TAME BEARS ARE DANGEROUS

THOSE IN YELLOWSTONE PARK ARE A NUISANCE

Several Persons Have Been Injured Trying to Drive Them Away —Buffaloes Increasing

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 18.—Tame bears are almost as dangerous to have around the house as wild grizzlies, according to the annual report of the acting superintendent of Yellowstone Park, Major H. C. Benson, of the Fifth Cavalry, made public today. In part Benson says:

"Many complaints were received during the summer of damages in various camps by bears. They frequently become so tame that they do not hesitate to destroy tents or go through windows into houses to secure food, and sometimes they refuse even to be driven away.

"One man working in a camp near Excelsior Geyser, was quite severely bitten and scratched by a bear that he tried to drive away from the supply tent during the night. He was confined to the hospital for twelve days as a result of his injuries, and his companions who ran to his assistance also received some scratches. It was thought that it would become necessary to kill some of these vicious bears, and many requests to do so were received from parties who suffered from their depredations, but this was not resorted to.

"A herd of twenty-nine wild buffalo was seen in Pelican Valley on February 23d last, and a small herd of five was seen on Cache Creek on February 3d. One bull died during the winter in the vicinity of Yellowstone Lake, and its skeleton and hide were sent to the National museum, Washington, as specimens.

"Moose are frequently seen in the southern and also in the southeastern parts of the park, and are believed to be increasing in number.

"The estimated number of elk in the park is from 30,000 to 40,000. Many of these elk wander out of the park into adjoining states, and a few of them are killed during the season. An occasional one may also be killed inside the border of the park, but such poaching is very limited.

"Deer and antelope are still numerous in the park, although during the winter many antelope escape from the boundary. Both the blacktailed, or mule deer, and the whitetailed or Virginia deer, are found in the park. About 800 of the blacktailed and 100 of the whitetailed were fed during the past winter.

"The herd of tame buffalo under fence in the park continues to thrive, and the increase is satisfactory. The herd now numbers 121 head, of which twenty-eight are this year's calves. Probably 6,000 tourists visited this herd during the summer, it being one of the main features of the stop at Mammoth Hot Springs."

The grand total of visitors in the season of 1910 is given approximately as 19,575. Ten small fires were discovered, but they were extinguished by the pary patrols and soldiers during the summer.

CONVICTED OF MALICIOUS DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY

Two Men Get Six Months in Jail for Placing Steel Filings in the Bearings of Machinery

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 18.—P. E. Sweeney and W. G. Owens, former employes of the Missouri Pacific shops here, were convicted and sentenced to six months in jail on a charge of malicious destruction of property. They issued sworn confessions containing grave charges against high officials of the machinists union. The men pleaded guilty to placing steel filings and emery dust in the bearings of locomotives and machinery in the shops at the instigation of the leaders of the striking machinists.

THE AMALPA REVOLT COMES TO AN END

Valladares Implores American Commander to Save Him From His Own People

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Closing days of the little revolution in Honduras initiated by General Jose Valladares on the Island of Amapala are characterized by something of an opera bouffe air.

The valiant general who a week ago was truculently threatening everything American on the island has been obliged to implore Captain Anderson of the United States gunboat Yorktown to protect him from his own people, and the naval officer, forgetting all that has gone before, has placed a guard of American bluejackets around the house of the rebellious leader.

This information comes to the state department from United States Minister McCreery, at Tegucigalpa, the Honduran capital, who also confirms the press reports that Valladares has offered to surrender. President Davila has directed Valladares to turn over the command of the affairs at Amapala to a successor, who will soon arrive.

Valladares then will leave the country in exile.

The rebellion is now at an end, according to Mr. McCreery, 150 of Valladares' following having laid down their arms last Saturday. These arms are being guarded by sailors from the German warship Bremen, the commander of which apparently is acting in harmony with Captain Anderson. The town of Amapala is quiet and well protected by the foreign sailors.

The landing of American bluejackets at Amapala was precipitated by a drunken officer of the revolutionary forces shooting a telegrapher in the foot, which led to a disturbance.

MAY REDUCED FISHING LICENSE FEE

WANT CHANGES MADE IN GAME LAWS

Open Season for Fishing to Be From May 15th to February 15th— In Klamath County

An enthusiastic meeting of the Klamath County Rod and Gun club was held in the courthouse Thursday night, and matters relative to the hunting and fishing in this county were brought up.

Measures advocating the changing of the open season for fishing so that angling will be lawful in all waters in Klamath county from May 15th to February 15th will be drawn up and presented to the legislature.

An effort will be made to have the laws so amended that salmon may be taken by any means except explosives, use of poisonous substances and nets.

A change in the license laws so that the non-resident license for citizens of the United States be the same as residents of Oregon, $1, and also to have some one person in each community who will be accessible after the county clerk's office is closed, have the privilege of issuing licenses, that person to give a suitable bond. As it is now persons arriving on the Saturday night train cannot secure the right to fish until the following Monday morning, and thus lose time which would be valuable to them.

Making the bag limit of quail fifteen instead of ten in a week, and they to be killed in one day if desired, will also be secured if possible.

In view of the fact that the present law is faulty in placing the enforcement of the fish law relating to screens in the hands of officers who have not been provided with sufficient deputies to enforce the law, the following resolution was introduced by Game Warden L. Alva Lewis:

"Whereas, The present law compelling the screening of irrigating ditches is not effective, as legal screens with half-inch mesh allow millions of young trout to pass through and out onto the irrigated lands, causing an annual loss that is injurious to one of our most valuable resources, and it appearing that the only way this waste can be prevented is by compelling the owners of irrigating ditches to put in at the intake of such ditches, where practicable, rotary screens, which are so constructed as to be self-cleaning from floating debris, and,

"Whereas, The present law making it the duty of the master fish warden to see that the screening law is enforced is practically inoperative as the master fish warden has no deputies in many sections of the state to compel the observance of the law; be it

"Resolved, By the Klamath County Rod and Gun club that authority to compel the ditch owners to put in rotary screens be given all officers charged with the enforcement of the game laws where in the opinion of such officer a rotary screen is practicable. Be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the following officers: The governor of the state of Oregon, the president of the senate and speaker of the house of representatives of the state of Oregon, the state game warden and the master fish warden of the state of Oregon, and a copy to the senator and each of the representatives to the Oregon legislature."

Overheard

Lady customer—I'd like to get a pair of pinchers.

Floorwalker — Shoe department, two doors to the right, madam.—Boston Transcript.

Cause and Effect

Harold—I've got an—aw—beastly headache this mawning, doncher know.

Hattie—What caused it?

Harold—A howid thought stwuck me last night.

RUBBER TRUST IN NEW DEAL

SECURES CONTROL OF MALAY LANDS

Their Territory in the Far East Includes 5,000,000 Acres of Valuable Forests

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 18.—An enterprise that bears all the earmarks of a venture by the rubber trust is the theme of a report made by United States Consul James T. DuBois, at Singapore.

"A big rubber company," he says, organized by American capital and now partially owned by English capitalists, has secured tapping rights over all of the government forest reserves in the Federated Malay States.

"The territory includes about 5,000,000 acres, and the company has obtained the right to tap all jelatong trees on this wide area for a period of ten years, with a renewal privilege for seven years more. This company holds also large rights in South Borneo, in Sarawak, and in the Karimon Islands. They turned out 325,000 pounds of jelatong last year, and realized for their recent sales $1.25 per pound.

"On the Karimon Islands, situated a short distance south of Singapore, the company is erecting a $300,000 factory in addition to the large one now in operation in Sarawak. This factory will handle all the jelatong received from the concessions outside of Sarawak. It is claimed that early in 1911, when the mills will be in full operation, they can produce 6,000,000 pounds of jelatong gum, 10,000,000 pounds in 1912 and 12,000,000 in 1913. These are estimates made by those interested in this great enterprise which promises to monopolize the jelatong market."

The dominating interest of the Americans in the concession is indicated by the fact that of last year's shipments 12,824 tons came to the United States, 1,009 to Great Britain and 5,093 to continental Europe.

HE WAS SICK ONLY A FEW DAYS

E. K. LEAVITT SUCCUMBS TO PNEUMONIA

Passed Away at Oroville, Calif., Last Night—Business to Be Continued Here

Last Wednesday at 11 p. m., E. K. Leavitt, one of the latest men to engage in trade here, but who came here with a reputation that gained him the esteem of the business community, passed away at Oroville, Calif., from pneumonia, after an illness of only a few days.

The following telegram was received by J. A. Buchanan, manager of the Monarch Cash Store, which Mr. Leavitt purchased a short time ago:

"Mr. Leavitt passed away last night at 11 o'clock. Funeral Sunday at Yreka. Business arranged to continue."

Mr. Leavitt began business here October 27th, having purchased the dry goods stock of the Monarch store, and had every prospect of a splendid trade. He left here last Tuesday for San Francisco. He was taken ill on the way back home, and got off the train at Oroville, where he consulted a physician. He thought that he was only suffering with a cold, but he gradually became worse, and died last night at 11 o'clock. He was a member of the Elks' lodge at Ashland, and that order will have charge of the funeral. He became conscious toward the last, and retained his senses long enough to arrange his business affairs.

Mr. Leavitt was 61 years of age, and for the past eleven years previous to his coming here was a member of the firm of Pollock & Leavitt, general merchants of Yreka. He leaves a widow and two children, a daughter, Gertrude Leavitt, who is in Los Angeles, and a son, who resides in San Diego.

The business which Mr. Leavitt purchased here, the Monarch Cash Store, will be conducted as had been intended when Mr. Leavitt purchased the stock.

Met His Man

Guy Merrill started for Lakeview Thursday, where he had some business he wished to transact. He did not go that far, however, for when the auto in which he was riding got near Dairy he fortunately met the man he was going to see, and they returned to this city. It saved Guy a long cold ride.

Visitor From Iowa

Rev. George T. Pratt, pastor of the Presbyterian church, is enjoying a visit from his brother, Dr. D. W. Pratt, and wife of Burt, Iowa, who arrived here Thursday night. They will remain for a week or ten days.

PROBLEM FOR RAILROADS

SOLVING QUESTION OF HAULING THE APPLE CROP

Thousands of Cars Will Be Needed— Big Demand for Products of Our Orchards

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 17—The increasing production of apples in the Northwest has furnished a problem which the great railway systems centering in St. Paul will have to solve.

Despite the fact that thousands of new trees have been planted and the 1909 crop of apples in the Yakima Valley, Washington, the Bitter Root Valley, Montana, the Wenatchee district on the Great Northern in Oregon and the various apple districts in Idaho is the largest for several years, the demand for apples and the new markets opened in all parts of the world will take every apple raised.

Our Apples at a Premium

It is the getting of these apples to market with which the railroads are concerned. American apples are always at a premium in Europe. Far away Egyptians have taken to the fruit, and want all they can get of it. Australia, on the other side of the globe, has a growing appetite for this country's apples. In our own country where the apple is regarded as the most health-giving of fruits, the demand is increasing, and thus the railroads find themselves facing the problem of transporting the fruit.

Need Storage Houses

One of the new ideas to be suggested by President Elliott is the erection in the great producing districts of apple storage houses. He will recommend that the apples, instead of being picked from the trees and rushed to the cars, be placed in these storage houses, where they will be pre-cooled. It has been found that pre-cooled apples keep better and taste better than those that are cooled in the refrigerator cars while in transit.

Bring Better Price

There are other advantages in this plan of storing the apples near the orchards in which they are grown. It is believed, for one thing, that the grower will be able to get a better price for his product by holding it and shipping when market conditions are improved. The grower also will have more time for handling his crop, and will not have to rush it to the trains.

The apple production in the Yakima Valley this year will amount to 3,200 cars, and it has been estimated that the establishment of new orchards in this district alone will mean the production of 15,000 carloads at the end of five years. The output of the other districts will be proportionately large.

Use Thousands of Cars

The Northern Pacific railway has found it necessary to run solid refrigerator trains of thirty-five cars each on a 91-hous schedule from points in the Yakima Valley to St. Paul, which is almost pasenger train speed. It is doubtful if any railroad in the country has 15,000 refrigerator cars that can be used for the hauling of a single commodity at a certain time in the year. It is to avoid meeting such an emergency that Mr. Elliott will recommend that the apple grower hold his fruit in storage houses and ship it as the demand comes, instead of rushing the whole crop to the East, where it is placed in storage and held to the advantage of the jobber.

Grain, alfalfa and sugar beet production in the great Northwest is also increasing, and the railroads must handle these crops. The number of cars that will be necessary to handle this increased production is beyond the power of man to estimate, and President Elliott will urge upon the apple growers that it will be to their advantage to help the railroads to solve the great problem that confronts them.

A POLICEMAN WHO RETIRED WITH $300,000

Anton Klinger, the Chicago policeman, who has just retired after forty years of service with a snug fortune of $300,000 to keep him company in his old age, naturally falls under suspicion, being a Chicago policeman, of all cities in the world, says the Baltimore News. It seems, however, that Klinger didn't get his money by the methods popularly believed to be in use among any blue-coated knights who lay by a stack of simoleons for a rainy day. Klinger explains it this way:

"I had $500 when I joined the force, and got $65 a month at the start. Every payday I turned my money over to my wife. She and I sewed for tailor shops evenings. When we had saved our first $1,000 we put it into real estate. We have been saving and buying real estate and selling it ever since."

Klinger's rule of life is a remarkably simple bit of wisdom. He says: "Keep out of saloons, never gamble, never report late for duty, always be respectful to your superiors, always give your wife your pay envelope."

This advice was intended for Chicago policemen. Figuratively interpreted it could very well be taken by about 999 out of every 1,000 inhabitants of the globe.

WANTED—Ten tons of scrap cast iron, in large or small quantities. Bring what you have. Price 1 cent per pound. Klamath Falls Iron Works. 4t

WANTED—Good 16-inch stove wood, juniper preferred. Call on W. E. Coman, Republican office, Fourth street, opposite courthouse.

REGISTERED HOLSTEINS FOR SALE

I have some fine young registered Holstein bulls for sale; A-1 stock and acclimated. M. F. LOOSELEY, Ft Klamath, Oregon.

A FEW BARGAINS

Five lots, sign..y location, $1500. Can loan $750 on the deal.

A nice cottage with bath, large lot, $1700. A good buy.

A large residence, fine lot, $2500.

Three cottages on three lots. Room enough for another cottage. $2250.

MASON & SLOUGH

NOTICE OF RESTORATION OF PUBLIC LANDS TO SETTLEMENT AND ENTRY

Department of the Interior, General Land Office, Washington, D. C., September 19, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the acting secretary of the interior has vacated departmental order of withdrawal in so far as the same affects the withdrawal for irrigation purposes under the act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat., 388), for use in connection with the Klamath project, Oregon, of the following described lands in the state of Oregon, and by his authority such of said tracts as have not been heretofore finally restored and are not otherwise withdrawn, reserved or appropriated, will be subject to settlement under the public land laws of the United States on and after December 12, 1910, also to indemnity school land selection as well, but shall not be subject to entry, filing, or other selection until January 11, 1911, at the United States Land office at Lakeview, Oregon, warning being expressly given that no person will be permitted to gain or exercise any right whatever under any settlement or occupation begun after September 13, 1910, and prior to December 12, 1910, all such settlement or occupation being forbidden:

Willamette Principal Meridian, Oregon

Township 36 south, Range 7 east, SW¼, SW¼ sec. 19; SE¼, SE¼ sec. 23; SW¼, SW¼ SE¼ sec. 27; S½ NE¼, N½ SE¼, SE¼ SE¼ sec. 28; S½ NE¼, S½ NW¼ sec. 31; SW¼, SW¼ SE¼ sec. 32; W½ NE¼, W½ SE¼ sec. 34; SE¼ NW¼, SW¼ sec. 36.

Township 37 south, Range 7 east, SE¼ NE¼, W½ NE¼, NW¼, S½ sec. 1; NE¼ NE¼, S½ NE¼, NE¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼, SE¼ sec. 2; NW¼ NE¼ sec 3; SE¼ SE¼ sec. 4; SE¼ NE¼, W½ NE¼, NW¼, S½ sec. 5; E½ NE¼, S½ sec. 9; NW¼, W½ SW¼ sec. 24; W½ NW¼, W½ SW¼ sec. 25; NW¼ NW¼, S½ NW¼, SW¼, SW¼ SE¼ sec 36.

Township 37 south, Range 8 east, W½ SW¼ sec. 6; SW¼ NE¼, NW¼, S½ sec. 7; SW¼ SW¼ sec. 8; N½ NE¼, NW¼ sec. 18.

Township 38 south, Range 8 east, W½ SW¼ sec. 6; W½ NW¼ sec. 7; SE¼ NE¼, W½ NE¼, E½ NW¼ sec. 8; NE¼, NE¼ SW¼, SE¼ sec. 9; S½ NW¼, SW¼, SE¼ SE¼, W½ SE¼ sec. 10; S½ NE¼, SE¼ NW¼, SE¼ sec 12; NE¼ NE¼ sec 13; NE¼ NE¼, W½ NE¼, NW¼ sec. 15; NE¼ NE¼ sec. 16; SW¼ NW¼, SW¼, SW¼ SE¼ sec. 18; NE¼, NE¼ SE¼ sec. 19; SW¼ SW¼ sec. 20; NW¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ sec. 23; S½ SW¼ sec. 25; NW¼ NE¼, S½ NE¼, NW¼, S½ sec. 26; E½ SE¼ sec.27; NW¼ SW¼, S½ SW¼ SW¼ SE¼ sec. 28; SE¼ NE¼, W½ NE¼, E½ NW¼, NW¼ NW¼, SE¼ SE¼, N½ SE¼ and lots 2, 3 and 4, sec. 29.

Township 37 south, Range 9 east, NE¼, NE¼ NW¼, N½ SE¼, SE¼ SE¼ sec 6; E½ NE¼, E½ SE¼ sec. 7; all of section 19; N½ NE¼, N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, E½ SE¼ sec. 30; E½ NE¼, SE¼ SW¼, NE¼ SE¼, S½ SE¼ sec. 31.

Township 38 south, range 9 east, N½, NE¼ SW¼, SE¼ sec. 6; NE¼, S½ sec. 7; NE¼, E½ NW¼, N½ SE¼, SE¼ SE¼ sec. 18; E½ NE¼, SE¼ sec. 19; all of sections 28 and 29; E½ NE¼, S½ SW¼ sec. 30; W½ NE¼, NW¼, S½ sec. 31; N½ NE¼, NE¼ NW¼ sec. 32; N½ NE¼, NW¼ sec. 33; NE¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ NW¼, N½ SE¼, SE¼ SE¼ sec. 34; all of sections 35 and 36.

Township 40 south, Range 11 east, E½ NE¼, N½ SE¼ sec. 21.

FRED DENNETT,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

FRANK PIERCE,
First Assistant Secretary of the Interior, 10-6-12-15

NOTICE.

Parties wishing sagebrush land cleared, call on or write,

W. W. MASTEN,
12-3tf Klamath Falls, Ore.

HORSES WANTED

I want two or four horses for farm work in exchange for their winter's keep. H. G. FAIRCLO, Merrill Route.

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