KLAMATH REPUBLICAN

W. O. SMITH, Editor

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

All communications sumbitted for publication in the columns of this paper will be inserted only over the name of the writer. No nom de plume articles will be published.

BETTER SERVICE

BEBINNING next week the subscribers to the Republican will be given two papers intead of one. Both the name and the frequency of issue of the Republican are to be changed.

Hereafter, in place of the Republican the Semi-Weekly Herald will be issued on Monday and Thursday evenings of each week. This will give the people of the rural districts of the county a service almost equal to that of a daily paper, without any addition in price over the weekly paper. The papers will be mailed Monday and Thursday evenings and should reach the subscribers early the next day.

We have had this matter under consideration for some time and believe that the change will be appreciated by our subscribers. The country readers will receive absolutely everything of local and telegraphic news, the same as if he were taking a daily paper.

HUERTA HAS FAITH IN NONE; IMAGINES ALL AGAINST HIM

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◆ This is the third of a ◆
◆ series of four articles telling the ◆
◆ real facts of the events which ◆
◆ led up to the present conditions ◆
◆ in Mexico, written for the ◆
◆ United Press by an American in ◆
◆ Mexico. ◆
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VERA CRUZ, March 7.—With the two Maderos and Suarez murdered, and countless others who opposed him "mysteriously missing," Huerta's dictatorship developed into a veritable reign of terror. Huerta's only hope of holding his blood-bought power was to shed more blood.

The house of deputies, not realizing to what lengths the new president would dare to go, began to protest against Huerta's methods. One evening at 6 o'clock a cordon of soldiers surrounded the house of deputies, while other soldiers entered and arrested 100 of the leading statesmen of Mexico. They were herded to jail like common prisoners and they were hardly locked up in their cells before Huerta declared himself dictator of the country. He called an election. It was held. A new house of deputies was chosen, every man of whom was Huerta's servant. At a previous make-believe election, Huerta had been chosen president, but the votes were so few and so obviously controlled that even Huerta didn't dare to call himself elected.

And so, with infinite craft, he ordered his new house of deputies to declare that the election was void and that another election be held on the 5th of July, 1914, and that in the meantime, Huerta be considered provisional president. This congress also voted to Huerta dictatorial powers and then adjourned, leaving him in sole possession of the government, in a situation that made his word and order as strong as any laws that both houses might pass.

In the meantime rebel victories multiplied; shortly, every northern state was in rebel hands. Francisco Villa, who had been one of Huerta's generals, took the field with Carranza. It is true that Pascual Orozco went to Huerta's side, but a blight seemed to be placed on all his former prowess, and defeats met him at every turn.

How to get money and how to raise an army were Huerta's problems. He set about to do these things, but every dollar he raised by taxation only made him a new enemy and every peon whom he forced into the army only gave him another soldier on whom he could not depend. By the seventh month of his rule he had built up a large army, and had distributed it about the country, but he could not pay it.

"You must pay these soldiers," he ordered the business men and farmers of the various districts, " or I will withdraw them."

In many cases the business men and farmers chose not to have the federal soldiers in their localities. They preferred, indeed, to have the rebels rule over them, for the federals were men of a low class, many of them conscripted criminals turned loose from the jails—cruel, heartless and insatiable for money, women and alcohol.

Neither could Huerta trust his officers. He said once in a burst of confidence to Nelson O'Shaughnessy, charge d'affairs in the American embassy, "I can't trust my officers. I only wish I had about 150 American captains down here. I'd clean these rebels out in a short time."

Graft prevailed in every corner of the army.

"One trouble is that nobody in my army ever dies," said Huerta on another occasion. "Death never causes any changes in the pay roll. Five hundred soldiers may be killed in a battle, but the pay roll never shows it."

And so what money Huerta was able to gather together in various ways was vainly spent, in the main.

It was like pounding sand into a rat hole; he didn't get his money's worth of military effort at any stage of the game. Even if the United States had recognized him, however, and he had been able to secure all the funds he wished for, Huerta could not have crushed the revolution against him.

Proof of this is the fact that Porfiro Diaz himself with $62,000,000 in his treasury and means of securing more, was forced to yield to Madero's demands that he resign. Diaz knew that it was not money that he needed, but men; and he knew that the time had come in Mexico when, among the oppressed millions, there were not to be found enough men to make up an army that would support oppressors.

During the months that Huerta was holding the government by force, Felix Diaz, nephew of the former president, and accomplice of Huerta in the overthrow of Madero, was discovering the truth of the old adage, "Traitor to one, traitor to all."

Huerta sent Diaz on a mission to thank Japan for its participation in the Mexican centennial celebration of 1910. This was a laughable mission.

At least four men, leaders who the Maderos or Huerta desired to leave the country, had been started off for Japan, only to be stopped on the way, in Europe, with orders to remain in Europe. As soon as Diaz got his orders he knew their significance. He was to be thrust aside. But he started, nevertheless. He got as far as Victoria, British Columbia. Then he turned around and started back for Mexico, determined to make a fight for his right.

He landed at Vera Cruz. He placed himself under the protection of John Lind, a special representative of President Wilson, who had been sent to Mexico in order to bring about Huerta's retirement. Within a few days he saw that his life was in danger. In the night he made his way to the American consulate and asked to be allowed to go to an American war ship in the harbor. His request was granted and within a few days he was in Havana, Cuba.

But Huerta's long arm followed him there. Three assassins tried to kill him. He escaped with his life, though he was painfully injured.

SUFFS OPPOSED TO UNDERWOOD'S RACE FOR SENATE

PLAN STUMP CAMPAIGN AGAINST FLOOR LEADER

Opening Gun in a Campaign for Equal Ballot in Alabama Brings Out Plans to Defeat Congressman Who Has Come Out Flatfooted Against Giving Women the Right to Vote—Dr. Shaw Is Present.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 9.—Women suffragettes in the opening of a two days' conference here promised to take an open-handed swat at Representative Underwood.

They declared that his position against suffrage, and his pledging the democratic party against it, was a sufficient reason to keep him out of the United States senate, for which he is now a candidate.

This question, however, caused somewhat of a division in the ranks, for some of the members held that such an attack would not have an ill effect on his chances, inasmuch as the state is not yet strongly pro-suffrage.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw and her cohorts from the national suffragette organiaztion were on hand when the convention was called to order today. The doctor, despite a recent painful injury, promised to take a leading part in the conference.

The more radical delegates today thought that an active stumping campaign for Hobson as against Underwood would be the proper medicine to apply to the leader of the democratic majority of the house.

MONEY to loan. B. F. Shepherd. 517 Main street. 12-1m r

There are two kinds of insurance. Chilcote writes the kind that pays. 635 Main.

UNEMPLOYED ARE DISPERSED BY SACRAMENTANS

KELLY, THORNE AND OTHER LEADERS JAILED

Militia From Nearby Towns Sent to Sacramento to Be in Readiness in Case of a Riot—Order for a Scattering Is Obeyed, and the Army Scaled the Fences of the Stockade. Are Worsted in Skirmish.

SACRAMENTO, March 9.—The unemployed again returned to the lot, and shortly after noon assistance was asked of the fire department, to clear the stockade with the aid of hose. At first the angry mob refused to budge, and started to mix it with the officers, and a hand to hand battle followed.

After several minutes of fighting the mob started to retreat slowly. It then broke into a run until it reached Second street, where members of the retreating army paused long enough to throw bricks through several car windows, and continued on into M street.

After the crash several of the unemployed were found lying on the streets as the result of blows administered by the police. None was severely hurt, however.

Governor Johnson has refused to order out the militia, but 300 deputies finally succeeded in driving the army into the M street bridge, and thence across the river into Yolo county.

SACRAMENTO, March 9.—The police early this morning arrested "General" Kelly, Thorne and "Roughneck" Teesdale and about twenty members of the army of the unemployed, and charged them with vagrancy. The balance of the army at this time was not molested.

At about 11 o'clock the police again swooped down on the stockade, and ordered the army to scatter. The police started tearing down the tents and demolishing the camps.

The members of the army scrambled over the fence and scattered in all directions. Later the army returned to the stockade, and attempted to take an American flag from an aigtator. They surrounded the policemen on duty at the camps, but other officers arrived, and by the free use of night sticks rescued the threatened officers.

A citizens committee has been formed, with the declared intention of forcing the vast mob of unemployed to return to San Francisco. No open threats of violence have been voiced, but the city is reinforcing itself, to be ready in event of trouble.

One hundred members of Battery C, National Guard, Stockton, arrived this morning, while militia companies from Chico, Woodland, Oroville and Marysville are expected to arrive during the day.

Governor Johnson has been notified that Nevada state police will be available is needed.

ATTORNEYS WILL APPEAR IN SUIT

Attorneys D. V. Kuykendall and Herbert S. Gale left Sunday for Portland, to appear as counsel for the defense in the injunction suit filed against the county court and other Klamath county officials. Kuykendall represents County Clerk DeLap, Sheriff Low and Treasurer Siemens. Gale appears for Charles F. Stone, attorney for some of the big warrant holders.

It is understood here that Lionel D. Webster, at one time circuit judge here, and later county judge of Multnomah county, has been engaged as counsel by the county court in this action.

POWER OFFICIALS VISIT THIS CITY

The local office of the California-Oregon Power company received a call Monday from four of the big men of the company, who are making a trip to all the cities on the California-Oregon power line circuit.

Whether anything more insignificant than a regular inspecting tour is behind their visit could not be learned. The party consists of President J. W. Churchill, General Manager Alex J. Rosborough, General Superintendent H. L. Walther and Consulting Engineer Sidney Sprout.

In a magazine article former President Taft predicts the re-election of President Wilson if measures advocated by his administration bring benefit to the country. He pays tribute to the wisdom of the caucus system, and says Mr. Wilson possesses a masterful peronality.

Manufacturers of green houses and makers of boxes are getting in touch so that the latter may use for box cleats the cypress waste from the greenhouses.

Officers and Members of Rebekah Prosperity Lodge will meet in I. O. O. F. hall tonight at 7:30 for practice in initiatory work.

FRIENDS SAY D. B. CAMPBELL WILL BE OUT FOR CO. JUDGE

REPORT THAT HIS PETITIONS WILL SOON BE OUT

Former Judge B. Griffiith Is Also Spoken of—In Case Campbell Does not Run for the Nomination, It Is Understood That Griffith Will File His Announcement of Candidacy in a Short Time.

It is very probable that available timber for the nomination of county judge, other than the present incumbent, will be in sight within the next few days. Among the names most prominently mentioned is that of D. B. Campbell.

It is a well known fact that the opponents of Judge Worden have been trying to induce Mr. Campbell to announce that he would make the race, and it was announced today by persons who seemed to speak with authority that Mr. Campbell would permit his name to be used, and that his petition would soon be circulated.

It has been stated that there is a very general demand that Mr. Campbell permit his name to be used. Particularly has this been true since it has been taken for granted that Judge Worden would be a candidate to succeed himself.

Another prospective candidate for nomination in the person of ex-Judge Griffith is also a factor in the situation. It is stated that if D. B. Campbell refuses to enter the race that the former judge will run. At any rate, the time will not be far distant that the many rumors, or some of them, will take definite form in this all-important matter.

ANOTHER SUIT VS. BIG BASIN

Suit to recover $358.55 was commenced against the Big Basin Lumber company today by H. E. Hansberry. Kuykendall & Ferguson represent him.

According to the complaint, in return for services rendered, Hansberry a couple of years ago was awarded a judgment for the amount involved on a loggers' lien against the Innes-Clark Lumber company, which plant has been merged into the Big Basin company. Hansberry alleges that the logs attached were sawed up by the Big Basin, and his judgment left unsatisfied.

Two Would Be Senator

State Senator Helen Ring Robinson of Colorado is to have a rival for political honors. Mrs. James J. Brown, prominent in Denver society and well known in Newport, is to contest Mrs. Robinson's seat in the state senate at the coming election.

Canada Appropriates for Peace

For the purpose of paying the expenses of her representatives to the Hundred Years of Peace celebration, Canada will appropriate $25,000. Premier Borden and Sir Wilfred Laurier both indorse the appropriation.

Joseph W. Folk, solicitor of the state department, is to become counselor of the Interstate Commerce Commission at a salary of $10,000 a year. This is twice his present salary

It is not generally known that the muskrat is the most important furbearing animal of North America. In one year alone (1910) 5,550,000 muskrat skins were put upon the market, realizing to the trappers a sum approximately $1,700,000.

Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of N. E. Posten, deceased, to present such claims with the proper vouchers at the law office of F. H. Mills, Klamath Falls, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.

EARL WHITLOCK, Administrator

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, March 12, 1914. 3-12 4-9 r

Notice of Settlement of Final Account of Administrator.

Notice is hereby given that Edgar L. Furber, administrator of the estate of Lewis I. Furber, deceased, has rendered and presented to the court and filed with the clerk thereof, his report and final account of his administration of said estate, together with his petition for final distribution of the personal property belonging thereto; and that Saturday, the 11th day of April, A. A. 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m., and in the court room of the county court of Klamath county, state of Oregon, in the county court house of Klamath Falls, in said county, have been appointed by the court as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, report and final account, and the settlement of said account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file exceptions to said account and contest the same.

Dated this 12th day of March, 1914

EDGAR L. FURBER,
Administrator of the Estate of Lewis I. Furber, Deceased. 3-12-4-9r

Why It's Called "Beaver State"

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Oregon Development News in the Line of Industries, Payrolls, Etc., Prepared in Terse Form by the tate Bureau of Industries and Statistics, and Published in the Interest of Herald Readers.

SALEM, Ore., March 9.—The supreme court during the past week has again decided against Labor Commissioner O. P. Hoff in his effort to enforce the eight hour law in all state institutions.

Woolen manufacurers at Cologne, Germany, are seeking to contract for the Oregon grown teasel and that industry is reviving.

Catholic people at La Grande are planning a $30,000 cathedral.

The Milton box factory is being enlarged to 500,000 capacity.

The new Southern Pacific bridge over Coos Bay will cost $800,000.

A logging company at Knappa will extend its railroad three miles.

Eugene Fruit Growers association has orders for $10,000 worth of their 1914 product.

West Linn, Clackamas county, will erect a $15,000 city hall.

North Bend school board is planning a new high school.

Springfield and Hood River have stock subscribed for canneries.

The Wilbur woolen mills at Stayton will be enlarged and a warehouse and mattress factory added.

The Everfresh Food Products company at Sutherlin will enlarge its plant to double capacity.

The Rainier Mineral Soap factory at St. Helens has made arrangements to operate this year, starting this month.

The Booker Basket factory at Hillsboro will be enlarged and add a line of wicker chairs.

Kimball cultivators manufactured at the Dallas are shipped east by the carload.

The people of Turner voted to install a supply of pure spring water.

The state and federal commissioners on development of the Dallas water power project visited the grounds the past week to select a site.

The striking operatives in shingle mills in Oregon and Washington are being re-placed by non-union men.

The Eugene Excelsior plant will double its plant and in a new fireproof building hopes to have a payroll of $10,000 within a year.

There is general sentiment growing that Oregon has gone too far in progressive legislation that handicaps industries.

Lane county manufacturers meet Tuesday, March 10th, to consider a state industrial convention and county exhibit.

A $20,000 office building will be erected at Baker City for Louis Sommers of Portland.

The Swedish Lutheran church of Portland will erect a hospital.

The Eugene Iron Works is planning to begin the manufacture of a portable range for mountain and military purposes.

O. L. Clark of Marshfield will erect a three story apartment 50 x 100 feet.

Among new brick buildings for 1914 are a school house at Silverton and a city hall at Woodburn.

Corvallis Odd Fellows plan the erection of a three story temple.

Molalla is to have a $25,000 electric power plant.

Two concrete business buildings are going to be built at once in Eugene.

Veatch Bros. of Cottage Grove will erect a new store building.

The attorney general sustains the injunction suit of the Employers' association against running the state printing office as a closed shop, but holds the state can pay the union scale of wages.

All sub-contractors on the Willamette Pacific are preparing to start work at once.

COOKING TO BE TAUGHT BY MAIL

BERKELEY, March 10.—"What shall we have for dinner?"

Housewives of California will have this question answered by the University of California. Miss Marguerite Cooley, trained professionally at Columbia, is to take full charge of a correspondence course in domestic science, which will deal with the selection and use of the food in the home.

Among other things the classification, composition and nutritive value of food materials will be taught, with consideration of the cost of various foods, so that menus may be prepared in which the different nutritive elements needed may be represented, and yet economy be observed.

The kitchen and the cook stove will be the laboratory equipment required for the correspondence course in the "Principles of Cooking." In this case will be taught the relation of different methods of cooking to the appetizingness and the digestibility of foods.

"Feeding the Family" will be the subject o fa third correspondence course. In this students will be taught how children should be fed.

COUNTY COURT TO VISIT PORTLAND

County Judge W. S. Worden and Commissioner John Hagelstein left Wednesday morning for Portland to be present at the hearing of the warrant cases which are up before the federal court.

Judge Worden received a wire on Tuesday from L. R. Webster, asking him to come to Portland at once, but the message was received after the morning train had left, so departure was delayed until Wednesday morning.

Judge Lionel R. Webster has been retained to represent the county court, while it is understood that D. V. Kuykendall will represent other officers of the county. The case was supposed to have come up for hearing Monday, but probably has been continued until the arrival of the defendants.

Declines China's Offer

After several conferences with President Yuan Shi Kai, Wm. W. Rockehill, former ambassador to Turkey, declined the position of general adviser to the Chinese President. Mr. Rockehill was minister to China for several years.

The Most Complete Stock of Harness and Saddlery Goods in Southern Oregon

Bradley Harness Co.