

HUERTA TROOPS ARE ANNIHILATED

MADERISTAS CONTROL THREE MEXICAN STATES

Long stretch of Mexican Central in hands of the rebels, and ranks are continually swelled by new recruits—Stimpson sends troops to guard the border near town of Eagle Pass, Texas.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 27.—Under the leadership of the brothers of the dead ex-president, Madero sympathizers attacked the garrison at Concha, Chihuahua, late yesterday afternoon. They completely annihilated the Huerta troops quartered there.

The Maderistas are holding the entire country along the Mexican Central from Chihuahua to Torreon.

Fighting against the Huerta forces is general in the states of Sonora, Coahuila and Morelos.

More Troops to Border

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 27.—Secretary of War Stimson today ordered a detachment of troops sent to Eagle Pass, Tex., following the receipt of word from Fort Bliss that a battle is imminent at Piedras Negras, Mexico, between Huerta forces and rebels under Colonel Carranza.

The report stated that fully 2,000 refugees crossed the border yesterday and last night.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 27.—Brigadier General Bliss, commanding the Department of Texas, has telegraphed the war department that Colonel Carranza, commanding a force of rebels, has seized all the government buildings in Northern Coahuila.

Bliss also states that a troop of the Fourteenth cavalry has been sent to Eagle Pass.

BANKING SYSTEM DECLARED TO BE CLUMSY AND ANCIENT

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 27.—The present evils of the financial system in this country are due to the antiquated method of banking, according to the officials of the Morgan company.

A statement to this effect is given in their defense, filed today with the Pujos congressional committee for investigating the existence of a "money trust." The article explains the syndicate's defense of its methods in handling money and credits.

"A large part of the committee's time was consumed in an endeavor to piece out a certain theory regarding money and credit," says the document. "But this it was impossible to demonstrate."

"Such ills are existent in this country's financial affairs for one reason. They are the outcome of a clumsy and worn-out system of banking."

SPECTACULAR IS VENGEANCE MODE

PARIS, Feb. 27.—A story of tragic vengeance on account of discarded affection comes from Colmar, Alsace-Lorraine. Mlle. Helene Myrbach, ballet mistress at the municipal theater, who had been elected belle of the evening at a fashionable carnival ball, was taking supper with Jules Meyral, a wealthy merchant, when suddenly she was seen to stoop, draw a stiletto from her garter, and plunge it into her companion's heart. She explained to the people that she had recently been jilted by the man after an attachment of two years.

AUDIENCE MISSED AN ENTIRE SCENE

GENEVA, Feb. 27.—Owing to a printer's error in the program, the audience at the Boudry theater left at the end of the third act in the opening presentation of "The Chocolate Soldier," thinking the show was over.

When the curtain rose for the fourth act, the actors were astonished to find the house empty, especially as their efforts had apparently met with favor. The audience didn't know they hadn't seen the entire performance until they read the morning papers.

BELIEVE EIGHT HOUR LAW NEXT

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 27.—Eight hour laws for men in all the industries are coming, and they will come the faster because of the employers' threats to replace women with men where eight hours for women are established by law. This is the conclusion of Senator Works of California, sustained by Senator Jones of Washington and Senator Kenyon of Iowa, after hearing the District of Columbia merchants' and laundry owners' protests against the eight-hour standard for women in the federal district.

Senator Works is particularly zealous in behalf of the improvement of conditions for female wage earners, whom, he says, are as a rule more re-

liable and painstaking than men. He bluntly told the Washington business men that the payment of wages in industrial plants at an average of \$5.45 per week was an incentive to immorality.

Senator Jones proposes that the amount of wages paid to each woman employee be posted publicly along with the number of hours she has worked each day, as provided in the La Follette-Peters bill.

SAYS BIRD MEN

KIDNAPED HIM

ST PETERSBURG, Feb. 27.—Formal complaint is filed with the foreign office by the mayor of the little town of Plack, near the Poland-Austrian frontier, that he was kidnaped by two Austrian aviators a few nights ago.

According to his story, hearing the whir of an aeroplane, he went out, armed only with his insignia of office, to arrest the trespassers, whereupon the two airmen seized him, bound him hand and foot, lashed him to the body of the machine and resumed their flight. They finally landed sixty miles away in a lonely field, where they released him. Before he could give the alarm they had vanished across the frontier.

HILL IS FOR GOOD ROADS SCHOOL

MILLIONAIRE SEEKS TO HAVE DEPARTMENT ADDED TO THE SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AT UNIVERSITY

EUGENE, Feb. 27.—Samuel Hill of Seattle and Maryhill, Wash., the man who gave the University of Washington the first good roads building ever erected at any institution of learning, is sponsor for a proposal to make the University of Oregon a similar center of highway engineering for Oregon. In an address before the students last week he advocated the addition of such a department to the school of engineering at Eugene.

"There are mighty few men in the United States who know how to build a good road," said Mr. Hill. "There is not one mile of decent highway outside a city in Oregon. In railway engineering we lead the world. In highway building the state of Oregon is in a class with Turkey and Armenia."

Mr. Hill showed the students his stereopticon slides illustrating types of roads and the scenery of the Northwest such roads would make accessible to tourists. These he points to with pride as the finest lantern slides in existence anywhere in the world.

ST. CLAIR GIVEN

LIFE SENTENCE

RED BLUFF, Feb. 27.—John St. Clair was today sentenced to life imprisonment for the killing of James Miller at Vina, Calif.

The killing occurred December 4th, when St. Clair shot up the town.

While on trial St. Clair confessed that he has robbed at least fifteen postoffices in Oregon and California.

CUTS EYEBALLS

FROM SOCKETS

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 25.—Despondent over a debauch which resulted in his arrest, A. U. Helms of Ocean Park today cut and slashed his eyeballs from their sockets.

"I was afraid to look my friends in the face," said Helms in explaining his rash act. "I would have committed suicide, but I lacked the nerve."

ALREADY THEY

WANT OFFICES

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 28.—Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, picked by many politicians as the next secretary of the treasury, is a much embarrassed individual just at this moment. The general opinion going about that he is to be in Wilson's cabinet has caused the office seekers to get busy, and to date Palmer has received more than 500 letters from men and women desiring both "fat" and "lean" jobs in the treasury department.

Palmer will not discuss the possibility of going into the cabinet, and in answering the many inquiries for jobs he naturally has been forced to "turn down" all applications.

THEATER OWNERS

MIX IN SCANDAL

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.—John Considine of Sullivan & Considine, who own a string of theaters, and Sid Grauman, proprietor of the Grauman circuit and theaters, were arrested yesterday on a charge of lewdness.

They are at liberty under \$1,000 bonds. The specific charge against the two theatrical men is that they accompanied Mrs. Evelyn Cook to a resort, and getting four women intoxicated, induced them to commit lewd acts.

RUSALI'S ARMY IS SORRY PARTY LOTS OF TRUST BUSTING IS LEFT

BEDRAGGLED AND FOOTSOKE, 10 OF THE PARTY LEAVING NEW YORK WALLOW THROUGH WET STREETS

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 28.—Bedraggled and footsore, "General" Rosalie Jones and her suffragette army reached the capital today. Of the number starting from New York, only ten remained in the ranks.

The marchers arrived in a down-pour of rain, and as they marched up Pennsylvania avenue they were preceded by motion picture makers in automobiles. The hikers were jeered and jostled by the crowds.

At suffrage headquarters the marchers dispersed to rehabilitate themselves. The marchers received a severe jolt, when met by Alice Paul, chairman of the suffrage headquarters.

"With your present appearance, you are a disgrace to the suffrage cause," was her cheering word to "General" Jones. She endeavored to make the hikers go through Washington by back streets.

ONE OFFICER

IS A FIXTURE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—There is one government official in Washington not worrying over his job because there will be a change in administration on March 4th. This man is Wm. ("Big Bill") Flynn, chief of the secret service.

Flynn is safe for many reasons. First, because the moment he is fired or any of the other assistant chiefs in the service, the crooks all over the country would begin counterfeiting with a rush. While Flynn has not held the office of chief of the secret service very long, he is the most feared man in the secret service today because his record in New York as head of the secret service bureau at that city made his name famous.

Flynn has an amazing knowledge of the counterfeiters, both those serving time and those at liberty. He knows the records, ages, and dispositions of all the country's celebrated crooks.

WOR MINISTER

NOW "NON-COM"

VIENNA, Feb. 28.—From minister of war to a mere corporal is the far downward jump of "General" Cerny who commanded an army of 30,000 troops in Morocco, and is now a non-commissioned officer in an Austrian regiment. Cerny quickly rose to commander in chief some years ago in Morocco, and so won the confidence of the former sultan that he was made minister of war. When the fortunes turned against the sultan, Cerny returned to Austria, and was quickly drawn into the army. His request that he be allowed to enter the service of Turkey has been denied by the Austrian government.

SYECIAL DELIVERY

BY PARCEL POST

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 28.—New postal regulations permit the "special delivery" of parcel post packages by the payment of an additional dime over the regular transmission charge.

WRANGLE, Alaska, March 1.—Skookum Jim, noted Klondike musher, is here with reports of a gold strike on the Silver Creek in British Columbia, with gravel running 50 cents a pan. Jim and his partner, McDonald prospected the country and found pay dirt December 25th. Their camp burned, and Jim came out for more supplies. He reports that about 300 claims have been staked by Indians and telegraph linemen. A rush is on.

BETTER THAN SPANKING

Spanking will not cure children of wetting the bed, because it is not a habit, but a dangerous disease. The C. H. Rowan Drug Co., Dept. 1476, Chicago, Ill., have discovered a strictly harmless remedy for this distressing disease, and in order to make known its merits they will send a 50c package securely wrapped and prepaid absolutely free to any reader of the Republican. This remedy also cures frequent desire to urinate and inability to control urine during the night or day in old or young. The C. H. Rowan Drug Co. is an old reliable house. Write to them today for the free medicine. Cure the afflicted members of your family, then tell your neighbors and friends about this remedy.

INCORPORATION DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE WILL FIND BIG STACK OF ANTI-TRUST SUITS PENDING IN SUPREME COURT

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 1.—When the present staff of "trust busting" officials of the department of justice make way for the legal agents of the incoming democratic administration, a bulk of unfinished business will face the new comers.

There are many anti-trust suits both civil and criminal, pending in the United States district courts for decision, besides a docket of 157 cases in the United States supreme court.

Of the eighty-odd anti-trust actions brought under the Taft administration, twenty-five civil actions are now pending for decision in the courts. Eleven criminal indictments yet are to be concluded. Of the cases closed the government had a ratio of success amounting to about four-fifths. The aggregate amount of fines imposed and collected by the department of justice amounts to almost \$246,000. But two cases have resulted in jail sentences. The great aggregate of fines imposed and collected in one action was in the wire pool case, when the defendants paid in fines \$128,700.

Just how many new anti-trust actions contemplated by this administration and left to the new administration to carry out is, of course, secret. It is said, however, that a number of investigations are going on, both civil and criminal. Information obtained by the government's experts preparatory to the instigation of actions will be turned over to incoming officials, along with the cases pending in the courts.

The government's docket at the United States supreme court is in good shape compared to what it was at the change of other administrations. Of the 157 cases on the docket but one was originally filed in the supreme court. The remaining 156 are divided as follows: Criminal 43, injunction 1, bond 3, customs 1, land 21, tax 9, constitutional 6, court of claims 23, habeas corpus 12, trust 4, immigration 13, insular 5, miscellaneous 10.

The supreme court under the present administration has disposed of 1,411 cases.

HOW MANY SWALLOWS

MAKE A — DRUNK?

LONDON, March 1.—"When is a man drunk?" asks Dr. Norman Porritt, in the British Journal of Inebriety. He quotes several definitions recently given in the courts, to-wit: "I might have been drunk if I had five more pints. I only had six when arrested." "I was pretty muddling. I had seventeen beers, but I knew what I was doing." "I was sober enough to know that I was drunk."

Dr. Porritt contends that the popular view of what constitutes drunkenness needs adjustment.

WOULD INCREASE

ARMY'S STRENGTH

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Fifteen years ago, before the Spanish war, there were twenty-five regiments of infantry in the army, all stationed in the United States. Since that time five regiments have been added to the army, but with these only sixteen are available for service in this country, and around which an army could be built in a sudden emergency.

Of the infantry regiments four are stationed in the Philippines, six are to be sent to Hawaii, three to Panama and one will remain in Alaska. While the sixteen regiments may be sufficient to garrison the different posts where they are stationed, they are not sufficient to form tactical units where officers may gain experience and where soldiers may be trained.

The chief of staff of the army has recommended an increase of two regiments and six batteries of field artillery in order to bring the military strength up to the point where it will partially meet the requirements of the service.

BONDS APPROVED

BY THE COURTS

CHICAGO, March 1.—The court of appeals today approved the bonds of Tviatmo, Clancy, Peters and Smith. They were ordered released from the Leavenworth penitentiary.

An officer leaves this evening for Leavenworth with the release orders.

SPOKANE, March 1.—Dying of tuberculosis, Frank James, 67, brother of Jesse James, and probably the most notorious bandit of the age in this country, is today wandering in the wilds of the Cour d'Alene mountains. He recently called on A. A. Dare of the volunteer army here, whom he has known for thirty years, and told him that he had been living here in hiding for a month, but was going away to die.

TWENTY-THREE

STATE SITES

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—Up to date at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition grounds have been dedicated by the following states: New York, Pennsylvania, Nebraska, Arizona, Utah, Washington, Oregon, New Jersey, Colorado, South Dakota, Nevada, Missouri, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Philippine Islands, Hawaii, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, West Virginia, Massachusetts and Minnesota.

Up to date the following foreign countries have accepted the nation's invitation to participate in the exposition: France, Japan, Guatemala, Bolivia, Hayti, Mexico, Honduras, Salvador, Costa Rica, Panama, Peru, Dominican Republic, Canada, Ecuador, Uruguay, China, Cuba, Liberia, Nicaragua, Portugal, the Netherlands, Denmark, Sweden, Spain, Argentina.

THAW WILL BE

EXAMINED SOON

NEW YORK, March 1.—Harry K. Thaw today obtained a writ of habeas corpus in the supreme court, whereby he will be examined again as to his mental condition.

This is the fifth time Thaw has obtained since his commitment to the Mattewan insane asylum.

GARMENT WORKERS RESUME DUTIES

COMPROMISE EFFECTED—FACTORIES WILL RUN OVERTIME ON ACCOUNT OF ACCUMULATED ORDERS

NEW YORK, March 1.—The 75,000 clothing workers who went out on strike in December, resumed work this morning.

The union compromised with the employers on the wage question. They won a victory in their demands for better sanitation and the abolition of sweat shops.

On account of the accumulated orders the factories will run night and day from now until Easter.

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JERUSALEM LAND

OF SUFFERING

BERLIN, March 1.—Letters received here tell of much suffering in Jerusalem. Appeals are made for aid. Thousands of women and children are declared to be starving. Practically every man capable of carrying a rifle has been drawn into the army, which leaves the women and children to shift for themselves. All gold and silver has disappeared from circulation, supposedly drawn in by the government for war needs. A small piece of tin money call a "metallic," is in circulation, but it has no purchasing value.

ARTIFICIAL MEAT

LATEST IN EUROPE

BRUSSELS, March 1.—According to Dr. A. E. de Neuville, a Belgian chemist named M. Effront, after years of experimenting, has succeeded in making "artificial meat." This "meat" is made out of vegetable matter, and is declared to be a perfect substitute for beef, mutton and pork, both in taste as well as in nourishment. Effront has named it "Viandin," after the French "viande" for meat.

CARPATHIA HERO

GETS GOLD MEDAL

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 1.—In recognition of his services in going to the relief of the survivors of the ill-fated steamer Titanic, Captain Rostron was today presented with the gold medal awarded him by congress. The presentation was made at the White House by President Taft. He made a brief speech, praising the work of the nautical man.

WANT A COFFIN?

THEY'LL GO SOON

Horses, lots, cattle and other real and personal property are sold at sheriff's sales here at times, but Constable Snow will set a record at a sale which he will hold March 10th. The chattels to be disposed of at that time are undertaker's supplies, principal among them being two adult's and one child's caskets, also two casket boxes.

The goods are being sold to satisfy a claim against the defunct Hayner undertaking establishment.

Ed Bloomingcamp has returned from a visit to California points. He left today for his home in Bly.

F. I. Everett, a Chicago traveling man, returned Sunday from a business trip to Merrill.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Thompkins came in Monday from the Lost River ranch. They left in the afternoon for Keno, where they will visit friends.

MANY PERISH IN OMAHA HOTEL FIRE

THE PROPERTY LOSS WILL RUN CLOSE TO \$200,000

Apalling Disaster Attends Burning of Dewey Hotel at an Early Hour This Morning—Out of Fifty Guests Only Sixteen Are Accounted for This Afternoon—Others Are Believed to Have Perished in the Flames

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 28.—Thirty-four persons are believed to have perished in a fire which destroyed the Dewey hotel at an early hour this morning.

Out of a total of fifty guests, only sixteen are alive. At 3 o'clock this afternoon twenty bodies had been recovered from the ruins by the fire department.

The property loss is estimated at \$200,000. The hotel was completely destroyed.

The stories told by two survivors indicate that the doors by which access could be gained to the fire escapes were locked, and the number of deaths is blamed to this cause. The fire department will make an effort to settle this point at the coroner's inquest.

Guests of the hostelry were all sleeping at the time the fire broke out. The first intimation of their danger, say those who escaped, were the screams of a woman.

Abel Ady is here from Midland giving attention to business affairs.

Ray Loosley of Fort Klamath was among the arrivals on today's train from Chiloquin.

Frank Zumpfe, a well known Malin farmer, is here on a business trip.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

C. C. BIGOWER
Attorney and Counselor at Law
Rooms 7 and 8
Murdock Bldg. Klamath Falls

WILL A. LEONARD
Dentist
White-Maddox bldg.

DR. ANDREW A. SOULE
Physician and Surgeon
Office, Hoyt Hotel. Ft. Klamath

MUSIC
Orchestra or Band
Furnished for all occasions
A. Y. TINDALL
Klamath Falls Herald Office

C. H. WEBBER
Oregon Timber Lands Bought
and Sold
508 Lumbermen's Building
Portland, Ore.

Publication of Summons
In the Circuit Court in and for the County of Klamath and State of Oregon.

George E. Turner, Plaintiff,
vs.
Nina Mae Turner, Defendant.

In the Name of the State of Oregon, to Nina Mae Turner, Defendant, Greeting:

You are hereby required to be and appear and to answer to the complaint filed herein against you in the above entitled suit on or before March 6th, A. D. 1913, that being the last day within which you are allowed to answer, etc., herein as fixed by the order of the court for publication of summons herein; and if you, the said Nina Mae Turner, defendant, fail to be and appear and answer, etc., said complaint, the plaintiff will apply to said court for the relief prayed for in his said complaint, to-wit:

1—That the bonds of matrimony between the plaintiff and defendant be dissolved;

2—That the plaintiff have the custody of the minor child, Gordon Egbert Turner;

3—And for any further relief as to his honor may seem meet.

This summons is published in the Klamath Republican, a public newspaper published in the city of Klamath Falls, Klamath county, state of Oregon, by the order of Hon. Henry L. Benson, judge of the circuit court of Klamath county, state of Oregon, which said order directs that summons be published once a week for six successive weeks and dated and entered January 24, A. D. 1913.

Date of the first publication hereof is January 30, A. D. 1913.

W. H. A. RENNER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

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