, sec 30, tp 1, r 10 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
J. W. Waxwell, Benjamin O'Hara, B. O'Hara, and William O'Hara, all of Netarts, Tillamook county, Oregon.
J. T. Apperson, Register.

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J. H. Brown,
Homestead No. 842, for the e 1/2 of n 1/4, sec 25, and s 1/4 of s 1/4, and s 1/4 of s 1/4, sec 24, tp 3, r 9 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
William Thacker, Seth Moon, Charles Smith, and Wesley Smith, all of Blaine, Tillamook county, Oregon.
J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, August 21, 1893.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Ore., on October 17, 1893, viz:
Anna E. Rowley,
Pre. D. S., No. 782, for the s 1/4 of sec. 4, tp. 1, r. 7 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
E. A. Oakes, E. K. Barnard, Herman Brown and B. J. Fenwick, of Tillamook, Ore.
Robert A. Miller, Register.

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Olivia W. Olson,
Homestead Entry No. 809, for the n 1/4 of s 1/4, sec 8, w 1/2 of n 1/4, s 1/4 of n 1/4, sec 9, tp. 2, r 9 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Albert Harris, Wm. O'Hara, Theo. Kingsley, and C. S. Smith, of Tillamook, Tillamook county, Oregon.
Robert A. Miller, Register.

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Frederick E. Page,
Homestead Entry No. 778 for the n 1/4 of sec. 14, tp. 2, r 9 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Albert Harris, Jacob Blum, Isaac C. Quick, and John Rupp, of Netarts, Ore.
Robert A. Miller, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, July 24, 1893.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"
Jonas T. Clark,
of Larch, County of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 269, for the purchase of the w 1/2 of s 1/4, s 1/4 of s 1/4, and s 1/4 of s 1/4, section No. 26, in tp. 1, s. 7 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 1st day of November 1893. He names as witnesses: John Kins, of McMinnville, Oregon, H. C. Wood, of Oregon City, Oregon, M. T. Records, and Olive Rhude, of Larch.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 1st day of November 1893.
J. T. Apperson, Register.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR THE COUNTY OF TILLAMOOK.
Mitchell, Lewis & Staver Co., Pliffs.
vs.
L. Crenshaw, Henry Crenshaw, and Maria M. Crenshaw, Defts.
To L. Crenshaw, Henry Crenshaw, and Maria M. Crenshaw.
In the Name of the State of Oregon, You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled action within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, if served within this county; or, if served in any other county of this state, then within twenty days from the date of the service of this summons upon you; and if you fail so to answer, or want thereof, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of \$172.32 and costs and disbursements hereinafter, and in case of service of publication of this summons if the defendants fail to appear and answer said complaint by the first day of the first regular term of the above entitled court next ensuing publication of this summons for six successive weeks in the Tillamook Headlight to-wit: the regular term of the county court above named convening on the sixth day of November 1893, the plaintiff will take judgment against said defendants as above specified and an order of sale for the following described real property, now under attachment in this action to-wit: s 1/4 of section 2, tp 2, s 8 w of the Willamette Meridian in Tillamook county, Oregon, also Maria M. Crenshaw's undivided one half interest in the W 1/2 of s 1/4 of section 26, tp 1, s. 8 w, of Willamette Meridian in Tillamook county Oregon.
CLAUDE TRAYER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
This summons is published by order of Hon. H. F. Holden, Judge of said court, dated August 14th, 1893.

Nels Thompson,
Cabinet Maker and Carpenter.

Furniture, Cabinet Work, etc., made to order.

SCROLL SAWING.
Wooden Pumps made.

Next door to Fred Larsen's Blacksmith Shop.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

When you come to the Wilson River country, stop at Reher's.

AMPLE ACCOMMODATIONS.
Good Beds
FISH AND GAME IN SEASON.
Telegraph office in the house.

Grain and hay for teams. Stage to Forest Grove or Tillamook, when ordered.

Money loaned, Notes bought, Collections made,
GEO. W. KIGER.
Bay City.

Cohn & Co., The Leading Merchants of Tillamook Co

Have just received their immense stock of Fall and Winter Dress Goods. New Woolens and Gingham, in endless varieties. New Outing Flannels. New Calicoes. A large stock of Ladies Underwear.

We claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of Ladies dress and fancy goods this side of Portland.

Call and inspect our stock even though you do not want to buy. We have marked all our goods to suit hard times.

TILLAMOOK BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY.

NOW OPEN.

Fresh bread, pies, cakes etc. always on hand. Home-made and French candies, oranges, nuts and lemons.

First Class Restaurant in Connection.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
CORNER FIRST ST. & STILLWELL AVE.

A. G. REYNOLDS,
Photographer.

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Instantaneous process for babies which insures success every time.

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Views of the most important places of interest in the county.

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DRUG STORE!
Tillamook, Oregon

A FULL LINE OF DRUGS & PATENT MEDICINES.
Prescriptions Compounded
At all hours.

NEW HOUSE NEW FURNITURE

LARSEN HOUSE

M. H. LARSEN, Proprietor.

First class in every respect; best accommodations in the city. Headquarters for the traveling public. Located on main street, Tillamook, Oregon.

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Blacksmith. **Ruggles & Johnson**

All kinds of wood work and wagon work done.

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Near Court House. TILLAMOOK, ORE.

Forest Grove and Tillamook.

STAGE LINE.

Stage will leave Forest Grove for Tillamook every Tuesday and Friday; Tillamook Wednesdays and Saturdays.

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