



PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. J. MAY, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

H. PETRE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Will do an office practice at Dr. Johnson's drug store and attend all calls in this city.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

I. T. MAULSBY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Notary Public and Real Estate Conveyancer.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

A. W. SEVERANCE,
DEPUTY-DISTRICT-ATTORNEY,
3rd Judicial District, for Tillamook County
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

MISCELLANEOUS.
C. & E. THAYER,
BANKERS.
General Banking and Exchange business. Interest paid on time deposits.
Exchange on England, Belgium, Germany, Sweden and all foreign countries.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

I. F. LARSON
BLACKSMITH.
Wagon making, and all kinds of Wood-work and General Blacksmithing done. Mill Machinery Repaired.
Wagons Made to Order.
Horse-shoeing a Specialty.
TILLAMOOK, ORE.

Miss L. J. RUGGLES Mrs. J. JOHNSON
Ruggles & Johnson
MILLINERY
Next Court House, TILLAMOOK, ORE.

CENTRAL MARKET.
L. H. BROWN, PROPRIETOR.
The best Beef, Veal, Pork and Mutton always on hand. Eggs, Butter, Vegetables and Chickens bought and sold.
Satisfaction guaranteed to every one.
Shop opposite the Grand Central.
TILLAMOOK, ORE.

TILLAMOOK LIVERY STABLE
JONES BROS. PROPRIETORS.

First-class single and double turn-outs kept on hand. Boarding and transient stock cared for.
TILLAMOOK, ORE.

ACRE TRACTS
—and—
TOWN LOTS.
For sale at reasonable prices and on favorable terms. Location best in the city of Tillamook.
CAPT WM. D. STILLWELL,
TILLAMOOK, ORE.

Money loaned,
Notes bought,
Collections made,
GEO. W. KIGER.
41-54 Bay City.

Wm. O'Hara
Barber & Shop.
HOT BATHS AT ALL TIMES.

Place of business: Opposite Occidental Hotel, Tillamook, Ore.

TRUCKEE LUMBER CO.

(OF SAN FRANCISCO.)
Dealers in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

They keep on hand at their store in Hobsonville the largest stock of goods in this county consisting of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Notions. Groceries, Crockery, and Queensware. Doors, Windows, Lime, Hair and Cement. Hardware and Nails.

Special attention given to filling orders for goods in jobbing lots. Agents for the fast sailing

STEAMER TRUCKEE

Tillamook, San Francisco, Portland and way ports. Makes regular trips every two weeks, weather permitting.

The fast sailing steamer Truckee has been specially fitted up for carrying passengers. The rates are:

Cabin Passage \$15.00
Steerage (one way) \$9.00

Freight, General Merchandise, Portland or San Francisco, Five Dollars per ton.

J. E. SIBLEY, MANAGER,
HOBSONVILLE, ORE.

N. P. ROBERTS,
—Dealer in—
Hardware, Tinware and Stoves.

TOOLS, CUTLERY, NAILS, DOORS.

A TIN SHOP IN CONNECTION. ☆ ☆ PLUMBING DONE TO ORDER.

Cor. First St. & 1st Ave. E. Tillamook.

EDW. G. E. WIST,

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

All kinds of farming, logging, milling and mechanics' supplies.

Lots for sale in the Town of Nehalem, the best location on the river, directly below the forks, deep water front, good supply of fresh water, Post-office and telegraph station in town. Now is the time to invest. Correspondence solicited. Address
E. G. E. WIST,
Nehalem, Ore.

Grand Central Billiard Hall.
C. B. HADLEY, Proprietor.

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
Fine Billiard and Pool Tables.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

GEORGE W. PETTIT, TILLAMOOK, OREGON,
MANAGER AND PROPRIETOR OF THE

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,
CORNER 1ST STREET AND STILLWELL AVENUE.

The hotel is now under the management of G. W. Pettit and wife, and every effort possible is made to make guests comfortable. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. Tillamook & North Yamhill Stage ticket office is here.

ALLEN HOUSE,

J. P. ALLEN, Proprietor.

We have taken full charge of the Grand Central Hotel and have refitted and refurbished it in excellent shape, just as good as new. We shall be pleased to have all our old patrons and friends to make us a call. Every effort will be made to make the surroundings pleasant and comfortable for guests.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

NEW HOUSE NEW FURNITURE
LARSEN HOUSE
M. H. LARSEN, Proprietor.

First class in every respect; best accommodations in the city. Headquarters for the traveling public. Located on main street, Tillamook, Oregon.

A. LETCHER,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, GUNS, AMMUNITION AND FISHING TACKLE.
COMPASSES AND SPECTACLES.
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

CONGRESSIONAL

THE DO NOTHING AND KNOW NOTHING CONGRESS.

Some Pertinent Remarks by an Experienced Member.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Henderson, of Iowa, eight years a member of the house committee on appropriations presents an analysis of the work of the Fifty-second congress. He gives the total appropriations, including permanent appropriation, at \$1,026,822,049, exceeding those of the Fifty-first congress by \$88,404,866, an increase of \$115,707 for each congressional district in the United States. To guard against a deficit, Henderson warns this administration to give closer attention to "Moonshiners" and the "whisky ring," in collecting internal revenues, than it did from '85 to '89, when it collected \$51,000,628 less than President Arthur and \$115,358,542 less than President Harrison. He says the retiring administration paid \$296,316,931 on the public debt, saving in interest \$15,352,493 annually. He touched on pensions, showing from the pension rolls, they will reach the highest point on December 31, '94, with 1,171,918 names on the rolls, the annual value of the rolls at that date being \$155,865,064; that in 1895 there will be dropped from the rolls 44,932 pensioners, with increasing ratio thereafter. Referring to the complaints against widows' pensions he shows that if all widows' claims yet undisposed of, were allowed, there would be 709,834 dead soldiers unrepresented on the rolls by widows, orphans, or dependent parent. He also points out the danger to the treasury department from war claims, and says congress now has data showing about \$600,000,000 may yet be drawn from it to satisfy their demands. Henderson refers to the defeat of the bankrupt bill in the house; the burial of the pure food bill; its inability to grapple with the money question; its silent administration of the McKinley bill; and predicts that the Fifty-second congress will go down to history as the "know nothing" and "do nothing congress."

First Appointment.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The first postmaster given office under the new administration is Newton A. Hamilton, who was to-day appointed postmaster at Flora, Ten.

Offers from Bankers.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Secretary Carlisle today received offers from bankers in Chicago and Cincinnati to exchange four million dollars in gold for small treasury notes. Other offers in small quantities came from bankers in Kentucky, Illinois and Missouri. Treasurer Nebecker is much pleased with the turn affairs have taken, and declared that sufficient offers of gold have been received to absorb all the small notes on hand.

Treaty Withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The president's withdrawing the Hawaiian treaty is still a matter of discussion among senators. A republican senator said today that he had received an intimation that the president is desirous of modifying the treaty, and it would ultimately be returned to the senate. The senator thought it possible the president might so frame the treaty that annexation would depend on all Hawaiians as expressed by a plebiscite. Should the majority reject annexation, then a protectorate might be established, and this in turn would result in annexation, because the United States could not undertake permanently to assume the responsibility for acts of the islands without the power to control these acts.

No Second Term.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Callers on Cleveland this morning were informed the statement that he does not intend to give offices to those favored under his former administration is correct as a general rule.

Important to Assessors.

The new law does not exempt mortgage notes from taxation. It only repeals the law of 1882, which made the tax on the note a lien upon the land. Notes, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, may still be taxed as personal property, if the assessors can find them, though to tax mortgages on land which has already paid full tax without deduction for debt is contrary to the spirit of the law, and manifestly unjust. Enlightened and fair-minded assessors will not do it. In most of the mortgages now on file, the borrower covenants to pay the taxes on the debt. If these taxes are still assessed against the lender, the borrower must still pay them, though denied relief through the deduction of

the debt from his real estate assessment. This is unjust. It is the plainest form of double taxation, two taxes on the same property being paid by the same person. If mortgage notes are taxed, it must be as personal property of the payee. If he is a non-resident, the tax cannot be collected. If he lives in the state, it is a lien against any property he may have here, like any other personal property tax. This is discrimination against the man who borrows money in the state. He pays double tax, once upon the land and once upon the note given to his creditor, under the covenant in his mortgage. If there is no covenant in his mortgage, he will pay the tax just the same, in form of added interest, bonus or commission to his creditor, when he gets the money. It must be clear to everybody by this time that the borrower always pays the taxes on the credits. Meanwhile the borrower who goes out of the state pays no tax, even if he has covenanted to do so in his mortgage. There is no tax for him to pay. Under the new law, it cannot be assessed upon the mortgage and made a lien upon the land, and the note and its owner are out of reach. The practical result is to make money borrowed in the state 2 per cent dearer than money borrowed abroad. This is unjust discrimination, of course.

These evils will flow, not out of the repeal of the mortgage tax law, which is just legislation and sound policy, but out of attempt on the part of assessors to tax mortgage notes as personal property. That attempt ought to be abandoned wherever entertained. It is contrary to the spirit of the statute. Joinder of the repeal of the mortgage tax law and that for deduction for debt in one act declares the plain intent that the tax is to be placed on the land and paid only once. Of course it would fall on the land anyway, and if the tax is imposed twice, by taxing mortgage notes as personal property, the land will pay double taxation. The borrower will pay, in one form or another, a tax upon that part of the value of the land represented by the mortgage debt, after paying full tax upon the land, without the privilege of deducting the debt from his assessment. This is monstrously unjust, both to the borrower and to the resident lender.

The remedy is in the hands of assessors, who may omit to assess mortgage notes, as the law repealing the mandate to do so and the provision for deduction of the amount from the assessment of the mortgaged land clearly intends they shall. If assessors generally have sense and judgment to do this, grave injustice will be prevented, and just popular apprehension of unequal taxation allayed. Otherwise the next legislature will be assailed with demand for relief much more peremptory than that to which it wisely yielded last winter.—Oregonian.

Cheap Funerals.

A much needed reform in funeral expenses has been inaugurated by a Portland firm. They advertise as follows:
Hearse to funeral \$ 5
Outside box 3
\$5 coffin reduced to 3
\$25 coffin reduced to 18
\$36 coffin reduced to 25
\$45 coffin reduced to 35
\$50 coffin reduced to 40
To societies and prompt cash a discount of 10 per cent will be allowed on the above.

SURVEYING CONTRACTS.—Surveyor-General Byars has been authorized to let contracts for the survey of some 30 townships and fractional townships of public lands, embracing in all nearly 600 sections, for the survey of which he asked for proposals some time ago. The successful bidders are M. Buchanan of Clatsop county; H. Meldrum, of Oregon City; Frank Sharp, of The Dalles; Andrew Porter, of Eddyville; Alonzo Gesner, of Salem; W. R. Whipple, of Kellogg; S. B. Cathcart, of Marshfield; Pershin & Garrett, of Portland; N. Martin, of Royal; and John Fitzhugh, of Gold Beach. The land is included within the railroad grant, and lies in nearly all the counties along the Oregon and California railroad. The work is to be paid for out of the appropriation of \$15,000 made last year for surveying land within railroad limits.

One of our Sheridan legal lights thinks the Oregonian's decision that the Grand Ronde Indians have not a right to vote is wrong. He says it reminds him of the lawyer who told the prisoner that the Justice couldn't send him to jail. "The thunder he can't," said the prisoner, "don't you see I'm in." So in reply to the Oregonian. It maintains the Indians had no right to vote, yet the fact remains that they did vote, and furthermore their votes were counted. One of them was recently sued, based upon a decision of the Secretary of the Interior that the Indian was a citizen, and the defendant felt the burden of citizenship so forcibly that he paid the debt, a thing he had never done before in his life under his former condition of irresponsibility.

THRESHED OUT.

A FEW GRAINS FROM THE GHAFF THAT IS WAFED ABOUT.

Astorian Libel Suit.—Cleveland's Policy and Other Things.

Satoili is a cardinal now and will reside in Washington.

Boston had a disastrous fire March 10, and several lives were lost.

If you held office under Cleveland before, you are not in it now.

The late General Beauregard left a fortune of \$2,000,000, but the ineffable lottery stain is on it all.

The notorious blatherskite Sidney Dell, sued the editor of the Astorian for libel. After a trial that helped to advertise the Astorian greatly, the jury disagreed.

Cleveland says he will be in no hurry to make changes in office, and will not attempt to reward party service. He states that this is to be a business administration.

The North, Yamhill Leader, the people's party paper, was recently purchased by the banker of the town. For over a year the Leader inveighed against National banks, only to fall into one, body, gizzard and hard press.

Husband—I think I will go out for a little walk, my dear. Wife (wrathfully) I don't see how you can stand there and see your wife struggling with a fire that simply won't burn. Husband—I can't, my dear, that is the reason I am going out.—Puck.

R. B. Hibbs, of McMinnville, has gone into the exportation of Chinese pheasants wholesale. Monday he shipped 40 birds to Senator Wolcott, of Colorado; 16 birds to Charles N. Glassen, of Belleville, Ill.; six to Mr. Randall, of Alton, Ill. The other states in the Union seem to have a desire to have this excellent game planted in them.

Oregonian: Political surprises of the past year were not all sprung upon the people in November. Who could have imagined a year ago a conviction of affairs wherein Gresham would have been secretary of state, and Isaac P. Gray humble contending himself with the position of minister to Mexico?

The editor of the Reform Journal of Portland, while taking a retrospective view of his own career last week, wrote: "Whenever a man can't get anything else to do he starts a reform paper and works and howls, and his latter days are more tiresome than the first." Since the above was written the Reform Journal has ceased to exist.

Seattle Telegraph: The result of the ring's defeat leaves the state with only one senator, but as Mr. Allen did not think it important that he should attend to his senatorial duties, it is certainly immaterial that he has not been re-elected. Mr. McGraw says he will appoint him. We shall learn in a few days if his appointment is worth anything. But even if the state is without a second senator for another session, as it has practically been without one for the late session, this would be a small price to pay for the overthrow of the ring.

Seattle Post: The supporters of United States Senator Allen, numbering as they did two-thirds of the entire republican strength in the legislature, could not in honor nor as a matter of public policy and political precedent abandon Senator Allen in submission to the rule or ruin tactics of the factions, kicking republican minority. No party can offer a premium for the factions, splanetic resistance of a few soreheads to the will of a large majority of the party, for submission means a constant repetition of this effort to make the public opinion of the party majority surrender their flag at the demand of a small minority of fellows, who, because they have been fairly outvoted, propose to chain the wheel or ditch the team since their man has not been selected to drive.

Salem Democrat: The action of Gov. Penoyer in not permitting a state cannon to be used in firing a salute to the new president, and in ordering the militia to take charge of the old abandoned cannon, which the citizens of Salem intended using for that purpose, has earned him the contempt of all citizens of the state. The charitable view is that the governor is insane. His eccentric, ungovernably, uncalled for and unprecedented action bids us to think that his reason is dethroned. There are some of the opinion that his morbid vanity, his intense egotism, his overbearing conceit, courts notoriety at the loss of self-respect, and the opinion of his fellows. But this is but another name for insanity. The humiliation cast upon the people of Oregon by the strange freaks of Penoyer are the more keenly felt because every citizen knows that the commonwealth has been misrepresented; that the governor reflects no other opinion than his own childish and imbecile, malicious and vindictive vapors.