

MEXICAN REBELS CAPTURE JUAREZ

THREE AMERICANS ARE KILLED DURING A NIGHT ATTACK ON THE CITY

Rebel Soldiers Under General Villa Enter the City on Federal Train, Disguised as Federal Soldiers. Hundreds Lost by Both Sides in the Fighting Last Night and Early This Morning—Saloons Close.

EL PASO, Texas, Nov. 15.—Led by General "Pancho" Villa, 2,500 constitutionalists this morning captured Juarez.

This came as the result of a surprise attack, which commenced at 2 o'clock.

Fierce fighting took place in every street.

General Villa announced that the lives and property of Americans would be protected.

In last night's fighting, the federales lost 37 killed and 49 wounded, while a dozen rebels were injured.

With the coming of daylight the firing of both sides became more effective. This morning there were 130 dead and more than 300 wounded. The wounded are to be brought over the Rio Grande for treatment.

Out of a total garrison of 1,500 federales, 900 escaped to the American shore.

Three Americans were killed during the fighting. Only one of these, G. C. Seggerson, a chauffeur, was identified.

In order to prevent any riotous conduct, General Villa closed all the saloons in Juarez, and destroyed great quantities of liquor.

The rebels gained admission to the city by a ruse. They boarded a train bound for Juarez, disguised as federal troops, and caught the federal garrison off its guard.

NOGALES, Nov. 15.—Rebel troops are mobilizing near here for an attack on Mazatlan. They are heavily armed, their equipment including artillery.

The rebels are only awaiting the arrival of reinforcements before advancing.

Alatata and Culican have already been captured by the constitutionalists.

BUYS SPLENDID CITY PROPERTY

C. Shubert Sr. has just closed a deal through the R. E. Smith Realty company for the R. A. Johnson residence property. This property lies at the corner of Ninth and Canal streets.

Mr. Shubert is a recent arrival in the city, having arrived here but a few months ago.

His son, C. Shubert Jr., located in Klamath Falls over a year ago, and was so impressed with the opportunities that he persuaded his father to visit him, and look around. Mr. Shubert Sr. saw things in such a light that he decided to send for his family and locate here. The property just purchased is intended as a home for the Shubert family.

SAY WILSON IS TO HELP CAUSE

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 15.—Hoping that President Wilson will incorporate in his December message to congress something favorable to the woman suffrage amendment, more than 100 Jersey women who came here today personally to present their plans to him and to the New Jersey congressional delegation.

Mrs. E. F. Feickert, president of the New Jersey State Suffrage Association, was generalissimo of the "On-to-Washington" delegation, and she had the support of such leaders as Mrs. Abraham Van Winkle of South Orange, Mrs. G. L. Riley of Plainfield, and Mrs. C. P. Titus of East Orange.

They planned today to appeal to the president's "sense of fair play" to bring about at least a mention of the suffrage question in his next congressional message.

MEDIATORS WILL SETTLE TROUBLE

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 15.—The board of mediators named by the government to settle the Southern Pacific strike conferred with the railway officials at New York today.

They announce prospects of a quick settlement, and propose to end the strike immediately, pending a compromise.

MORE VISITORS AT THE LIBRARY

Following is the report of the librarian at the public library for the month of October:

The number of visitors at the library during October was 1,716, showing an increase of about a hundred over the attendance during Sep-

tember. Books were circulated to the number of 431.

Following is the magazine subscription list for 1914: Scientific American, Hearst's, Good Housekeeping, Clamopolitan, American Magazine, World's Work, McClures, Physical Culture, Scribners, Everybodies, St. Nicholas, Popular Mechanics, Delinquent, Literary Digest, Outdoor World and Recreation, American Boy, Saturday Evening Post, Youths Companion, Munsey, Boys Magazine, Technical World, Current Opinion, Modern Priscilla, Popular, Review of Reviews, Travel, Ladies Home Journal, Life.

WILD RUMORS ARE COMING OVER THE TELEGRAPH WIRES

FRENCH WARSHIP ARRIVES AT VERA CRUZ

Huerta Said to Have Called Back to Mexico All His Army Officers Who Are Abroad—Believed That the New Congress Will Adjourn as Soon as It Goes Into Session, Holding Election a Fraud.

VERA CRUZ, Nov. 15.—The French warship Conde arrived in the harbor today.

VERA CRUZ, Nov. 15.—It is reported that Huerta has ordered the immediate return of all Mexican army officers who are abroad.

It is also reported that the Huerta family is due here from Mexico City, and will leave on an outgoing steamer. Numerous other rumors are afloat.

A hundred American families arrived last night and today from the interior.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 15.—The new Mexican congress is scheduled to meet in Mexico City tonight to organize. Huerta refused to dissolve it before the meeting, but he implied a promise that it would not act.

It was said that it would merely declare no president or vice president had been elected, question the validity of its own existence, and call another election.

Bryan is keeping in close touch with it.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 15.—At noon Huerta had not indicated what the program would be regarding the meeting of congress. Reports conflicted.

It is believed in certain quarters that the house will adjourn immediately, and after declaring the election of the members, the president and vice president to be unconstitutional.

THEY ARE STILL ON HOMESTEADS

"To correct a statement in a recent issue of the Herald, we wish to state that the homesteaders situated in 37-7, near Aspen Lake, with the exception of those having their patents, are still holding down their claims, and expect to do so for some time yet," said two of them who were in town today.

The article in question spoke of the exodus of persons homesteading around the Upper Lake, but referred only to those granted patents, and not those who are proving up.

BUSINESS HOUSE MAKES CHANGES

A deal was completed Friday night whereby Elmer L. French disposed of his interest in the Klamath Sheet Metal works to N. P. Campbell. Jas. Lade still retains his interest.

The concern will move from its present location on Main street, near Tenth, to the rear of the Klamath Hardware store, conducted by Mr. Campbell.

MINERAL SURVEY NOW COMPLETED

KLAMATH AGENCY, Nov. 15.—Mr. Ferguson, one of the mineralogists of the United States Geological Survey, who is making a mineral survey of the Klamath Indian Reservation, and Henry Wilson, who is assisting, have returned to the Agency from the field. The final field work was done Thursday.

Chiloquin is quite a lively town these days. If Klamath Falls doesn't get a move on, look out. Chiloquin may become the largest city in the county, and may also take the court house.

Benson Is Home.

Hon. Henry L. Benson returned Friday night from Lakeview, where he conducted the October term of the circuit court. Owing to a cold and a grippe contracted while there, the Judge returned on the railroad, via Reno and Sacramento.

'SPUGS' TO WAGE A BIG CAMPAIGN

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—A country-wide appeal for the abolition of the useless Christmas gift and a plea for intelligent and thoughtful giving instead were voiced recently by Mrs. August Belmont, president of the Spugs, at the opening meeting of the 1913 campaign to be waged by that organization against insincerity, compulsion and waste in Christmas giving. At this meeting the membership rolls of the Spugs—the Society for the Prevention of Useless Giving—were thrown open to all residents of the United States who might want to enroll against the foolish Christmas gifts.

Mr. J. Borden Harriman presided at the meeting. Mrs. Belmont was the orator of the evening. The original purpose of the society, she said, was to prevent compulsory giving by girls in stores and factories to their employers, the custom of collective giving which the girls felt they could not afford, but which they could not avoid without embarrassment and positive loss of their positions.

This was one of the chief objects of the society, she added, but not the only one. Another prime end sought, she said, was a general cultivation by all classes of givers of more thoughtfulness and expression of personality in making Christmas gifts.

"We do not disapprove of collective giving when it is done on the spur of the moment," she said, "or for some particular cause, because then it means that you have collected a sense of human fellowship of which the money collected is but an expression. We do approve of it when it is for the man lower down instead of a man higher up.

"Some persons think that we oppose giving. Far from it. We do not oppose giving, but we advocate intelligent giving, if that is done with the Christmas spirit of good will, as distinguished from giving that is compulsory, from fear or with the hope of obtaining reward."

J. Gleason Chicago's New Police Chief



Captain James Gleason of the Shakespeare avenue station, Chicago, has grown from the ranks under place of John McWeeny, resigned. He has grown up from the ranks under civil service rules. The courage of the new chief has been tried. His capture of the car barn robbers after an all day fight at Millers, Ind., several years ago, convinced Chicagoans. By the appointment the report that Mayor Harrison favored naming a woman for the place is disposed of. If the mayor ever had such a thought he reconsidered it.

To the Southland.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Swansen and children left Sunday night for Los Angeles, where Mrs. Swansen and the children will spend the winter. Jimmy will spend a week or so attending to business matters before returning to Klamath Falls.

Dr. Fred Westerfeld has moved his dental offices from the Loomis building to a suite of rooms in the White-Maddox building.

THE INDIANS GET SOME FINE CATTLE

KLAMATH AGENCY, Nov. 14.—Superintendent Edson Watson, with the assistance of Mr. Miller and men representing Bill Hanley, Thursday completed the distribution of the latest shipment of blooded cattle to the Indians on this end of the reservation.

There were 500 head loaned out to the local Indians. These are all the best strains of Durham and Hereford.

The largest number taken by an individual Indian was fifteen. The others mostly took five cows. The Indians who received cattle in the distribution will pay for them in seven years time.

The Klamath reservation farmers now have as fine cattle as will be found any place, and the additions just received will soon make the livestock industry one of the leaders here.

The steers from the reservation have always been noted for their size and good condition. They are all fattened on grass, with no other kind of feed.

In addition to the cattle distributed here 500 head have been sent to Yainax sub-agency to be distributed in that section. Superintendent Watson and assistants and a government inspector went there last night to give out the cattle.

'THE SHASTA' CHANGES HANDS

A deal that has been under way for several days was closed Thursday when D. H. Lenox and A. E. Kent purchased from F. J. Piggars the Shasta candy and ice cream parlors.

Mr. Lenox is an experienced man in the candy business, having conducted a candy kitchen in Roseburg for six years. Mr. Kent has had many years experience in the cigar and tobacco business, which will be a valuable asset in the new enterprise, as the Shasta carries a complete line of cigars and tobacco.

Both gentlemen are favorably impressed with Klamath Falls and are confident of its future.

Frank J. Piggars, the retiring proprietor, will assist the new owners for a week or so till they have full grasp on the business, after which he and his family will go to California for the winter.

BIG BASIN HAS LEASED ACKLEY'S KENO RAILROAD

KENO, Nov. 14.—A new logging camp has been established near here by the Big Basin Lumber company, and a big crew of men is at work getting from the forests to the water the embryo houses.

The company has taken a lease on the railroad owned by the Ackley Brothers Lumber company. This extends from the river a distance of three miles into the mountains.

A donkey engine and twenty head of horses are used to draw the logs from where they are felled to the railroad. About twenty men are employed in the camp. Mrs. Jo Otey is employed as cook.

In addition to the forces working in the timber and hauling to the railroad, there are nine four-horse teams engaged in putting the logs into the water.

It has been rumored that the Big Basin Lumber company contemplates extending the railroad two or three miles further, but so far this has not been confirmed. The company owns and operates the old Innes-Clarke mill on the west side of Link River at Klamath Falls.

U. S. G. S. ACTIVE IN THIS COUNTY

For the purpose of going over the work in Klamath county, Hydrographer Randall of the geological survey is here from Portland. He will remain a couple of weeks.

While in the county Mr. Randall will establish gauging stations on Sprague River and Sican Creek on the Klamath reservation. These are for the benefit of the Indian bureau, which is building a project to irrigate a large acreage.

MRS. HOOVER IS ALSO RELEASED

Following the dismissal of the charge of forgery against Frank Hoover, a Klamath Indian, Friday, Justice of the Peace Gowen dismissed the same charge resting against Mrs. Hoover.

The evidence introduced failed to show that Hoover had endorsed a check given to Kildy Chiloquin last March by Lee Denton. This check was cashed at a local store, after its payment had been stopped.

Hoover was dismissed upon motion of his attorney, W. H. Shaw. H. W.

Keesee, who appeared for Mrs. Hoover, also asked for a dismissal, and this was recommended by Prosecuting Attorney Irwin.

PIANOS SELL FOR FIFTY CENTS EACH AT AUCTION

The following is from the Music Trade:

If any further argument were needed to convince piano merchants and their salesmen of the fallacy of making allowances of \$50 or more in exchange for square pianos, the details of the sale of assets of the Bollman Brothers Piano company in St. Louis recently should provide that argument, and prove, incidentally, that the square piano is really a thing of the past.

At the sale in question—an auction sale, it must be remembered—where the principal bidders were piano dealers, twenty-four square pianos, all in good condition so far as square pianos go, were offered for sale.

Two of the instruments brought 25 cents each, two more \$1.40 each, and the remaining twenty, as one lot, 55 cents each, an average price for the sale was 55 5-12 cents per instrument.

The dealer and salesman who complain that they must make ridiculous allowances for squares in order to make sales, should require no further proofs to convince the customer of the unreasonableness of his demand for big allowance for a square piano than the record at the Bollman sale.

(Equity No. 507) Summons

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, in and for Klamath County.

Lulu H. Shephard, Plaintiff,

vs.

Oscar C. Lee and Dora E. Lee, Defendants.

In the name of the state of Oregon, you and each of you are hereby summoned to appear and answer the complaint filed in the above entitled suit within six weeks after the first publication of this summons; and you will take notice that if you fail to appear and answer or plead within the said time, the plaintiff for want thereof will apply to the above entitled court for the relief demanded in his complaint filed herein, to wit:

For a judgment, order and decree against Oscar C. Lee in the sum of \$2,000, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from the 10th day of March, 1912, until paid; for the sum of \$441 with interest thereon at the legal rate on delinquent tax certificates; for the sum of \$275.00 attorney's fee and for costs and disbursements herein; and also for a decree foreclosing the mortgage described in the said complaint, to-wit: a mortgage dated on the 10th day of June, 1908, for the sum of \$2,000.00 made and executed by Franc L. Lee and afterwards assumed by the defendant herein, upon the following described real property in Klamath County, Oregon, to-wit: all of the south half of the northeast quarter, and the southeast quarter of section 34; township 38, S. R. 11 1/2 E. W. M., and the north half of lots 1 and 2 of Sec. 3, twp. 39 S. R. 11 1/2 E. W. M.; all being in Klamath County, State of Oregon, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining, the said mortgage having been recorded at page 357 in volume 8 of mortgages of the Mortgage records of Klamath County, Oregon, on the 27th day of June, 1908. For a further order and decree that the real estate named in this complaint may be sold by the sheriff of Klamath County and State of Oregon, as under execution and as provided by law for the sale of real estate under foreclosure and that the proceeds of such sale, after paying the costs, disbursements, attorney's fees, shall be applied upon the judgment, and if the proceeds of such sale be insufficient, the plaintiff shall have judgment and execution against the defendant, Oscar C. Lee, to recover such balance unpaid; and, further, that the said defendants, Oscar C. Lee and Dora E. Lee, and all persons claiming under them, may be barred and foreclosed of all rights, claims or equity of redemption in said premises or any part thereof, and for such other and further relief that to this Court may seem equitable.

This Summons is published pursuant to an order of the Hon. Henry L. Benson, Judge of the Circuit Court for Klamath County, Oregon, made November 15, 1913, and first publication thereof is made on the 15th day of November, 1913, and the last publication will be on the 27th day of December, 1913.

W. H. SHAW,
Attorney for the Plaintiff.

11-15-12-27 h

NEW HOMESTEAD LAW TO BE IN FORCE

The 320-acre homestead law, or as it is often called, the enlarged homestead law, has made possible the entry of many millions acres of dry land in the Western states in tracts double the size allowed under the original homestead law. Only land which has been designated by the secretary of the interior as "non-irrigable" can be entered under this act. More than 200,000,000 acres have been thus designated, but petitions and sworn statements requesting further designations are constantly being received.

In an interview just given out, Secretary Lane calls attention to the fact that there appears to be considerable misunderstanding among Western homesteaders as to the procedure necessary in order that enlarged homestead designations may be made. The secretary states that only the simplest and most direct action by the settler is required, and that it is wholly unnecessary for him to incur the charges now made by attorneys who draw up formal petitions that are in fact no more effective than the homesteader's own letter would be. On this account a brief statement of the essential facts relative to the enlarged homestead law is timely:

The first enlarged homestead act was approved February 10, 1909, and as later amended provides that in the states of Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming any person who is qualified to make entry under the homestead laws may enter as much as 320 acres of public land which is in a reasonably compact body and is non-mineral, non-irrigable, unreserved and unappropriated, and does not contain merchantable timber. Before such entry can be made, however, the land must be designated by the secretary of the interior as not being, in his opinion, susceptible of successful irrigation at a reasonable cost from any known source of water supply.

Land Must Be Non-Irrigable

The work of classifying the lands and determining what areas may be considered non-irrigable has been assigned by Secretary Lane to the United States geological survey. Although under the present ruling of the secretary, large areas may be designated as non-irrigable without raising the question whether the land is in other respects subject to homestead entry, the work of examining and classifying these large areas necessarily proceeds rather slowly. In addition to these so-called "blanket" designations, therefore, designations of smaller areas are made as rapidly as their non-irrigable character is determined, including areas whose designation has been requested by individual settlers for enlarged homestead entry or for additional entry on tracts adjacent to their present unperfected homestead entries.

Formal Legal Statement Unnecessary

No definite form of petition is required, but each application should be limited as far as possible to the specific tract desired for entry, and should contain a description, by section, township and range, of the applicant's original homestead entry and the date of this entry, as well as a description, also by legal subdivisions, of the land desired for additional entry. Information as to the possibility of irrigating the land should also be furnished, and should include the distance and direction of the nearest stream or existing or proposed irrigation canal, the elevation of the lowest point of land above such source of water supply, the depth at which water can be reached by wells sunk on the land, and all available information concerning attempts to obtain water by this method. The general character of the land, both of the homesteader's original entry (if he has made one) and of the land desired for additional entry, should also be described, to aid the survey in reaching a decision as to its non-irrigability.

This information should be embodied in a letter sent to the director, United States geological survey, Washington, D. C. A formal petition drawn up by a notary or an attorney is not at all necessary, and will not result in any earlier consideration of the matter than will be given if the applicant writes personally. Action will be taken on every request as promptly as is consistent with a proper regard to other requests that are pending, and the applicant will be promptly notified when a final decision has been reached.

The property sold Saturday by Robert A. Johnson to Carl Shubert is at Ninth and Canal streets, and is not the Johnson residence in Hot Springs addition. Many people believed it to be the latter, and were under the impression that the Johnsons were to leave, which is not the case.