

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Alex Nelson to Chester L. Hovey W 1/2 Sec 8 1/2 Sec 10, N 1/4, N 1/4 Sec 15, Tp 37, S. R. 19, E. W. M. \$10.

David W. Johnston, et ux, to Robt M. Shigler, warranty deed W 1/2 Sec 1, N 1/4, N 1/4 Sec 28, Tp 38, S. R. 13, E. W. M.; \$2,000.

Mary C. Shank to Abner Weed, warranty deed Sec 16, Tp 34, S. R. 7 1/2, E. W. M.; \$1.

W. E. Bissell to Abner Weed, warranty deed N 1/4 Sec 16, Tp 34, S. R. 7 1/2, E. W. M.; \$1.

Corwin S. Shank et ux to Abner Weed warranty deed, N 1/4 Sec 16, Tp 34, S. R. 7 1/2, E. W. M.; \$1.

Nellie M. Shank et ux to Abner Weed warranty deed Sec 16, Tp 34, S. R. 7 1/2, E. W. M.; \$1.

C. A. Dezell et ux to Stella Bowne, warranty deed, lot 6, blk 47, First ad. Klamath Falls, \$10.

Enterprise Land & Inv. Co. to Crawford Hill warranty deed, part of Tract No. 99, Enterprise Tract, #435.

Klamath Falls Land & Trans. Co. to R. J. Sheets, lot 4, blk 105, Buena Vista addition, \$200.

Hypatia H. McKendress et vir to WeWyerhauser Land Co., W 1/2, N 1/4, N 1/4, N 1/4, Sec 19, Tp 38, S. R. 15, E. W. M.; \$10.

W. F. Pfeiffer et ux to Frank Wilnot, warranty deed S 1/2, N 1/2, Sec 5, Tp 25, S. R. 10, E. W. M.; \$10.

Frank Wilnot et ux to Weyerhaeuser Land Co., warranty deed S 1/2, N 1/2 Sec 5, Tp 25, S. R. 10, E. W. M.; \$10.

Edwin L. Forker to Weyerhaeuser Land Co., warranty deed S 1/2, N 1/2, S 1/2, S 1/2, Sec 22, Tp 34, S. R. 15, E. W. M.; \$10.

J. G. Price et ux to Ole Jensen warranty deed, lots 1, 2, and 3, blk 41, 1st add to Klamath Falls; \$10.

Hot Springs Co. to O. C. Jensen, warranty deed lot 6 a, blk 4, Railroad Add. Klamath Falls; \$10.

Lakeside Co. to Joseph F. Pospisil N 1/4 S 1/4, Sec 8, Tp 41, S. R. 12, E. W. M. \$1,000.

H. A. Grimes et ux to O. D. Cravens, warranty deed, S 1/2 N 1/4, N 1/4, N 1/4, N 1/4, Sec 36, Tp 38, S. R. 10, E. W. M.; \$10.

Amos Hardenbrook et ux to O. D. Cravens warranty deed W 1/2 S 1/4, S 1/4, N 1/4, Sec 20, N 1/4, N 1/4, Sec 29, Tp 38, S. R. 10, E. W. M. \$800.

Chas. E. Worden et ux to O. D. Cravens warranty deed, S 1/4, S 1/4, Sec 19, N 1/2, N 1/4, N 1/4, Sec 30, Tp 38, S. R. 10, E. W. M. \$2,400.

O. D. Cravens et ux to B. S. Grigby warranty deed, lot 4, Sec. 19, Lot 1, and N 1/4 N 1/4 and N 1/4 N 1/4, Sec 30, S 1/4 N 1/4, W 1/2, S 1/4 Sec 20, N 1/4, N 1/4, Sec 29, Tp 38, S. R. 10, E. W. M.; \$4,000.

A. W. Slover et ux to Fannie L. Oweens, warranty deed 8 1/2 acres tract 50 of Enterprise tract, Klamath county, and lot 11, blk 220, Mills Ad. Klamath Falls, \$900.

Chas. O. PaPitoe to James Watts, warranty deed, S 1/4, S 1/4 Sec 14, W 1/2, N 1/4, N 1/4, S 1/4 Sec 23, Tp 37, S. R. 13, E. W. M.; \$10.

F. T. Sanderson to Arthur Livermore warranty deed lots, 3, 4, 5 and 6, blk. 10, Klamath Falls, \$9,750.

R. E. Wattenburg et ux to C. & R. S. Moore warranty deed lot 7, blk 3, West Klamath Falls, \$100.

Oregon Valley Land Co. to R. H. Meyer warranty deed N 1/2 N 1/4 Sec 3, Tp 38, S. R. 15, E. W. M.; \$200.

Oregon Valley Land Co. to H. J. Tompkins, warranty deed N 1/4 Sec 35, Tp 36, S. R. 15, E. W. M.

Oregon Valley Land Co. to A. C. Drury, warranty deed N 1/2 of N 1/4 N 1/4 Sec 35, Tp 35 S. R. 14, E. W. M. \$200.

Oregon Valley Land Co. to Rittle Rees, warranty deed, to W. C. Dalton, S 1/2 S 1/2 Sec 15, Tp 36, S. R. 14, E. W. M. \$200.

John G. Risberg to W. C. Dalton, warranty deed S 1/4 Sec 20, W 1/2, N 1/4 Sec 29, Tp 40, S. R. 13, E. W. M.; \$500.

State of Oregon to J. A. Duffy warranty deed N 1/4 N 1/4 Sec 16, Tp 41, S. R. 7, E. W. M. \$200.

Oregon Valley Land Co., to Elmer T. B. Johnson warranty deed S 1/2 of S 1/2 S 1/4 of Sec 25, Tp 36, S. R. 14, E. W. M.; \$200.

Oregon Valley Land Co. to C. F. Magele warranty deed N 1/2 S 1/2 S 1/4 Sec 11, Tp 36, S. R. 14, E. W. M. \$200.

A MARK TWAIN STORY

Showing What May Be Achieved by Nerve and Reiteration.

A LESSON IN PERSEVERANCE.

Going to Prove That Repetition Will Work Wonders if a Man Has Only the Necessary Amount of Cheek to Stand Up and Keep on Talking.

Mark Twain once told a reporter that if a man says the same thing often enough people will begin to listen to him.

"Now," said the great humorist, "there was that story about Hank Monk. That was the oldest, staliest, driest, deadest bit of alleged humor that any man ever heard. It had been circulated around Nevada and California until there wasn't a man left who would even listen to it. I had heard it so many times that I knew it by heart. It told how Hank Monk got Horace Greeley over the Glennbrook grade to Placerville.

"I was about to deliver my second lecture at Platt's hall in San Francisco—the second one I had ever delivered. It occurred to me that I might begin that lecture with the worst story I had ever heard and by telling it often enough start the lecture with a big laugh. I took that story and memorized it so that it would not vary in the telling, and I made it just as pointless and just as dull and just as dry as I could.

"When it came time for me to talk I stood up and with a few introductory remarks began that story. If I remember it went something like this: "Horace Greeley once went over the Glennbrook grade to Placerville. When he was leaving Carson City he told the driver, Hank Monk, that he had an engagement to lecture at Placerville and was very anxious to go through quick. Hank Monk cracked his whip and started off at an awful pace. The stage bounced up and down in such a terrific way that it jolted the buttons all off Horace's coat and finally shot his head clean through the roof of the stage, and then he yelled to Hank Monk and begged him to go easier—said he wasn't in as much of a hurry as he had been awhile ago. But Hank Monk said, "Keep your seat, Horace, and I'll get you there on time!" And he did, too—what was left of him."

"Now, that was all there was to the story. It was had enough to begin with, but I made it worse in the telling. I droned it out in a flat, monotonous tone, without a gesture to mar its depressing effect. The people received it in dead silence. I had insulted every man in the audience—I had 'graveled' them with a story that was not only stale and pointless, but one which they had heard at least a thousand times. I waited a few seconds for the laughter, and then I began to hem and haw and shift my feet. I tried to appear just as embarrassed as I could, and after floundering about helplessly for a few sentences I cheered up a little and said that I would tell a funny anecdote which might be new to them. It began:

"Horace Greeley went over the Glennbrook grade to Placerville—

"I told it in exactly the same miserable, pointless way that I had told it before, and when I got through I waited a longer time for the applause, but there wasn't any applause. I could see that several men in the house were growing quite indignant. They had paid money to hear a humorous lecture. I took a long breath and plunged in a third time, more embarrassed and fustered and worried than ever, and by and by I worked around again to the time when Horace Greeley went over Glennbrook grade to Placerville.

"This time some of the smarter ones began to laugh, and this encouraged me so much that I thanked them and started right in to tell the story over again, never varying the delivery so much as a pause to take breath. The fourth time fetched 'em, and at the end of the story they stood up and whooped and yelled and cheered for some time.

"You see, I thought that if a man had sand enough to stand up before an audience and tell the oldest, staliest and most uninteresting story in the world he could make people laugh if he had the nerve to tell the story often enough. The rest of my lecture went very well. They were willing to laugh at my anecdotes the first time I told them. Maybe they were afraid I would tell them a second time.

"I felt so sure that I had discovered a new phase in human character that I tried the same thing in New York years afterward. There was an authors' reading bee one afternoon, and most of the authors read selections from their works. I sat on the platform beside James Russell Lowell. He asked me what I was going to read. I said that I wasn't going to read anything. I intended to tell an anecdote.

"Is it a funny one?" he asked.

"I said it would be if I lasted long enough.

"I started out without any preamble, and I told the Hank Monk anecdote. There was an awful silence at the end. I took a drink of water, mopped my forehead and told the story again. Same effect. Young man, I told that story five times before I landed 'em. When I sat down at last Mr. Lowell whispered to me:

"You have cost me dear. I have been sitting here and wasting sympathy on you."

"That's the point, young man. Repetition will do anything if a man has the sand to stand up and keep on talking."—New York American.

LIGHT AND THE EYES

We Do Not Always See Things as They Really Are.

COLORS WE CANNOT DISCERN

Normal Vision Is Not Able to Penetrate to the Regions Beyond the Violet—Some Results That Have Been Attained With the Camera.

Those of us who are fortunate enough to possess normal eyes are apt to feel instinctively that we see things as they are. This is a mistake. The appearance of the world at large is merely the result of the circumstance that the human eye perceives only a comparatively small part of the total radiation which comes from the sun or is given out by a lamp.

To make this a little clearer we may consider one of the oldest experiments in optics, the passage of a ray of light through a prism.

When a beam of sunlight passes through a prism of glass such as is often found on old fashioned chandeliers the rays are spread out, forming a spectrum, which we see as a rainbow colored band upon the wall. The colors of the spectrum merge into one another by insensible gradations, though the older physicists were in the habit of recognizing seven—red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo and violet.

These colors which the eye perceives are by no means the only ones present in the spectrum. If we perform the experiment in a dark room and place a photographic plate in such a position as to receive the image of the spectrum we find that it extends to a considerable distance beyond the violet.

In other words, there is a region beyond the violet which the eye cannot see, but which the sensitive plate is able to photograph. This region is termed the ultra violet, and the light from virtually all sources contains a greater or less amount of this ultra violet light.

The only difference between this ultra violet light and ordinary visible light is in the length of the wave, which is, in fact, the only difference between the different colors of the visible spectrum. If, instead of using a glass prism for forming our spectrum, we use one cut from a quartz crystal we find that the ultra violet spectrum is very much longer, which shows us that the shortest waves of light are not transmitted even by the clearest glass.

If your eyes were sensitive to this region of the spectrum instead of to the other the appearance of things would appear black, our windows would be as opaque as sheets of iron, and polished silver would resemble anthracite coal. In other words, things appear as they do merely from the circumstance that in the process of evolution our eyes have developed a sensibility to a certain region of the total spectrum of the light which comes to us from the sun.

If we have used an ordinary photographic plate in our experiment we shall find that it has received no impression from the red and yellow parts of the spectrum and very little from the green. The plate therefore suffers from the same defect as our eye. It is sensitive only to a limited region. Recently, however, means have been found of rendering plates sensitive to the entire visible spectrum and to a certain extent to the infra red or the extension beyond the red analogous to the one beyond the violet.

With a photographic plate rendered sensitive to the entire spectrum we could obtain an idea of how things would appear if our eyes were sensitive to regions other than the one adopted by nature by excluding from the lens of the camera all rays other than the ones with which we wish to operate. This is done to a limited extent every day by all photographers who employ color screens in their work, and it is well known that increased contrast can often be obtained in this way.

If, for example, we attempt to photograph white clouds against a blue sky without the use of such a screen we get scarcely any trace of the clouds at all, whereas if we place a yellow glass in front of the lens the clouds come out snow white on a very dark background.

We can see this same effect by viewing the clouds first through a piece of deep blue glass, which is what the photographic plate "sees," and then through the yellow plate.

At my laboratory at East Hampton, N. Y., I have pushed this principle to the extreme and have obtained photographs both by the infra red and the ultra violet invisible rays.—Robert William Wood in Century.

A Mechanical Answer.

The well to do patron of the place had been attentive to the cashier for some time, and now, business being slack for a few moments, he deemed the time propitious to speak.

"If you will be mine," he urged as he leaned over the desk, "every comfort that you may desire will be yours. True, I am no longer young, but I have money, and I can provide for you as few young men could, and surely the material side of the marriage question is worthy of some consideration."

She said nothing, but gently touched the cash register, and the words "No Sale" sprang into view.

With a sigh he left.—Chicago Post.

Self laudation abounds among the unpolished, but nothing can stamp a man more sharply as ill bred.—Buxton.

WEAK, WEARY WOMEN

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End Them

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE SUCH ILLS.

When the back aches and throbs. When housework is torture. When night brings no rest nor sleep. When urinary disorders set in. Women's lot is a weary one. There is a way to escape these woes.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure such ills. Have cured thousands.

Read this woman's testimony.

Mrs. J. H. Bauman, Twelfth and C Sts., Medford, Ore., says: "I suffered so severely from kidney trouble that I was unable to do my household work. My kidneys were very weak and caused me much annoyance. My back also pained me severely and when stooping or lifting, sharp twinges darted through my loins. I ran down in health and was feeling miserable when Doan's Kidney Pills were finally brought to my attention. Through their use I was helped from the first and I continued taking the remedy until I was entirely cured. I have often recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to other sufferers."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

There are any number of men who, while ever ready to share their troubles with their wives, manifest a strong disinclination to share their pleasures with them.

An enterprising Frenchman is making trunks for aerial travel of an especially light material, stretched over aluminum frames.

The soap bubble is a very pretty thing till it bursts; and that is true of all our bubbles.

Jack Well and Frank Riche are in from their logging camp at Odessa.

NOTICE

To the Stockholders of the Klamath Water Users' Association.

You are hereby notified that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Klamath Water Users' Association will be held in the Houston Opera House, Klamath Falls, Oregon, Saturday, April 16th, 1910, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of increasing the par value of the shares of stock of the said association from the sum of \$20 per share to the sum of \$30 per share, and for the further purpose of authorizing the Board of Directors of the said association to levy assessments against the stock subscriptions of the said association sufficient in amount and against each and every share subscribed to reimburse and to pay back to the stock subscribers under what is known as the "Upper Project" such amount or amounts as such subscriber or subscribers have from time to time paid to said association upon the assessments made and levied by the Board of Directors of said association for the accomplishment of the purposes of this association; said stock subscribers being limited to those whose stock subscriptions are hereafter cancelled by the Secretary of the Interior.

ALBERT E. ELDER, Secretary Klamath Water Users' Association. 3-10-4-14

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County.

Agner Weed, Plaintiff, vs. H. T. Coffin, Defendant.—Suit in Equity to Quiet Title.

To H. T. Coffin, Defendant:

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before Saturday, the 5th day of March, A. D. 1910, that being the date of the last publication of the summons in this suit and the last date within which you, the defendant, is required to answer said complaint, as fixed by the order of the Court for publication of this summons, and if you fail to appear, and answer, as aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in such complaint, to-wit: Quieting plaintiff's title to the following described real estate: West half (1/2) of the Northwest quarter (1/4), Southeast quarter (1/4) of Northwest quarter (1/4), and Northeast quarter (1/4) of Southwest quarter (1/4) of Section Six (6), in Township Thirty-eight (38), South of Range Nine (9), East of Willamette Meridian in Klamath County, State of Oregon, and containing 160 acres of land.

This summons is published in the "Klamath Republican," a weekly newspaper, printed and published at the City of Klamath Falls, in said Klamath County, wherein said described land is situated, by order of Hon. George Noland, Judge of the above-named Court, such order being dated the 17th day of January, A. D. 1910; the first publication of this summons to be made, and is made on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1910.

THOMAS DRAKE, Attorney for the Plaintiff. Klamath Falls, Oregon.

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath.

George H. Merryman, Plaintiff, vs. Geo. E. Allen, Defendant.

To Geo. E. Allen, defendant, above named: In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the Complaint filed against you in the above entitled action on or before Thursday, the 24th day of March, A. D. 1910, that being the last day for the publication of this summons and the last day of the time within which the defendant is permitted to answer as fixed by the order of the Court for publication of summons herein; and if you fail so to appear and answer, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of three hundred dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum from and after November 11, A. D. 1909, and for reasonable attorney's fees and for the costs and disbursements in this action; and for an order of this Court, that certain personal property, to-wit, one automobile, and fixtures and attachments, as well as all the appliances, tools and instruments, belonging to you and used upon or about the said automobile, attached under and by virtue of a certain attachment writ issued herein, be subjected to the payment of any judgment that plaintiff may obtain hereon.

This summons is published in the Klamath Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Klamath Falls, Klamath County, State of Oregon, by order of Honorable George Noland, Judge of said Court, said order dated the 5th day of February, 1910, directing such summons to be so published for six consecutive weeks, the first publication to be on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1910.

H. M. MANNING, Attorney for the Plaintiff, Postoffice and Residence Address, Klamath Falls, Oregon. 2-10-3-24

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, in and for Klamath County

Oscar F. North Plaintiff, vs. J. A. Wilson, Defendant.

To J. A. Wilson, Defendant above named:

In the Name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled action on or before Thursday, the 17th day of March, A. D. 1910, that being the last day of publication of this SUMMONS and the last day of the time within which the defendant is permitted to answer, as fixed by the order of the Court for Publication of Summons herein; and if you fail so to appear and answer, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of One Hundred Seventy and 25-100 Dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from and after the 5th day of January, 1910, and for the costs and disbursements in this action; and for an Order of this Court, that certain property, rights, and credits, attached under and by virtue of a certain Attachment Writ issued herein, and for any and all property, rights, and credits which may hereafter be attached under and by virtue of said Writ belonging to you, be subjected to the payment of any judgment that plaintiff may obtain hereon.

This SUMMONS is published in the Klamath Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Klamath Falls, Klamath County, State of Oregon, by order of Honorable George Noland, Judge of said Court, said Order dated the 31st day of January, 1910, directing such Summons to be so published for six consecutive weeks, the first publication to be on the 3rd day of February, 1910.

E. L. ELLIOTT, Attorney for Plaintiff, Postoffice and Residence Address, Klamath Falls, Oregon. 2-3-3-10

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County.

Abner Weed, Plaintiff, vs. J. E. Lancaster and Mattie C. Waterbury, Defendants.—Suit in Equity to Quiet Title.

To J. E. Lancaster and Mattie C. Waterbury, Defendants:

In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before Saturday, the 5th day of March, A. D. 1910, that being the date of the last publication of the summons in this suit and the last date within which you, the defendants, are required to answer said complaint, as fixed by the order of the Court for publication of this summons, and if you fail to appear, and answer, as aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in such complaint, to-wit: Quieting plaintiff's title to the following described real estate: Northeast quarter (1/4) and the Southeast quarter (1/4) of Section Six (6), in Township Thirty-eight (38), South of Range Nine (9), East of the Willamette Meridian in Klamath County, State of Oregon, containing 320 acres.

This summons is published in the "Klamath Republican," a weekly newspaper, printed and published at the City of Klamath Falls, in said Klamath County, wherein said described land is situated, by order of Hon. George Noland, Judge of the above-named Court, such order being dated the 17th day of January, A. D. 1910; the first publication of this summons to be made, and is made on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1910.

THOMAS DRAKE, Attorney for the Plaintiff. Klamath Falls, Oregon.

made on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1910.

THOMAS DRAKE, Attorney for the Plaintiff. Klamath Falls, Oregon.

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County.

Abner Weed, Plaintiff, vs. Alonzo Allen, Defendant.—Suit in Equity to Quiet Title.

To Alonzo Allen, Defendant:

In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before Saturday, the 5th day of March, A. D. 1910, that being the date of the last publication of the summons in this suit and the last date in which you, the defendant, is required to answer said complaint, as fixed by the order of the Court for publication of this summons, and if you fail to appear, and answer, as aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in such complaint, to-wit: Quieting plaintiff's title to the following described real estate: Northeast quarter (1/4) of Northwest quarter (1/4) of Section Six (6), in Township Thirty-eight (38), South of Range Nine (9), East of the Willamette Meridian in Klamath County, State of Oregon, containing 40 acres of land.


This summons is published in the "Klamath Republican," a weekly newspaper, printed and published at the City of Klamath Falls, in said Klamath County, wherein said described land is situated, by order of Hon. George Noland, Judge of the above-named Court, such order being dated the 17th day of January, A. D. 1910; the first publication of this summons to be made, and is made on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1910.

THOMAS DRAKE, Attorney for the Plaintiff. Klamath Falls, Oregon.

NOTICE

Parties wishing sagebrush land cleared, call on or write, W. W. MASTEN, Klamath Falls, Ore.

12-31st



ELLSWORTH & MITCHELL
VETERINARY SURGEONS AND DENTISTS
Office Crissler-Stitts Building Phone 725


C. C. BROWER
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW
KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON
ROOMS 7 & 8, MURDOCK BLDG.

WILL A. LEONARD
DENTIST
White-Maddox Bldg.

DR. C. P. MASON
DENTIST
Office in American Bank & Trust Company's Building
PHONE 614
KLAMATH FALLS OREGON

R. M. RICHARDSON
United States Commissioner
TIMBER AND HOMESTEAD PROOF TAKEN
Office, Third and Main, opposite City Library. Telephone 301.

BENSON & STONE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
American Bank and Trust Bldg.
KLAMATH FALLS - OREGON



Nyal's Vegetable Prescription is indicated in all ordinary diseases of women. This remedy never disappoints, its good effects being perceptible from the very first. It is composed of the purest and the most reliable drugs; mercurials, opiates and other harmful drugs being excluded. The many disconcerting influences to which woman is constantly subjected render her liable to many functional disorders that not only tend to destroy her comfort and happiness, but which gradually merge into chronic and serious diseases.

Nyal's Vegetable Prescription is without a peer for the successful treatment of female weakness, painful and disordered menstruation, hysteria, cramps, "bearing down pains," inflammation and falling of the womb. This is a remedy of sterling worth.

UNDERWOOD'S PHARMACY
Cor. 7th and Main Streets
Klamath Falls - Oregon