

KLAMATH REPUBLICAN

W. O. SMITH, Editor

Official Paper of Klamath County

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

All communications submitted for publication in the columns of this paper will be inserted only over the name of the writer. No non de plume articles will be published.

OUR FARM SECTION

WE WISH to call especial attention to our farm section this week. It is just possible that some of our readers do not know the changes that have taken place in its make-up in the past two months. The departments have been enlarged and strengthened and have become authoritative and valuable. In this week's issue the Grange department contains the Declaration of Purpose of the National Grange, a source of information to those who are not familiar with what the Grange stands for.

"Three Thousand Chicks on Three Acres" is a valuable contribution for poultry raisers, and not the least is the paper by Axel Emil Gibson, entitled "The Keynote to Strength," which we commend to the thoughtful study of all.

FAIR TO WORKMEN AND EMPLOYERS

ONE OF THE four measures to be submitted to the people at the special election to be held November 4th, and one which should receive the united support of both the laboring class and the employer, is the Workmen's Compensation Act.

This bill was framed by a commission representing the Grange, the employers and the workers. The law provides automatic compensation for injured workmen and their widows and children in case of death, and is designed to do away with actions at law against employers for damages in case where workmen are injured or killed.

It is claimed by friends of the new system that it will have a tendency to reduce the number of accidents and be a safe protection to both the workman and the employer of labor. Unquestionably it will greatly reduce the number of paupers and public charges resulting from fatal accidents, as statistics show that only about 12 per cent of those injured have actionable claims for damages under the present laws.

It is claimed that the referendum on this bill was invoked by the agents of the employer's liability insurance companies, and by certain personal injury lawyers, both of which classes will lose heavily if the bill becomes a law.

Under the present law the greater portion of the damages to which an injured workman may be entitled goes to the lawyers and for court expenses, and after an injury case is finally settled in the courts it is usually the attorney who benefits by the verdict, rather than the workman or his family. It is also necessary very often for the employer to spend a large sum of money defending actions in the courts. Under the new law all this is changed. The compensation provided by the act is exclusive, and neither the workman nor his dependants have any claim against the employer, unless the employer has refused after demand to pay his required contribution to the fund, or unless the commission entrusted with the administration of the act determines that the employer has violated the general statutes of the state with respect to some safety appliance, and the injury has resulted from such violation.

The fund from which the compensation is to be paid is made up from the following sources: Three-fourths to be paid by the employer, one-eighth by the workman and one-eighth by the state. For a short period, and until a surplus required for the necessary securities is provided, all employers pay at the same rate, but thereafter the payments depend upon the care exercised by each employer and the number and extent of the accidents occurring in his plant or works.

KEEP THE STUDENTS AT HOME

THE University of Oregon has always been forced, under a system prevailing since 1873, to ask each legislature for funds with which to operate during another two years. The Oregon Agricultural College has been compelled to do the same.

These maintenance bills have frequently become the storm center of the political struggles within the legislature. The university and the agricultural college, therefore, have constantly been accused of engaging in politics, and of the unacademic practice of political trading, and their

dignity and usefulness have been correspondingly impaired.

Passage by the 1913 legislature of the millage bill provided for automatic maintenance of each institution after next year. A fraction of a mill on each state levy was set aside for the university, and a slightly larger fraction of a mill for the agricultural college. Thus, as the state grows, the two great schools are expected to expand. The legislatures since 1908 have at each session passed bills providing such additional room, but each time a band of persons hostile to the university on personal grounds have invoked the referendum. This year, the university, with double the attendance it had in 1908, and with the largest freshman class in its history, is holding classes in all sorts of unsuitable places, while waiting a favorable verdict from the people so it can build.

To the University of California alone this fall went seventy-four students from Oregon. To the University of Washington, to Leland Stanford University and to numerous Eastern institutions, went hundreds of others. These students should be kept at home and educated to understand and to assist in solving the problems of their home state. They are, however, loth to register in an institution where the voters have not yet frowned upon attempts to kill it, and where the "No Room" sign may have to be hung out at any time.

To sustain the two modest appropriations, the money for which is already provided, vote "Yes." To vote "No" is to vote for the referendum.

A NEEDED AMENDMENT

WE ARE publishing today a communication from Hon. Jonathan Bourne Jr., containing a copy of a proposed law which he suggests as a remedy for the present abuses of the referendum law.

The proposed law makes it illegal to secure paid distributors of petitions for the referendum, recall or direct primary. At the present time, by the use of money, it is possible for anyone to defeat the will of the people by holding up good legislation. We have an instance at the present time in the referendum on the university appropriations. Through the use of paid solicitors the state university is deprived for some time of this much needed appropriation, and the state is compelled to expend thousands of dollars in holding an election.

It is safe to say that if it had been left to the voluntary action of the voters of the state that there would have been no referendum, and no necessity for an election. Those who believe in the necessity of the proposed law should write Jonathan Bourne and offer their assistance in getting it on the ballot at the next election.

HIGH SCHOOL TO PLAY AT MERRILL

The Klamath county high school football team will go to Merrill Saturday for a gridiron contest with the Merrill high eleven. The formation will be practically the same with the Klamath county high as when they played Ashland here last Saturday, holding the boys from over the hills to a scoreless four periods.

Garrett was slightly bruised up in the last scrimmage, but will be in shape by Saturday. Others on the team were marked about the face and hands, but none seriously.

No word has come from Merrill as to the strength of their eleven, and the locals may run up against a tougher proposition than they are expecting. Quite a number of rooters are going down with the team.

Sight-Seeing and Fishing.

Fred Houston autoed out to Klamath Hot Springs Sunday with a party of young people bent on seeing the country and trying their luck with rod and reel. They visited the big dam being built by the California-Oregon Power company, viewed the Narrows from Topsy grade, lunched at the Klamath Hot Springs hotel and hooked a few specimens of the finny tribe. In the party were Miss Ora Nelson, Miss Claudia O'Loughlin, Mrs. Fred Houston, Joe Brett and Fred Houston.

Using special breathing apparatus supplying oxygen, three Frenchmen recently ascended nearly 33,000 feet in a balloon without suffering any ill effects.

SEEK TO UNITE WESTERN WORLD FOR ALL TIMES

WILSON THUS HOPES TO PREVENT WARFARE

President and Secretary of State Plan to Eliminate Every Vestige of Dollar Diplomacy From the Dealings, and Maintain Literally the Monroe Doctrine—Any Intervention Would Be Only of Temporary Nature

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 28.—President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan plan to work out a unity of interest to all the nations of the western hemisphere, hoping in this manner to avoid all the frequent uprisings in South and Central America.

Every vestige of dollar diplomacy is to be entirely eliminated. The Monroe Doctrine will be maintained throughout.

This is the interpretation that was placed on Wilson's utterances at Mobile. He is determined to avoid intervention, if possible.

The president realizes that the situation is tense, but says if he is forced to act the United States will withdraw as soon as possible.

In his proclamation, Wilson states that he does not intend to seize any territory, should he order the troops over the border. This puts him in a position where he can command the support of both parties in congress if he must use force.

Dispatches indicate that Huerta may attempt to declare Gambia as president and Blanquet vice president. If so, this would further complicate matters.

Wilson will return tomorrow from Mobile. Following his arrival it is expected that he and Bryan will arrange a definite declaration of the policy of the nation.

OFFICIALS WILL INSPECT THE KLAMATH RIVER DAM

To determine the cause of the scarcity of salmon in this section, State Fish Expert A. J. Sprague, Deputy District Game Warden Carey Ramsby and Division Superintendent George J. Walton of the power company left on Wednesday morning for Ward Flats, on the Klamath River, where the California-Oregon Power company has started construction of a dam for the development of electric power.

During the process of the dam construction, the power company has tunneled through a hill to divert the water of the river away from the work. The volume of water passing through this tunnel, say some, makes the current so swift that it is impossible for the salmon to ascend to their spawning grounds in streams emptying into the Upper Lake.

There has been an entire absence of salmon this season, and sportsmen have become much alarmed. The Indians have been wont to catch large supplies in Williamson River, but this year there were none.

The power company states that the current is not too swift to allow the salmon to ascend. The corporation insists that the hatchery at Klamath is responsible, as it takes the eggs from the salmon, and they do not go to the old spawning ground.

The trip of the officials will determine this matter. In case it is deemed advisable, it is believed the power company will put in a fish ladder.

BIG GRAIN CROP IN YONNA VALLEY

Yonna Valley and vicinity harvested one of the biggest crops in its history, according to Albert Burgdorf, a prominent resident of Dairy, who is here attending to business matters.

Mr. Burgdorf is in a position to know whereof he speaks, as he is a member of one of the companies owning threshing outfits which operated there. This outfit and one other did all the work in the valley.

"The yield was much heavier than usual this year, but the exact amount has not yet been determined," said Mr. Burgdorf.

Mr. Burgdorf, "and very little of the crop was damaged by frost.

"Although this was a record yield, the last of the grain was threshed last Friday, which is nearly a month earlier than usual. This was possible on account of the ideal October weather Klamath county is enjoying."

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—With delegates present from all sections of the country to discuss sociological and practical questions relating to the betterment of conditions under which girls in the United States work, the Girl's Friendly Society of America, convened here today in annual session. Many prominent sociological speakers will address the meetings, which will continue through Friday.

WOULD HAVE CITY MONIES DRAWING SOME INTEREST

MATTER DISCUSSED BUT NO ACTION TAKEN

Rogers Suggests Placing of Sinking Fund Money Under a Time Deposit Certificate—Matthews Suggests a Two Per Cent Daily Balance Arrangement for the Other Municipal Treasury Funds.

Monies in the city's sinking fund, which are gradually accumulating for the payment of bonded indebtedness, should be placed under time deposit, so they could be drawing interest, says Councilman Leslie Rogers. He brought this matter up at Monday night's meeting of the council.

Councilman Matthews of the Second Ward also suggested the 2 per cent daily balance plan for the other city money. This is the plan used in connection with the county money throughout the state.

It was agreed by councilmen that these plans would during the year add no mean sum to the treasury. No definite action was taken in either case, however.

COUNCIL ADOPTS AN IMPORTANT RESOLUTION

In order to assure the government that the city will figure with the department of the interior regarding the furnishing of power from the government's West Side canal, a resolution declaring that intention was adopted at Monday night's meeting of council. This will make possible the engineering work.

The resolution follows:

Whereas, The city of Klamath Falls is contemplating the acquisition or construction of municipal water works, one of the plans under consideration requiring power for pumping, and

Whereas, The city has also under consideration the acquisition or construction of a lighting plant, including the generation of electricity for commercial power purposes; and

Whereas, The feasibility of all these plans for betterment of public conditions and health depend on economical generation of power; and

Whereas, There is a magnificent amount of water for power passing over the rapids in this city, unused, controlled by the reclamation service of the United States, and it is believed that the government would be willing to farm out or rent to the municipality sufficient for its public purpose, there being a great surplus over and above what said reclamation service may ever be able to utilize in reclamation work or the general government in any public work: It is

Resolved, By the city of Klamath Falls, that the honorable mayor of this city make application to the proper officials of the United States reclamation service for estimates of likely charges that the government would make against the city for permit to use of such surplus water sufficient for the public needs; also what charges would likely be made for delivery of water in sufficient quantity for such purposes from the government canal, at sufficient height for development of power, and also what likely charge would be made for electric power from the government's own plant, and for how many years such arrangement and deliveries likely could be counted on by said city, and whether water for power for municipal uses could be acquired in perpetuity, saving any further need thereof by the general government for governmental purposes.

WILL SURVEY FOR 2D ST. BOULEVARD

Engineering work in connection with the Second street boulevard is to be attended to this fall, in order to allow an early start on the improvement work next year.

This work by City Engineer McLean will determine what property will be affected, probable cost of the work, etc. After this, viewers will be named to determine the damages and benefits resulting from the improvement.

The matter was brought up by Fred Melhase and E. R. Reames at Monday night's meeting of council. They asked early action on the matter, and guaranteed the payment of the engineering cost.

This proposed highway will skirt Lake Ewauna to the city limits, affording a driveway for local people. At the city limits the boulevard will be met by a county road extending to Midland and Merrill via the fair grounds.

Edwin Wilson, a well known young reservation farmer, is here on a business trip. He reports a record harvest in the Modoc Point country, and big prices for cattle. Joe Ball is also in town from the reservation.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE

Mary E. McCormick to P. M. Reidy warranty deed, part of lots 2 and 3, block 42, First addition.

United States to Fred J. Beldin, patent, SE 1/4 NW 1/4, SW 1/4 NE 1/4, NW 1/4 SE 1/4, NE 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 5-41-10.

Klamath Corporation to John Wyse, deed, lot 11, block 215, Mills Second addition.

The Klamath Development company to Annie Goodrich, deed, lot 2A, block 5, Railroad addition.

John H. Richards to Chas. H. Richards, warranty deed, W 1/2 NW 1/4 Sec. 29-36-15.

D. Maynew to John Irwin, warranty deed, part of lot 8, block 18, Original town.

Klamath Canal company to Chas. B. Stewart, warranty deed, lots 1 and 2, block 57, Nichols addition.

A. A. Mehaffey to C. W. Kaler, deed, lots 12, 13 and 14, block 215 Mills Second addition.

E. D. McDonald to Wm. D. Parr, warranty deed, all of block 1, Carroll's addition.

C. N. Suttner to W. A. Dixon, warranty deed, N 1/2 S 1/2 NW 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 13-36-14, and NE 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 31-36-15.

W. A. Dixon to Walter B. Brooks, warranty deed, same tract.

Lee S. Denton to Grace Dixon, warranty deed, NE 1/4 SE 1/4, Sec. 30-33-17 1/2.

Grace Dixon to Lee S. Denton, warranty deed, S 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 20; NW 1/4, W 1/2 NE 1/4, NW 1/4 SE 1/4, N 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 29-33-7 1/2.

Klamath Corporation to Edson Watson, deed, lots 17, 18 and 19, block 302, Darrow addition.

Klamath Corporation to Henry Cites, deed, lots 9 and 10, block 215, Mills Second addition.

The Klamath Development company to Michael Motschenbacher, deed, lot 2, block 35, Hillside addition.

Emma F. Mason to Fred and Gus Melhase, warranty deed, E 1/2 NW 1/4, W 1/2 NE 1/4, Sec. 26-37-11.

C. S. Bartlett to J. D. Dervan, quit claim deed, E 1/2 NE 1/4, Sec. 19-40-10.

Katherine L. Philip et al. to I. T. Mason, quit claim deed, lot 4, e. c. 1-37-10.

J. A. Sharp to Geo. B. Chamberlain, warranty deed, part of block 44, Nichols addition.

Oregon Inland Development company to Carl Lutz, warranty deed, lot 11, block 3, Orindale.

Summer A. Parker to Oshkosh Land and Timber company, quit claim deed, N 1/2 Sec. 5-35-5.

United States to Mattie J. Snyder, patent, N 1/2 NW 1/4, Sec. 9-37-11 1/2.

Mattie Snyder to Aaron S. Bloom, warranty deed, N 1/2 NW 1/4, Sec. 9-37-11 1/2.

William S. Worden to W. J. Chaney, warranty deed, lot 21, block 36, Worden.

William S. Worden to R. H. Cross, warranty deed, lot 16, block 12, Worden.

Klamath Corporation to John A. Johnson, deed, lot 3, block 209, Mills Second addition.

A. W. Morey to James Sutton, deed N 1/2 NE 1/4, E 1/2 NW 1/4, Sec. 21-38-12.

ENTERTAINMENT A BIG SUCCESS

FORT KLAMATH, Oct. 28.—Farmers and stockmen are all preparing for the winter, yet we are having the nicest weather of the season. One can never tell how long the good weather is going to last, though, or how soon the bad weather is going to come.

The school entertainment given at the Fort last week was a big success. It netted the school \$110. This amount will go to the athletic and entertainment fund of the schools of District No. 7.

Frank Burns, Jim Kirkpatrick and Chas. Burns returned a few days ago from a hunting trip on the head of Rogue River. They succeeded in bringing home four very large bucks. The boys were well pleased with their trip.

Frank Neil and family are moving back to Ashland. Mr. Neil has been a resident and stockman of this valley for a number of years. His many friends regret his going.

Are Married Here.

A license to wed was issued Tuesday to Joseph Edward Cross and Cecil May Warren, and later in the day they were married by Rev. J. B. Griffith. The couple are well known here. The bride has been residing at Worden for some time, and the groom is a logging contractor.

In a year Turkey produces approximately 100,000 bales of wool of 280 pounds each.

MINERS AND TROOPERS IN CLASH

RIFLES AND MACHINE GUNS ARE BROUGHT INTO PLAY BY ANGERED STRIKERS

Later in the Day Leaders Are Able to Convince the Men of the Futility of Armed Resistance—Although Firing Continued Several Hours, the Casualties on Both Sides Will Not Be Serious.

LUDLOW, Colo., Oct. 28.—Word has been proclaimed in the coal strike district at the tent colony.

Hotheads predicted that this meant that the governor had sided with the operators in openly advocating the defying of the militia and burning the mines.

At daybreak the strikers fired simultaneously at the Berwafad and Hastings, where the guards are virtually besieged. The guards replied with the machine guns, but the range of the guns was too long to do any execution.

One striker was wounded in the thigh. A wild rumor that fifteen guards had been killed cannot be confirmed and is discredited.

Later the strikers marched to Deluga and attacked the guards there.

The strikers are sullen and desperate, while the women are openly advocating resistance. The slogan is "Run the militia out of Colorado."

At 2 o'clock most of the strikers had returned. There is still some firing in the hills, but the battle is practically over. Two strikers have been wounded, but not seriously.

The casualties among the guards is unknown, but is not supposed to be serious.

The leaders have regained control of the men, and the strikers are disarming under their directions.

NOTICE OF CONTEST.

(For Publication)

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Lakeview, Oregon, October 25, 1913.

To Henry Maybry of Klamath Falls, Oregon, Contestee:

You are hereby notified that William Patterson, who gives Olene, Oregon, as his postoffice address, did on September 13, 1913, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead, Entry No. 100000, Serial No. 05198, made December 9, 1911, for W 1/2 NW 1/4, SE 1/4 NW 1/4, and SW 1/4 NE 1/4, Section 25, Township 39S, Range 11 1/2 E, Willamette Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said entryman Henry Maybry has never established residence upon said land; that he has abandoned said land and went to Ruby Creek, Alaska, on or about the month of September, 1911; that he has since said time been absent from said land; that he has never improved or cultivated the same.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken by this office as having been confessed by you, and your said entry will be canceled thereunder without your further right to be heard therein, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically meeting and responding to these allegations of contest, or if you fail within that time to file in this office due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail. If this service is made by the delivery of a copy of your answer to the contestant in person, proof of such service must be either the said contestant's written acknowledgment of his receipt of the copy, showing the date of its receipt, or the affidavit of the person by whom the delivery was made stating when and where the copy was delivered; if made by registered mail, proof of such service must consist of the affidavit of the person by whom the copy was mailed stating when and the post-office to which it was mailed, and this affidavit must be accompanied by the postmaster's receipt for the letter.

You should state in your answer the name of the postoffice to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

JAS. F. BURGESS, Register.
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The success of three department stores in China has led to the establishment of a fourth in the southern part of the republic. The greater part of the trade is with the Chinese.

Charles Axle was up from the Midland county Tuesday attending to business matters.