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WHEN MY DREAM COMES ON.

Oh, when my dream comes on I hear
Voices of master singers fill
The hollow heaven and flood the sphere,
And hold the wild sea still.
Some spotless hero riding down,
To do or die at battle dawn,
Clothes me in honor and renown
Like Bayard's, when my dream comes on.

My dream comes on, and lo! the scope
Of life expands and brims all space
With truth, with freedom's hope,
And measureless sweetness of God's grace;
All hate goes out, all love comes in,
All cowardice and fear are gone;
There is no room for fault or sin,
Or sorrow, when my dream comes on.

My dream comes on and fills my soul
With visions like the sky and sea;
Aloft, on highest heights, the goal
Is set to mark my destiny.
My destiny is freedom's own,
My life to amplier life is drawn,
To love's ideal stature grown
I triumph when my dream comes on.

My dream comes on; ah, let me dream,
Let no rude sound my vision break,
Until the morn begins to gleam,
And all the future's song birds wake;
For I am happy while I keep
This sense of lapsing into dawn
On some sweet current, swift and deep
And odorous, when my dream comes on!
—Maurice Thompson in Pittsburg Bulletin.

Why It Is Twelfth Day.

Tradition says that the twelfth day from Christmas day was remarkable for having been that upon which the visit of the Magi took place, upon which Christ was baptized, the water at Cana turned into wine and the five thousand fed. For 800 years it was kept by eastern Christians as the day upon which Christ was born, and among ourselves it was long observed with great festivities. We are told that in the reign of King Alfred a law was passed "by virtue of which the twelve days after the nativity of our Saviour were made festivals."

The last day was accounted the greatest of the twelve, and especially given up to "Christmas gambols" and the visiting of friends. The custom seems long to have continued in force, for in the Sixteenth century Twelfth day seems to have been kept with as much zeal as Christmas. The royal family at court led the way, the universities and the inns of court following them in the extent of their festivities. At the temple the whole twelve days were kept with great care, and many of the country gentlemen followed the same custom. In some parts of England the very poorest people contrived to keep the twelve days with such good cheer for themselves and their neighbors as their means would allow.—Exchange.

The Holyoke Lawyer and His Son.

Going to Springfield the other day there was seated in the car one of Holyoke's legal lights, accompanied by his wife and his 6-year-old son and heir, whose sole ambition in life at present is to learn to whistle. The windows were open, and the boy had been holding on to his hat with one hand for fear it would blow away. The conductor coming in slammed the door, and for an instant the boy let go his hat. His father reached round through the window and whisked it off his head. The boy was disconsolate. "Look straight ahead and whistle for it and it will come back," said his father.

"I can't whistle. I'm too mad."

"Well, then, I'll try," and the dignified lawyer whistled a few bars of "Annie Rooney," and shortly afterward placed the hat on the boy's head, whose tears were now turned to smiles. Then he stood up in the seat, and snatching his father's new $8 tile from his head deliberately threw it out of the car window, saying, "Whistle for it again, papa."—Northampton (Mass.) Journal.

A Hotel Waiter Who Owns Horses.

A wealthy waiter is Samuel Rocke, who may be seen any day in the dining room of the Brunswick. He is worth over $40,000, and all through following a few words of advice that Jay Gould gave him. He owns a large flat house in 110th street, and Waiter Rocke in the Brunswick dining room and Mr. Rocke outside are two different men. He is a great admirer of trotting horses, and is often seen on the road holding the ribbons over a fast flyer. Sometimes people look at him as he whirls by and wonder where they have seen him before. Two of his sons are students in Harvard college, and his daughter is taking a musical course in Paris.—New York Telegram.

[illegible]een Haired Men in Nevada.

[illegible] is a curious effect wrought on the hair and beard of men engaged in the Martin White mine at Ward. The ore is roasted, but no disagreeable perfumes ari[illegible] from the heating process. [illegible] some unknown substance [illegible] the hair, beard and eye[illegible] as grass. The hair is not [illegible] retains its softness and gloss. It is probable that the fumes of the green tint of copper contained in the ore change the hair to that color.—Virginia City Chronicle.

An Independent Young King.

Alphonso XIII of Spain if he were old enough to talk plainly would probably formulate the traditional Spanish opinion that the king can do no wrong. It is related of him that he was eating his luncheon of chicken as it was Queen Elizabeth's habit to eat hers, when his attendant said reprovingly, "Sire, kings do not eat with their fingers;" to which the baby tranquilly responded, "This king does," and went on undisturbed.—Exchange.

Feminine Nature.

[illegible]n—Mother, does a girl mean [illegible]ge or discourage a man when [illegible]

Mother—My son, there is no need of going into details. When a girl starts out either to encourage or discourage a man the man never has any doubt about what she means.—Good News.

He Was Prejudiced.

Traveler (to new acquaintance)—Does it not sadden you to see a boy like that smoking the pernicious and enervating cigarette?

New Acquaintance—Well, I can't say it does. You see, I manufacture them.—Puck.

The Steel Maiden.

Nuremberg, "the cradle of invention," the birthplace of the watch and many other useful mechanical devices, was not alone the home of that which most is useful and helpful to mankind. Among some of her achievements are the most horrible instruments of torture ever used by the inquisitors of the Middle Ages, chief among which might be mentioned the "steel maiden." The maiden is now kept in one of the upper rooms of the town hall and shown to visitors as a curiosity.

At first sight one is apt to take it for a gigantic statue of a woman, clumsily hewn out of wood. Closer investigation discovers two doors, one swinging to the right and the other to the left. These open noiselessly and reveal the fact that the statue is hollow, the cavity being about the exact size of the average man.

Inside are straps by which the offender was bound so tightly that he could not move limb or muscle. Both of the doors are lined with long, sharp steel spikes, strong and thick. When the victim was firmly secured the door on the left was slowly but firmly shut, the long spikes going into his body, two being so arranged as to pierce his eyes.

Then the door on the right was closed in a similar manner, whereupon he would receive another complement of spikes, the closing of the door, as before, being done very slowly that the torture of the person in the embrace of the "maiden" might be as prolonged as possible. Death did not come until the last spike was driven through a hole in the door into the heart of the victim. Taken from the "maiden's" embrace he was ground to mince meat and thrown into the river as food for the fishes.—St. Louis Republic.

Hints for Vegetarians.

We were talking about good dinners at the club one night, and one of the party regaled us with a story about an elaborate meal he had had at the home of a vegetarian. Then the doctor broke in and said:

"It is all very well for vegetarians to claim that their diet is more cleanly, more refined, more economical and more healthful than ours, but you will find that very few of them thrive on it. In fact, obesity and diabetes can be traced directly to living on potatoes and cereals, which are the unsuspected cause of much of the illness of modern life. Brown bread sets up an inflammation of the intestines, and, if constantly eaten, slowly produces a permanent derangement of digestion.

Hominy and cracked wheat—mainstays of vegetarian diet—cause a strain upon the vital powers, ending at times in the breaking down of the nervous system. Cereals are laden with earthy matter which finally stiffens the joints. In fact, a proper diet would include these articles in comparatively small proportions, but meat and fruit in abundance."

This is the opinion of one physician, there may be others who would tell you something entirely different. You pay your money and you take your choice.—New York Telegram.

The Jolly Man.

Long life to the jolly man. Wherever he goes there flits a breeze or sparkles a sunbeam, or, behold! the refreshment of a shower that turns the withered commonplace of life green as an April meadow. I have no patience with that etiquette that forbids hearty laughter. As well reprove a lark for singing when the sun is rising. I have no patience, either, with the crackle of thorny laughter under the bubbling pot of meaningless mirth; but downright, contagious hilarity, with its quick peal of laughter bells—give us plenty of that to keep our hearts in tuneful harmony.

Did you ever hear of a villain who was full of the appreciation of humor, or quickly moved to laughter? Bad men may show their teeth, like Carker, or contort their faces into meaningless smiles, but their merriment is as different from the jocund laughter of good men as the call of a night bird differs from a bobolink's sunlit spray of morning melody.—Chicago Herald.

Skin Grafting on a Foot.

The delicate operation of skin grafting was performed in St. Mary's hospital at Astoria. The patient was Ole Anderson, who had his left foot badly crushed at the jetty. The skin from the ankle down the side of the foot for the space of four or five inches square was torn off and the flesh left exposed. From the leg of Anderson several strips were taken, but not enough to cover the space necessary.

Another patient offered to lend Anderson a little section of his cuticle. The offer was accepted and from the patient's arm enough was taken to complete the operation, and four out of the six new pieces are growing nicely, and in a short time Anderson will have a skin all over his injured foot.—Portland Oregonian.

Handling Molten Metal.

In a car wheel foundry in Detroit a very ingenious system for handling the molten metal from the cupolas to the flasks, and carrying the wheels to and from the soaking pits, has been introduced. The work is done by machinery entirely, a series of overhead trolleys moved by a wire rope connection carrying the ladles, flasks and wheels. The foundry has a capacity of 400 car wheels per day, and about 130 tons of metal can be handled in six hours by the new system.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A Leg Worth $20,000.

In a case brought against the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad, where a little girl had her foot caught in the track at the crossing between the track and a board laid next to the rail for foot passengers and wagons, so that a passing train caught her and took off her leg, a verdict of $20,000 was affirmed by the Court of Appeals.—Interview in New York Sun.

Sound Advice.

Youngblood—I made four thousand on that rise today. How shall I invest it?

Abovepar—In a check for to-morrow's [illegible]

The Darky of the Rice Fields.

It is of the rice fields of the tide lands of the Georgia and Carolina coast, and of the adjacent islands, that we would speak. To those who have never been among them these rice plantations would afford much that is both novel and interesting. This evergreen region, where the plaintive notes of the whippoorwill and song of the sweet throated mocking bird float up through the moss covered trees, and negroes, fever and ague, rice birds and alligators abound, would indeed seem to be a new world to our northern brethren, and the picturesque effects charm the eye of the stranger artist.

The rice field darky is himself a distinct type, totally different in both aspect and dialect from the negroes of the interior; and a not uninteresting sight is the force, as with shout and song they take their way along the embankment to the rice field. Their ancestors for generations back, or as they would tell you, "mi farrar an' mi granfarrar," have lived and labored in these malarial regions, and they accept chill and fever and other infelicities incident to these localities as unavoidable evils, plodding on with no higher aim nor hope, careless for the future and not over anxious for the present.

The cost of living is small, as not many nor very warm garments are considered necessary, and the rice field darky's ideas of a wardrobe are extremely limited, from both blissful ignorance and choice. Fish and game are plentiful, and in these regions a heavy diet is to be indulged in only at great risk.—L. W. Robarts in Popular Science.

Safe Experts.

In Cincinnati there is a man by the name of John Henry Williams, and this secluded individual sports the reputation of being "the best safe expert in the country." If one should watch him as he gracefully balances a billiard cue preparatory to making a hard shot, surrounded by the elite of social lions with eagles eyes, he would little think that this white knuckled gentleman is a man who handled iron and steel for a livelihood.

But it is so, and there is perhaps no other man in the world who can judge of the workmanship of a cracksman better than he. Almost instantly after viewing a "cracked" safe he can tell by whom the work has been done. He has been engaged in this business for many years, and quite successfully.

"Yes, the man who knows the inside and outside of a safe," said he to a reporter, "has about as much as he can do following up successful and unsuccessful attempts to "crack" them by professional burglars, for no occurrence of this kind takes place without the police sending for experts to make an examination.

"Indeed, the statements which appear in the newspapers," he continued, "after an attack on a vault or safe are always given by one of our men. The police get the credit for such discoveries, but we are content with our remuneration."—Exchange.

A Deaf Cat in High Life.

Snowball is one of the best known Angoras in the city, and although she is but 4 years of age she is the mother of seventeen kittens, every one of which has been of spotless whiteness. She weighs twelve pounds and has a tail that waves in the air like an immense banner. Her eyes are sky blue and she never heard a sound in her life. She has been thoroughly trained and knows many very amusing tricks, among which is that of fetching the ball when thrown by her mistress. She performs this with all the fidelity of a well trained retriever, and her ability as a catcher would make Buck Ewing green with envy. Her marked peculiarities are her grace and gentleness and her habit of playing with shadows.

A moving object has no attractions for her, but if a shadow is thrown upon the floor and moved rapidly about Snowball will chase it for hours with a grace and elegance of movement that would eclipse those of the finest ladies in the land. Notwithstanding her fastidiousness in other respects Snowball's appetite is gross, and she prefers raw liver to any other article of diet.—New York World.

Nails in His Brain.

At Eastbourne, England, a tradesman named Thomas Wickens was charged with attempting to commit suicide by driving four long nails into his head. Dr. McQueen produced four nails which he had with difficulty withdrawn from the head of Wickens. These nails had penetrated three inches and gone through the brain, but, to the surprise of the medical staff at the Memorial hospital, Wickens had fully recovered. Wickens said he drove the nails into his head in succession with a hammer, and that he had felt better in his head since the occurrence. He is now sane and able to resume business, and medically is regarded as the most wonderful case on record. The magistrate ordered him to be discharged.—London Tit-Bits.

Of Long Standing.

The fashion of telling the history of a thing, whether or not the occasion requires its telling, is a very common one with orators and writers who do not know exactly how else to spin their yarns.

A certain worthy merchant was once quite unexpectedly called upon to preside at a banquet. He wanted to say something in opening the "post-prandial exercises" which would be graceful and sound well, and so he began in the following words:

"Gentlemen: The practice of eating meals—ahem!—as we have reason to believe, dates back—oohoo!—to the most remote antiquity!"—Youth's Companion.

This is Nym Crinkle's clever and just estimate of Boucicault: "He was not a maker, but he was such a fashioner that genius itself looked on with wonder at his talent, and as the man who digs the trench that brings the water to the thirsty camp is better than the chemist who can make oxygen and hydrogen unite let us believe that the world is less arid than it would have been if Dion Boucicault had not lived."

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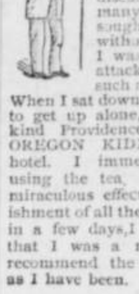
THE CRY OF MILLIONS!

OH, MY BACK!

STOP IT NOW,

SOON IT WILL BE TOO LATE.



I have been troubled many years with disease of the kidneys and have tried many different remedies and have sought aid from different physicians without relief. About the 15th of April I was suffering from a very violent attack that almost prostrated me in such a manner that I was bent over. When I sat down it was almost impossible for me to get up alone, or to put on my clothes, when kind Providence sent Dr. Henley, with the OREGON KIDNEY TEA, to my hotel. I immediately commenced using the tea. It had an almost miraculous effect, and to the astonishment of all the guests at the hotel, in a few days, I am happy to state, that I was a new man. I will recommend the tea to all afflicted as I have been.

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" Eastern		
LARD, Oregon	9½	10
" Eastern	8½	10½
BACON—Clear Sides	9	9½
" Hams	12½	12½
" Shoulders	8	8½
FLOUR—Willamette	3 70	3 80
" Country Brands	3 65	
" Eastern Oregon	3 85	3 65

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

The post-office at Tillamook will be open every day in the week from 8 o'clock A. M., to 9 o'clock P. M., and on Sunday from 1 to 2 P. M., and from 4 to 5 P. M. Mails close at 45 minutes past 7 P. M. Money order and registered business close at 5 o'clock P. M.

Sophia Severance, Post-mistress.

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Judge's LIBRARY Number 22

LOW LIFE

mook, Oregon, on February 11, 1891, viz:
Friedrich Kebbe,
Pre-emption, D. S. No. 6012, for the s e ¼ of n w ¼, s w ¼ of n e ¼ and w ½ of s e ¼ of sec. 25, tp. 3 n, r 10 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:
Herman Schollmeyer, William Toehl, Fred Zaddach and H. H. Tubbesing, all of Nehalem, Tillamook Co., Oregon.
30-35 J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land office at Oregon City, Oregon, Dec. 6, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on February 7, 1891, viz:
N. G. Boquist,
Pre-Emption D. S. No. 7061 for the e ½ of n w ¼ and n ½ of n e ¼ of sec 17, tp. 1 s, r 9 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:
John Svenson, Alof Sundine, Alof Gulstram and Carl Albin Svenson, all of Tillamook, Tillamook County, Ore.
22-34 J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Ore., Dec. 6, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on February 9, 1891, viz:
S. P. Hasselborg,
Pre-emption D. S. No. 6652, for the n e ¼ of n w ¼, n ½ of n e ¼ of sec. 22, and n w ¼ of n e ¼ of sec. 23, tp. 2 s, r 9 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:
Paul Erickson, D. B. Quick, J. B. Norberj and Kaspar Schlappi, all of Nestocton, Tillamook County, Ore.
29-34 J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, Dec. 6, 1890. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said Proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on February, 7, 1891, viz:
John C. Herrington,
Homestead Entry No. 7650 for the e ½ of n e ¼ of sec. 9 and n ½ of n w ¼, of sec. 10, tp, 1 n, r 7 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, under sec. 2301, R. S., viz:
D. W. Jones, J. Jones, Frank Severance and W. B. Smith, all of Tillamook, Tillamook Co., Oregon.
29-34 J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, Nov 14, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on February 14, 1891, viz:
Fred Marolf,
Pre-emption D. S. No. 7262 for the s e ¼ of n w ¼, e ½ of s w ¼ and n w ¼ of s w ¼ of sec. 35, tp. 2 s, r 10 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:
J. Blum, Edward Blum, H. D. Shackleford and John Bumgarner, all of Nestocton, Tillamook Co., Oregon.
29-34 J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, Jan. 5, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, on February 28, 1891, viz:
William W. Couder,
Pre-emption D. S. No. 7306, for the n ½ of s w ¼ and s e ¼ of n w ¼ and n w ¼ of s e ¼ of sec. 12, tp 4 s, r 10 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
G. W. Bodyfelt, George Kellow, W A Graves and I. Jensen, all of Hebo, Tillamook county, Oregon.
35-38 J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, Jan. 7, 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County, at Tillamook, Oregon, on March 2, 1891, viz;
William Steinmetz,
Pre-emption D. S. No. 7152, for the s e ¼ of sec. 26, tp. 2 s, r 10 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:
H D Shackleford, J Blum, and C C Roy of Nestockton, and Benjamin Perry, of Tillamook, all of Tillamook County, Oregon.
33-38 J. T. Apperson, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, Jan. 1891.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Tillamook County at Tillamook, Oregon, on February 28, 1891, viz:
Carl C. Hunt,
Pre-emption D. S. No. 5899, for the n ½ of s w ¼ and s e ¼ of s w ¼ and s w ¼ of s e ¼, of sec. 4, tp 1 n, r 7 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
W J Smith, Henry Leach, John Herrington, and John Williams, all of Tillamook, Tillamook County Oregon.
33-38 J. T. Apperson, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, Dec 6, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,"
Homer L. Provost,
of Portland, County of Multnomah, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2369, for the purchase of the s w ¼ of n e ¼, n w ¼ of s e ¼, and n ½ of s w ¼, sec 17, tp 1 s, r 8 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 7th day of April, 1891.
He names as witnesses:
Henry Roberts, and C. Tilden, of Tillamook, and W S Cone and A M Hare, of Bay City, all of Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office or before said 7th day of April, 1891.
34-43 J. T. Apperson, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, Dec. 9, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"
Clarence Tilden,
of Tillamook, County of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2383, for the purchase of the Lots 1 and 2 in sec. 3, tp. 3 s., and s ¼ of s e ¼ of sec 34, tp 2 s, r 10 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Friday the 10th day of April, 1891. He names as witnesses: Asel M Hare, Arch Provost, and Geo. Means, of Tillamook, and H L Provost of Portland, all of Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 10th day of April 1891.
34-43 J. T. Apperson, Register.

PATENTS.

CAVEATS and RE-ISSUES secured, TRADE-MARKS registered, and all other patent causes in the Patent office and before the Courts promptly and carefully prosecuted.

Upon receipt of MODEL or SKETCH of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability FREE OF CHARGE.

With my offices DIRECTLY ACROSS FROM THE PATENT OFFICE, and being in personal attendance there, it is apparent that I have superior facilities for making prompt preliminary searches, for the more vigorous and successful prosecution of applications for patent, and for attending to all business entrusted to my care, in the shortest possible time.

FEES MODERATE, and EXCLUSIVE ATTENTION GIVEN TO PATENT BUSINESS. Information, advice and special references sent on request.

J. R. LITTELL,
SOLICITOR AND ATTORNEY IN PATENT CAUSES,
Washington, D.C.
Opposite U. S. Patent Office.
(Mention this paper.)

gon, on February 10, 18[illegible] viz:
James C. [illegible]
Homestead Entry No. [illegible] for the s ½ of n w ¼, n w ¼ of s w ¼ and s w ¼ of n e ¼, sec. [illegible], tp. [illegible] s, r 8 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:
S. D. Jones, William Thacker, L. S. Johnson and C. H. Jones, all of Beaver, Tillamook Co., Oregon.
30-35 J. T. Apperson, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, Nov. 6, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,"
Vinton S. Rice,
of Tillamook, County of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No 2350, for the purchase of the n ½ of s e ¼, s w ¼ of n e ¼, and s e ¼ of n w ¼ of section 5, township 2 s, r 8 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 24th day of March, 1891.
He names as witnesses:
Daniel A. Robey, John D. Edwards, George M. Runyon, of Tillamook P. O., Tillamook County, Oregon, and Robert Morris, of Bay City, Tillamook County Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day March, 1891.
28-37 J. T. Apperson, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, Oct. 15, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"
Hiram S. Naylor,
of Forest Grove, County of Washington, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2321, for the purchase of the n w ¼ of section 21, township 1 n, range 8 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Thursday the 5th day of March, 1891.
He names as witnesses:
L. Geiger, R. W. Robbins, E. Nayler and H Robbins, all of Forest Grove, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 5th day of March, 1891.
28-37 J. T. Apperson, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, Nov. 12, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,"
William T. Harris,
of Tillamook, County of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2352, for the purchase of the s ½ of s e ¼, n w ¼ of s e ¼ and n e ¼ of s w ¼ of sec. No. 19, tp. 3 n, r 9 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and, Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 24th day of March, 1891. He names as witnesses:
W. S. Cone, of Bay City, Oregon, A. M. Hare, of Bay City, Oregon, T. Stackman, of Tillamook, Oregon, H. Roberts, of Tillamook, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day of March, 1891.
28-37 J. T. Apperson Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, October 17, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,"
Fannie Curtis,
of Clackamas, County of Clackamas, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 2325, for the purchase of the s e ¼ of section 17, in township 1 north, range 8 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Friday, the 6th day of March, 1891.
She names as witnesses:
L. M. Shellaberger, of Portland, Oregon, M. Pie, of Tillamook, Oregon, Riley Peters, of Tillamook, Oregon, W. S. Cone, of Bay City, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 6th day of March, 1891.
28-37 J. T. Apperson, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, Nov. 7th, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,"
William C. Marsh,
of Bay City, County of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2351, for the purchase of the w ½ of n e ¼ and w ½ of s e ¼ of sec. 14, tp. 2 s, r 8 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 24th day of March, 1891.
He names as witnesses.
A. M. Hare, of Bay City, Oregon, W. S. Cone, of Bay City, Oregon, H. Roberts, of Tillamook, Oregon, John Edwards, of Tillamook, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day of March, 1891.
28-37 J. T. Apperson, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, July 12, 1889.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,"
Annie Pike,
of Zena, County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 2319, for the purchase of the s w ¼ of n w ¼, n w ¼ of s w ¼ and lots 3 and 4 of section 4, in township 1 north, range 9 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 4th day of March, 1891.
She names as witnesses:
Henry Roberts, W. S. Cone, W. T Baxter, Sarah Baxter, all of Kilchis, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 4th day of March, 1891.
28-37 J. T. Apperson, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, Dec 11, 1890.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,"
Ernst Wyss,
of Tillamook, County of Tillamook, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 728, for the purchase of the w ½ of s e ¼ and lots 3 and 4 of sec. 12, in township 1 north, range 7 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 24th day of March 1891. He names as witnesses:
W J Smith, J C Herrington, W. S. Cone, Ben Smith, all of Tillamook, Tillamook County, Ore.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day of March 1891.
29-38 J. T. Apperson, Register.

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned administratrix of the estate of Amanda Kimball, deceased, will under and by virtue of an order of the county court of Marion County, State of Oregon, made and entered of record on the 3rd day of November, 1890, sell at public auction at the door of the county court house, in the county of Tillamook, in the State of Oregon, on Saturday, the 31st day of January, 1891, at one o'clock P. M., of said day, to the highest bidder for U. S gold coin, to be paid at the time of sale, the following described real property and premises, belonging to the estate of said decendent, to-wit The w ½ of s w ¼ of sec. 10, in tp. 5 s, r 10 w, and the e ½ of the s e ¼ of sec. 24, in tp. 5 s, r 11 w, of the Willamette Meridian, in Tillamook county, and State of Oregon, containing 153⅓ acres of land, more or less.

Leona M. Hellenbrand,
Administratrix of the estate of Amanda Kimball, deceased.

SAVE THE [illegible] IT [illegible] TO WRITE THE NEWS TO YOUR EASTERN FRIENDS BY SENDING THEM THE HEADLIGHT FOR A YEAR.