

WORK HARD FOR EXPOSITION

SAN FRANCISCO WANTS FAIR HELD THERE

That City Has Pledged \$6,500,000 Toward the Celebration of the Opening of the Canal

SAN FRANCISCO, August 6.—The Panama-Pacific International exposition will have a booth at the California State fair to be held at the state capital, Sacramento, from September 3d to 10th. Special representatives of the exposition will have charge of the booth, which will be elaborately decorated. In addition to a miniature representation of the canal zone and other educational features, literature pertaining to the exposition movement will be distributed to the through attending the fair. Thousands of people will thus be reached directly and put in intimate touch with the 1915 fair, and given a clear idea of what it means, not alone to San Francisco, but to the entire Western slope.

Up to August 1st San Francisco has raised close to \$6,500,000 toward financing the proposed Panama-Pacific exposition to be held for the celebration of the completion of the Panama canal in 1915. It is going before congress next December to ask for government recognition, and confidently expects to get it. Meanwhile the entire West is lining up in support of San Francisco, endorsing the big project. As between San Francisco and New Orleans, which also wants the fair, Western men feel that there can be no comparison. The building of the canal is essentially a Pacific Coast event, opening the Pacific to the commerce of the world, and that means surely that the celebration should be held at the largest American port on the Pacific. Then again, the summer climate of San Francisco is worth coming far to enjoy, while nothing can be said for New Orleans in this respect. Another big argument is, Eastern visitors can easily go through the canal on their way to San Francisco, returning home overland. Again, there are many things worth seeing in the West—the Yellowstone, the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, the Yosemite, Shasta and a vacation country generally. Still another strong argument that might appeal to congress is the fact that San Francisco has within a radius of 200 miles fully 1,500,000 people, and it is that nearby population, according to previous records, that makes such affairs successful financially.

This exposition is essentially a Western project, and the directors of it are urging all friends of the movement to get busy with their congressmen. Not only should Western congressmen be seen and written to and pledged for the exposition, but all Eastern residents who know Eastern or Middle West congressmen or have friends in the East who have influence with any members of congress, are expected to lose no time in securing desirable support in favor of San Francisco as the one place where it is fitting to hold this canal celebration exposition.

HONEYMOON PAIR LIVE HOBO LIFE

JOLIET, Ill., August 5.—Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Jarhoe of Kansas City are occupying cells at the Joliet police station because the woman masqueraded with her husband in male attire. They have been "hobbing" since their marriage a month ago. Mrs. Jarhoe was formerly Jeannette Rich.

The bridal pair show traces of refinement. They declare their whole purpose in "tramping" and boarding "blind sleepers" was to experience a novel honeymoon.

According to their story they hastened to the outskirts of Kansas City as soon as the preacher tied the knot, and the bride donned a man's suit. They went to Denver on a freight train. Both procured places as "bell hops" in the same hotel, and when the novelty of that experience wore off they beat their way to Chicago. They visited places of amusement and spent all their money. Monday afternoon they boarded a freight for Joliet. They were planning for another freight ride when a railroad detective discovered the effeminate maneuvers of one of the hoboes.

Mrs. Jarhoe cried just a little when she and "hubby" were marched to the police station. As the iron door clanked behind them in different cells she broke down. The pair will probably be released.

GOT THE BEES OUT, BUT IT CAME HIGH

Cost the Congregation About \$7 an Insect to Accomplish the Result

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., August 5.—The First Reform church here, an edifice which has figured consid-

ably in American literature and revolutionary annals, will require \$1,000 worth of repairs as the result of a successful attempt recently to drive out a colony of bees which had made their home in the steeple.

Two painters who were at work in the church found the bees. Their blow lamp was brought out and its flames turned on the nest. The church was set on fire, but after the fire department had worked for half an hour the flames were extinguished. The damage was estimated at \$1,000. The painters accomplished their object in getting rid of the bees, but at a cost of about \$5 a bee.

WOMAN'S STOCKING IS BURGLAR PROOF

Tells Visitors Where to Carry Money if They Would Outwit the Pickpockets

CHICAGO, August 5.—More than 200 alleged pickpockets and other undesirable have been arrested in Chicago since Monday midnight to clear the streets of danger for the 700,000 Knights Templar and their friends, who are expected next week for the triennial convale of that order.

The arrests were made at the special order of Chief of Police Steward. It is the intention to drive every unemployed and homeless man from Chicago during the next three days.

In connection with the roundup of undesirables, Chief Inspector John Wheeler vouchsafed some advice to carriers of money:

"Don't carry your purse in the inside pocket of your coat. That's an easy spot for the 'dip' to get you.

"Do you know where I carry my money? In the inside pocket of my vest, and I have it pinned with a safety pin.

"My advice to out-of-town visitors is to let the old lady carry the purse in her stocking. There is no safer spot. It is burglar-proof."

UNION DECLARES A STRIKE ON UNION

CHICAGO, August 5.—A novelty in the way of labor troubles took place here Monday. The electrical workers called a strike against the Chicago Federation of Musicians. As a result four floors of the building that is being repaired as the new headquarters of the musicians' union were flooded by water and \$1,000 damage was done to the electrical machinery of the new elevator for the building.

The trouble arose as the result of the employment of elevator constructors on the work of installing the new elevator and equipment. The elevator constructors are rivals of the electrical workers and the machinists in elevator work. The electrical workers broke water pipes, wires and switchboards.

The elevator constructors were discharged, and the strike of union against union was over.

COST HIM EIGHTEEN DOLLARS TO BE HERO

NEW HAVEN Conn., August 5.—"There is not much in this hero business," said Wolfgang Herman today. He was robbed of \$18 while he was saving the lives of two drowning men. He saw the pair tipped from their canoe on the Connecticut river, and, taking off his coat, swam to their relief. He pulled both the canoeists, who could not swim, from the water.

When he went to look for his coat, his pocketbook, containing \$18 and several valuable keepsakes, had been stolen. Two small boys, who stood near when Herman leaped into the river, but who had disappeared when he came dripping from the water, are blamed for the theft. The police are watching for a party of small boys to buy \$18 worth of ice cream at once.

EXCESS OF JOY LOSES WOMAN SPEECH

BOSTON, August 5.—Joy seldom kills, but it has robbed Mrs. Sam Ahman Hagerty of Londonderry, Ireland, of her voice. Physicians at Carnegie hospital say that while the case is a remarkable one, they entertain hope that she may recover her speech.

Mrs. Hagerty, who is 70 years of age, arrived from the old country on the steamer Parisian to make her home with her son, James Hagerty of Pawtucket, R. I., who met her. As the big steamer was ploughing up the harbor, cabin passengers noticed that Mrs. Hagerty became much excited. When nearing the dock she saw her son, and they exchanged greetings, but when he arrived on board it was found that she couldn't speak.

MAY LOCATE IN THE MERRILL COUNTRY

John Stewart of Lone Rock, in the northeast part of the state, and who has had the mail contract between Lone Rock and Heppner for a num-

ber of years, has been visiting his old friend, L. M. Robinson of Merrill, and may locate in that district. Mr. Stewart has been looking at some of the fine places in the vicinity of Merrill, and while he has found a number of farms that suit him, he has not yet made up his mind just which one he wants. He will probably become one of the residents of that fertile part of the country in the near future, however.

CUMMINS OPENS THE IOWA CAMPAIGN

(Continued from Page 3)

would have staggered along in this campaign under a burden too heavy for any party to successfully carry.

Postal Banks
Our platform of 1908 committed the party to the establishment of postal savings institutions. It is probably true that Iowa needs such facilities for savings less than any other state in the union, but nevertheless, I am convinced that the policy is a wise one.

The law passed by congress has, in my opinion, two serious defects which ought to be removed at the earliest practicable moment.

First, we have given to the board of trustees, which is to manage the postal depositories, the discretion to designate such postoffices as it sees fit.

The law should be amended so that depositories are selected by some standard, either of population or of business, which could be applied inflexibly to the whole country.

Second, the most serious objection to the law will be found in the disposition of the money after it is gathered at the postoffices.

The subject has been considered by more than one postmaster general, bills had been introduced, and reports made by committees, but it had never been intimated that it would be wise to withdraw these funds from the locality of the post-office and invest them in government bonds. Our platform was bottomed upon the fundamental idea that the money put in the postoffices should not be drawn by the government from that community.

The power of the East over the West in controlling the supply of money is already too great, and what we have done will add immeasurably to the Eastern influence.

Protect Country Banks

In my judgment, if we want to popularize postal savings depositories and allow them to fulfill the purpose we have had in view, we must speedily amend the law so that the country banks will not be injured, and so that money will be permitted to perform its full functions in the localities to which it naturally flows.

In this connection I must be permitted to dwell upon the proposition for a central bank. It will soon be a live question in American politics, and it is high time that republicans should give it that frigid consideration which in the end settles all public problems.

The proposal has not yet taken definite form, but it is in the air that a central bank shall be established, with the sole power of issuing paper money and of determining therefore how much money at any given time we shall have and how it shall be distributed.

I do not say that I will oppose a central bank, but I do say that I will oppose any bank with the powers that I have described, for if that misfortune should befall us we would suffer a financial slavery more complete even than the industrial servitude which now afflicts us.

In the consolidation of the great banks now in progress we see the preparation for such a condition. Already a dozen men, or less, can exert an influence which makes the country tremble in apprehension of their mighty strength, and if we permit them to enlarge their authority we will richly deserve the subjugation which will follow.

TEDDY'S HANDSHAKE NEARLY KILLS MAN

Runs Four Miles to Tell Friends About It and Then Drops Unconscious

BELVIDERE, N. J., August 5.—The honor of shaking hands with Theodore Roosevelt almost cost T. J. Shea his life.

Roosevelt, traveling southward to the coal districts by automobile accosted Shea to ask for guidance on the roads through the outskirts of Belvidere. After Shea had given the desired information Roosevelt leaned over and shook hands with him.

Shea was overwhelmed at the honor, and was so eager to tell his friends that he ran two miles into the city and dropped unconscious just as he was about to gasp out the news. It took two doctors four hours to bring him around, and he will not be out of danger for several days. He has long suffered from heart disease, and he had been warned against hard exercise.

JULY CATTLE RECEIPTS GOOD

PRICES CLOSE AS STRONG AS OPENING QUOTATIONS

Attention of Growers Is Called to the Feeding of Grain—Hog Raising Profitable

PORTLAND, August 6.—July is usually a dull month in the livestock markets, but receipts at the Portland Union stockyards were fairly liberal.

The total number of cars were 44, in which were 6,859 cattle, 6,938 hogs, 15,143 sheep and 331 horses and mules. As compared with last year there was a decrease of 785 cattle, an increase of 5,604 hogs, an increase of 1,336 sheep and an increase of 80 horses and mules.

The July cattle market closed as strong as it opened on good qualities, while half finished animals reached a lower level of prices. Top cattle were in strong demand at \$6. The hog market in July rallied to \$10.30 and closed at about \$10.15; the sheep market for the month closed strong, with \$8 for lambs and \$4 for best wethers.

Items of interest in connection with the market include the building up of quite a business in the purchase and sale of milk cows. Dairy-men are looking to the Portland Union stockyards as a market place, for the reason that all cows offered for sale here are tested by the government inspector free of charge.

James J. Hill of the Hill lines and Robert S. Lovett of the Harriman lines will be vice presidents of the Fat Stock show to be given at the yards March next. A number of distinguished stock men in the Pacific Northwest and throughout the United States will act as officers of this show.

The proper grading of cattle on this market and the paying of what the quality represents to the shipper, has caused the cattlemen of the country to turn their attention toward grain feeding, and this fall and winter will probably see more grain fed cattle in Oregon, Washington, Idaho and California than in any previous year. Good grain fed cattle are worth from 1c to 1½c more per pound than hay fed cattle. At the difference it will pay the feeders to use grain.

A good barley crop, plenty of oats, an abundance of alfalfa and a high market make swine raising popular, and that most profitable of all crops is receiving much attention in the Pacific Northwest. It is doubtful if the supply ever catches up with the demand, and preparing hogs for the Portland market is the surest and safest business open to the farmer.

CONTEST NOTICE

Serial No. 01448 Contest No. C-121 Department of the Interior, United States Land Office.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Edward E. Byers, contestant, against Homestead Entry No. 3794, Serial No. 01448, made July 11, 1907, for NW¼, SW¼ Section 13, Township 39 S., Range 10 E., Willamette Meridian, by Gilbert E. Trobi, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Gilbert Trobi has not resided on the land for more than two years last past; that he tried to dispose of the land just prior to leaving the same; that he has not resided on or cultivated the land as required by law. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond, and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 1, 1910, before Commissioner R. M. Richardson, Klamath Falls, Oregon (and that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 8, 1910, before) the register and receiver at the United States land office in Lakeview, Oregon.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed July 19, 1910, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

(Signed) ARTHUR W. ORTON, Register.
(Signed) FRED P. CRONEMILLER, Receiver.

Record address of entryman, Olene, Oregon. 7-28-8-25

BICYCLES

For an up-to-date wheel, get a Rambler, on sale at the GUN STORE. For sale or rent. Tents to rent. Guns. We carry a full line of Sporting Goods.

THE GUN STORE
J. B. CHAMBERS

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE FIRST TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK

at Klamath Falls, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business, January 31, 1910.

RESOURCES	DOLLARS
Loans and Discounts	\$ 68,344.53
Bonds, securities, etc.	2,464.46
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	3,150.74
Due from banks (not reserve banks)	10,922.53
Due from approved reserve banks	20,402.44
Checks and other cash items	872.13
Cash on hand	19,687.75
Total	\$124,854.58

LIABILITIES	DOLLARS
Capital stock paid in	\$ 25,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	48.64
Individual deposits subject to check	50,920.11
Demand certificates of deposit	280.00
Time certificates of deposit	11,585.00
Savings deposits	37,010.83
Total	\$124,854.58

State of Oregon,)
County of Klamath, ss.
I, J. W. Seimens, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Correct—Attest: J. W. SEIMENS, Cashier.
G. W. BALDWIN,
J. A. MADDOX, Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of February, 1910.
E. L. ELLIOTT, Notary Public.



RUSSELL ENGINES BOILERS
SAW MILLS HIGH GRADE MACHINERY
WRITE FOR SPECIAL CATALOG AND PRICES
THE A. HAVERILL MACHINERY CO.
SPOKANE, WASH.-PORTLAND, ORE.-SAN JOSE CAL.

SPEND THE SUMMER AT
NEWPORT, YAQUINA BAY
The Only Beach in the Pacific Northwest
Where the pretty Water Agates, Moss Agates, Moonstones, Carnelians and Rock Oysters can be found.
OUTDOOR SPORTS OF ALL KINDS
Including hunting, fishing, digging rock oysters, boating, surf bathing, riding, autoing, canoeing and dancing. Pure mountain water and best of food at low prices and vegetables of all kinds daily. Ideal camping grounds with strict sanitary regulations at nominal cost.
LOW ROUND-TRIP SEASON TICKETS THREE-DAY SATURDAY TO MONDAY RATE
from all points in Oregon, Washington and Idaho on sale daily. from S. P. Points, Portland to Cottage Grove inclusive, including branch lines; also from all C. & E. stations, Albany and west. Good going on Saturday or Sunday and for return Sunday or Monday.
Sunday Excursion Rate of \$1.50
From Albany, Corvallis and Philomath, with corresponding low rates from points west, in effect all summer. Call on any S. P. or C. & E. agent for full particulars as to routes, train schedules, etc.; also for copy of our beautifully illustrated booklet, "Outings in Oregon," or write to
WM. McMURRAY,
General Passenger Agent,
Portland, Oregon



Something New In Kitchen Ware
The "1892" Pure Spun Aluminum Ware is rapidly coming into use for cooking purposes. It is taking the place of agate and enamel ware because while its first cost is a trifle more than ordinary ware, it is really much cheaper in the long run, as it is guaranteed for twenty-five years and will last practically a life time.
The genuine "1892" Ware, made only from pure SPUN (not cast) Aluminum, will not crack, scale, peel, break, scorch or burn.
It looks like silver but weighs only about one-quarter as much, is easily cleaned and handled, and will not rust, corrode or tarnish. Absolutely pure, non-poisonous and wholesome; saves money, time and doctor's bills.
Be sure you get the original and genuine ware stamped with the Maltese Cross. At your dealer's.
S. PADGETT, Keno, Ore.