

Semi-Weekly Herald

A Continuation of the Klamath Republican

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PUBLIC PARKS AND BUILDINGS

ONE of the gratifying results of the general civic awakening throughout the country in recent years is the importance now given to public parks, playgrounds and open spaces, where the people may not only breathe pure air, but enjoy the beauties of nature and air combined.

Formerly the notion prevailed that only the big cities needed parks and playgrounds, but today the town is considered behind the times if it is not making some effort to create parks and "beauty spots" within its boundaries.

The American people are coming to realize that some recreation and play are requisites for health and happiness in both country and city. In the past country life has been too much of a life of hard work and drudgery, with little or no rest or recreation between.

To check the drift of population from the country and country towns to the large cities, life in the country must be made more desirable and attractive than it has been in years past.

We shall see how that eventuates when the war in Europe is ended and business assumes normal conditions.

There must be aroused a more widespread interest in the general upbuilding of the country town and the surrounding rural districts, and in the establishment and maintenance of institutions that will not only check migration to the large cities, but attract city people to the country.

Make country life what it should be, the most desirable and comfortable, and people will begin to shun the tenements and flats of the overcrowded cities and seek homes in the country or suburban towns.

In towns where matters of this kind have heretofore been neglected, it is sometimes "up-hill work" to begin. A few public-spirited men and women must be organized to awaken public sentiment along this line, and get the work started.

Once begun, the people soon commence to see its worth and appreciate the advantages thereof; they soon learn that parks are not only valuable civic assets, but that they open, free "breathing space" provided for the people helps to keep them in good health and more buoyant spirits.

PANAMA RATES

THE new rates from the Pacific Coast by way of the Panama canal have been already announced by some of the steamship lines.

The development of parks and the improvement of public buildings foster general improvement of the town, and leads to the beautification of homes and surroundings, the planting and cultivation of trees, shrubs and flowers, the better care of lawns, and all work that goes to make a more pleasant environment.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S LETTER

THE exultant letter of President Wilson to Secretary McAdoo has much in it that is fine, it has a good deal in it which is much more sanguine in hope than certain of fulfill-

ment. If the new currency law will, in its operation, break the grasp which the gold combine has held on the business of the country since 1893 its beneficent power will be hailed with delight by a long suffering country.

For example, if four honest men are pursuing a business and making a little profit, and seeing their opportunity combine and double their profits, their monopoly is entirely legitimate unless, taking advantage of their position, they begin to exact illegitimate profits.

On the tariff question the president fumbles badly. He says the former system "was purposely contrived to confer private favors." That is a very sweeping charge, and in the main is backed by no sufficient proof.

The president says "the thing stood so until the democratic party came into power last year."

The real truth had better be told. Many tariff-protected industries had advanced so that they no longer needed high protection, and the republican party had sought for years to have it revised, but the members of Mr. Wilson's party in congress baffled every effort in that direction.

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HYPOCRITICAL PRAYER

A LITTLE while ago President Wilson issued a proclamation calling upon the American people to unite in prayer for the cessation of the war that is desolating Europe.

A nation that supports the president in his call for prayer is doing right, but that prayer did not rise higher than the market price of musket balls and bayonets, says an Exchange.

On the Saturday before the American people assembled in their churches and synagogues to pray to God for peace, a ship left the New York harbor with 16,000,000 rifle cartridges in her hold for the wholesale killing of the soldiers engaged in the war they had the audacity to ask God to end.

Prayers Are Cheap, But There Is Profit in Rifle Cartridges.

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SPIGLIO'S TRIAL IS IN ABEYANCE

The time of the preliminary hearing for Gus Spiglios, the Italian arrested at Weed on charge of robbing Miller George, a Klamath Indian, whose room he shared recently, has not been set.

The hearing is being held in abeyance by Justice of the Peace Gowen upon request of the prosecuting attorney and W. H. A. Renner, attorney for the defendant.

STEAM SCHOONER HITS REEF OUTSIDE OF GOLDEN GATE

United Press Service

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—From twenty to thirty persons lost their lives in the wreck of the steam schooner Hanalei, which went on Duxbury reef, outside of Golden Gate late yesterday, according to telephone advices received here at 8 o'clock this morning from the Marconi station at Bolinas, Calif.

Up to that hour twenty persons had reached the shore on pieces of wreckage from the schooner. One by one they struggled through the surf and were taken in charge by members of the life saving crew.

At dawn the terrific pounding of the waves broke up the Hanalei. At the time the ship went to pieces it is believed that at least thirty of the fifty-eight persons composing the crew and passenger list perished.

United Press Service

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—2 p.m.—The revenue cutter McCulloch arrived with fifteen bodies of Hanalei victims and thirteen survivors aboard. Unless the list of saved reaches a greater number than this the indications are that about forty lives were lost in the disaster.

The survivors, suffering from the shock and exposure, were rushed to a hospital. While it is not known just how many were lost, it is known that more than twenty are dead.

After the survivors had been removed the crowd was allowed to board the McCulloch to view the dead. The scene was pitiful as relatives and friends identified the victims.

Commander Alger of the McCulloch said: "There were fifty-eight persons on board the Hanalei, including the passengers and members of the crew, when the vessel struck. The number dead is merely a matter of conjecture."

Mrs. V. Goldfinger of San Francisco, one of the survivors, said: "When the boat broke up I climbed on top of the pilot house with a number of other persons. This was upset by the battering waves, and I never saw a single one of these persons after that. I do not know what happened to them. A big log floated by, and I clung to that until picked up by the McCulloch. The attempts of my companions to cling to the slippery pilot house, with the waves battering in their faces was most pitiful."

Sydney Aston, steward of the Hanalei, proved himself to be a real hero. He strapped the 15-months-old child of Mrs. Val Franz onto his back and swam to a piece of wreckage. He also managed to get Mrs. Franz onto the wreckage. He fought for four hours to save the mother and child. A huge combler finally swept the child away, but Aston managed to keep the woman afloat until picked up by the McCulloch.

The latest returns say that twenty-eight are dead, and that thirty-three have been picked up.

HERALD AD GETS CURE FOR CANCER

Mr. and Mrs. John Matney, who reside three miles from Merrill, have returned from San Francisco, where Mrs. Matney underwent treatment by Dr. Chamley for cancer. She suffered from three cancers, and all were cured.

Mrs. Matney was not bothered by the cancers until about five weeks ago. Seeing Dr. Chamley's advertisement in the Semi-Weekly Herald, the Matneys went to the city two weeks ago, and the doctor succeeded in killing the roots of two cancers under the right arm and in front of the shoulder, and under a rib on the left side.

PRISONERS HAVE LOTS OF CLOTHES

That a worthy appeal to the men of Klamath Falls is never in vain has again been demonstrated. Monday The Herald, and Tuesday morning the Northwestern told of the "almost naked condition" of the prisoners in the county jail, all held for examination by the next grand jury, and there has been a flood of clothing pouring into the sheriff's office.

"We most heartily thank the newspapers for their work in calling our condition to the attention of the people, and the public for its generous response to this appeal," said the prisoners today.

LIBRARY MEETS A BIG DEMAND

The work of the Ladies' Free Library and Reading Room is meeting with well deserved favor among all classes of our citizens. More than twenty citizens are contributing private funds to supplement the \$30 appropriated by the city.

During the month of October the reading room was kept open every afternoon and evening. A total of 2,000 persons availed themselves of the privilege of the institution, and 647 books were circulated.

These books embrace a wide range of subjects, showing a greatly diversified interest in the patronage of the library. Among the books circulated were books on philosophy, religion, sociology, biography, fiction and juvenile subjects.

Scores of boys have been kept off the streets, students from both high school and grade schools have been helped in the preparation of their lessons, and many men and boys have been able to gratify their desire for good reading in a quiet orderly place.

The ladies have plans for making the free library and reading room still more useful and attractive. They certainly deserve the support of the city and the encouragement of every good citizen.

STATE TAX IS NOT INCREASED

Much speculation exists as to whether or not the taxpayers are benefited by the raising of the valuation percentage in Klamath county. Some contend that this increases the state taxes here, thus inflicting a burden on the people, but this is not the case.

Some time ago the state tax commission asked several local real estate men to give valuations on certain pieces of Klamath county property, not letting them know that this was for the tax commission. The valuations given by these men were compared with the assessed valuations of the assessor's office, and the commission decided that the property in Klamath county was assessed at 59 per cent of its true cash value.

The assessor's office made the total value of assessable property in Klamath county (exclusive of public service corporations) \$15,559,871. According to the percentage set by the tax commission, this would make the true value of property \$26,372,622.

Deputy Assessor Hayden presented facts and figures to the tax commission to show that they placed the local rating too low and the value of Klamath county property too high. As a result, the commission changed the rating to 74 per cent, an increase of 15 per cent, which makes the total valuation \$21,025,161, or \$5,347,161 lower than the commission's former figures would place it at.

This percentage has been adopted as the ratio applicable to Klamath county in the apportionment made by the commission on railroads and other public service corporations, and as the basis for equalization of the county's valuation in the apportionment of state taxes to be paid for the ensuing year.

Electricification work on the P. E. & E. Ry. is to be completed by next spring as far as Eugene.

INDIAN JUGGED; LARCENY CHARGE

Deputy Sheriff Lloyd Low Sunday afternoon arrested Jim Brown, a Klamath Indian at Yainax, on a warrant issued from Alturas, Calif. He is wanted by the Modoc county authorities on a charge of grand larceny, and is held in the county jail pending the arrival of an officer from there.

Brown was notified Sunday by the Indian police that he was wanted. He awaited the arrival of the officer at the Ike Jackson place. Brown states that he took an unbranded horse in Alturas a couple of years ago, and worked it, and when nobody claimed it, he supposed it was ownerless. Then he returned to the reservation, he says, and branded it to distinguish it from those of other Indians.

LOG ORDER HAS BEEN CORRECTED

A change has been made in the kind of logs the Oregon Exposition commission will purchase in Klamath county for interior finish at the Oregon building at the San Francisco fair. At the earliest date, bids on the following are wanted at the Chamber of Commerce:

Seventy-six logs 12 feet long, 18 to 20 inches in diameter, bark to be in good condition; 150 linear feet 6 inches in diameter; 380 linear feet saplings 2 inch in diameter; 60 linear feet 4 inches in diameter; 240 linear feet 8-inch logs; 30 linear feet 10-inch logs; 200 linear feet 1 1/2 inch saplings; 1,000 pine cones two to three inches in length.

ALGOMA CAMPS ARE SHUT DOWN

ALGOMA, Nov. 23.—The Algoma Lumber company has closed its camps in the woods. It has also ceased operations for the year on the extension of its logging railroad.

MORE LAND IS RESTORED TO ENTRY

The general land office has given out a list of the lands under the Klamath project in California to be restored to entry January 19, 1915, which were withdrawn from entry in connection with the reclamation service work. The lands are in Siskiyou and Modoc counties, mainly around Lower Klamath and Tule lakes, and will be subject to settlement December 30th.

Following is a list of the restored land, as furnished the land office at Sacramento:

Klamath Project, California, Mount Diablo meridian: Township 47 N, Range 1 E—N 1/2, N 1/2 SW 1/4, SE 1/4 SW 1/4, SE 1/4 Section 1; NE 1/4, E 1/2 NW 1/4, N 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 2; N 1/2 NE 1/4, SE 1/4 NE 1/4, E 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 12; NE 1/4, NE 1/4 SE 1/4, Section 12.

Township 48 N, Range 1 E—S 1/2 Section 13; E 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 14; S 1/2, Section 15; S 1/2, Section 16; S 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 17; NE 1/4, NE 1/4 SE 1/4, Section 20; N 1/2 SW 1/4, N 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 21; all Sections 22, 23, 24; N 1/2 NE 1/4, SW 1/4 NE 1/4, NW 1/4 SW 1/4, NW 1/4, NW 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 26; Lots 1, 2, 8, Section 35; SE 1/4 NE 1/4, E 1/2 SE 1/4, Lot 3, Section 36.

Township 47 N, Range 2 E—W 1/2 NW 1/4, W 1/2 SW 1/4, Section 3; all of Sections 4, 5, 6; N 1/2, NE 1/4 SE 1/4, Lot 1, Section 7; N 1/2, E 1/2 SW 1/4, Section 8; E 1/2, N 1/2 NW 1/4, S 1/2 SW 1/4, Section 9; W 1/2 NW 1/4, W 1/2 SW 1/4, Section 10; W 1/2 NW 1/4, W 1/2 SW 1/4, Section 15; Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, N 1/2 NW 1/4, Section 16; NE 1/4 NW 1/4, NW 1/4 SE 1/4, Lot 2, 3, 4, 5, Section 22; SW 1/4, W 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 25; W 1/2 SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Section 28; SW 1/4, NE 1/4, Lots 1 to 4, Section 27; SW 1/4, NW 1/4 SE 1/4, Section 35; NW 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 36.

Township 48 N, Range 2 E—All of Section 13; SE 1/4 Section 14; SW 1/4 Section 18; NW 1/4, W 1/2 SW 1/4, E 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 19; SW 1/4 Section 20; SW 1/4 Section 22; E 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 24; W 1/2 Section 27; all Section 28; N 1/2, SE 1/4, Section 29; E 1/2 SW 1/4, NE 1/4, Section 31; NE 1/4, S 1/2, Section 32; all Section 33.

Township 47 N, Range 3 E—W 1/2 Section 2; all Sections 3 and 4; NE 1/4, E 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 5; E 1/2 NE 1/4, Section 8; all Sections 9 and 10; N 1/2 NW 1/4, SW 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 11; N 1/2 NE 1/4, SW 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 16; NW 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 21.

Township 48 N, Range 3 E—S 1/2 SW 1/4, lot 4, Section 15; all fractional Sections 16, 17, 18; all Sections 19, 20, 21; W 1/2 W 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 22; E 1/2 SE 1/4, E 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 25; W 1/2 SW 1/4, SE 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 26; all Sections 27, 28, 29; N 1/2 SE 1/4, Section 30; N 1/2, SE 1/4, Section 32; all Sections 33 and 34; W 1/2 Section 35; E 1/2 NE 1/4, Section 36.

Township 48 N, Range 5 E—All of Section 24; E 1/2 Section 25; E 1/2 Section 36.

For the Table Every woman knows what she wants, but not every one knows where to find it. Search this land from end to end and you'll find no place better than this store to get the best there is to eat. IMPORTED PURE OLIVE OIL in full quart tins at 90c. Sunset Grocery AT 10TH AND MAIN Phone 200

Our Weekly Health Talk

By DR. R. B. DANIELS, Editor "The Hygienist." Keep Your Feet Warm—A Precaution That Will Avoid Many Insidious Health Dangers.

The feet contains more capillaries than any other part of the body. Capillaries are blood vessels of the smallest size. They connect the arteries with the veins, and are present everywhere in the body.

The capillaries are so constructed that when a part of the body becomes chilled, the capillaries in that part become much smaller, and the blood passes through them much more slowly. The feet contain so many capillaries, which lie close to the surface, that when the feet become chilled not only is a large amount of blood robbed of its heat, but the slowing of the blood stream interferes with the proper circulation of blood, which is necessary for health.

Proper foot wear is the first essential to warm feet. Low shoes and silk stockings are all right for summer, but high shoes and heavy stockings are necessary for winter. Women who in winter wear but little more than low shoes and silk stockings upon the lower part of the body, and on the upper part a heavy fur coat, are heating the body unequally, and inviting disease.

MUST BE CAREFUL IN SHIPPING OF CATTLE

The following letter from State Veterinarian W. H. Lytle to Dr. O. C. Prentice, regarding shipments of cattle during the prevalent foot and mouth disease scare, will be of interest to all stockmen:

"Since the outbreak of the foot and mouth disease in the Middle States, it has become necessary that extreme precautions be taken against the infection that might result from railroad cars. Hence an order has been issued providing that all railroad and transportation cars be submitted to a thorough cleaning and disinfection before they will be permitted to be loaded with live stock, this cleaning and disinfection to have occurred since the date of November 12, 1914.

"It is not deemed necessary that these cars be cleaned and disinfected after this has once been done. It is presumed that should car infection have resulted it would have taken place some where in the Middle States and if the cars have been cleaned and disinfected since November 12, the dangers should not be great should the cars be loaded from time to time with live stock originating in the Northwest, where, with the exception of Spokane county in Washington and points in Montana, the district is entirely free from foot and mouth disease.

It will probably be necessary that occasionally cars be cleaned and disinfected in your county. If this becomes necessary it will also be necessary that a veterinarian superintendent this work.

"As a method of cleaning and disinfection, we recommend that the following be carried out: All litter, bedding or manure to be removed, buried or burned or placed in such a manner as not to come in contact with susceptible animals to foot and mouth disease. The car to be scrubbed and washed with water, and a disinfectant solution, made by combining five parts of pure carbolic acid or three parts of liquid cresol composition (U. S. P.) or three and a half parts of a 40 per cent formalin solution (U. S. P.) to each hundred parts of water, or a disinfection solution made by combining two and a half pounds of chloride of lime with five gallons of water, applied as a spray, using enough slaked lime to show where the same has been placed.

"Shipments of livestock that are destined to points outside the state of Oregon will necessarily have to be inspected before the respective states they are consigned to will receive them. Shipments of livestock that are to remain wholly within the state of Oregon need not be inspected so long as the cars are cleaned and disinfected.

"We do not intend to in any way interfere with state shipments so long as the shipment is confined wholly to the state of Oregon."

LISKEY CASE SET FOR FRIDAY

The jury hearing the evidence in the assault and battery case brought against Dave Liskey retired to deliberate at 4:30 Saturday afternoon. On the first ballot they stood five to one for conviction, and when they were discharged at 11:55 they stood the same.

Liskey is charged with beating up Max Ross, who was employed on the Liskey ranch. The case is to be retried Friday before Justice of the Peace E. W. Gowen.

HERALD WANT ADS BRING RESULTS

How is everything in Kansas today? Everything is the same as ever in Oregon, except that school has started, and you probably know how hard it is to tear oneself away from Mother Nature and enter the school room and settle down to study; these days are too tempting for study.

Now for a description of my home, state and county. We live in a pleasant valley by the name of Round Lake, located in the western part of Klamath county, and on the eastern slope of the Cascade Mountains. This valley slopes toward a lake from which it gets its name. This lake covers over a thousand acres of land. Tule grows in these shallow lakes.

The Cascade Mountains are so full of scenery that if the people could live on scenery they would grow fat here. Some of the hills are covered with timber and some are covered with sage brush, but make good grazing ground for cattle. People come from outside states to admire the beauty of Crater Lake, which is in the top of an old volcano in the western part of Klamath county. There are a great many swamps in Southern Oregon, which, if they were drained would make the very best of soil, because the vegetation is decaying all the time.

The Willamette, Rogue River and Hood River valleys are fruit growing regions, but the Willamette Valley is also a great dairy country. In Eastern Oregon sheep and cattle ranches may be found, where the country is thinly settled. Wheat grows chiefly in the northern part of Oregon, from where it is easily shipped to Portland by railroad. (But of course, as all other states, Oregon has its faults.) Well, Alice, having reached the limit of my descriptive powers, I will close, hoping you will tell me about Kansas in your next letter. With love and best wishes, I am, Yours truly, P. S.—I hope you will carry out your plan and come to Oregon next year. I will be looking for you, of course. Then you can see for yourself. Don't be surprised at this long letter, Alice, because I have just found out what industry means. An object of charity several thousand miles closer than Belgium and other war ridden fields is the Klamath county jail, where several men are incarcerated, awaiting hearings before the grand jury. Unless they secure clothing soon, some of these men, when the grand jury does convene, will have to attend trial wrapped in blankets or back into the room, for confinement since July or August has reduced their clothing supply until now it is about nil. The attacks upon the warrants is held to blame for this condition, as merchants are afraid to sell clothing for the prisoners for fear the warrants will be enjoined. It is the same with medicine needed, and rather than have a warrant enjoined, one druggist recently donated the prescription needed for a sick prisoner. Clothing will be greatly welcomed by the prisoners.