

Tillamook Headlight.

Published every Thursday evening.

W. F. D. JONES - EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
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RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

(STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.)

One year \$1.50
Six months .75
Three months .40

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TILLAMOOK, ORE., SEPT. 8, 1892.

George William Curtis, late editor of Harpers Weekly, is dead.

James Terwilliger, aged 84, one of the oldest residents of Portland, died last Thursday.

A regular agency for the Wells Fargo Express Co. should be established in this place, and if the service via North Yamhill can't be made good, it should be tried via Forest Grove.

A writer in the Overland, in an article entitled "Staging in the Mendocino Redwoods," ignorantly speaks of loggers wearing "corks" in the soles of their shoes. The writer probably meant "calks."

Newspapers should beware of certain advertising fakirs, known as the Gum Elastic Roofing Co., of New York. They are frauds and don't pay their bills, and our readers are warned against patronizing the establishment.

The Sullivan-Corbett fight, to come off at New Orleans, September 7, is attracting considerable attention, and the ovations greeting that great and good man, John L. Sullivan, are equal to those showered upon a presidential candidate.

A big company has purchased Tanzy point, near Astoria, and have filed articles of incorporation. Among the things they propose to do, is to build a railroad from that place to Salem, via Tillamook, but the principal intention, probably, is to sell lots and boom their new town.

Cholera is devastating the city of Hamburg, and is raging in many other European cities. A strict quarantine has been established in New York City, but a few cases have been reported already. Everybody should clean up their back lots and leave no place for the cholera bacillus to develop in.

A free ticket was graciously given by R. W. Mitchell, manager of the Portland Exposition, to the editor of this paper, probably with the expectation that a lot of free advertising would be the result of such lavish generosity. The complimentary ticket was respectfully declined and returned to the sender.

Dances are going out of date, especially the old-time-free-for-all-go-as-you-please dances that used to enliven this city almost every night in the week. People are beginning to patronize more enlightening amusements, and close finances may have something to do with it. Few would offer objections to a decorously conducted dance, but a reform was needed.

A man named Smith, a prominent railroad employe of Portland, was shot, probably fatally, recently, by a young man named Balde. Smith, who is a man of family, took advantage of his wife's absence to have a good time generally, and was in company with Balde's 19-year old sister when he was shot. He knew it was against the wishes of the young lady's people, and his fate deserves little sympathy.

The Albany Herald says: "Captain E. J. Lanning, president; W. B. Barr, chief engineer, and Geo. Humphrey, attorney of the Albany and Astoria Railroad company, left August 21st on a tour over the surveyed route of the proposed road between Albany and Tillamook. It is understood they will go for the purpose of securing the right of way for the road, and will probably be gone several weeks. They will drive across the mountains to Tillamook, following the line of the road as near as practicable. The company has already spent several

money in idle projects, strengthens the belief that there is likely to be an outcome of the proposed road which may surprise some of the most skeptical."

A hideous kind of low-necked dresses have come in fashion. A woman with her head and neck protruding from such a garment looks very much like a snapping turtle, and some slick, amber-hued necks we have observed, would have been better out of sight. It is just as reasonable for a woman to exhibit half her leg to public inspection, and less danger of catching a violent cold in vital organs.

Somebody who has an idle team during the winter, and who has a vacant lot, should lay in a large lot of wood to sell next winter. It will pay, and at much lower prices than wood now sells for. It is almost impossible to get wood for fuel at times, and even in the summer time wood costs more here than it does in the desert where wood has to be shipped hundreds of miles by rail. At the present rates, with wood so plentiful on all sides, in fact, too much of it, it is just as cheap to burn coal. In California grease-wood roots are burnt largely, and though they are dug out of the mountain sides with picks, fuel costs less there than here.

Our County Assessor informs us that he is taking unusual pains in the making out of the assessment roll for this year, upon which he has been employed for the past few weeks. As about one-half of the lands appearing upon the roll are timbered lands, and belonging to non-residents, it has therefore been, as heretofore, extremely difficult to avoid a double and even a treble assessment upon most of it, the state taxes upon the duplication, of course, being a dead loss to the county. Now, as what he considers an absolute preventative of this, the Assessor has adopted a plan of platting the lands and town lots as he places them upon the roll, and carefully checking every legal sub-division, lot, tract, or town lot as fast as they are recorded upon the roll. This plan, although a somewhat tedious one, and more than doubling the work of making up the roll, over the old way, yet if carefully followed is really the only method to absolutely avoid the occasional double assessment of land and town lots. The platting of the lands will develop a few surprises in the way of occasional erroneous descriptions in deeds and filings. Deeds are found to overlap, and cases are found where men have filed and proven up upon the wrong tract. One party in the southern part of the county has lived, filed and proved up upon and received patent for a piece of land upon which he has probably never set foot, it being in another section altogether. The fault in such cases lies more with the grantor and grantee and the filing party than with those who draw up the deeds or the County Clerk. If selling, purchasing or filing parties would always inform themselves exactly as to the description of the land under consideration these errors would be very seldom. The Assessor finds the "Present Owner Book" a most valuable assistant in making up the assessment and says he finds himself wondering how the county got along as well as it did without it.

TOWING LOGS AT SEA.

The Lumberman and Contractor, of San Francisco, has the following to say of the second attempt to launch a raft of logs to be towed from Fort Bragg to San Francisco: "The second big raft has been completed and was launched last week. The raft was constructed for the Fort Bragg Railroad Company by Superintendent James Brett. The first one, built by H. R. Robertson, went to pieces, striking on the rock in its passage out of the harbor. The dimensions of the present raft are: Length, 300 feet, width, 19 feet. It contains about 15,500,000 feet of logs and piling. The raft is provided with a pilot house, quarters for the crew, etc., on the plan of the great Scroggins raft, built in the East.

In launching, the cradle struck on the ways in the same place that the raft built three months ago did when it was launched. The only difference with the present one is that it did not break. The situation is an exceedingly dangerous one,

If you wish to find out how comfortable you are at home, travel.

How sick one gets of those two words, "heredity and environment!" Can't we have something else for a change?

"Were Plato alive today his auditors would be chiefly women," says a writer in The Arena. Along with this may be placed the remark of Emerson, "Civilization is the power of good women."

To the \$2,300,000,000 recently reported by the treasury department as being at present in the country is to be added the \$4,000,000 in silver notes issued monthly by the government.

Blessed be the man who invented building associations! There are now 6,000 of them in this country, and they lay up \$180,000,000 a year. Their best development is probably to be found in Philadelphia. In that city 60,000 families have been enabled by means of the building association to buy and pay for homes of their own.

A society writer in London Queen says of our American homes: "Every house furnishes at least a score of rocking chairs." Coming down to hardpan, how many American homes are there that have twenty rocking chairs? That would be four rocking chairs apiece to the members of an average family of five. What liars British society writers can be when they set their heads to it.

Learning Languages.

The university student will pore over the grammar and literature of, say, German, four years and be ground out with a diploma of proficiency, though he can not speak one word of that tongue. The newsboy who can scarcely read and write runs the streets and picks up in a few months enough German to make himself understood anywhere and to converse fluently with newly arrived emigrants. His German is not grammatical, but he can speak it; the university graduate who has learned it out of books cannot. There is the difference between learning a language by the natural method and learning it out of books, which is not acquiring it at all. The natural way is by using the ear and tongue, and in no other way will any human being ever be able to talk a foreign language, though he pore over grammar and dictionary a century.

This great truth is beginning to be recognized. Professor Schliemann mastered Greek by reading it aloud and reciting his ear to the sound of it. Then when he went to Greece he understood the common talk. Professor Blackie, of Edinburgh, in five months became as familiar with German as with his native tongue simply by going among Germans constantly, listening to the sound of their talk and imitating it. The new method of learning a foreign language is exactly the method of a child when it first begins to speak. Five months of faithful work by this plan will enable anybody to become familiar with a foreign tongue. In this great age of the intermingling and fraternity of nations every person ought to speak at least three languages.

Two Women Novelists.

Among women story writers most read just now are Marie Wilkins in America and Marie Corelli in England. The two are as different as a lake and a river, yet they have equal power. Marie Wilkins in America writes idyls of New England. It is safe to say that they are among the strongest, most striking that have ever been penned. Her scenes and characters are so natural because she has found the true secret of realism—not to paint actual characters, but such characters as might exist anywhere; not to describe actual events, but such events as might happen to anybody. So her tales fit everybody's humor. They are sweet, natural and wholesome. Her success as a writer of long stories will probably be determined by "Jane Field," now appearing as a serial. As an author of short stories her fame was long since established. She lives in Randolph, Mass., and there is not a particle of affectation about her or her delightful stories.

Marie Corelli chooses to veil herself in as much mystery as blunt, broad daylight, British civilization will admit. Nearly all persons who pretend to dabble in so called "occult science" do the same, more the pity. They generally get the name of being quacks and charlatans, however, which serves them right.

In plain English, Marie Corelli is Miss Mackay, daughter of Charles Mackay, who used to be editor of the London Illustrated News. "A Romance of Two Worlds" is the best known of her novels so far. The one which will have the greatest circulation is "The Soul of Lilith," however, because Queen Victoria has taken a fancy to it and commended it warmly. The Corelli deals in weirdness, spookery and clairvoyance; slings the most incredible scenes and ideas off her pen point as if they were puff balls. The present interest in hypnotism and psychology generally has swung her stories powerfully forward on the tide of popularity.

Besides this, Marie Corelli has "views," not always good natured or pleasant ones, and she flings them into her stories as liberally as she does miracles. She hates Protestants, strong minded women and high society, and her work is constantly marred by her spiteful flings at these. The American Marie would never be guilty of such bad taste.

Pocket Map of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, and Wyoming—five States in one cover—handsome, handier, better, than any \$1.00 map yet made; 7 colors; in strong cover; all counties, rivers, railroads, post-offices. Correct to date. Also Maps of all States in same style. Agents wanted. Even boys and girls make money fast. We mail agents

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FOREST GROVE, OREGON.

One of the oldest and best equipped institutions in the North-west. College and academy courses; Classical, Scientific and Literary. Unusual opportunities for advanced work in Chemistry and Biology. Special instruction in the English branches and in Normal methods. The Conservatory of Music offers excellent opportunities for the study of vocal and instrumental music.

Expenses reasonable. Board in club at reduced rates. Fall term begins Wednesday, September 21st, 1892. For catalogues, address: THOMAS McCLELLAND, President.

ALONG THE COAST.

HAPPENINGS PARAGRAPHED AND ARRANGED AS TO VALUE.

The Sheriff of San Diego Convicted of Misconduct in Office—The Raisin Crop in Fresno County—A Census Bulletin of Interest to Methodists—Many Persons Anxious to Go to Africa.

Hop picking has begun in the Sacramento valley.

A Sacramento Bank was recently swindled out of \$800 by a Chinaman.

An unknown man at Portland blew himself to atoms with a dynamite cartridge.

The 2-year-old son of P. Flannelly of Redwood City, Cal., while playing in a barn, found a bottle of carbolic acid and drank the contents. The child will die.

Miss Dollie Collins, daughter of J. D. Collins, ex-superintendent of schools in Fresno county, recently killed a large bear while on an excursion into the Sierras.

Mrs. Sarah Dwyer, 103 years old, is dying in the hospital at Tacoma. She is not expected to survive, and as might be supposed, but from the effect of a fall in which she broke her hip.

A great tennis tournament was held at Santa Monica. Many exciting contests were played. The defeat of the Carter brothers of England by the Chase brothers created great enthusiasm.

The famous smuggling schooner Halcyon has left Victoria, B. C., with a \$30,000 cargo of opium. It is rumored that she will attempt to land somewhere on the Oregon or Northern California coast.

The superintendent of the Carson mint has received instructions from Washington to run the mint to its full capacity. It has hitherto run Carson considerably as a heavy deposit or bullion is now on hand.

The Alaska Packing association has agreed on prices for the new pack of reindeer salmon. The prices will range from \$1.02 1/2 per dozen for lots of 10,000 cases, to \$1.07 1/2 for lots of 350 cases of four dozen cases each. The export price is \$1.05 per dozen, less 3 per cent. for lots of 5,000 cases, or the total pack of any brand. This season's pack is the first of the new association's.

Both shippers and railroad men in the Sacramento valley are grumbling about the scarcity of fruit. They cannot get half enough of them to fill the enormous demand, and being unable to place their green fruit in the Eastern markets many growers are drying it. Over 700 carloads have been shipped East. This is about the record for the corresponding date last season.

Lord Hughes, said to belong to one of the first families in the peerage of Ireland, has been sent to jail at New Westminster, B. C., for two months. His lordship was at one time inspector in the royal Irish constabulary, and still draws a handsome pension for past services. He is a chronic drunkard. When under the influence of liquor the old constabulary spirit seizes him and he stays up whole nights in some dark corner waiting to arrest an imaginary offender.

Sheriff Folks of San Diego county has been found guilty of misconduct in office. The court fixed Sept. 5 as the day for passing judgment of removal from office, that day being selected as the board of supervisors will then be in session and prepared to fill the vacancy. The defense gave notice of intention to move for a new trial. The specific offense proven against Sheriff Folks was the payment to him of a 30 per cent. commission by a newspaper for advertising contracts for official business.

Since the news was published that Governor Lionel A. Sheldon is to take charge of an expedition into Africa to explore the Upper Congo basin his mail has been overburdened with letters from persons anxious to accompany the expedition. C. P. Huntington and his London agents have made a formal acceptance of Governor Sheldon's services and a start will doubtless soon be made. Governor Sheldon says his idea is to reach Africa by Dec. 1 and maneuver so as to avoid the rainy season and make the best use of the cooler and drier periods. Governor Sheldon is now at Los Angeles.

The Fresno Expositor publishes an exhaustive report on the condition of the raisin crop in Fresno county collected from prominent growers and packers. The result is that the first crop is about half what it was last year. The second crop will be full but late, and if early rains set in this fall the second crop will be far less than last year. Picking has not yet commenced except in a few young vineyards. The labor problem is not bothering the vineyardists much. The Chinese have struck for higher wages asking \$1.00 to \$1.75 a day, but some of the principal growers are arranging with San Francisco agencies and will leave the Fresno colonies in the lurch. Many vineyardists have secured white labor exclusively.

A recently issued census bulletin on the Methodist church shows the curious fact that there are nearly twice as many Methodists in Los Angeles county as in San Francisco, the numbers being respectively 5,137 and 8,113. This does not include the members of the Methodist Episcopal Church South. The seating capacity of the Los Angeles county Methodist churches is more than double that of the churches of San Francisco, and the number of organizations nearly three times as many—forty-seven to sixteen. The Methodists seem to be particularly strong in Southern California. There are 22,527 in California, of whom 8,812 are south of Tehachapi. San Francisco comes out ahead, however, in value of church property, having \$146,500 worth against \$125,000 for Los Angeles, and \$2,033,371 for the state. There are 418 Methodists in Nevada, 9,436 in Ore-

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

WHEAT—No. 1 white, \$1.30 1/2; No. 2 white, \$1.27 1/2; No. 3 white, \$1.25 1/2; No. 4 white, \$1.23 1/2; No. 5 white, \$1.21 1/2; No. 6 white, \$1.19 1/2; No. 7 white, \$1.17 1/2; No. 8 white, \$1.15 1/2; No. 9 white, \$1.13 1/2; No. 10 white, \$1.11 1/2; No. 11 white, \$1.09 1/2; No. 12 white, \$1.07 1/2; No. 13 white, \$1.05 1/2; No. 14 white, \$1.03 1/2; No. 15 white, \$1.01 1/2; No. 16 white, \$0.99 1/2; No. 17 white, \$0.97 1/2; No. 18 white, \$0.95 1/2; No. 19 white, \$0.93 1/2; No. 20 white, \$0.91 1/2; No. 21 white, \$0.89 1/2; No. 22 white, \$0.87 1/2; No. 23 white, \$0.85 1/2; No. 24 white, \$0.83 1/2; No. 25 white, \$0.81 1/2; No. 26 white, \$0.79 1/2; No. 27 white, \$0.77 1/2; No. 28 white, \$0.75 1/2; No. 29 white, \$0.73 1/2; No. 30 white, \$0.71 1/2; No. 31 white, \$0.69 1/2; No. 32 white, \$0.67 1/2; No. 33 white, \$0.65 1/2; No. 34 white, \$0.63 1/2; No. 35 white, \$0.61 1/2; No. 36 white, \$0.59 1/2; No. 37 white, \$0.57 1/2; No. 38 white, \$0.55 1/2; No. 39 white, \$0.53 1/2; No. 40 white, \$0.51 1/2; No. 41 white, \$0.49 1/2; No. 42 white, \$0.47 1/2; No. 43 white, \$0.45 1/2; No. 44 white, \$0.43 1/2; No. 45 white, \$0.41 1/2; No. 46 white, \$0.39 1/2; No. 47 white, \$0.37 1/2; No. 48 white, \$0.35 1/2; No. 49 white, \$0.33 1/2; No. 50 white, \$0.31 1/2; No. 51 white, \$0.29 1/2; No. 52 white, \$0.27 1/2; No. 53 white, \$0.25 1/2; No. 54 white, \$0.23 1/2; No. 55 white, \$0.21 1/2; No. 56 white, \$0.19 1/2; No. 57 white, \$0.17 1/2; No. 58 white, \$0.15 1/2; No. 59 white, \$0.13 1/2; No. 60 white, \$0.11 1/2; No. 61 white, \$0.09 1/2; No. 62 white, \$0.07 1/2; No. 63 white, \$0.05 1/2; No. 64 white, \$0.03 1/2; No. 65 white, \$0.01 1/2; No. 66 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 67 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 68 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 69 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 70 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 71 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 72 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 73 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 74 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 75 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 76 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 77 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 78 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 79 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 80 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 81 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 82 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 83 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 84 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 85 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 86 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 87 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 88 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 89 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 90 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 91 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 92 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 93 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 94 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 95 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 96 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 97 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 98 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 99 white, \$0.00 1/2; No. 100 white, \$0.00 1/2.

Barley—Feed, \$1.00 1/2; No. 1, \$1.00 1/2; No. 2, \$0.98 1/2; No. 3, \$0.96 1/2; No. 4, \$0.94 1/2; No. 5, \$0.92 1/2; No. 6, \$0.90 1/2; No. 7, \$0.88 1/2; No. 8, \$0.86 1/2; No. 9, \$0.84 1/2; No. 10, \$0.82 1/2; No. 11, \$0.80 1/2; No. 12, \$0.78 1/2; No. 13, \$0.76 1/2; No. 14, \$0.74 1/2; No. 15, \$0.72 1/2; No. 16, \$0.70 1/2; No. 17, \$0.68 1/2; No. 18, \$0.66 1/2; No. 19, \$0.64 1/2; No. 20, \$0.62 1/2; No. 21, \$0.60 1/2; No. 22, \$0.58 1/2; No. 23, \$0.56 1/2; No. 24, \$0.54 1/2; No. 25, \$0.52 1/2; No. 26, \$0.50 1/2; No. 27, \$0.48 1/2; No. 28, \$0.46 1/2; No. 29, \$0.44 1/2; No. 30, \$0.42 1/2; No. 31, \$0.40 1/2; No. 32, \$0.38 1/2; No. 33, \$0.36 1/2; No. 34, \$0.34 1/2; No. 35, \$0.32 1/2; No. 36, \$0.30 1/2; No. 37, \$0.28 1/2; No. 38, \$0.26 1/2; No. 39, \$0.24 1/2; No. 40, \$0.22 1/2; No. 41, \$0.20 1/2; No. 42, \$0.18 1/2; No. 43, \$0.16 1/2; No. 44, \$0.14 1/2; No. 45, \$0.12 1/2; No. 46, \$0.10 1/2; No. 47, \$0.08 1/2; No. 48, \$0.06 1/2; No. 49, \$0.04 1/2; No. 50, \$0.02 1/2; No. 51, \$0.00 1/2; No. 52, \$0.00 1/2; No. 53, \$0.00 1/2; No. 54, \$0.00 1/2; No. 55, \$0.00 1/2; No. 56, \$0.00 1/2; No. 57, \$0.00 1/2; No. 58, \$0.00 1/2; No. 59, \$0.00 1/2; No. 60, \$0.00 1/2; No. 61, \$0.00 1/2; No. 62, \$0.00 1/2; No. 63, \$0.00 1/2; No. 64, \$0.00 1/2; No. 65, \$0.00 1/2; No. 66, \$0.00 1/2; No. 67, \$0.00 1/2; No. 68, \$0.00 1/2; No. 69, \$0.00 1/2; No. 70, \$0.00 1/2; No. 71, \$0.00 1/2; No. 72, \$0.00 1/2; No. 73, \$0.00 1/2; No. 74, \$0.00 1/2; No. 75, \$0.00 1/2; No. 76, \$0.00 1/2; No. 77, \$0.00 1/2; No. 78, \$0.00 1/2; No. 79, \$0.00 1/2; No. 80, \$0.00 1/2; No. 81, \$0.00 1/2; No. 82, \$0.00 1/2; No. 83, \$0.00 1/2; No. 84, \$0.00 1/2; No. 85, \$0.00 1/2; No. 86, \$0.00 1/2; No. 87, \$0.00 1/2; No. 88, \$0.00 1/2; No. 89, \$0.00 1/2; No. 90, \$0.00 1/2; No. 91, \$0.00 1/2; No. 92, \$0.00 1/2; No. 93, \$0.00 1/2; No. 94, \$0.00 1/2; No. 95, \$0.00 1/2; No. 96, \$0.00 1/2; No. 97, \$0.00 1/2; No. 98, \$0.00 1/2; No. 99, \$0.00 1/2; No. 100, \$0.00 1/2.

Flour—Superior, \$1.00 1/2; No. 1, \$0.98 1/2; No. 2, \$0.96 1/2; No. 3, \$0.94 1/2; No. 4, \$0.92 1/2; No. 5, \$0.90 1/2; No. 6, \$0.88 1/2; No. 7, \$0.86 1/2; No. 8, \$0.84 1/2; No. 9, \$0.82 1/2; No. 10, \$0.80 1/2; No. 11, \$0.78 1/2; No. 12, \$0.76 1/2; No. 13, \$0.74 1/2; No. 14, \$0.72 1/2; No. 15, \$0.70 1/2; No. 16, \$0.68 1/2; No. 17, \$0.66 1/2; No. 18, \$0.64 1/2; No. 19, \$0.62 1/2; No. 20, \$0.60 1/2; No. 21, \$0.58 1/2; No. 22, \$0.56 1/2; No. 23, \$0.54 1/2; No. 24, \$0.52 1/2; No. 25, \$0.50 1/2; No. 26, \$0.48 1/2; No. 27, \$0.46 1/2; No. 28, \$0.44 1/2; No. 29, \$0.42 1/2; No. 30, \$0.40 1/2; No. 31, \$0.38 1/2; No. 32, \$0.36 1/2; No. 33, \$0.34 1/2; No. 34, \$0.32 1/2; No. 35, \$0.30 1/2; No. 36, \$0.28 1/2; No. 37, \$0.26 1/2; No. 38, \$0.24 1/2; No. 39, \$0.22 1/2; No. 40, \$0.20 1/2; No. 41, \$0.18 1/2; No. 42, \$0.16 1/2; No. 43, \$0.14 1/2; No. 44, \$0.12 1/2; No. 45, \$0.10 1/2; No. 46, \$0.08 1/2; No. 47, \$0.06 1/2; No. 48, \$0.04 1/2; No. 49, \$0.02 1/2; No. 50, \$0.00 1/2; No. 51, \$0.00 1/2; No. 52, \$0.00 1/2; No. 53, \$0.00 1/2; No. 54, \$0.00 1/2; No. 55, \$0.00 1/2; No. 56, \$0.00 1/2; No. 57, \$0.00 1/2; No. 58, \$0.00 1/2; No. 59, \$0.00 1/2; No. 60, \$0.00 1/2; No. 61, \$0.00 1/2; No. 62, \$0.00 1/2; No. 63, \$0.00 1/2; No. 64, \$0.00 1/2; No. 65, \$0.00 1/2; No. 66, \$0.00 1/2; No. 67, \$0.00 1/2; No. 68, \$0.00 1/2; No. 69, \$0.00 1/2; No. 70, \$0.00 1/2; No. 71, \$0.00 1/2; No. 72, \$0.00 1/2; No. 73, \$0.00 1/2; No. 74, \$0.00 1/2; No. 75, \$0.00 1/2; No. 76, \$0.00 1/2; No. 77, \$0.00 1/2; No. 78, \$0.00 1/2; No. 79, \$0.00 1/2; No. 80, \$0.00 1/2; No. 81, \$0.00 1/2; No. 82, \$0.00 1/2; No. 83, \$0.00 1/2; No. 84, \$0.00 1/2; No. 85, \$0.00 1/2; No. 86, \$0.00 1/2; No. 87, \$0.00 1/2; No. 88, \$0.00 1/2; No. 89, \$0.00 1/2; No. 90, \$0.00 1/2; No. 91, \$0.00 1/2; No. 92, \$0.00 1/2; No. 93, \$0.00 1/2; No. 94, \$0.00 1/2; No. 95, \$0.00 1/2; No. 96, \$0.00 1/2; No. 97, \$0.00 1/2; No. 98, \$0.00 1/2; No. 99, \$0.00 1/2; No. 100, \$0.00 1/2.

Vegetables—Onions, \$1.00 1/2; No. 1, \$0.98 1/2; No. 2, \$0.96 1/2; No. 3, \$0.94 1/2; No. 4, \$0.92 1/2; No. 5, \$0.90 1/2; No. 6, \$0.88 1/2; No. 7, \$0.86 1/2; No. 8, \$0.84 1/2; No. 9, \$0.82 1/2; No. 10, \$0.80 1/2; No. 11, \$0.78 1/2; No. 12, \$0.76 1/2; No. 13, \$0.74 1/2; No. 14, \$0.72 1/2; No. 15, \$0.70 1/2; No. 16, \$0.68 1/2; No. 17, \$0.66 1/2; No. 18, \$0.64 1/2; No. 19, \$0.62 1/2; No. 20, \$0.60 1/2; No. 21, \$0.58 1/2; No. 22, \$0.56 1/2; No. 23, \$0.54 1/2; No. 24, \$0.52 1/2; No. 25, \$0.50 1/2; No. 26, \$0.48 1/2; No. 27, \$0.46 1/2; No. 28, \$0.44 1/2; No. 29, \$0.42 1/2; No. 30, \$0.40 1/2; No. 31, \$0.38 1/2; No. 32, \$0.36 1/2; No. 33, \$0.34 1/2; No. 34, \$0.32 1/2; No. 35, \$0.30 1/2; No. 36, \$0.28 1/2; No. 37, \$0.26 1/2; No. 38, \$0.24 1/2; No. 39, \$0.22 1/2; No. 40, \$0.20 1/2; No. 41, \$0.18 1/2; No. 42, \$0.16 1/2; No. 43, \$0.14 1/2; No. 44, \$0.12 1/2; No. 45, \$0.10 1/2; No. 46, \$0.08 1/2; No. 47, \$0.06 1/2; No. 48, \$0.04 1/2; No. 49, \$0.02 1/2; No. 50, \$0.00 1/2; No. 51, \$0.00 1/2; No. 52, \$0.00 1/2; No. 53, \$0.00 1/2; No. 54, \$0.00 1/2; No. 55, \$0.00 1/2;