

Semi-Weekly Herald

A Continuation of the Klamath Republican

W. O. SMITH, Editor

Entered at the postoffice at Klamath Falls, Ore., as second class matter.

Published by the Herald Publishing Company, of Klamath Falls, on Monday and Thursday of each week

Two dollars per year in advance

Scattered Shots

ALTHOUGH THE European imbroglio has been blamed for the raise in sugar, rubber, perfumery, and many other commodities, let it be stated here that there has been no increase in the price of metal numerals for numbering houses. Therefore, Mr. Townsman, if you wish to do something really patriotic, spend about two bits in this way, and help the city get free mail delivery.

THE UNITED STATES will use every honorable effort to keep out of this foolish war, but if we are eventually forced into the conflict, the other fellow is liable to get his shins barked. There are a hundred million people in this country, and about thirty million of that number are sturdy and stubborn fighters when aroused. Snapping curs are wise when they avoid the mastiff's teeth.

CHARLES G. DAWES, the former comptroller of the currency, predicts an era of tremendous prosperity as a result of the war in Europe. May history record him as the greatest prophet of his day!

EXTRA MEN CALLED TO HELP RECLAMATION SERVICE WORK

Just about the busiest place in Klamath Falls today is the office of the reclamation service. With the passage of the extension bill comes a demand for some data immediately, and in the preparation of this and estimates for the coming two years, all the employees are fairly up to their ears in work.

In order to relieve the congestion as much as possible, Project Manager Camp has engaged C. E. Darley, who had charge of operations in the Horsefly project, to assist here. Mr. Darley is familiar with the engineering work of the reclamation service, and is a great help here.

One of the terms of the extension bill as passed is that congress must approve the method in which the reclamation service expends its money. Therefore, estimates of future work are needed, and these must be finished by September 3d.

One of the terms of the extension detailed estimate of expenditures on the Klamath project from January 1 to June 30, 1915. The other is a detailed estimate of expenditures from July 1, 1915, to June 1, 1916.

These estimates are rendered more difficult in such short time on account of there being so many possibilities of extending the project. They are submitted to congress, not for appropriations to carry on the work, but to get the approval of congress for the method of expending the reclamation fund.

TIDE OF BATTLE IS TURNING, SAY ALLIES

PARIS, Aug. 26.—With the allies reinforced, the advance of the German troops on Paris has been checked for the present, at least, and there is a big possibility that the tide of battle will turn against the Teuton.

It is reported that the German Crown Prince is personally in command of the German forces.

The general staff reports slaughter everywhere along the line. In the face of the shells and rifle fire of the allies, the Germans have been valorously charging to certain death.

In some points the corpses of German soldiers are said to breast high, so heavy was the fire and so determined their charge. A large percentage of German officers are among the slain.

The war office announces, "the big battle is progressing favorably," and all Paris cheered. It is reported that the French and British, from Maubeuge to Givet, have repulsed the Germans with heavy loss, and are pushing their own lines into Belgium.

The heaviest fighting is reported at Maubeuge, Givet, Hontmedy and West Lunyville. The British are at Givet, withstanding a fierce German attack.

The last bulletin issued by the war department follows:

"Advices from the front declare the big battle is progressing favorably to the allies."

Reports from Lorraine are that the battle there is going against the Germans. The war office says the Germans are having "unbelievable success" in Austria and Prussia.

News agency dispatches from Stockholm say that German and Russian warships are reported to have clashed in the Baltic sea near the Gulf of Finland.

Vienna reports the Austrians made a counter attack on the Russians and defeated them in Austrian Poland after a seven hours' battle. This has not been confirmed.

The Germans attacked the French in force today along the Alsace-Lorraine frontier, but were repulsed with heavy losses.

The fighting there continues, the French advancing their intrenchments.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The war office is now extremely confident that the German advance on Paris is to be broken. The entire German army is now in the field, and the constant fighting it has been doing is sapping its terrible strength.

Speaking in the house of commons, Premier Asquith said today that Lord Kitchener needs all the men he can get. Asquith said it was a mistake to think that only 100,000 men are needed.

Six hundred thousand men are needed by Kitchener, but not all for foreign service. The government is still discussing the enlistment of men between the ages of thirty and forty years.

It was officially announced tonight that German Togoland has surrendered unconditionally to Great Britain. A British expedition was sent from the Gold coast.

The war department is today hastening British reinforcements to the continent. A detachment is reported to have landed at a French port today, where trains were waiting to rush them to the front.

Twenty thousand Canadian troops are embarking today, and will sail direct to the continent.

The Belgian legion here has not as yet any official information as to whether any of the forts around Namur were captured.

Pioneer Passes Away

Louis Hessig, Founder of Ft. Klamath, Dies There

Louis Hessig, one of the early pioneers, and one of the best known men in this section, died Tuesday at the home of his son, J. H. Hessig, in Fort Klamath. The remains were taken to Yreka Tuesday, and they will be interred there.

Mr. Hessig was born in Illinois in 1842, and in 1849 his parents came to Oregon in the gold rush. After attending school at Weaverville, and experiencing many frontier hardships, Mr. Hessig took up stock ranching in Siskiyou county, which he followed for many years, still owning the ranch at the time of his demise.

It was in 1900 that Mr. Hessig went to Fort Klamath, and established a mercantile business there. Since that time he has done much toward building up the thriving Wood River metropolis.

In 1876 Mr. Hessig became a member of the A. F. & A. M. During the remainder of his lifetime he was active in the work of that great order.

Chicago has about 600 moving picture theaters.

This Uncle Sam of Ours Is Very Busy Himself Just Now

Problem of Caring for Americans Who Are in War Ridden Europe Is a Most Serious One, But One That Is Being Solved Satisfactorily

By BURTON K. STANDISH (Written for the United Press)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 26.—In these uncertain war days Uncle Sam is about the only great world figure who is keeping his head.

Uncle Sam today is standing not only for peace at home, but he is doing everything he can to keep the 100,000 Americans scattered throughout the European war zone content and safe.

As soon as he saw the first war cloud coming across Europe he established in the State Department a bureau of information, and immediately notified his 235 diplomatic and consular representatives in the warring countries to "look out for the Americans."

In Washington the headquarters were established. A large room on the first floor of the department used by the consular bureau was designated the information office. A half dozen officials of the consular service were designated to act as clerks, and the latch string was hung out, the country was notified, and since then the bureau has been "swamped."

First it undertook to inform relatives or friends in the United States of the whereabouts and condition of their relatives or friends traveling in Europe. If a business man in Springfield had relatives in Germany he asked the state department to cable the American consul at the station nearest the last stopping place of the tourist. This the state department

did, and when the reply came the business man was notified immediately.

Few hours passed, however, until the bureau discovered it would have to come to the financial relief of Americans. Telegrams poured into this country that travelers checks of the tourists and their letters of credit would not be cashed. It became necessary for friends and relatives in this country to come to their assistance, and semi-official banking business was started.

The first day \$25,000 was received and forwarded to European points. The second day checks ranging from \$100 to \$5,000 and \$10,000 were deposited, to be forwarded abroad.

In this way the information bureau not only looked after the inquiries from persons here in the United States, but it sought to put ready money in the hands of stranded tourists. To illustrate just how this is done, let me cite an instance of a New Yorker who came to Washington to find out about a daughter "somewhere in France." He gave her itinerary, and stated just where she had expected to be on that day. The clerk took her name and address, and the information her father gave. He explained to the father that the state department had no funds to pay for telegrams, and that it would cost him between 19 and 25 cents a word to send the cable.

The father said he would pay any bills, and deposited \$3,000 with the clerk, with the understanding that all except the state department expenses should be forwarded to his daughter. By midnight on that day a message was en route to the consul near where the girl was expected to be. The consul was notified to pay the girl the money.

This incident is duplicated in scores of ways every day. Men and women in nearby cities are coming to the bureau, while those in other parts of the country are wiring their congressmen to inquire for them. On the day the bureau opened more than fifty congressmen inquired in behalf of the constituents. Practically the whole Minnesota delegation in congress called first.

A large number of Norwegians were somewhere in Northern Germany, en route to a convention in Norway. Friends and relatives in the North-west were concerned about their safety, and the state department started an investigation. As this is written it has not been concluded.

According to the state department register the number of consular officials in the countries in the war territory are as follows: Germany 69, France 61, Austria-Hungary 7, Russia 20, Italy 28, Servia 3. In the same countries the United States has 29 officers in the various diplomatic stations.

Alaskan Steamer Is Rammed

Admiral Sampson Goes to the Bottom; 12 Dead

SEATTLE, Aug. 26.—As a result of a collision between the Alaska Line steamer Admiral Sampson and the steamer Princess Victoria of the Canadian Pacific Railway line this morning, the Sampson went to the bottom.

There are at least twelve dead, including the Sampson's commander, Captain Sydney Brown. The collision occurred off Point No-Point, about eighteen miles from this city. The boats struck at about 6:30 a. m.

Two of the passengers and seven members of the crew, in addition to the captain, are known to be drowned. In addition to these, John McLaughlin of San Francisco, and W. E. Rieger, the wireless operator on the Sampson, are still missing.

The Sampson is reported to have had 54 persons aboard.

Berlin Is in Panic

United Press Service COPENHAGEN (via London) Aug. 26.—Advices just received from Berlin, by way of the frontier, say that a panic is imminent in the German capital. Fears of a Russian invasion have aroused the people. The advices say many rich Germans are fleeing toward Scandinavian points.

LIGHTNING CUTS UP SOME CAPERS

IN ADDITION TO SETTING FIRE TO LOCAL HARDWARE STORE, STORM PUTS PART OF TOWN IN DARKNESS While Monday night's rainfall was short duration, the electrical storm at the same time made its presence much more felt. It was at 7:30 in the evening that someone noticed papers on the desk in the Hurn hardware store on fire, and only prompt work by persons nearby quenched the blaze in its incipency.

A force of twenty men are at work on a new highway from Alsea bay east.

LOST—Fish basket, between Wilson bridge and Spring Creek. Herald office.

There are two kinds of insurance. Chilcote writes the kind that pays 635 Main.

LEGAL NOTICES

Notice of Contest Serial No. 05992; Contest No. 714 Department of the Interior, United States Land Office at Lakeview, Oregon, August 18, 1914.

To William G. Bonham of Olene, Oregon (Record address, Klamath Falls, Oregon), Contestee: You are hereby notified that George W. Van Noate, who gives Klamath Falls, Oregon, as his post-office address, did on June 1, 1914, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead entry, Serial No. 05992, made August 30, 1912, for E 1/4 NE 1/4, NE 1/4, SE 1/4, Section 7, and the NW 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 8, Township 40 S, Range 12 E, Willamette meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that Willard G. Bonham has not been on the said land for over one year and he has made no improvements thereon.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken by this office as having been confessed by you, and your said entry will be canceled thereunder without your further right to be heard there-

in, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the fourth publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically meeting and responding to these allegations of contest, or if you fail within that time to file in this office due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail. If this service is made by the delivery of a copy of your answer to the contestant in person, proof of such service must be either the said contestant's written acknowledgment of his receipt of the copy, showing the date of its receipt, or the affidavit of the person by whom the delivery was made, stating when and where the copy was delivered; if made by registered mail, proof of such service must consist of the affidavit of the person by whom the copy was mailed, stating when and by whom the copy was mailed, and this affidavit must be accompanied by the postmaster's receipt for the letter.

You must state in your answer the name of the postoffice to which you desire future notices to be sent to you. JAS. F. BURGESS, Register. Date of 1st publication, Aug. 24, 1914 Date of 2d publication, Aug. 31, 1914 Date of 3d publication, Sept. 7, 1914 Date of 4th publication, Sept. 14, 1914

In the county court of the state of Oregon, for the county of Clackamas.

In the estate of the estate of August W. Neumann, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order and license heretofore granted by the above-named court to the undersigned administrator of the estate of August W. Neumann, deceased, I will offer for sale, on and after the 25th day of September, 1914, will sell at private sale, for cash, to the highest bidder, subject to confirmation by the said court, the following described real property, to-wit:

The east half of the southwest quarter of section fifteen (15) and the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter, and the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-two (22), in township thirty-eight (38) south, range eleven (11) east of the Willamette meridian, being in Klamath county, state of Oregon, and containing one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less.

All bids may be mailed to me or to my attorneys at Oregon City, Oregon.

GEORGE L. STORY, Administrator of the Estate of August W. Neumann, Deceased. Gordon E. Hayes and Earle C. Latour-ette, attorneys. 10-17-24-31-7s

Notice of Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of an execution in foreclosure duly issued by the clerk of the circuit court of the county of Klamath, state of Oregon, dated the 7th day of August, 1914, in a certain action in the circuit court for said county and state, wherein F. H. McCornack, as plaintiff, recovered judgment against Eugene V. Richey, Frank Richey and Oregon Inland Development company, a corporation, for the sum of eighteen hundred and forty-five and 27-100 dollars, two hundred dollars as attorneys fees and costs and disbursements taxed at twenty-three and 95-100 dollars, on the 7th day of August, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that I will on the 12th day of September, 1914, at the front door of the courthouse of Klamath county, in Klamath Falls, in said county, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter and the south half of the southwest quarter of section one (1) and the northwest quarter and the west half of the northeast quarter of section twelve (12), all in township thirty-nine (39) south, range eight (8) east of the Willamette meridian, save and except that portion of the above described lands described in that certain partial release of mortgage dated August 23, 1912, which is recorded in Volume 12 of Mortgages at page 361, of the mortgage records of Klamath county, Oregon.

Taken and levied upon as the property of said Eugene V. Richey, Frank Richey and the Oregon Inland Development company, a corporation, or as much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said judgment in favor of F. H. McCornack, as plaintiff, against said defendants, with interest thereon, together with all costs and disbursements that have or may accrue.

C. C. LOW, Sheriff. By Geo. A. Haydon, Deputy. Dated at Klamath Falls, August 7, 1914. 13-20-27-3-10 sw

JUST RECEIVED A Car of Fancy Rogue River Apples Gravensteins, Kings and Weatherbys Any Box for \$1.00 TWO THOUSAND FRESH WATERMELONS JUST ARRIVED ASHLAND FRUIT STORE

THE LIFE CAREER

"Resolving in youth should invariably be directed to prepare a person in the best way for the best permanent occupation for which he is capable."—President C. W. Eliot. This is the Mission of the OREGON AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE Forty-sixth School Year Opens SEPTEMBER 18th, 1914

Write for illustrated 100-page Booklet, "THE LIFE CAREER," and for Catalog containing full information. Degree Courses—AGRICULTURE: Agronomy, Animal Husbandry, Dairy Husbandry, Poultry Husbandry, Horticulture, Agriculture for Teachers. FORESTRY, LOGGING ENGINEERING. HOME ECONOMICS: Domestic Science, Domestic Art, ENGINEERING: Electrical, Irrigation, Highway, Mechanical, Chemical, Mining, Ceramics. COMMERCE. PHARMACY. INDUSTRIAL ARTS. Vocational Courses—Agriculture, Dairying, Home Makers' Course, Industrial Arts, Forestry, Business Short Course. School of Music—Piano, String, Band, Voice Culture. Farmers Business Course by Mail Free. Address THE REGISTRAR, Corvallis, Oregon (tw-7-16 to 9-9)