WILL APPEAL TO SUPREME COURT

NOT SATISFIED WITH THE COURT HOUSE DECISION

Members of the Klamath Commercial Club State Emphatically That an Appeal Against the Decision of Judge Coke Will Be Taken to the Supreme Court Immediately — Meeting Held This Afternoon

Members of the Klamath Commercial Club, which has been in opposition to the county court, stated today that an appeal would be taken to the supreme court against the decision of Judge Coke in the court house injunction case. Confidence was expressed by a number of the most active opponents against the removal of the court house that the supreme court would reverse the decision of Judge Coke.

A meeting of the members of the Commercial Club was held Monday afternoon, but it was stated other matters were to be discussed. The court house question is to be handled by the executive committee.

POSSIBILITIES OF THE GOAT INDUSTRY

Hundreds of inquiries regarding the possibilities in the United States of a great goat industry are now reaching the department of commerce and labor. These inquiries are the result of a recent statement by the bureau of statistics of that department, that $250,000,000 had been sent out of the country in the last decade to purchase goat skins for use in this country, and that the commercial value of the 500,000,000 million goats which these skins represented would, had they been grown in the United States, have approximated $1,000,000,000. These suggestions, coupled with the further fact that goats of the class supplying the skins in question could be grown upon semi arid and semi mountainous land in the United States now practically unutilized, have added to the interest indicated by the inquiries now being made.

The statement of the bureau of statistics as to the number and value of goat skins now being imported, was coupled with extracts from a statement by the United States consul Canada at Vera Cruz, Mexico, originally published by the bureau of manufacturers of the department of commerce and labor, in this report Consul Canada says:

"Goats are raised in every state of the republic of Mexico. * * * The industry is largely confined to the central table lands, * * * there the animals thrive everywhere, and can be raised at a good profit over a wider range of territory than that on which cattle may be successfully raised. * * * The dry plains of Nuevo Leon, with scant growth of brush, are able to support large flocks of goats, though these same plains will not produce corn, cain or grass unless water is supplied for irrigation. * * * The extent of territory which could be given to the raising of goats without in any way interfering with agriculture, is very large. Vera Cruz has tens of thousands of acres of land so steep and rugged that it cannot be farmed profitably, but these rugged mountain sides furnish ideal feeding grounds for goats. * * * The value of the goat depends upon three things, meat, tallow and the skin. * * * The matter of fresh meat in the farming districts of the hot country is greatly simplified by the breeding of goats. In small, isolated communities it is risky to slaughter an ox or cow, as the flesh is liable to spoil before it is consumed. The small carcass if a goat makes it entirely practicable to kill frequently without risk of loss In the state of Tobasco the inhabitants are never at a loss for fresh meat on plantations where goats are raised, and where formerly meat was almost unknown. * * * The flesh alone would make it a profitable industry, for the carcass of an animal will bring from $1 to $150. Fats of all kinds are high priced in all parts of the country. * * * At two years a fat goat will yield six to ten pounds of clear tallow, which will be worth from 75c to $1.50. * * * * The most valuable part of the goat is the skin, worth $1.25 to $1.50, and the constant trend of prices is upward." (These figures of values are presumably in Mexican currency, in which the dollar is equivalent to about half a dollar in United States currency..

The consul adds that the increase in the number of goats is very rapid, since they begin breeding from six to eight months of age, and breed twice a year, bringing forth two, and not infrequently three kids at each breeding season. A single shepherd, it is said, will look after at least 1,000 goats. He adds: "A careful investment of $1,000 well looked after can certainly be counted upon to double itself inside of two years and a half, and to give at least 50 per cent per annum from the end of the second year." The report of Consul Canada closes by presenting the result of a three years' experiment in goat raising on a farm in the State of Guerrera, Mexico, as follows:

"In 1904 the manager of the farm received 66,000 goats, including large and small, at a valuation of $1.50 each, equal to $99,000. From the produce of these he sold during nine months of 1904 and the years of 1905 and 1906, 50,000 head at $5 each, equal to $250,000, and had, at the close of 1906, 88,000 head on the farm, being 22,000 more than he started with. The result was, counting the value of the 22,000 increase at $1.50 each, with the foregoing sales, the investment of $99,000 produced in less than three years $283,000, besides the original stock of 66,000 goats was intact." (Figures in Mexican currency.)

The above facts as to the possibilities in the increase of the meat supply of the United States, while retaining at home the hundreds of millions of dollars now sent abroad for the purchase of goat skins, and producing this supply of valuable material on lands now practically unutilized, are cited as the cause of the numerous inquiries upon this subject now reaching the department of commerce and labor. The number of goats now produced in the United States is small compared with that of many other countries. The latest figures in the bureau of statistics show the number in the United States in 1910 at about 3,000,000; in Mexico, 4,500,000; Turkey in Asia 9,000,000; British South Africa, 12,000,000, and British India, 34,000,000. The importation of goat skins into the United States was in 1911 stated in values, from India, nearly $7,000,000; from China a little over $3,000,000; from Mexico, over $2,000,000; from Brazil, $1,666,000; from Argentina, $1,000,000, and from England $1,000,000. For the current fiscal year, ending with the present month, the total value of this article imported will approximate $24,000,000, the number of animals represented by these importations being about 45,000,000.

The number of goats in the United States, according to the census of 1910, increased about 50 per cent in the last decade, a very large proportion of the 3,000,000 enumerated by the census of 1910 being in the South western states.

THE CHAUTAUQUA IS ORGANIZED

PRELIMINARY STEPS TOWARD THE PERMANENT ORGANIZATION OF A CHAUTAUQUA ASSOCIATION ARE TAKEN

The organization of a Chautauqua Association for Klamath county was completed at a meeting held at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon in the chambers of Judge Henry L. Benson. The committee appointed for that purpose made a report suggesting a committee to compose the preliminary organization. On motion this committee was increased to include the names of all present. The complete list is as follows:

T. F. Nicholas, O. C. Applegate, W. P. Johnson, E. R. Reames, Hunter Savidge, C. T. Oliver, Geo. H. Feese J. S. Stubblefield, E. M. Flinn, H. C. Collins, Father McMillan, C. R. De Lap, O. A. Stearnes, F. H. True, J. W. Siemens, Fred Schallock, C. S. Moore, A. C. Wrenn, W. O. Smith, W. P. McMillan, Mrs. Cogswell, Mrs. Mary Jackson, Mrs. O. A. Stearns, W. A. Delzell, H. L. Benson, R. H Dunbar, W. E. Faught, Dr. C. V. Fisher, W. A. Wirtz, M. D. Coates, E. L. Elliott, Geo. J. Walton, W. S. Slough, and Prof. Fred Peterson.

On motion the committee determined to form itself into a permanent Chautauqua Association. It was the opinion that it would be necessary to incorporate for not less than $5,000, as there would be a deficit of from $1,000 to $1,500 to cover on the present Chautauque, and it was also necessary to have sufficient money to insure good attractions next year.

The following officers were elected: W. A. Delzell president, W. E. Faught vice president, M. D. Coates secretary and Leslie Rogers treasurer. The board of directors and committee to solicit stock subscriptions are to be appointed by the president.

WINNER WILL CONTROL BY A DOZEN VOTES

CHICAGO, June 10.—Taft and Roosevelt leaders are confering secretly. The indications are that the winner will control by half a dozen votes. Rumors of desertion to Roosevelt from the Taft camp are denied. As a result of the crowds many of the hotels have doubled and trebled their rates.

DENY LA FOLLETTEITES WILL GO TO THEODORE

CHICAGO, June 10.—It is reported that the La Follette delegates have privately assured Roosevelt that they will vote for him possibly after the first ballot. La Follette headquarters deny this report. Reservations been made by Blackstone, Roosevelt Jr. and wife and Nicholas Longworth and wife.

COUNTY COURT IS NOT IN HURRY

NOT READY YET TO MAKE A STATEMENT

Judge Worden Refuses to Comment on Action of the County Court as a Result of the Decision of Judge Coke Dismissing the Injunction Against the Removal of the Court House to the Hot Springs

When asked Monday morning what action would be taken by the county court as a result of the favorable decision of Judge Coke, County Judge William S. Worden stated that the matter had not been considered officially, since the decision had been received, and he had no statement to make at this time.

"The public knows the position of the county court in the matter," said Judge Worden, and as Commissioner Merrill is not present, we do not want to give out any course of action that we may favor. The matter will be taken up in a few days, and we will then make a statement of what we propose to do. We do not intend to be in a hurry or rush the matter."

From the statements made by the county court, it is presumed that steps will be taken in the near future towards the erection of a court house on the Hot Springs site, now that the injunction against the removal of the court house has been dismissed. The county judge favored the Hot Springs site before his election, and the court ever since has favored the building of a new court house on that location. Judge Worden would not state whether he would wait until the question had been decided by the supreme court, but it is presumed that if the court desires to begin construction on the building this year, that it will go ahead without waiting for the result of an appeal.

About thirty-three applications have been made by architects to submit plans for the new building, and quite a number of sketches have already been filed with the county court.

CALIFORNIA CONTESTS POSTPONED TO WEDNESDAY

CHICAGO, June 10.—When the California contests were called Heney and Pardee entered to argue. Senator Borah first moved that all other Roosevelters in California be seated. Chairman New assented, but Dick demurred, explaining, "we believe some of the California delegates whose seats are not yet in controversy were elected without authority of the national committee. The primary law of California conflicts with the committee's call. I am contesting only the fourth district now, but want to lay the entire question of the California situation before you. I ask postponement until the papers arrive."

Borah asked whether the uncontested delegates were not already on the temporary roll. A Rooseveiter replied: "The chair so rules. They will remain unless the committee reconsiders."

Heney demanded immediate disposition of the matter. He said: "Does the committee want to disfranchise 400,000 California voters? In view of the rumors that there is a plot to throw out all the California delegates I want to protect our rights."

Rosewater interrupted, ordering Heney to confine his remarks to the district he represented. Borah said, "He will not. If you don't hear his remarks because you call him an outsider, you'll hear a long speech from one insider." The motion to defer action to Wednesday was put, and carried, 38 to 13. The Indiana contests were then called.

BUILDS FOUNDATION FOR NEW CREAMERY

Theodore Frolich returned Sunday from Fort Klamath, where he has been working on the concrete foundation and floor for the new creamery of the Wood River Valley Creamery company. He states that all of the concrete work has been finished and that work has now commenced on the walls of the building, which it is expected will be completed early in July.

Mr. Frolich states that the creamery company had an artesian well bored on their property in Fort Klamath, and after going down 230 feet in two days they struck a flow of water which rises seventeen feet above the surface of the ground.

ROOSEVELT FOR PRESIDENT; JOHNSON VICE PRESIDENT

CHICAGO, June 10.—Roosevelters report that the ticket will be the Colonel for president and Johnson of California. It is said this is the cause of Johnson last hurriedly leaving Los Angeles for the East.

Hanford to Be Investigated

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—The house judiciary committee reported favorably on the resolution recommending that Judge Hanford's actions be investigated. It will be reported to the house tomorrow.

WILL BUILD NEW CREAMERY PLANT

REINFORCED CONCRETE BUILDING TO COST $7,500

Klamath Falls Creamery to Have New and Modern Plant on Klamath Avenue, With Five-Ton Storage Plant and Wholesale Ice Cream Establishment in Connection—To Be Finished in Sixty Days

Mills & Johnson, proprietors of the Klamath Falls Creamery, are to build a new creamery on Klamath Avenue. Lyle Mills, the senior member of the firm, stated Tuesday that he had settled on the location of the new plant, and the work of construction was to start at once, so that the new plant would be ready for operation within sixty days.

The building is to be constructed of re-inforced concrete, and will be 40x75 feet, and will cost approximately $7,000. In addition to the creamery a five-ton cold storage plant is to be installed and a wholesale ice cream establishment. The enormous increase in the business of the creamery has made it necessary to have a larger plant. During the last month over 25,000 pounds of butter were shipped out of Klamath Falls. Considerable new and modern machinery is also to be installed in the new plant.

ROOSEVELT AND BRYAN, SAY THE BETTING MEN

NEW YORK, June 10.—Theodore Roosevelt will be the republican presidential nominee, and W. J. Bryan will head the democratic ticket, is the opinion of the sporting fraternity here, who have made these two leaders favorites in the betting.

The following odds are quoted by members of the Metropolitan Turf association that the combinations will not be named as presidential candidates:

Roosevelt and Bryan, 4 to 1; Roosevelt and Clark, 6 to 1; Roosevelt and Harmon, 10 to 1; Roosevelt and Underwood, 20 to 1; Roosevelt and Gaynor, 10 to 1; Taft and Bryan, 6 to 1; Taft and Wilson, 8 to 1; Taft and Clark, 8 to 1; Taft and Gaynor, 15 to 1; Taft and Underwood, 25 to 1; Hughes and Bryan, 8 to 1; Hughes and Clark, 12 to 1; Hughes and Wilson, 12 to 1; Hughes and Harmon, 20 to 1; Hughes and Underwood, 30 to 1; Roosevelt and the field, 25 to 1; Taft and the field, 30 to 1; Hughes and the field, 30 to 1.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

The following realty transfers, contracts, deeds, mortgages, etc., recently filed with the county clerk, are furnished by the City and County Abstract company:

United States to Bruce Gaddie, patent, SW¼ Sec. 31-37-7.

Harvey Haynes et ux to Wm. D. Campbell, quit claim deed, $1, NE¼ Sec. 35-39-12.

Cordelia L. Ankeny to O. L. Waite, trustee, contract, $5,200, NW¼ NE¼, Sec. 14-39-9.

W. A. Langell to V. W. Wakefield, warranty deed, $10, lot 12, block 17, Fairview addition.

United States to V. W. Wakefield, patent, S½ SW¼, Sec. 2-37-10.

Nelson Rounsevell to Nellie Carlisle, contract, lot 2, block 34, First addition.

Paul Breitenstein to B. S. Josselyn, warranty deed, $155, lot 4, block 8, Lakeside addition.

United States to Wm. J. Sullivan, patent, S½ SE¼, SE¼ SW¼ and lot 4, Sec. 18-38.

T. J. Kasson to Rock Creek Ranch company, quit claim deed, $400, NE¼ SW¼, Sec. 9-37-7.

The Klamath Development company to C. W. Arnold, warranty deed, $10, lot 1, block 25, Hillside addition.

C. N. Meyer et ux to W. B. Simpson, warranty deed, $10, lots 9 and 10, block 19, Second addition.

H. F. Shepherd to J. A. Maddox, warranty deed, $1,450, lots 1 and 2, block 9, Ewauna Heights addition.

Malin Townsite company to Henry Zahradnik, warranty deed, $60, lot 1, block 28, Malin.

Geo. L. Davis to United States, warranty deed, $30, 1.56 acres in SE¼ SW¼, Sec. 22-39-10.

Klamath Korporation to J. F. Maguire, warranty deed, $10, lot 3, block 211, Mills Second addition.

Milford Hopper to Lida E. Young, warranty deed, $10, SW¼ SE¼ and parts of lots 6 and 7, Sec. 21-39-10.

Central Oregon Improvement company to M. J. Klein, warranty deed, $500, lots 3 and 4, block 39, Crescent.

United States to Warren D. Cyrus, patent, W½ SE¼, lot 2, SW¼ NE¼ Sec. 6-24-11.

United States to Omar M. Cyrus, patent, SW¼ SE¼, lots 9, 16 and 17, Sec. 7-24-11.

United States to Hattie S. Cyrus, patent, W½ NE¼, lots 18 and 19, Sec. 7-24-11.

C. H. Daggett et al to Lawrence Stayton, warranty deed, $10, lots 6, 7 and 8, block 18, Sunnyside addition.

C. H. Daggett et al to Catherine Chisholm, warranty deed, $10, lots 8 and 9, block 12, Sunnyside addition.

C. H. Daggett to Lawrence Stayton, warranty deed, lot 5, block 19, Sunnyside addition.

Lakeside company to Jos. Semenec, warranty deed, $1,089.90, lot 3, and 3.14 acres of lot 2, Sec. 18-41-12.

Sheriff to Fred Buesing, deed, 691, SE¼ Sec. 32-40-10.

First Trust and Savings bank to Albert E. Elder, warranty deed, $10, lot 7, block 19, First addition.

Mrs. Eliza M. Quimby to J. C. Ferguson, contract for rights of way over SE¼, NE¼, E½ W½, Sec. 10-40-9.

W. A. Langell to Snell & Jackson, waranty deed, part NW¼ SW¼, Sec. 2-39-9.

Bert E. Ragan to D. and Bertie O. Slater, warranty deed, lot 12, block 18, First addition to Bonanza.

E. E. Lyon to First Trust and Savings bank, warranty deed, $1.436, NE¼ SE¼, S½ NE¼, NW¼ NE¼, Sec. 5-35-14.

David E. Barrett to Fremont Land company, quit claim deed, NW¼ NE¼, E½, NW¼, SW¼ NW¼, Sec. 19-24-9.

DRAKE FILES SUIT AGAINST McCOLLUMS

Attorney Thos. Drake Tuesday afternoon filed a suit with County Clerk De Lap in the action of P. F. Doyle vs. W. F. McCollum and Ethel Eleanor McCollum in a matter which has had various phases of litigation for the past six years, arising out of a mortgage made in January, 1906, the collateral being property consisting of about 450 acres of valuable land in the Keno country, in the vicinity of Teeter's landing. A promissory note for $1,500, with 7 per cent interest, amounting to $162.43, is the basis of the suit, but it is stated that this is only a preliminary step in the litigation to the acquirement of the entire acreage involved.

The case will probably be tried in the forthcoming term of circuit court by Judge H. L. Benson.

The R. E. Smith Realty company has moved into their new office in the Evans building, between Fifth and Sixth street.

HOLD SUSPECT IN JAIL HERE

MAN IS HELD ON REQUISITION FROM ELLENSBURG, WASHINGTON—MYSTERY SURROUNDS NATURE OF OFFENSE

There is in the county jail here a man giving the name of Frank Murphy, with many aliases, the chief of which is Gowan and McGowan, and held on requisition from Ellensburg, Wash., on a presumed charge of forgery committed in the fall of 1910. The prisoner is absolutely reticent, saying he is not on the witness stand. The presumption is that while the charge of forgery alleged in the telegrams received by Sheriff Barnes and Constable John Schallock may be the genuine cause of seeking for Gowan, that the secretiveness which has been urged by the Washington and California state officials import something more serious, and the possibility of a heavy reward for his capture.

One telegram from a nummoous bunch received at the sheriff's office and shown to a Herald representative this afternoon, describes him as a man of middle age, brownish hair, who once had a national reputation as a prize fighter and noted wrestler. He worked here as a teamster, but always had abundant money, and spent it with lavish extravagance. The latest telegram from Ellensburg received today is to the effect that a man is now on his way here to identify the suspect, and adding: "Allow no communication with him. This is vital." The San Francisco dispatches are along the same lines. And this confirms the conjecture that a big reward is being held for the man if he is the culprit sought for.

ROOSEVELTERS WIN A PARTIAL VICTORY

CHICOGO, June 11.—The Roosevelters won a partial victory when the committee approved the action of the Fifth district in the Kentucky convention sending Taft and Roosevelt delegates to Chicago, thus splitting the vote of that district. A hot debate ensued. Finally one Taftite and one Rooseveiter were seated by the committee by a vote of 38 to 13.

The committee seated Taftites in the Seventh district.

Strike Not General

LONDON, June 11.—The indications are that the call for a general strike of dockmen will not meet with ready response. Men are working in the Scottish and Welsh ports and at Liverpool. Seven thousand men are out at Bristol. The cabinet is considering the situation, and report that only one-fifth of the union workers outside of London are on strike.

LOOKS LIKE IT WAS CHAMP CLARK

THE SPEAKER LEADS WITH INSTRUCTED DELEGATES

There Seems to Be No Dissenting Voice Among Leading Democrats in the House Who Represent So-Called Doubtful States That Speaker Clark Would Be by Far the Strongest Candidate

Instructed for Clark	355
Pledged to Clark	76
Total for Clark	431
Instructed for Marshall	30
Instructed for Wilson	85
Instructed for Baldwin	14
Instructed for Burke	10
Instructed for Harmon	50
Uninstructed	255
Total delegates to national convention	1,094
Majority	584
Two-thirds majority	730

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 8.—With the date of the Baltimore convention drawing near, members of congress in both houses are beginning to discuss the "availability" of candidates for the democratic nomination. The shifting sentiment in the republican ranks which makes it impossible to predict the winner of the Chicago convention is causing leading democratic members of the house and senate to consider seriously who among the men running for the democratic nomination would prove strongest against the republican nominee, whoever he may be. Particularly is this question interesting the members from pivotal states—states that it will be necessary for the democracy to carry if victory is to come in November. There seems to be no dissenting voice among the leading democrats in the house who represent the so-called doubtful states that Speaker Clark would be by far the strongest candidate. It is pointed out that the present strong position of the democratic party is due solely to the splendid record of the democrats in the sixty-first congress and their record since they became a majority. The consensus of opinion is that to Speaker Clark more than to any other democrat is due the success of the party in the congressional campaign of 1910, and it is further emphasized that he, more than anyone else has harmonized and held together the once discordant democracy until now it is united and victorious. If the democrats are to elect a president of the United States, it must be upon the record of the democratic house, leading democrats from these "pivotal" states assert, and the record of the democratic house is the record of Champ Clark.

DIRECTOR OF ATHLETICS TO GO TO STOCKHOLM

Special to The Herald

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, June 11.—William D. Hawyard, director of athletics at the University of Oregon, has left for New York, where he will meet Martin Hawkins and Walter McClure, Oregon's representatives at the Olympic games, and accompany them to Stockholm.

It was thought for a while that Mr. Hawyard would be unable to attend, but at the last moment the necessary funds were secured, and he was sent to train, not only Oregon's men, but also Courtney of Washington, a sprinter; Horine of California, a high jumper, and Kelly of Southern California, a hurdler. It is considered an important item for the coast men that they may have a coast trainer of Hayward's ability.

On June 12th a meet between all the athletes will be held in New York for the purpose of aiding the team on its trip to Stockholm. Walter McClure will be entered, but due to the fact that Martin Hawkins was detained by his examinations he will be unable to enter.

The team has chartered a boat, upon which the members will travel and live during the entire trip.

The Olympic games will be held some time in July, and the United States has excellent chances of capturing the meet.

THE MARINES BEHAVE WELL UNDER FIRE

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—The state department paid no attention to yesterday's engagement between the United States marines and the Rebels in Cuba, except to say that the marines "behave splendidly under fire."

It is believed it will require something more serious to cause intervention.

Going to Get Married

Sam Bishop, the colored porter at Swanson's No.2 barbershop, left Tuesday for Georgia. He announced before leaving that he was going South for a wife, and expected to bring her back to Klamath Falls with him shortly.