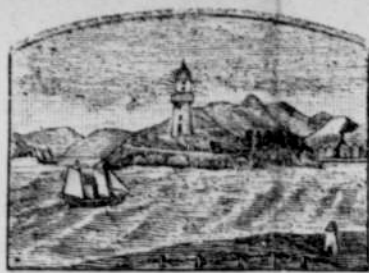


THE RESOURCES OF TILLAMOOK

Are unexcelled for lumbering, stock-raising, dairying, general farming, fruit-raising, fishing and bee-keeping. The farmers are getting rich and business flourishing.

Tillamook



Headlight.

THE HEADLIGHT

CONTAINS NO

Dead "Ads", has no dead-head subscribers and is conducted on business principles. Our subscription list is bona-fide and we get good pay for all our advertisements.

Vol. III, No. 26.

TILLAMOOK, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1890.

\$1.50 Per Year.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

H. V. JOHNSON, M. D.

Office on next door to Temperance Parlors.
Tillamook, Oregon.

DR. W. A. WISE,

DENTIST.

Teeth extracted quickly and without pain. New sets of teeth made and guaranteed.

ALBINA OREGON.

E. E. SELPH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office in Post-office building.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

T. MAULSBY,
Attorney-at-Law.

Notary Public and Real Estate Conveyancer.

A. W. SEVERANCE,
DEPUTY-DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
3rd Judicial District, for Tillamook County
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

CLAUDE THAYER,

Attorney-at-Law.
is associated with McCain & Hurley in
Circuit and Supreme Court business
for Tillamook county.

W. T. BURNEY, L. T. BARIN, J. W. DRAPER
BURNIE, BARIN & DRAPER,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
OREGON CITY, OREGON.
Twelve years experience as Register of the
U. S. LAND OFFICE here, recommends us in our
specialty of business before the LAND OFFICE
or the Courts and involving the practice in the
GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

J. B. BROCKENBROUGH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
(Late Special Agent of the General Land Office)
OREGON CITY, OREGON.
Homesteads, Pre-Emptions, and Timber
Land Applications, a Specialty.
OFFICE: 2nd Floor LAND OFFICE BUILDING.

MISCELLANEOUS.

G. & E. THAYER,

BANKERS.

General Banking and Exchange business.
Interest paid on time deposits.
Exchange on England, Belgium, Germany,
Sweden and all foreign countries.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

E. WEST
Painting, Paperhanging, Signwriting and
Graining done with neatness.
Decorating a specialty.
Orders left at the post office, Tillamook.

ACRE TRACTS
AND
TOWN LOTS

For sale at reasonable prices and on
favorable terms. Location, best in the
town of Tillamook.

WM. D. STILLWELL.

TILLAMOOK LAUNDRY

Washing gathered and delivered every
week. Family washing and ironing, a spec-
ialty. Work done on short notice when desired.
Suits cleaned to order.
LESTER HART, PROPRIETOR.

From TILLAMOOK To
GARIBALDI

AND ALL WAY POINTS
I am running a first class A. No. 1 sail boat from
GARIBALDI to TILLAMOOK and all way points.
Call on JAMES A. RICHARDSON, Tillamook.

AMERICAN PORTRAIT CO.

Otto Heins, Manager.

ARTISTIC PHOTOGRAPHERS

GOOD WORK at the LOWEST LIVING RATES.

Copying and Enlarging in Oil, Pastel,
Crayon India Ink and Water Colors, a
specialty. Call and examine our work
STUDIO NEAR G. A. R. HALL.

TILLAMOOK, OREGON

THE RACKET STORE

WILL SOON RECEIVE A
MAMMOTH STOCK

OF NEW GOODS,
And always keep on hand
a full line of
Groceries, Crockery,
Glassware, School Books, Stationery,
Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Notions.
A Fine Line Of Dry Goods.
Edmunds & Donaldson,
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

JAMES A. RICHARDSON, PROP.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.
BEST ACCOMMODATIONS IN THE CITY.
TERMS: \$1.00 A DAY.
This House is First-class in every Respect.
FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP CONNECTED.

Johnson & Severance,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES.
TOILET ARTICLES AND DRUGGIST NOTIONS.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT
Of all goods usually kept in a well ap-
pointed Drug store constantly
on hand.

Prescriptions Compounded.

Anything they have not in stock will be supplied on
short notice, arrangements having been made
to that effect.

Next door to the Temperance Parlor.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

TRUCKEE LUMBER COMPANY.
(OF SAN FRANCISCO.)
DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,
Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps
and Notions. Groceries, Crockery and
Queensware. Doors, Windows
Lime, Hair and Cement.
Hardware and
Nails.

Special Attention Given to Filling Orders for Goods in
Jobbing Lots.

THEY have just received an immense stock of general
merchandise which they are selling at prices never be-
fore quoted in this part of the country.

FOR INSTANCE:
BEST BRANDS CALIFORNIA FLOUR - \$5.00 per bbl.
" " DRY GRANULATED SUGAR (by the bbl.) 6 cts. per lb.

Agents for the
STEAMER TRUCKEE
TILLAMOOK, SAN FRANCISCO AND WAY PORTS.

Makes regular trips about every two weeks, the weather permitting.
The fast sailing Steamer TRUCKEE has been specially fitted up for carrying pas-
sengers. Following are the rates:

CABIN PASSAGE - \$15. ROUND TRIP, - \$20.
STEERAGE - \$0. \$4 per ton.

Freight, (General Merchandise)
For further information apply to
J. E. SIBLEY, MANAGER.

Hobsonville : : : : Oregon.

Temperance Parlor,

Arthur Stillwell, prop.
KEEP ON HAND:
Cigars and
Tobacco.
Fine
Huts and
Pool
Candy,
table
Cutlery,
Soda, Etc.
Fresh Fruits and Berries in season.

Shooting-Gallery
in connection.
TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

Grand Central
Billiard Parlors,
Tillamook, Oregon.

C. B. HADLEY, Proprietor.

Having just finished the
Most - Commodious
Rooms this side of Portland and
Furnished it with two of the
Finest Billiard and Pool Tables
in the Market.
am prepared to entertain my friends in right
ROYAL STYLE.
Call and see me when in the city. I have, also
one of the best
PUBLIC HALLS
In the Northwest for public entertainment.

THE
ARCADE SALOON
AND
BILLIARD PARLORS.

Bowling Alley in Connection.

The best wines and liquors in the market.

Jons Davidson, Proprietor.
OLSEN'S BLOCK, TILLAMOOK, ORE.

E. B. JACOBY. THEO. JACOBY.
JACOBY BROS.,
DEALERS IN

Furniture,

AND
Upholstering

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Executed.
Prices the Lowest.

BAY CITY, OREGON.

N. P. ROBERTS,
CONTRACTOR and BUILDER.

Wagon Shop in Connection.

Shop, Opposite G. A. R. Hall,
Tillamook, Oregon.

A. G. Reynolds,
PHOTOGRAPHER.

CABINETS \$3. per doz.

ALL OTHER WORK AT COR-
RESPONDINGLY LOW
RATES.

CALL AND INSPECT MY WORK
Views of Tillamook and vicinity for sale.
All work guaranteed first class
in every respect.

GALLERY One door south of
Letcher's Jewelry Store

TILLAMOOK, OREGON.

FROM WASHINGTON.

DOINGS OF OUR LAW-MAKERS.

An Interesting Budget of News from The
National Capital. - Pertinent
Comment.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 21, 1890.

To-morrow the board appointed
to select the officers for the new
Signal Corps of the Army will
meet for business for the first step
toward the transfer of the business
of weather prognostication from
the War Department to the peace-
ful Department of Agriculture will
have been taken. Under the Act
passed last September this divorce
of the Weather Bureau from the
Signal Corps of the Army is to
take place the first of next July.

Apropos of the coming change a
brief history of the Signal Service
of the United States is not un-
interesting. It had its origin in the
proper and natural business of
military signalling in the early
days of the war, the corps being
organized in 1861. It was, in time
of war, of great importance that
information or orders should be
rapidly communicated from point
to point more quickly than was
possible by messengers. To do
this work the signal corps was or-
ganized. At first this was done
by an arbitrary system of motions
made with long-handled flags,
which were waved to the right and
left and up and down; the signals
being received by the aid of a field
glass. At night torches were used,
so that the signals might be seen.

In this way this branch of the ser-
vice came to be known as the Sig-
nal Corps. Later on the telegraph
was used, and the Signal Corps had
charge of the erection and main-
tenance of the lines and conducted
the business. At the end of the war,
weather prognostication fol-
lowed, and the Signal Service be-
came the weather bureau, and
grew to its present proportion,
with stations and agents all over
the country. Its work, however,
is so foreign to the sort of work
properly to be done by the mili-
tary establishment of the Govern-
ment, that years ago the transfer
of the Weather Bureau to the De-
partment of Agriculture, where it
so much more properly belonged,
was advocated, and the last Con-
gress passed a law providing for
its transfer. The Signal Corps of
the Army will, after the new law
goes into effect, confine its opera-
tions to the perfection of military
signalling, and will become a part
of the organization of the standing
Army. It is expected that the
work of weather prognostication
will not only be done more cheaply
under the new arrangement, but
that the service will be of greater
benefit to the agricultural interests
as well.

If the Democrats and Farmers'
Alliance gain six or seven states
legislatures and Messrs. Paddock,
Pettigrew and Plumb go with them
on economic measures, as they did
upon certain points of the tariff in
the last session of the 51st Congress
the 52nd Congress will be able to
pass through both houses some
tariff legislation reversing in part
that of 1890. But they will not be
able to control the subject. The
President is not only an ardent
protectionist, but he has the re-
putation of being a firm man, and
he has a constitutional grip in the
veto power which the combination
cannot break in the Senate. If the
friends of the McKinley bill sus-
tain it in the 52nd Congress and
are able to show that the result in
1890 was a panic caused by misap-
prehending the effect of the mea-
sure the cause of protection will
have another inning. Democrats
are saying that reforms never go

backward. But if they regard now,
as they professed to regard then,
the election of Mr. Cleveland in
1884 as a reform they will have in
the recollections of the year 1888
something to induce them to admit
that the rule they cite has some-
very broad exceptions.

To any one who has lived in
Washington for the past ten or
fifteen years the change for the
better in shopping facilities is one
of the most noticeable and one of
the most appreciated. Whenever
anything at all out of the most or-
dinary line of purchases was want-
ed some years ago it must be
ordered from Baltimore, Philadel-
phia or New York, and all the con-
sequent inconvenience incurred.
Spring and autumn what a trouble-
some thing the sending for samples
was when new gowns for Vanity
Fair were in order and selecting
and buying in that way; still it was
what most people here did, unless
they paid a visit to other cities in
order to make their own selections.
A shopping tour this autumn, how-
ever, impresses one with the im-
provement and growth of Washing-
ton and the skill with which pub-
lic taste is catered to. In every
line of goods there are variety and
quantity, and anybody who can-
not be suited with what is offered
on all sides must be over fastidious
and hard to please if their wants
cannot be supplied by the mercan-
tile houses of the Capital.

ANTIQUITY OF BANKS.

The origin of banks is not ac-
curately known, but they are of
great antiquity. They existed in
China, Babylon, Greece, Rome and
in the cities of many other ancient
nations long before the opening of
the Christian era.
The oldest bank note of which
we have any record was issued in
China as far back as 2697 years B.
C. The first of this early Chinese
paper money was issued by the
treasury, just as notes of to-day
are issued, but it was not long
until the entire business was turned
over to the banking institutions,
which were even then under gov-
ernment inspection and control.

The popular name for this first
of known bank notes was "flying"
or "convenient money." The form
of this note was similar to those
of the present time. A specimen
of this note, issued in the year 1399
B. C., is now in the Asiatic museum
at St. Petersburg, Russia. It is
printed in blue ink, on paper
made from fibre of the leaves of the
mulberry tree.

The earliest known banking-
house of Babylon was that of Egbi
& Co., a house that seems to have
acted as a sort of imperial banking
institution from the time of Sen-
nacherib (about 700 B. C.) down to
the reign of Darius, who became
king in 521 B. C., the life of the
concern having been traced through
five generations of the Egbis.
Many of the records of this house,
on clay tablets, found in an earth-
en jar at Hillah, near Babylon,
may be seen in the British Mu-
seum.

The earliest records of European
banks now in existence are those
of the Bank of Venice, founded A.
D. 1171. The Bank of Barcelona
was founded in 1401, Bank of
Geneva in 1407, Bank of Amster-
dam in 1607 and the great Bank
of England in 1694.—St. Louis
Republic.

Mark Twain received \$60,000 in
royalties from the play in which
the famous Mulberry Sellers ap-
pears.

Notwithstanding "the lack of
transportation" so much talked of
in The Dalles, wheat and wool
are still pouring in and "where can
we find storage-room?" is becoming
a serious question, says the Times.
Mountaineer.

BRIEF PARAGRAPHS.

STATE AND GENERAL NEWS.

Telegraphic Brevities and News Notes
Gleaned from our Exchanges.

Arlington has a new paper, the
Advocate. The editors and pro-
prietors are A. A. Jayne and Sloan
P. Shutt.

Mr. Scott certifies that his ex-
penses in the canvass for the
mayorality of New York were \$20.80.
Mr. Scott was not elected.

Myrtle Point citizens are building
a \$12,000 brick schoolhouse and an
M. E. church, and are preparing to
build a German Baptist church.

The annual convention of the
State Farmers' Alliance will be
held at Oakesdale, Whitman
county, Wash., beginning Novem-
ber 27.

Rev Father Beutgen informs the
Coquille Herald that he will con-
struct a large convent at Bandon
next spring if he meets substantial
encouragement.

The British fund in aid of Ire-
land's struggle for freedom now
amounts to about £4000. Efforts
are being made by friends of Ire-
land to increase it.

Indians in the vicinity of The
Dalles have overthrown all the
traditions of their race. Several
of them are actually sawing and
carrying in wood in that city.

The treasurer of Harney county,
who refused to leave Harney when
the county seat was taken to Burns,
has been invited by a writ of man-
damus to reside at the county
seat.

Lumber amounting to 107,326,-
280 feet was shipped from Puget
Sound last year on board 146 ves-
sels. This year the mill companies
claim that their shipments will be
greater.

The plant of the Astoria Evening
Pioneer was sold at sheriff's sale
for \$1000, and was bid in by D. D.
Morgan. It is said that D. C. Ire-
land will lease the plant and re-
vive the paper.

A town to be named Iowa has
been laid out on the Imbler place,
near Summerville, on the Elgin
branch of the Union Pacific rail-
road, and it is to be boomed by the
railroad company.

One thousand acres of land near
Spokane Falls have been purchas-
ed by the trustees of Oberlin college
for \$100,000. A fine college is to
be erected there, to be called the
Congregational College of Spokane
Falls.

The Northern Pacific freight de-
partment estimates that it will
handle 17,000,000 bushels of wheat
from Eastern Washington this year.
Farmers in that section only wish
it would hurry up the cars and
handle it.

Some work is being done on the
state house park at Salem. It is
being done to a definite plan, so
that it will not be wasted, says the
Statesman. It should be followed
up steadily until this is one of the
finest public parks on the coast.

The Statesman learns that
gentlemen are now en route to
Salem from Iowa, whose purpose is
to establish a democratic news-
paper in Salem. It is not stated
whether their publication will be a
daily or weekly, but the inference
is given that it will be a bright
evening daily.

Fifty thousand dollars have been
deposited with Oregon's secretary
of state by the Firemen's Fund In-
surance Company, of San Fran-
cisco, in order to permit of their
transacting the business of fire in-
surance in this state, as provided
for by an act to license and regu-
late insurance business in Oregon.