

CHOICE
LOCATION
OR
RESIDENCE
PROPERTY.

W. S. CONE'S LATEST AND BEST SUBDIVISION NOW ON THE MARKET.
This Tract has a Slightly Location; is practically Level; is Clear, except a beautiful Grove in the Center, which will be made into a Park, and is close in.
A magnificent Drive will be constructed on the gravel beach fronting this property. This will be the finest drive in the county.
For further particulars, prices, terms etc., call on W. S. CONE, BAY CITY, OREGON.

A LEGEND OF SOCKS.

Uncle Dudley Tells Why It Will Not Do to Judge a Bundle by Its Wrapper.

Sometimes a valuable bundle is done up in cheap paper and tied with a brown string. A schoolgirl's essay is frequently wrapped in a beautiful blue ribbon, while a longfellow wrote "Excelsior" with a pencil on the back of an old envelope. But men persist in judging other men by the way they look when they are done up in bundles. If the wrappings are coarse the human bundle within is considered worthless. President Harrison gave expression to this popular opinion when he said, "A cheap coat makes a cheap man."

Jerry Simpson furnishes an illustration of the tendency of men to judge of the value of bundles by the manner in which they are done up. Here is a man whom it was popularly rumored was laid up without some of the conventional trappings used in making up the human muddle. A small local rumor arose that he wore no socks. This rumor spread from township to township, from county to county, from state to nation, and then was blazoned before the open eyes of wonder of the universe. Here was a human package done up in a careless, unconventional way, and the world incontinently concluded that its contents were of little value. But we have already discovered that the world, as it has frequently done before, and as it will frequently do again, made a prodigious mistake. Jerry Simpson, with or without socks, is nobody's fool. He is coming to be considered as a voice for hitherto inarticulate millions, who until now have been unable to adequately and coherently speak for themselves. And he is a voice that is earnest, easily understood, and bound to be heard. If Jerry is done up with economical wrappings and tied with a cheap string, he is for all that a valuable package.

When General Grant used to walk through the army dressed like an ordinary soldier, with the exception of three stars on his shoulder, he made a shabby contrast with some of his predecessors, who used to ride down the line upon richly caparisoned chargers, resplendent in all the gorgeous paraphernalia of war. At first it was thought that the bundle was so poorly and carelessly wrapped up. But Uncle Sam, in all his many shopping trips, seldom brought back a more valuable package than that. Some one once said that Thomas Carlyle had the most unimpeachable head of any man in England. "Yes," replied a listener, "and the most brains in it, too."

Abraham Lincoln was a very awkwardly shaped bundle, and for a long time many people thought his ideas were muddled, simply because his clothes were. But it was found out soon enough that his ideas were cut by a much more skillful tailor than his coat. Horace Greeley used to button the top button of his vest into the bottom buttonhole, and some of his enemies used to say that he put on his pants before he put on his shirt. Horace was another very good package carelessly done up.

It is far from the intention of your Uncle Dudley to start a crusade against good clothes. All animated human statuary looks better when it is artistically draped, and it is a quite pardonable weakness for a man or a woman to be solicitous about the drapery. Some of our foremost men, it is true, have been poorly dressed, and some of them, on the contrary, dressed with exquisite taste and elaborateness. Washington always dressed in the height of fashion. Webster's blue suit with brass buttons became an acknowledged model for succeeding generations of statesmen. President Arthur could tie a cravat as well as he could handle the chief executive power of a nation, which was very well indeed.

The conclusion of the whole matter is, "You cannot tell the value of a bundle by the way it is wrapped up." Don't judge Jerry Simpson by his socks or lack of socks; it is the value of your Uncle Dudley in Eastern Globe.

Kansas Farmers and the Fair.

The Farmers' Alliance of Wyandotte county is in favor of having Kansas represented at the World's fair in spite of the legislature's unfavorable action in the appropriation, and at a recent meeting adopted the following resolution:

Whereas, Kansas is one of the great agricultural states of the Union; and

Whereas, We, as farmers, believe that the state should make an exhibit at the World's fair at Chicago in 1893; and

Whereas, The legislature failed to make an appropriation for the display she so rightly deserves; and

Whereas, The organization known as the Farmers' Alliance of Wyandotte county feels great pride in Kansas having the place she justly deserves among her sister states; and

Whereas, We believe money raised by subscription, as a rule, are more judiciously applied than that raised by public process; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the county Alliance of Wyandotte county, make this proposition to the various county Alliances throughout the state, that we will be one of fifty or more counties to raise \$1,000 for the purpose of making an exhibit of the products and arts of this state at the Columbian exposition.

Resolved further, That we request all county unions in the state that will not under this proposition to report as soon as possible to the secretary of the state Alliance and through his public press.

When Dorsey Heard of Ken.

Mr. W. E. Dorsey, of Nebraska, was defeated at the last congressional election by the Farmers' Alliance vote, which, he said, was particularly strong in the part of the state in which his district is situated.

"I think the Alliance is as strong in Nebraska now as it was six months ago," he said. "I think it is as strong in other western states. I expect to see the Alliance make a move for a national campaign in advance of the other parties. I believe that by next February, at the latest, the national convention will be called and the campaign opened at once."

"Mr. Ken, the Alliance man who defeated me, is reported to be less radical in

The Alliance in New England.

The Boston Advertiser thinks it "some-what of a novel happening for the representatives of the Farmers' Alliance to go prospecting in New England, as they are now doing." Our contemporary says that the advent of Mr. Jerry Simpson, who is now preaching the gospel of the farmers to the staid New Englanders, "seems incongruous."

Perhaps it does. But the fact remains that Mr. Simpson and his followers are making headway with the New England voters. They have literally captured the country, and compelled the recognition which has been so stubbornly denied them by the press of that section.

The Boston Advertiser has ridiculed the farmers' movement and refused to recognize its strength and importance. It has made light of the Alliance in the south and west, and predicted that the order would not result in good to the country. The Alliance has seemed a small affair to our contemporary, unworthy of more than passing notice. But now that it has entered the gates of New England it seems a formidable affair, which will not now at the bidding of a newspaper, but threatens to become epidemic on quarantined ground. It has gained the recognition it deserves, and here it is in the Advertiser's own words:

No one will deny that the gentlemen who have seen fit to inaugurate the Farmers' Alliance movement in New England are men of considerable mental power and men who are thoroughly conversant with the history of the world, as it has frequently done before, and as it will frequently do again, made a prodigious mistake. Jerry Simpson, with or without socks, is nobody's fool. He is coming to be considered as a voice for hitherto inarticulate millions, who until now have been unable to adequately and coherently speak for themselves. And he is a voice that is earnest, easily understood, and bound to be heard. If Jerry is done up with economical wrappings and tied with a cheap string, he is for all that a valuable package.

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POLK'S GREAT SPEECH.

The President of the Alliance Announces the Principles to Be Fought For.

One of the largest Alliance meetings ever held in Washington was the one at Concordia hall, at which President Polk, of the National Alliance, made an address.

Mr. Polk said he desired to discuss principles and not parties, because principles came of God, while men were of the dust of the earth. He said mighty forces were being marshaled to test the virtue, manhood, patriotism and love of self government. The march of human progress was strewn with the wrecks of empires, kingdoms, systems and governments, and we stand in the midst of a great revolution—the mightiest social, industrial and economic revolution the world has ever witnessed. Justice, equity and truth was the watchword, and from all parts came the demand, "Equal rights to all and special favors to none."

Mr. Polk spoke of the rapidly advancing civilization, and said we should profit by the lessons of the past, and yet agriculture was languishing. There was now such thing as contentment and peace among the American farmers, but a universal and dismal wail of hard times all over the land. He then gave facts and figures to show that from 1880 the farmers and laboring man had gradually grown poorer, and that the cost of production had grown larger each year. The system of mortgaging farms was dwelt upon at great length, and its operations were given by states, showing that very soon the tillers of the soil would be required to step down and out. Colonel Polk said:

All over the face of this broad land, the most primeval heritage ever given to man, may be read the same sad story; and if you would read the fearful record of the frightful ravages of money power on the industrial and agricultural people, you to your ears would hear in this city and you will find filled up the abstracts of 9,000,000 of mortgages on their homes—a mortgage for every seven or eight families, and the whole nation is being mortgaged to every family in the whole Union.

But this law of supply and demand is inexorable and unchanging in its effects and operation as applied to money. Scarcity of money means high prices; a plentiful supply of money means cheap money. The high priced dollar lessens the price of labor products, the cheap dollar raises the price of labor products. Look at our public debt. In 1880 it was \$2,733,000,000. We have paid in principal, interest and premiums on that debt the vast sum of \$1,000,000,000, and yet it would not pay the labor products today to pay the remainder than it would have taken at the price in 1880 to have paid the original debt.

He then pointed to the abandoned farms in Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Kansas, and other states, and said that the cry of "over production" was an entirely false one. There could be no over production so long as the cry for bread from a single child was heard. It was under consumption and not over production. It was not the fault of the farmer, but of the financial system of our government. The former in every instance had the burden to bear. In referring to the Alliance Colonel Polk said:

They have formulated and announced to the world a platform of reform, and they believe will bring the greatest good to the greatest number, and will conserve the highest and best interests of all the people of this great country. The Alliance men, Democrats and Republicans alike believe that the platform embodied the very quintessence of Lincolnian Republicanism and Jeffersonian Democracy. But we are told by prepossessing and arrogant parasites and self-complacent leaders of farmers and other laboring classes "should not go into politics." Who constitute parties in this country? To whom do they belong? To the people or to the few who arrogantly assume to control them? Who has a better right to go into politics than the farmers of this country? Do they not clothe and feed the world? Do they not pay from their hard earnings eighty cents of every dollar of the country? Of the \$1,000,000,000 expended by the last crop, \$700,000,000 of it came from their pockets.

Without the farmers all our mighty network of railways would grow up in grass and weeds in sixty days; without them all progress would be paralyzed and all civilization would perish.

The organization of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union is not, nor can it be, partitioned into parties. It is a party of citizenship, and these essential principles of free government which are founded in equity and justice and leaves the member to follow the dictates of his conscience and judgment, and patriotism as to the best methods for securing the supremacy of these principles. Our order has no more right to say that a member shall or shall not be a Democrat, shall or shall not be a Republican, shall or shall not be an Independent, than it has to say that he shall or shall not be a Baptist, a Methodist or a Lutheran.

The picture, he said, was not overdrawn, but, he said, the farmer proposed to place his bet on the platform box. They had pleaded for relief long enough; they had suffered and endured long enough.

The Fifty-first congress, but recently adjourned, was in session thirteen months. During that time it expended in round numbers \$100,000,000 of the people's money—a sum equal to \$1,000,000 per month, \$17,000,000 per week, \$2,500,000 per day, \$104,000 per hour, \$1,733 per minute and \$28 per second. Let us bear steadily in mind that eighty cents of every dollar of this vast sum came from the agriculturists of this country. These enormous millions bedegged the doors of the Capitol during that time pleading for relief. They were turned away empty handed—their importunities disregarded, their entreaties ignored, and they were insolently admonished to "keep out of politics," to "live in their own homes," and to "mind their own business." The great mass of the industrial classes, north and south, Democrats and Republicans, without regard to sectional or geographical lines, with one purpose and with one heart, have looked their hands and shields in common cause—the cause of a common country.

The evils under which they suffer, and which threaten the destruction of the republic and its institutions, are national in their character, and cannot be corrected by sectional remedies. Hence, recognizing but one flag—the flag of our common country—impelled by a common purpose, actuated by a common motive, confronted by a common danger, they have solemnly resolved to turn their backs upon the past and make one mighty effort to rescue our government and institutions from impending perdition. They have wiped out, and forever, the last trace of Mason and Dixon's line across the Alliance territory. African slavery is gone, thank God, and in the spirit of manly magnanimity and fraternal love the Alliance men of the "blue" and the Alliance men of the "gray" are now summed up to break the gulfing and degrading chains of a slave slavery, the slavery of honest labor, and how fitting that the farmers should lead in this glorious struggle for God and humanity.

Divide the delivery of the address

RACES.

Tillamook County Fair Association.

\$200.00 IN PURSES.

July 3rd and 4th.

PROGRAMME.

JULY 3rd.

1. Running; Pony Race; best two in three; 400 yards. Purse \$15.00. Entrance fee \$2.50.

2. Running; Race, best two in three; 400 yards. Purse \$20.00. Entrance fee \$5.00.

3. Running; Race, free for all horses; best two in three; one-half mile. Purse \$50.00. Entrance fee \$10.00.

JULY 4th.

4. Running Race; best two in three; 600 yards. Purse \$30.00. Entrance fee \$5.00.

5. Running Race; single dash; one mile. Purse \$50.00. Entrance fee \$10.00.

6. Trotting Race; Tillamook buggy horses; best two in three; one-half mile. Purse \$25.00. Entrance fee \$2.50.

CONDITIONS.

All races will be under the supervision of the Tillamook county Fair Association, and the rules of the National Trotting Association will govern the races.

Under no circumstances will any conditional entries be received.

In all races two horses must enter and two start or race will be declared off.

The Association reserves the right to alter, amend or postpone any or all of these races should the Board of Directors in their judgement and for cause deem it advisable so to do.

Two-thirds of each purse goes to the winning horse, and one-third to second best. The entrance fees are to be divided in the same manner.

In the event of any race not filling, if the Association deems proper to start the race, they reserve the right to withhold from the purse the entry of the missing horses.

The Secretary will take pleasure in replying to any and all communications with reference to transportation, track facilities and any other desired information.

For further particulars address.

A. P. WILSON, Secretary.

Tillamook, Ore.

NOTICE—SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR TILLAMOOK COUNTY.

L. R. DAWSON, Plaintiff.

vs.

ALVIN PHELPS, Defendant.

To Alvin Phelps, the above named defendant: To Alvin Phelps, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of plaintiff filed against you in the above entitled case by the first day of the first regular term of the Circuit Court above named, commencing after six weeks, successive publication of this summons, to wit: the fourth Monday in August, 1891, or in default thereof you will take judgment against you for the sum of \$1,000.00 and accruing interest from Jan. 1, 1891, and in addition you will be liable for the cost of this action.

This summons being published by order of Hon. R. H. Boise Judge of said Court, dated May 14, 1891.

Claude Thayer and Silvestro Murphy & Brodie, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

BEATTY'S ORGANS—Are the best.

Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, New Jersey.

BEATTY'S PIANOS—In use everywhere.

Write for catalogue, Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, New Jersey.

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

The post-office at Tillamook will be open every day in the week from 8 o'clock A. M. to 2 o'clock P. M., and on Sunday from 1 to 2 P. M., and from 7 to 8 P. M. Money order and registered business closed at 5 o'clock P. M.

Sophia Severance, Post-mistress.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE TILLAMOOK HEADLIGHT, the only newspaper in Tillamook county.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, May 19, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on July 24, 1891, viz:

Homestead Entry No. 6921, for Lots 1, 2, and 3 of sec. 11, and a 1/4 of sec. 12, of T. 2 S. R. 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John Simmons, F. N. Simmons, Ed Sprague and Otto Wallner, all of Nestleton, Tillamook County, Oregon.

J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, May 19, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County at Tillamook, Oregon, on July 18, 1891, viz:

Homestead Entry No. 8821, for Lot 5 of sec. 28, T. 2 S. R. 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

J. V. Alderman, A. C. Gist, Frank Wildheart and John M. Kniford, all of Woods P. O. Tillamook County, Oregon.

J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, May 19, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County at Tillamook, Oregon, on July 5, 1891, viz:

Pre-emption D. S. No. 3508, for the 1/4 of sec. 14 and 1/4 of sec. 15 of T. 2 S. R. 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

E. M. Keys, M. A. Keys, Wm. Howell and G. A. Barton, all of Trask P. O., Tillamook County, Oregon.

J. T. Apperson, Register.

PETITION FOR LICENSE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will, at the next ensuing term of the County Court for Tillamook County, Oregon, to-wit: The eighth day of July, 1891, apply to said Court for a license to sell malt liquor in less quantities than one gallon, in the precinct of Garibaldi, in said County of Tillamook and State of Oregon, for a term of six months in accordance with the prayer of the annexed petition. Dated this 23rd day of May 1891.

THEODORE PARKS.

To the Honorable County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, sitting for the transaction of county business on the 8th day of July 1891.

We, your petitioners, respectfully represent to your honorable body that we are residents and legal voters within the Precinct of Garibaldi, Tillamook County, Oregon, do hereby petition your honorable body to grant a license to Theodore Parks, to sell malt liquor within the Precinct of Garibaldi, Tillamook County, Oregon, in less quantities than one gallon for the term of six months from the date of this application made to said Court. And this your petitioners will ever pray.

P. Byron, A. J. Sheppard, L. Smith, G. H. Hogenbohm, E. Carter, R. Hogenbohm, S. Johnson, Harvey Mitchell, F. Hefty, August Anderson, A. Ladika, P. C. Niebuhr, Peter Magnuson, J. P. Svenson, J. Paquet, John Kohde, John Nelson, John Patton, W. B. Alderman, Lem Nelson, Alfred Sundstrom, J. Johnson, John Thowell, Chas. Miller, C. B. Handley, C. Naged, Theodore Parks, G. Naged, Joseph Swaham, Gustave Trimmer, P. H. Hobson, Frank Crane, H. F. Crane, Frank Crane, John Longmire, Willie Longmire, Peter Nelson.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, May 27, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on July 24, 1891, viz:

Homestead Entry No. 6601, for the 1/4 of sec. 14, and 1/4 of sec. 15, of T. 2 S. R. 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Andrew Rhoades of Hembree, Tillamook Co., Oregon, Frederick Davis, David Davis and William Booth of Woods P. O., Tillamook Co., Oregon.

J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, May 27, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on July 24, 1891, viz:

Homestead Entry No. 5580, for the 1/4 of sec. 14, and 1/4 of sec. 15, of T. 2 S. R. 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Thomas Foster, Frank Foster, M. A. Bower and Frank Franklin, all of Fosters P. O., Tillamook County, Oregon.

J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, May 27, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on July 24, 1891, viz:

Pre-emption D. S. No. 3508, for the 1/4 of sec. 14, and 1/4 of sec. 15, of T. 2 S. R. 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

A. L. Whitton, I. McFee, J. P. Kane, and W. H. Hingdon, all of Tillamook P. O., Tillamook County, Oregon.

J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, May 28, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on July 24, 1891, viz:

Pre-emption D. S. No. 3508, for the 1/4 of sec. 14, and 1/4 of sec. 15, of T. 2 S. R. 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

J. D. Edwards, O. D. Boatman, E. R. Bates and S. B. Bates, all of Trask P. O., Tillamook County, Oregon.

J. T. Apperson, Register.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of July, 1891, I will as Sheriff of Tillamook County, Oregon, in obedience to an Execution and Order of Sale issued by the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Tillamook, in an action wherein the Trunk Lumber Co., are plaintiffs, and Vinton E. Beattie, are defendants, to-wit: The 1/4 of sec. 14, and 1/4 of sec. 15, of T. 2 S. R. 10 W., containing 160 acres, said land being to satisfy the sum of twenty dollars and fifty-three cents (\$25.53) and ninety-two cents (\$25.92) interest, and costs in said action, taxed at \$1.20, and accruing costs in said action. Dated this 2nd day of June, 1891.

SAM DOWNS, Sheriff.

By Thos. STEINLEBER, Deputy.

TILLAMOOK BOARD OF TRADE.

M. V. V. JOHNSON, PRESIDENT.

W. D. STILLWELL, VICE PRESIDENT.

GEORGE L. SMITH, SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

CLAUDE THAYER, CLERK.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE: L. H. BROWN, W. H. COOPER, J. T. APPERSON, J. T. APPERSON, J. T. APPERSON.

D. A. FINDLEY,
—DEALER IN—
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Dry Goods,
Hats & Caps,
Boots & Shoes.
Drugs and Medicines.
Woods, Oregon.

THE
ARCADE SALOON
—AND—
BILLIARD PARLORS.
Bowling Alley in Connection.
The best wines and liquors in the market.
Jons Davidson, Proprietor.
OLSEN'S BLOCK, TILLAMOOK, ORE.

N. P. ROBERTS
CONTRACTOR and BUILDER.
Wagon Shop in Connection.
Shop, Opposite G. A. R. Hall,
Tillamook, Oregon.
Miss L. J. RUGGLES Mrs. J. JOHNSON
Ruggles & Johnson,
MILLINERY
—AND—
DRESS-MAKING.
Hats, Dress Trimmings and a General
Assortment of Millinery Goods.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

I. F. LARSON,
BLACK-SMITH,
Wagon-making, Farming Imple-
ments and Mill Machinery Repaired,
and all kinds of wood-work and
general black-smithing done.
Horse-shoeing a Specialty.
TILLAMOOK, - OREGON.
TILLAMOOK—
LIVERY STABLE
First-class single and double
turnouts kept on hand.
Boarding and transient stock
carefully cared for.
JONES BROS.
Proprietors.
CENTRAL MARKET,
L. H. Brown, Prop.
The best of beef, veal, pork
and mutton on hand.
Eggs, butter, vegetables and chickens
bought and sold.
Satisfaction guaranteed to every one.
Shop opposite the Grand Central.
L. H. Brown.

SAVE THE TIME
IT REQUIRES TO WRITE THE NEWS
TO YOUR EARTHEN FRIENDS
BY SENDING THEM
THE HEADLIGHT FOR A YEAR.

F. L. Posson & Son,
General Agts. for D. M. Ferry & Co's
SEEDS
Garden Seed.
Grass, Clover and all kinds of
SEEDS
Trees, Bulbs, Fertilizers, etc.
Bee Keepers' Supplies.
We want you for a customer. Give us
a trial order.
F. L. Posson & Son,

Prince Bartlett

Will make the season
of 1891 at Jones Bros' lively
stable in Tillamook.

DESCRIPTION.

PRINCE BARTLETT is a three-quarter
Norman and one-quarter Morgan.
Was fired by the celebrated imported
stallion, Gambetta; dam, Nellie, was
sired by a Norman horse and a full-blood
Morgan mare.

TERMS.

For single service, \$10, with privilege
of season for \$15. Insurance \$20. Two
or more mares at a liberal discount.
Two-thirds of service price will be re-
ceived in farm produce.
For single service money is due at the
time of service.

PREMIUMS.

For the best colt \$30; for second best
\$20. Will buy colt for \$75 or \$50 for
second best. To be judged by disinter-
ested parties.

JONES BROS

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, May
28, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the fol-
lowing named settler has filed notice of his in-
tention to make final proof in support of his claim,
and that said proof will be made before the
County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook,
Oregon, on July 24, 1891, viz:

Homestead Entry No. 8821 for the 1/4 of sec.
25, T. 2 S. R. 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his
continuous residence upon and cultivation of,
said land, viz:

Ward, G. A. Barton, Wm. Thornton and Wm
Carver, all of Trask P. O., Tillamook County,
Oregon.

J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, May
28, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the fol-
lowing named settler has filed notice of his in-
tention to make final proof in support of his claim,
and that said proof will be made before the
County Clerk of Tillamook County at Tillamook,
Oregon, on July 24, 1891, viz:

Homestead Entry No. 7928 for the 1/4 of sec. 14
and 1/4 of sec. 15 of T. 2 S. R. 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his
continuous residence upon and cultivation of
said land, viz:

H. D. Bush, W. B. Smith and W. D. Hingworth
of Tillamook, Tillamook County, Oregon, R. Jack-
son of Nestleton, Tillamook Co., Oregon.

J. T. Apperson, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE
FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Ore-
gon. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act
of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for
the sale of timber lands in the State of California,
Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"

Fred R. Beals,
of Tillamook, County of Tillamook, State of
Oregon, has this day filed in this office his
statement No. 245, for the purchase of the
1/4 of sec. 14, and 1/4 of sec. 15, of T. 2 S. R. 10 W.,
and with offer of proof to show that the land is
valuable for its timber or stone or for agricultural
purposes, and to establish his claim to said
land before the County Clerk and Receiver of this
office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday the
15th day of August, 1891. He names as witnesses:
John Edwards of Trask, Oregon, and Geo. Frazer,
Geo. Pettit and C. Thayer, of Tillamook, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the
above-described lands are requested to file their
claims in this office on or before said 15th day of
August 1891.

J. T. Apperson, Register.

TILLAMOOK LAUNDRY

Washing gathered and delivered every
week. Work done on short notice when desired.
Starched shirts each after June 1st.
Suits cleaned to order.
LESTER HART, - PROPRIETOR.

LOUIS ROSSELET,
TAILOR,
Goods suited made to order.
Cleaning and Repairing a Specialty.
SHOP IN CLAUDE THAYER HOUSE, WEST END.

COMMERCIAL
FOUNTAIN PEN
Only 25cts. Post-paid.
The only cheap, reliable Fountain Pen
made. Simple, durable, and everyone
warranted.
Address the manufacturer,
Springville, Pa.

DR. HARTER'S
LIVER TONIC
THE ONLY TRUE
LADIES
Will Purify the Blood, regulate the
Liver and Kidneys and restore the
faded complexion. It is the only
remedy for all diseases of the
Liver and Kidneys, and for all
diseases of the Blood, and for all
diseases of the Skin, and for all
diseases of the Head, and for all
diseases of the Stomach, and for all
diseases of the Bowels, and for all
diseases of the Urinary Organs, and
for all diseases of the Female
Organs. It is the only remedy
that will cure all these diseases,
and it is the only remedy that
will improve the complexion, and
give the system a healthy and
vigorous tone. It is the only
remedy that will cure all these
diseases, and it is the only
remedy that will improve the
complexion, and give the system
a healthy and vigorous tone.
DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

FOR MEN ONLY
VIGOR FOR LOST OR PALE MEN
SPECIAL
Weakness of Body and Mind,
Loss of Energy, Nervousness,
Headache, Sleeplessness, and
all the symptoms of a debilitated
system, are cured by Dr. Harter's
Liver Tonic. It is the only
remedy that will cure all these
diseases, and it is the only
remedy that will improve the
complexion, and give the system
a healthy and vigorous tone.
DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.