

# 1908 STATISTICS FOR CITIES

MILLIONS ARE PAID OUT FOR IMPROVEMENTS

Outlays Which They Have Made for New Work and the Net Indebtedness of Large Cities

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.—Payments on account of outlays for new properties or new work by the 158 largest cities in the United States each having an estimated population of 30,000 or more in 1908, amounted in the aggregate to \$275,002,693 for 1908, compared with \$244,117,298 for 1907, according to the census bureau's annual report on the statistics of cities, now in press.

Nearly one-third of the total, or \$83,417,149, was paid by New York city. Chicago spent \$18,093,984, and Philadelphia, \$14,473,184. Cities of less than 300,000 inhabitants with the largest payments for outlays were: Los Angeles, \$8,259,809; Seattle, \$6,485,676; Portland, Me., \$4,536,992; Denver, \$2,760,992; and Portland, Ore., \$2,644,727. Nearly one-third of all outlays, or \$80,260,139, was spent on public service enterprises, nearly one-half of the outlays by New York city being of this character. Nearly another third was spent for highways, and more than one-seventh went for schools and other educational objects. Most of the outlays reported for Portland, Me., were for the purchase by the water district of its water supply system, and New York city spent more than \$10,000,000 in the extension of its water system.

The indebtedness of cities is evidenced by such forms of debt obligations as general bonds, special assessment bonds, outstanding warrants, mortgages on real property, and outstanding judgments. The "net" debt is the same as the gross debt, less the sinking fund assets. For purposes of comparison the net indebtedness is of much more significance than the gross indebtedness.

The total net indebtedness of the 158 cities at the close of 1908 was \$1,718,000,000, and of this amount \$684,000,000, or 39.8 per cent, is credited to New York City alone. That city had more than seven times the indebtedness of any other city, and more than one-half of the total of the 29 largest cities of the country. The per capita net debt of New York City was \$157.74, and the only other cities having a per capita net indebtedness of over \$100 were Cincinnati, \$128.61; Boston, \$119.48; Galveston, \$113.07; Portland, Me., \$107.41; Newton, Mass., \$108.12; Pueblo, Colo., \$104.61; and Pawtucket, R. I., \$103.78. Of the cities of over 300,000 estimated population, the city having the smallest per capita net debt was Detroit, \$26.02. Of the cities having a population of from 100,000 to 300,000, those with the smallest per capita net debt were Indianapolis, \$17.43, and Scranton, \$19.82. Of the cities having from 30,000 to 100,000 population, those having the smallest per capita net debt were Joplin, \$8.89; Erie, \$10.88; Johnstown, \$11.10; Newcastle, \$12.45; Terre Haute, \$12.56; Davenport, \$14.16, and Peoria, \$14.59.

The increase in the net debt for the fiscal year 1908 was \$185,877,856, as compared with a similar increase for 1907 of \$120,930,631, more than three-fourths of which increase is credited to the 16 largest cities, and nearly one-half of which is credited to New York City.

The only cities of less than 300,000 population increasing their net debt by more than \$2,000,000 were Los Angeles, \$6,395,254, and Portland, Me., \$4,210,922. In the latter city most of this debt was incurred by the water district.

During the year 35 cities reduced their net indebtedness, compared with 42 cities for 1907.

The only cities of over 100,000 population reducing their net debt in 1908 were Washington, D. C.; Kansas City, Mo.; Paterson, N. J., and Cambridge, Mass.

The report states that in any discussion of indebtedness it should be remembered that the value of public improvements, and especially the amounts expended on public-service enterprises, should be taken into consideration. Many cities own their waterworks, some their lighting plants, and a considerable proportion of the indebtedness of such cities may have been incurred in the purchase or construction of such plants. Thus in New York City 36.9 per cent of the total debt, a much larger percentage than that for most cities, has been issued for the acquisition and extension of such public-service enterprises as the water-supply system, toll bridges, etc., which enterprises are self-supporting.

Dr. G. H. Merryman's residence is now located at Eighth and Pine streets, phone 1231, where he may be reached any evening or night.

## A NUMBER OF SCHOOLS ARE WITHOUT TEACHERS

Persons Interested Can Secure Information by Applying to the Clerks of the Districts

The following is a list of schools which, so far as can be ascertained, have not employed teachers for the term 1910-11. The name of the clerk and address is given. Teachers seeking schools should send applications to the clerks. The salary is about \$60 per month. A few pay more, but that can be ascertained from the clerks:

- District No. 3, Leon Anderson, Wampus.
- District No. 4, Mrs. Ida Grimes, Olene.
- District No. 6, Mrs. Mamie L. Giacomini, Merrill.
- District No. 9, S. Padgett, Keno.
- District No. 10, Chas. T. Powers, Bly.
- District No. 11, C. F. Cunningham, Klamath Falls.
- District No. 12, Mrs. M. E. Cowley, Lorella.
- District No. 14, Wm. Irwin, Langell Valley.
- District No. 15, H. T. Van Valkenburg, Klamath Falls.
- District No. 16, Vivian R. Evans, Bonanza.
- District No. 17, C. W. Lewis, Merrill.
- District No. 18, C. O. Brown, Crystal.
- District No. 20, Frank Kester, Bonanza.
- District No. 22, Virginia X. Wood, Merrill.
- District No. 25, Mrs. Ellen Quimby, Klamath Falls.
- District No. 26, Simpson Foster, Klamath Falls.
- District No. 27, E. A. Koonze, Fort Klamath.
- District No. 32, J. A. Frazelle, Pokeyama.
- District No. 33, Chas. V. Shuk, Whitelake.
- District No. 39, Mrs. Mattie Patterson, Swan, Ore.

## UNCLE SAM PLANTING MANY ACRES TO TREES

Ten Tons of Seeds to Be Planted, and It Will Make Quite a Grove

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The United States department of agriculture is using this year on the National forests over three tons of tree seed. Most of this seed has already been sown. The rest will be utilized later in the season, as favorable conditions are presented.

It takes a great many tree seeds to make ten tons. Jack pine, the most important tree for planting in Nebraska sand hills by the forest service, will average something like 125,000 to the pound. Of Western yellow pine, the tree most extensively planted throughout the national forests as a whole, 10,000 seeds will make a pound. Altogether the ten tons of seed to be used this year will represent perhaps 300,000,000 single seeds.

If every seed could be depended upon to produce a young tree suitable for planting, the result would be a supply of nursery stock sufficient to plant 300,000 acres of land, but no such result could be looked for because many seeds do not germinate. Most of the seeds will be sown either broadcast or in seed spots, or planted with a corn planter, directly in the place where the trees are likely to stand.

Ever when nursery stock is raised a liberal allowance must be made for loss. In the first place, a considerable percentage of the seed will be found to be infertile. Of those which germinate, many will die before they leave the nursery beds, and many more will be lost in transplanting. If from a pound of Western pine seeds, which contain 10,000 individual seeds, 4,000 three-year-old transplants are available for field planting, the department of agriculture has obtained a satisfactory result.

There are now twenty-four national forest nurseries, with an annual productive capacity of over eight million seedlings. But there are many millions of old burns on the national forests which are waiting to be restocked, and some quicker and cheaper method than the actual planting of nursery grown trees is urgently needed. Therefore the foresters are making experiments on a larger scale with different methods of direct sowing and planting, and most of the seed gathered last year was for this purpose.

## Paper Teeth

Paper is entering into important arts of Europe. The most novel use of it is in the manufacture of false teeth by the Germans, who say of the product that it is keeping its color well and is decidedly stronger than the porcelain imitation. When the wine makers of Greece found the lumber too costly with which to make wine casks the manufacturers substituted paper pulp, and have found it most satisfactory.—Ohio State Journal.

## WOMAN ON WAY TO MEET HUSBAND

CAR IS SMASHED TO PIECES BY LOCOMOTIVE

The Truck Was Hidden by Freight Cars and Machine Crashes Into Fast Moving Train

FRESNO, July 29.—As the result of their auto colliding with a passenger train at Reedley, twenty miles southeast of here, Mrs. J. E. Kleinsaffer and her daughter, Mary, were killed; her son, David, 19 years old, who was driving the machine, was fatally injured, and her son, Joseph, 12 years of age, was badly bruised.

The family drove the touring car from the ranch at South Reedley to meet Mr. Kleinsaffer, the woman's husband, who was expected to arrive on the train. The automobile was going at a high rate of speed when it collided with the train from Visalia at the crossing.

A number of freight cars hid the track from the sight of the boy who was driving the automobile, and the machine he was driving plunged directly into the cowcatcher of the fast-moving train and was smashed into pieces. Mrs. Kleinsaffer's skull was fractured and her arm was broken, while her daughter, Mary, received a fractured skull. The woman gasped for about ten minutes before she succumbed.

David was taken to a hospital, but the nature of his injuries has not been ascertained. He drove the car very fast, as he wished to get to the depot before his father did, and did not see the approaching train.

The family are wealthy dairy ranchers, and came here from Dakota about three months ago. Mr. Kleinsaffer had been east on a pleasure trip, and returned here today.

## YORK'S ATTORNEY WILL ASK FOR A CONTINUANCE

Advices the Court That He Will Not Be Able to Proceed With Case on August 4th

When the case of T. E. York was called Attorney C. M. O'Neill, who has been retained to represent the interests of the man who is accused of defrauding the American Bank and Trust company, arose and addressed the court. He stated that he had just entered the case, and had no opportunity to look into the matter. That inasmuch as he has business in his office that would demand his attention for several days, he would not be able to take up the case of his client for some little time, and therefore wanted it postponed for the present.

District Attorney Kuykendall stated that the first matter to occupy the time of the court would be the local option cases, and Mr. York's case could be taken up after they were disposed of. Judge Noland then proceeded with the setting of the local option cases, and after they were disposed of set August 4th as the date for the trial of Mr. York. Mr. O'Neill then arose and stated that it would be absolutely impossible for his client to go ahead at that time; that there was evidence and documents outside of the state which were absolutely essential to the case that could not be procured within the time intervening between now and August 4th, and he wished to serve notice on the district attorney that when the case was called he would make application for a continuance.

## HIGH RAILROAD OFFICIALS SHARE IN GRAFT

Rakeoff Sometimes Was Forty Per Cent of the Amount Paid for Work

CHICAGO, July 29.—Harold A. Sims, formerly an Illinois Central car inspector, testified that the high officials of the company had agreed to divide the car repair graft. He declared that the profits sometimes amounted to 40 per cent of the amount paid by the railroad. The testimony was given in the railroad's suit to recover \$300,000 from the Memphis Car company. The grafting officials were not named.

## MILITIA GUARD GRAND TRUNK STRIKE BREAKERS

Five Hundred State Troops With Gatling Guns Patrol Railroad Yards

DURAND, Mich., July 29.—Five hundred of the state troops, accompanied by six Gatling guns, arrived yesterday and are patrolling the Grand Trunk yards today. General McGuerrin is in command.

## JOHN M. CARLISLE IN DANGEROUS CONDITION

NEW YORK, July 29.—John M. Carlisle, former secretary of the treasury, was attacked with heart trouble today and is in a dangerous condition. He is 76 years old.

## TROOPS HAVE BEEN CALLED OUT

Trouble Started Over a Debt Which a Negro Owed a White Man—Clash Is Certain

PALESTINE, Texas, July 30.—Twenty negroes and five whites were killed in the riots near here last night. The clash resulted from a debt which a negro owed to a white man. Governor Campbell has requested that troops be sent, as hundreds of whites are rushing to the scene. Three hundred negroes are reported to have armed themselves and declared that they will kill any white men entering their settlement.

## TROOPS SENT TO SCENE OF DISTURBANCE

AUSTIN, Texas, July 30.—Reports from Palestine say that hundreds of whites are engaging the negroes near Elkhart, and that both sides are heavily armed. State troops are on their way from here, San Antonio, Fort Worth and Tyler. The marshal has ordered that the saloons of Palestine be closed and the stores are forbidden to sell firearms. Many of the citizens have been disarmed, and the rioting is reported as continuing. The adjutant general has announced that some of the state rangers have reached the scene, and he expects to control the situation before night.

The adjutant general has issued a general order for the state troops to rush to Palestine. Governor Campbell, who was in Galveston, started for Palestine today.

## GRAND TRUNK STATION IS SET ON FIRE

BUFFALO, July 29.—The Grand Trunk station at Amagari, just outside of Bridgeburg, was burned yesterday. The fire is thought to be of incendiary origin, and the strike sympathizers are believed to have started the blaze.

## CONTEST NOTICE

Serial No. 01448 Contest No. C-121 Department of the Interior, United States Land Office.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Edward E. Byers, contestant, against Homestead Entry No. 3794, Serial No. 01448, made July 11, 1907, for NW 1/4, SW 1/4 Section 12, Township 39 S., Range 10 E., Willamette Meridian, by Gilbert E. Trobi, Contestee, in which it is alleged that said Gilbert Trobi has not resided on the land for more than two years last past; that he tried to dispose of the land just prior to leaving the same; that he has not resided on or cultivated the land as required by law. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond, and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 1, 1910, before Commissioner R. M. Richardson, Klamath Falls, Oregon (and that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on September 8, 1910, before) the register and receiver at the United States land office in Lakeview, Oregon.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed July 19, 1910, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

(Signed) ARTHUR W. ORTON, Register.  
(Signed) FRED P. CRONEMILLER, Receiver.  
Record address of entryman, Olene, Oregon. 7-28-8-25

## The July Bride

Now shares her happiness and shines resplendent, along with our line of SPARKLING CUT GLASS, HAND-PAINTED CHINA AND RECK SILVER, KARNACK BRASS.

All are appropriate wedding presents, and she will not be happy until she gets them.

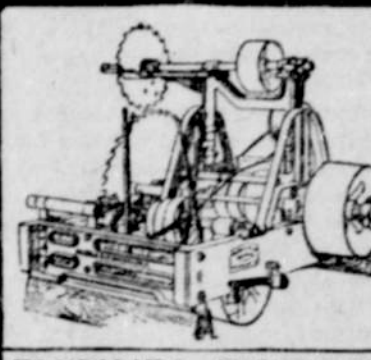
SEE OUR LINE GET OUR PRICES WINTERS For Wedding Presents

## BICYCLES

For an up-to-date wheel, get a Rambler, on sale at the GUN STORE. For sale or rent. Pents to rent. Guns. We carry a full line of Sporting Goods.

THE GUN STORE J. B. CHAMBERS

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF	
THE FIRST TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK	
at Klamath Falls, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business, January 31, 1910.	
<b>RESOURCES</b>	
Loans and Discounts	\$ 68,344.53
Bonds, securities, etc.	2,464.46
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	2,150.74
Due from banks (not reserve banks)	10,932.53
Due from approved reserve banks	20,402.44
Checks and other cash items	872.12
Cash on hand	19,887.75
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$124,854.58</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 25,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	48.64
Individual deposits subject to check	50,930.11
Demand certificates of deposit	280.00
Time certificates of deposit	11,585.00
Savings deposits	37,010.83
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$124,854.58</b>
State of Oregon, ) County of Klamath, ss. I, J. W. Seimens, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Correct—Attest: J. W. SEIMENS, Cashier. G. A. MADDOX, Directors. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of February, 1910. E. L. ELLIOTT, Notary Public.	



## RUSSELL HIGH GRADE MACHINERY

ENGINES · BOILERS · SAW MILLS · THRESHERS  
WRITE FOR SPECIAL CATALOG AND PRICES  
THE HAVERILL MACHINERY CO.  
SPOKANE, WASH. · PORTLAND, ORE. · SAN JOSE CAL.

## SPEND THE SUMMER AT NEWPORT, YAQUINA BAY

The Only Beach in the Pacific Northwest

Where the pretty Water Agates, Moss Agates, Moonstones, Carnellans and Rock Oysters can be found.

### OUTDOOR SPORTS OF ALL KINDS

Including hunting, fishing, digging rock aysters, boating, surf bathing, riding, autoing, canoeing and dancing. Pure mountain water and best of food at low prices and vegetables of all kinds daily. Ideal camping grounds with strict sanitary regulations at nominal cost.

**LOW ROUND-TRIP SEASON TICKETS** from all points in Oregon, Washington and Idaho on sale daily.

**THREE-DAY SATURDAY TO MONDAY RATE** from S. P. Points, Portland to Cottage Grove inclusive, including branch lines; also from all C. & E. stations, Albany and west. Good going on Saturday or Sunday and for return Sunday or Monday.

## Sunday Excursion Rate of \$1.50

From Albany, Corvallis and Philomath, with corresponding low rates from points west, in effect all summer. Call on any S. P. or C. & E. agent for full particulars as torates, train schedules, etc.; also for copy of our beautifully illustrated booklet, "Outings in Oregon," or write to  
WM. McMURRAY,  
General Passenger Agent,  
Portland, Oregon



## Something New In Kitchen Ware

The "1892" Pure Spun Aluminum Ware is rapidly coming into use for cooking purposes. It is taking the place of agate and enamel ware because while its first cost is a trifle more than ordinary ware, it is really much cheaper in the long run, as it is guaranteed for twenty-five years and will last practically a life time.

The genuine "1892" Ware, made only from pure SPUN (not cast) Aluminum, will not crack, scale, peel, break, scorch or burn.

It looks like silver but weighs only about one-quarter as much, is easily cleaned and handled, and will not rust, corrode or tarnish. Absolutely pure, non-poisonous and wholesome; saves money, time and doctor's bills.

Be sure you get the original and genuine ware stamped with the Maltese Cross. At four dealers.

## S. PADGETT, Keno, Ore.