

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

CONDENSED SUMMARY OF THE OCCURRENCES OF THE WEEK.

Important Happenings Boiled Down for the Convenience of Those Readers Who Are in a Hurry to Have no Time to Waste in Reading Long Articles.

The Mexican, who murdered the student of Modjeska's at Santa Ana, Cal., was lynched yesterday.

The supreme lodge, Knights of Pythias, held at Kansas City. The feast of most interest to the public was the parade and drilling of the various companies.

After four years of incessant labor telegraphers of the United States re-organized their union. The organization is called the International General Telegraphers' Association of America. St. Louis will be the headquarters.

Within thirty days a New York company has built a town at Soda Lake, on Sweetwater river in Wyoming, sixty miles from the railroad. A plant for mining of soda has been erected at a cost of \$75,000. Two hundred men have been provided with homes.

At Hall, the Australian, defeated Pritchard, the middleweight champion of England, in four rounds at London. The fight was for a purse of \$10,000 and the world's championship. The battle was swift and hard. Hall outpointed Pritchard on the jaw with a right hander and put the Englishman to

Blanche Watson of Harrisburg, Pa., was made totally blind by a flash lightning six weeks ago. She had been for the night when a violent storm broke, and one particular vivid flash left her sightless. A day ago she felt a peculiar itching in her eyeballs, and while rubbing them her vision was suddenly restored.

A remarkable suit has been brought in the Newark (N. J.) district court. It was over a setter dog claimed by Julius Hammesfahr and Edward

Tha, and the remarkable feature of the suit was that the former had furnished \$1,000 to produce the animal.

Murtha won the suit and the dog. During the litigation, while the dog was in the jurisdiction of the court, Constable Whelan could not get the dog out of the enormous

number of bonds asked for security. A wooden structure twelve feet high, which served as a kennel for the dog, so that it could not escape or be

several families of Russian Jews are living at Zionsville, N. J. For nearly weeks they have had no meat nor oil, and have been subsisting mostly on green apples. They went to work in a shirt and waist factory recently erected, but before obtaining they had to buy lots from Jacob

of New York, owner of the factory. Most of them were discovered to be and seven miles away. After the factory was built they made fair wages, but business fell off and finally they did not make more than \$1.50 a week, even then they claim they were not paid their pay and made to submit to

acts of indignities and insults. A decision has been handed down by the supreme court which has somewhat of a bearing upon the law of universal suffrage in that state. The case of a convicted felon set out that men had not been emancipated upon the jury by which he was

and not the plaintiff have a grievance. Further, the judges say that "don't care at this time to give the discussion of the rights of women or the constitution." The latter says they shall be forever guaranteed the political rights of men, but the case has never been tested. Women

acted as jurors several times during territorial days. One was a justice the peace twenty years ago. Last night six women gave judgment to a dress who had sued her mistress for

at the town of Douglas. The American Bar Association held an annual session at Saratoga, N. Y., morning with a full attendance of members of the leading fraternity from every state in the Union. President John F. Dillon, after the preliminary sessions were gone through, delivered his annual address. The feature of the session was the discussion of the report of the committee on international law. This committee submitted an exhaustive review of the question whether any legislation by congress is feasible and practicable to give the courts of the United States jurisdiction over criminal proceedings for acts of violence to the persons or property of

the Indian bureau and attorney-general have decided that all Indians who have taken their lands in severalty are fledged citizens of the United States, with all the rights and privileges of the same. Under this ruling over 100 Indians in Oklahoma, who have their lands allotted within the past year, will be entitled to vote at the coming election. As over half of them are blanket Indians and unable to speak English, the candidates will have a big job of their hands trying to fix their votes.

How they will vote no man can tell. The scenes about the polls will be red, for the red man will insist on voting in the night before and camping in front of the voting-place with his wives, papooses and dogs, and he will see the other voters a merry wait in

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

Miss Julia Koepfer of Cincinnati, while leaning over an open trunk read a long love letter, fell in some manner her head meeting over the edge of the trunk. At the same moment the heavy lid came down with a crash, holding her in that frightful position and choking her to death.

J. T. Freeman fell through the sidewalk into a well of scalding water at Washington, used for receiving the exhaust steam from the boilers of the cable car company. After thrashing about and cooking in the steaming fluid for some time he succeeded in crawling out by means of the scorching hot steam pipe. He was taken to the hospital and died. There was no guard around the well, and it was not even covered.

A profound sensation has been caused in business circles at Ogden, by the announcement that William V. Helfrich, city treasurer, was a defaulter in a sum bordering on \$15,000. Helfrich is prominent both in business and social circles. He has long held a position of trust. For several years he has been connected with the Citizens' bank, at one time cashier, and is grand receiver of the Ancient Order of United Workmen of this jurisdiction. By the defalcation the order is the loser to the extent of \$1,200.

Alfred Price, arrested at New York for embezzling a large sum of money from Smith & Smith has been almost positively identified as Alfred Price of Port Elizabeth, South Africa, and ex-ordinator of the Midland Railway. While there he married Miss Nettleton, daughter of Colonel Nettleton, who commanded the English troops there. While on their wedding tour it was discovered that he was a defaulter in the sum of \$25,000, and he was arrested and convicted, serving five years in the penitentiary. Price, therefore, is probably a bigamist. Price's attorney admitted that the circumstantial proofs connecting his client with the South African de-vas were very strong.

A tin box carefully wrapped up and said to contain diamonds, jewelry, coin and drafts to the amount of \$24,500 was stolen from the office room of Purser Joe Raymon on the last trip of the Pacific Mail steamer San Jose from this city to Panama. The theft occurred somewhere between Acapulco, San Salvador, and Punta Arenas, Costa Rica. The box of valuables was the property of E. Costallat, who, in company with his wife, boarded the steamer at Acapulco. He gave the tin box into the custody of the purser for safe keeping and it afterwards disappeared. Who stole it from the purser's room is something the steamship company would like very much to find out. The purser, though not suspected in the least, is blamed for his carelessness.

Professor William M. Daniell of Milwaukee was burned to death in his home the other day while taking what he called an "alcohol bath." Daniell, who was 61 years old, had been told to inhale the fumes from burning alcohol. He did this by lighting an alcohol lamp, crouching over it and covering himself with a heavy blanket. The other day he was alone in the house, his wife having gone out to see some friends. While she was gone he evidently endeavored to make one of the baths. It is thought that he must have fallen down so that his fumes and have fallen down so that his blanket caught fire. Just how it occurred is not known, as the first that was known of the accident was the sight of smoke issuing from the house. Help was summoned and on forcing the door the would-be rescuers were nearly overcome by the nauseating odor of burning flesh. Search was made and the old man was found lying on the floor of the kitchen. The flesh of his arms and legs was burned to a crisp and the floor was on fire. Daniell was still alive and was placed on a bed, but before a physician could be summoned he was extinct.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

Frank E. Smith of San Francisco has been elected president of the National Association of Retail Carriers.

Miss Ella Reid, niece of Whitelaw Reid, is to be married to Ralph Carter Harrison, judge of the supreme court of California; whom she met some months ago while on a visit to the Golden State.

The National executive committee of the People's party has decided to open an Eastern headquarters immediately at Boston. General Washington has been selected to preside over the headquarters. It has also been decided to put a full state ticket in each of the states represented, namely: Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Maryland. Plans for an aggressive campaign in each of these states have been mapped out.

The Idaho Democrats held their state convention a few days ago. The platform adopted indorses the Chicago convention and pledges support to the national candidates of the party. The free and unlimited coinage of silver is demanded and the international monetary conference is denounced as a fraud. The enactment of a force bill is protested. The platform says on the subject of the Coeur d'Alene riots: We denounce the course of the Republican authorities in dealing with affairs in Shoshone county after the suppression of all riotous demonstrations and the arrest of the rioters as a deep laid plot and political scheme for the suppression of a free vote and a fair count and disfranchisement or expulsion from the state of Democratic voters of that section. We denounce the usurpation of power by J. F. Curtis, and course pursued by C. F. Curtis, the military satrap now clothed with a little brief authority in Shoshone county, especially his unwarranted interference with private and peaceful occupation of men attending to their own business affairs, such as his closing down of the

MINERS SUPPRESSED.

THE TENNESSEE MILITIA PUT A STOP TO RIOTING.

Fugitive Miners Snatched Out of Their Hiding Places in the Mines—They Will Be Vigorously Prosecuted—Black Lindsay Begs for His Life.

General Carnes invaded the territory of the miners in Tennessee and compelled them to surrender in short order. Anderson was released and is now in charge at the stockade. The authorities are determined to prosecute the miners and arrests are made by wholesale. Many of the rioters have escaped to the mountains, but they are pursued by the soldiers and will be arrested.

But Lindsay, deputy United States marshal and leader of the rioters, had a narrow escape from being lynched. To his machinations, including his talk and influence with the miners, is due much of the turbulence on the creek. He has made himself so obnoxious to the more conservative miners and to citizens not in sympathy with rioting that he has been a marked figure, and only his keeping within a safe distance of the military since his capture, and generally between four walls, has prevented his being killed.

For several nights he was confined in an old mine, and the mouth was guarded by a large squad of soldiers. Affairs during the day were so quiet and the submission of the miners was so general that the watch was somewhat relaxed, and Lindsay had lost some of his fear and wandered more widely.

In a way that no one seems to understand, four citizens managed to seize and silence him and in the dark slipped him between the pickets. He was hurried up the valley toward Briceville, and the mob, which gained force at almost every step, hurried him forward, fearing alarm and pursuit by the soldiers.

The journey was not ended until Briceville, the scene of the labor troubles last year and the home of the more conservative class of the miners, was reached. Once there, a rope was secured and placed around his neck. His true character was soon seen. Although considered a desperate man and although he has at least a dozen murders to his account, he broke down and begged for his life with all possible fervor.

His pleadings and lamentations were effective. He was promised his life upon the sole and solemn promise that he would at once turn state's evidence and reveal the names and plans of all the leaders, tell how the mob was raised, the nature of the oath, the names of the miners known to have killed soldiers or guards; in short, to reveal to the civil authorities all of the lawlessness that has reigned, and agree to testify in the courts.

When all this was promised the rope was taken from his neck and he was returned to the camp for safe keeping. It is now believed that with his testimony twenty or thirty of the leaders can be successfully tried for murder and convicted.

A sensation was created at Coal Creek by the statement that the authorities have determined to smoke the mines and thus drive out the miners who are believed to be hiding in them.

It has been suspected for some time that several of the much wanted leaders of the rioters have found shelter in the mines, where they have been comparatively free from pursuit. As it would be folly for the soldiers to attempt to find them the subject of trying to smoke them out has been discussed for some days, and the statement is authoritative made that it has been decided to take such action.

Twenty-three men, supposed to be in sympathy with the miners were arrested near Coal Creek and locked up. Several of them are suspected of having held up the mail train between Clinton and Coal Creek.

The troops daily bring in new prisoners, and report that no signs of open resistance are visible anywhere. General Carnes says: "The prisoners are just beginning to open their mouths and some startling developments may be made soon. They all belong to a secret oathbound order and the penalty of the obligation is death, consequently they have been close mouthed heretofore. We have obtained several confessions from them which at this stage of the proceedings it would be unwise to give out, but I will state this much, that when they are known they will create much surprise."

Governor Buchanan has instructed Attorney General Brown to leave nothing undone to bring to trial all who participated in the riots, to employ the best counsel to assist him, and if the sheriff of Marion county could not with the assistance of the citizens of the county, bring the men to trial he would send sufficient military to do so. The governor informed Attorney General Brown that the law would be enforced at all hazards. The determination of the authorities has already had a salutary effect.

It is stated that the governor of Kentucky has given permission for the troops to cross the state line in pursuit of fugitives and will co-operate in their capture.

The well known German tenor, Raimund von Zur-Muhlen, has been engaged for a tour of America. He will make his first appearance at New York in December in the "Messiah."

At a recent meeting of the World's fair directory President William T. Baker presented his resignation and it was unanimously accepted. H. N. Higginbotham was at once elected to succeed Mr. Baker and Frank W. Pack was promoted from the ranks to the first vice presidency vacated by Mr. Higginbotham. Robert A. Walker remains second vice president. No other changes were made in the executive board. Mr. Baker's letter of resignation was very brief. He gave no reason for quitting the office.

Drug Store for Sale.

On account of ill-health, I wish to sell my drug store and fixtures, together with building and lot; or if desired, will rent building to purchaser of drug stock.

Dr. H. V. V. Johnson, Tillamook, Ore.

Music Lessons.

On piano or organ. Terms to suit the times, \$5 per quarter. Now is the time.

Buffalo Switchmen Give Up the Fight Against the Railroads.

The strike in the railroad yards at Buffalo has ended. At a conference of the leaders of the various railway employees union the engineers, firemen, and trainmen refused to go out and Grand Master Sweeney of the switchmen immediately declared the strike off. He said 450 men could not fight twelve railroads and 800 soldiers.

The result of the strike has been a loss of considerable money to the railroads, and enormous expense to Erie county, and the strikers are now out of employment. Many of the men have sought reinstatement and the companies refused to employ them.

Grand Master Sweeney was assaulted by Arthur Quinn, a local leader of the switchmen. Sweeney was knocked down and kicked by Quinn and otherwise badly beaten. Quinn accused Sweeney of causing the men to lose their positions and of selling them out. The troops have been ordered home and many of them have departed. The state board of arbitration made an investigation into the trouble, but have not reported yet.

The switchmen on the Nickel Plate and Lehigh road are dissatisfied with Grand Master Sweeney's action, and have decided to continue the fight.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A search is being made in a former convent in the City of Mexico for treasure said to have been buried by the nuns at the time of the confiscation of church property. A clue to its existence was obtained from the papers of an old stonemason, recently dead, who had in his youth frequently employed in executing repairs at the convent. It is reported that the treasure amounts to \$300,000 in coin, solid silver statues of saints and sacred vessels.

Asiatic cholera is raging in Europe and the people on the continent are much alarmed. The scourge is epidemic in Hamburg, St. Petersburg and Paris. Late reports are that the disease has appeared in England. Health authorities in American seaports are taking every precaution to prevent the introduction of the disease into this country. A conference of physicians has been called to meet at Philadelphia to discuss the treatment and prevention of the disease. A German physician claims to have been successful in inoculating against the disease.

Furman Schenck, who was known here as the colored fat boy, and who weighed 400 pounds, died to-day at New Brunswick, N. J. He was exhibited in the Bowery Museum years ago and at times traveled with shows. He was forty-one years old. It required six men to carry his body down stairs to take it to the undertakers.

Baron Roger de Selliere died in New York under mysterious circumstances. He was deaf and dumb. His brother, Raymond de Selliere, was one of the most conspicuous of Parisian bon vivants. His romantic escapades in several French madhouses, his political connections and his marriage recently to Mrs. Charles F. Livermore of New York are all familiar facts to newspaper readers. Two weeks ago Baron Raymond de Selliere and his American wife returned from Paris and went to the Baroness's father at Newport. For two years the Baron had not heard of his wandering brother until this morning, when he received an unsigned telegram stating that he was dead.

Each day brings proof that the big electric search light which Electrician L. H. Rogers has placed on the Summit of Mt. Washington, N. H., is going to revolutionize the present system of signaling. Letters and telegrams from various parts of New England arrive every day telling of the practical value of the light as a means of transmitting communications when wires are not at hand or have been disabled. The distance between this station and Portland is about eighty-five miles in a bee line, yet even at that distance a message was flashed through the air which was read by a telegrapher on top of the Western Union building in that city. The source of the light itself was not visible from the Western Union building, but its needlelike beam shot across the heavens and was clearly understood. Telegraphic communication has been established between the tower and the roof of the Western Union building.

A train of seven cars has left the Washington Navy Yard bound for the Mare Island Navy Yard, carrying the three great guns which are to complete the armament of the Monterey now being built at San Francisco. Two of them are of ten-inch caliber and one of twelve-inch, the first two being thirty-one feet long and the third thirty-six feet nine inches. The train was specially designed for the purpose. Wooden cradles on each of the flat cars support the guns, which are thus carried like a ship on ways. Every particle of metal exposed to the air is covered with white paint to prevent rusting. The weight of the entire mount is about 400,000 pounds, and the train will therefore be a very heavy one, and will necessarily proceed cautiously to avoid damage by sudden jolts caused by curves in the track. The projectiles intended for these guns will weigh 500 pounds in the case of the smaller ones and 750 pounds for the larger, the charge of powder in each being half that of the shot.

More than 10,000 people assembled the other day on the grounds of the Detroit International fair, it being "political day." Speaking began at 1 o'clock, ex-Congressman Dannel of Minnesota representing the Republican party and making the first speech. Colonel Norton of Chicago followed with a strong speech in favor of the People's party principles and candidates. The last speaker was Hon. William M. Springer of Illinois, chairman of the ways and means committee of the house of representatives, who received a flattering reception. Mr. Springer's speech was almost all devoted to the tariff question.

Bargains.

The "Racket Store" has just received a new and complete line of dry goods, boots and shoes, clothing, staple and fancy groceries, crockery, notions school books and stationery. Before purchasing your dry goods, call and inspect our line of dress goods, satens, silks, satins and velveteens, ladies' cloth, waterproof, fine line of flannels, etc., etc. Also a fine line of men's underwear, hats boots and shoes, which we will sell you as

"Tanglefoot" at Williams'.

County Court is in Session.

Flour \$4.35 per bbl. at Cohn's.

The best flour \$1.10 per sack at Cohn & Co's.

A complete stock of fine boots and shoes just received at Cohn's.

The finest stock of this season's crop of tea just received at Cohn's.

Harrison and Cleveland ties are all the rage in town—get them at Cohn's.

The play of Rip Van Winkle, last night, was exceedingly well rendered. More anon.

The salmon catch is very light yet, some of the boats not catching any fish some rights.

WANTED.—Girl to do light housework. Fair wages to right party. Call at this office or address P. O. Box 127.

The road is completed below Garibaldi, and a wagon can now be taken from this place to the mouth of the Nehalem.

Scribner's Lumber and Log Books at Lamb's only 35cts. Latest edition. Every logger or mill man should have one.

J. E. Magera is a success fluting yellow-jacket nests. Under such circumstances one might say a "howling" success.

The grand jury found not a true bill against Robt. Crawford, who was some time since charged with killing his neighbors' cattle.

Mrs. W. H. Cary, of Dolph, died Sunday night, aged about 50 years. She was highly respected and beloved by all who knew her.

A letter from the gentleman who proposes to start a creamery here, states that he will be here sure to begin operations in December.

The Board of Equalization of Assessments was obliged to adjourn until Oct. 24, as the officials were required to be in attendance at court.

Circuit Court adjourned last Thursday, after having disposed of a great many cases. Judge Burnett does not dilly-dally with his work.

The business of the HEADLIGHT has not increased, and so much new material has been added, that larger and more commodious quarters are a necessity.

Illingworth was taken and turned over to the State Prison authorities last Friday by Deputy Sheriff Carl Hunt. His arrival made 394 prisoners in the institution.

The Fair is in progress as we go to press, and as it comes at such an inopportune time our account of it this week is very meagre. The pavilion exhibit is an ignominious fizzle.

Wm. Bays, of Beaver brought four monster Yellow Danver onions to this office last week, which were raised by J. H. Brown, of Big Nestucca. They were exhibited at the Fair.

WANTED.—Ten cords of spruce timber, cut to 18 inches in length, and piled in our wood shed. Cash will be paid to party who will make reasonable prices on same. Apply at this office.

Surveyor Barr, accompanied by two Albany capitalists, passed through this city last week, looking over the proposed Albany & Astoria railroad route. They were having a good time fishing and hunting also.

FOR SALE.—The building occupied by the HEADLIGHT office. Is substantial and can be moved easily, or arrangements can be made with owner of ground for continuation of lease. A bargain. For particulars call at this office. T-F

The building on the corner of First St. and 2nd Ave. E. is being fitted up in elegant style. The upper story will be used by A. G. Reynolds as an art gallery, and the first floor will probably serve as new quarters for the HEADLIGHT office.

The Illingworth case is still being tried on the streets. One side champions the boy, and the other side expresses sentiment against him for what he has done. Several quarrels have occurred about the matter, and some parties came near fighting.

A letter from the Northwest General Electric Co., formerly the Thompson Electric Co., addressed to this paper, speaks in terms not very complimentary of J. L. Lambirth, the individual who had charge of the work of putting in the electric light plant here.

The express service between this place and North Yamhill is very unsatisfactory. Last week a package addressed to this paper was delayed at North Yamhill until it became absolutely worthless to us. Other complaints have been made, and we are investigating the matter.

The Steamer Garfield went down to Garibaldi Thursday evening with several passengers for the Steamer Elmore. Judge Barnett and wife, and other distinguished parties were invited to make the trip, and did so. The evening was delightful for a moonlight excursion.

A load of 3200 lbs was recently hauled 27 miles up Wilson river road. There remains less than two miles of the road to complete before vehicles can pass through to Forest Grove, and the grade will be easy, besides no danger of snow in winter. Parties are making arrangements to put on a stage line as soon as the road is open, which will be about Sept. 15, if the weather continues good.

The Races.

The 600 yards, and repeat, was won by W. J. Garrison's Lancer D., time, 35 3/4. J. R. Yocum's Lone Jack took second money.

Pony race, one-fourth mile, J. R. Yocum's Laura S., time, 23 3/4. C. H. Smith's Hairpin, 2nd.

One-half mile race, Lancer D., time 55. A. P. Wilson's May T., 2nd.

The one-fourth mile and repeat, Price Triple's Ophir, time, 23 3/4. W. R. Morris' Sleepy Dick, 2nd.

The racing is still in progress to-day.

In the matter of the estate of J. W. Smith, the decision of the lower court was reversed.

E. G. E. Whit vs D. Cronen et al., judgment by default, but writ of review obtained.

The grand jury did not find a true bill against Robt. Crawford, charged with killing cattle.

Blackwell vs. Vincent was referred to H. F. Goodspeed.

S. A. Roberts vs. Tillamook City was taken under advisement.

The following cases were continued: N. A. Hutchens vs J. W. McVicker, VanDyke & Co vs H. V. V. Johnson, Ethier M. Adler vs B. F. Archer, divorce.

J. C. Bewley vs Geo. W. Sedruff.

Minors vs T. J. Jenkins.

S. M. Findley vs T. J. Eley.

Barker & Smith vs Lester Hart.

Vaughn vs School Dist. No. 31.

The following cases were decided in favor of plaintiff:

J. C. Bewley vs James Squires, \$70.69 and costs.

G. W. Nolan vs S. V. Anderson, \$151.70 and costs.

Ida Von Ehrenkrook vs H. A. Ward, \$72.60 and costs.

M. E. Holden vs Tillamook City.

Bewley vs Truman Harris et al., \$166.75 and costs.

C. E. Thayer vs H. McDermott and others, \$508.60 and costs.

Peters & Roberts Furniture Co vs E. B. & T. Jacoby, \$556.00 and costs.

M. W. Harrison vs J. P. Kane, \$609.00 and costs.

H. Gist vs W. N. Vaughn.

A. J. Bauman vs M. C. Trowbridge, \$564.84 and costs.

C. B. Hadley vs John Sheets, \$476.16 and costs.

C. W. Sears vs J. A. Sears, divorce.

C. W. Smith vs Geo. F. Williams, \$800 and costs.

Bav City Land Co vs F. Worthington.

E. Poppleton vs I. T. Maulsby, \$331 and costs.

Emma Cook vs Cook, divorce.

Clark vs Newton.

S. V. Anderson vs W. S. Runyon, \$688.00 and costs.

The following cases were decided in favor of defendant:

Bewley vs Gibbons.

A. D. Barnhart vs Tillamook County.

L. E. Arnold vs Tillamook County.

H. W. Lasselle vs S. Downs.

Geo. Geinger vs Tillamook County.

Little Nestucca Wagon Road vs J. C. Landingham.

The following cases were settled and dismissed:

R. L. Sabin vs H. C. Hall.

W. S. Cone vs F. D. Hasbrouck.

Wm. Olsen vs J. P. Little.

C. H. Freas vs J. S. Dellinger.

M. W. Harrison vs H. A. Snow et al.

E. G. F. Whit vs F. Sweeney.

Earl Stanley vs E. D. Richard.

C. E. Thayer vs J. C. Bewley.

Dekum Bros vs Henry Tohl.

Allen & Lewis vs N. A. Hutchens.

Join Larsen vs C. S. Smith.

Barker & Smith vs M. E. Church South.

Ida Von Ehrenkrook vs J. G. Day.

First National Bank of Astoria vs Geo. Jacoby.

C. E. Thayer vs Theo. Kingsley.

G. R. Edmunds vs L. Crenshaw, damage suit.

P. F. Brown vs H. G. Hall.

James Parrish vs California & Oregon Canebrake Co.

L. T. Smith vs L. C. Smith, costs against plaintiff.

Newton vs Cal & Ore Canebrake Co.

T. F. Harris et al vs Tillamook River Boom Co.

Wm. Barker vs Bay City Land Co.

CRIMINAL.

State vs D. Calahan, dismissed.

State vs A. Christenson, assault, fined \$100.