

Wall Paper

Before selecting your paper you should become familiar with new Spring Styles and learn what general effects are to prevail this season. All our papers are here, and the selection afforded far exceeds anything ever shown in the city before.

We have Wall Paper from 10 cents a double roll and up. We do paper hanging, painting, kalsomining and interior decorating. **WORK GUARANTEED.**

GUARANTEED PAINTS

In the Spring is the time to do your House Painting, and you should select your grade of paint which will not fade or peel off. Our Paints are Guaranteed. We have just received the Largest Shipment of Paints shown in this city, and thus give you a complete line from which to select your colors.

OUR PAINTS ARE \$1.90 PER GALLON.

We have Wall Paper from 10 cents a double roll and up. We do paper hanging, painting, kalsomining and interior decorating. **WORK GUARANTEED.**

F. R. OLDS Biehn Building
One Block West of Public School

GREATER THAN CRATER LAKE.

W. A. Delzell has added another attraction to his already long list of good things to be found in Klamath, the latest one being the Lava Beds. He was one of the party making the trip there last week, and he returns filled with enthusiasm over the grandeur of the region visited. In discussing it, he said:

"To my mind Klamath county has an attraction that is greater than Crater Lake, and one that in time will be the Mecca for as great a tourist travel as our northern wonder. This attraction is no other than the Lava Beds. No one realizes fully the wonders of this region. We have been wont to hear only of Crater Lake and the marvelous beauty of its setting, and this has had a tendency to keep our attention centered only on that portion of the county. I have heard some about the Lava Beds, but have always connected it solely with the Modoc war and Captain Jack's stronghold. When I went there last week it was more to satisfy a curiosity about its connection with the war than to see anything of especial note. When I left there I had a different idea, and I am satisfied that if proper roads were built into the Lava Beds and the entrances to the various caves made accessible to the public that we would have an attraction here that would be as great as the Mammoth Cave.

"In one of the caves where we went was an immense room floored with ice as smooth as glass. From overhead hung beautiful icicles and the walls were covered with scintillating ice crystals. It made a picture that was the most inspiring I have ever seen. This was only one of the many caves that are to be found in this vicinity, and it is my belief that if a systematic investigation were made that many great discoveries would be made. It is my intention to bring the matter to the attention of the Chamber of Commerce and endeavor to have that body ask the government to take this region in hand and create another national park of the Lava Beds. After this is done it would be possible to get a government geologist to come here and make a survey of the underground passages and mark them in such a manner as to make them available for tourists.

"The matter of improving these roads to the Lava Beds ought not to be overlooked. While it is true that the county has on its hands about all it can manage at this time, plans should be laid at once to include in the scope of highway improvements a splendid road to and through the Lava Beds. The time is not far distant when this locality will be one of the principal objects of interest to tourists, and the sooner something is done to bring it prominently before the public the better it will be for the interests of the county."

The Salem Journal gives a list of candidates for governor: Frank Benson, Superintendent Ackerman, Attorney General Crawford, Food Commissioner Bailey, Dr. Withycombe, Dr. Andrew C. Smith, Jay Bowerman, Judge Grant B. Dimmick and Judge George J. Cameron.

The Southern Oregon Chautauqua have just announced the engagement of the famous Innes' Orchestral Band of New York for two performances on July 16th.

WIDE PUBLICITY IS SECURED FOR OREGON.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 29.—"Oregon is the place for you" has been the slogan brought to the attention of 5,000,000 people of the country through a big advertisement in the Saturday Evening Post, placed by the Portland Commercial Club, and the same message has been sent to 1,000,000 more through other publications. Reasons why Oregon is the State of opportunity have been presented. The ninety-two commercial bodies of the State having membership in the Oregon Development League have been given an opportunity without cost to them to answer immediately thousands of new inquiries about Oregon. Never before has Oregon been so well known and interest in the State so generally aroused. All that is needed to get the best results is for the commercial bodies to take advantage of the opportunity and make these home-seekers familiar with their sections by sending them literature and answering inquiries.

Salem is making preparations for the fourth annual cherry fair to be held in the Capital City July 3rd and 9th. The people of Salem make a big event every year of the cherry show, and the fete this season will eclipse anything of the kind ever held there, according to those in charge of the program. The fair will be held at the time of the midsummer meeting of the State Horticultural Society at Salem. There will be addresses by prominent orchardists and specialists and a trip through the orchards about Salem on Friday, June 9th, will be a feature of the gathering. Fruit growers of the State are making plans to attend.

Oregon was well represented at the Tri-State Bankers' Convention at Seattle last week. Many prominent in the financial affairs of the State were in attendance. The sessions were of unusual interest, and because of the bankers of Oregon, Washington and Idaho meeting together a closer relation was established between the financial interests of the Pacific Northwest.

That Oregon has immense trade possibilities with China which offers a great market for the manufactures as well as the raw products of this country, is the opinion of Quan Kai, a wealthy Chinese merchant of Hongkong, who has been a Portland visitor for the past few days. He believes an era of closer commercial relations with the United States is about to dawn for his country, and he welcomes a larger commerce with the Pacific Coast. Quan Kai says his country is entering upon a period of expansion and must have railway materials, machinery of all kinds and manufactured products in addition to the lumber, wheat and flour—the chief commodities secured from this Coast—saying that his people prefer to trade with this country in preference to the English and German exporters who have the bulk of this trade at present.

California business men on the recent trade excursion north got a lesson from modern, enterprising Medford. A city of 6,000 people took the party of one hundred visitors out in autos, and had enough cars left over for as many more. Could any California agricultural city of the same size, not a center for tired-out and back-number millionaires, have turned a like trick?

THREE IMPORTANT QUESTIONS SETTLED.

At the request of John Irwin, representing the members of the Klamath Water Users' Association, Representative Hawley recently laid before Secretary Ballinger several questions affecting land and the rights of settlers on the Klamath irrigation project, and requested a detailed statement from the Secretary which would act as a guide for the members of the association. Three questions were involved: one, whether the settler owning more land than he can hold permanently must pay for water for his whole tract, and if so, if the payments for the surplus land can accrue as a lien against that portion of the land which must later be sold.

Another question related to public roads crossing farms on the project. The settlers object to paying for water for that portion of their land which is used for roadway, alleging that it is not solely at their disposal. The third question had to do with discrepancies that exist between the actual area of private holdings on the project and the area as shown on the government plats. Settlers feared that this discrepancy might interfere with the sale of their land in case they desired to sell off all or part of their holdings.

May Accumulate Maintenance. The answer of the Secretary, addressed direct to Mr. Irwin, is as follows:

"1. Operation and maintenance charges and their collection as applied to excess lands.

"This question resolves itself into the matter of the accumulation of the portion of the installment for operation and maintenance and raises the question whether one who applies for a water right in subsequent years should be required to pay the operation and maintenance charges for preceding years. I note your recommendation that this portion of the installment be made a lien against the land accruing from year to year. This matter is one to which the Department has given some consideration, and your suggestions upon the matter will receive careful thought. If a decision should be made to accumulate the operation and maintenance charges, appropriate notice will be given to the association.

Pay for Water for Roads.

"2. Your second inquiry is in regard to the inclusion within the irrigable acreage of the farm units of the areas of the public roads which may cross that tract.

"The practice of the Department in regard to irrigable acreage is more liberal than that of private irrigation companies. The latter as a rule make no deduction of any kind and each applicant is required to pay for the total area of his tract which is under the irrigation system. The Department excludes practically all non-irrigable areas and proceeds upon the theory that the water user should pay his share of the cost of construction. In regard to the roads, the practice of having trees along the roads is so general that it is recognized throughout the irrigation countries that the lands bordering upon roads take a larger proportion of water on account of the existence of trees and other vegetation, usually planted or growing up along the canals and laterals which border the road.

"The Department makes deductions from the irrigable area on account of right of way for large canals and railroads, but does not make deduction for small canals or roads. The arrangement in question is just to all concerned, and is more liberal than the practice of private companies.

"3. Your third inquiry relates to the fact that in some cases the irrigable acreage shown on the farm unit plats is in excess of the official acreage of the tract.

"This matter is one of considerable importance to all concerned. On the farm unit plats of the Klamath project there are discrepancies between the official acreage and the actual irrigable acreage, amounting in some cases to as much as 10.55 acres in a total of 38 acres.

"In May, 1905, this question was presented to the Department in connection with the Hondo project in New Mexico, where it was shown that discrepancies of as great as 111 acres in 640 acres existed in the official township plats. In pursuance of a report and recommendation from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, the Department on May 5, 1909, instructed the Reclamation Service to note the actual irrigable acreage on the plats whenever there was an excess as great as 2 per cent, and to base the charges on the actual acreage.

"In many cases throughout the various projects excess acreage ranging as high as 40 per cent has been found. The result is that an 80-acre farm unit might contain more than 100 acres and the owner would use the quantity of water required for 100 acres. In such cases he should make the proportionate payment on 100 acres. His crops, of course, would be gathered from 100 acres. The

benefit which each water user derives from the project is in a general way measured by the irrigable acreage, and it is only fair and just that he should pay in proportion to the irrigable acreage. Moreover, section 4 of the Reclamation Act requires that the charges 'shall be proportioned equitably,' and actual irrigable acreage is manifestly the only proper basis of equitable apportionment, so far as area is concerned.

Transfers of Irrigated Land.

"It is suggested that there is some uneasiness among the land owners relative to future transfer of land titles on account of the difference in irrigable areas shown on the farm unit plats and the irrigable acreage shown in their patents or deeds. It is difficult to understand how the validity of the title can be affected by these figures. It is recognized that on account of errors in survey the actual acreage may differ from the official acreage. One who received patent for 80 acres may without any legal objection on that account subdivide or sell off 100 acres from the tract, provided that it contains that amount of land.

"It is a well-settled rule that metes and bounds in the description of lands will control distances and quantities. The location of the boundaries of the tracts in question being definitely fixed on the ground, the actual area may properly be considered in a case of this kind.

"The amount of excess on this account is considerable, and it is to the interest of every water user that the charges be apportioned according to the actual benefit received by each, and no other just way of meeting this condition has been suggested."

HOMES ON UPPER LAKE.

The movement to make the Upper Lake the great summer resort that it is destined to be has begun, and the time is not far distant when the shores of this beautiful body of water will be lined with cottages. At many points along the western shore are to be found small tracts of land from one acre up that have been purchased by residents of this county. Many have already erected thereon cottages of a substantial character and others are planning to do so this year. It must be admitted that it was the advent of E. H. Harriman that really opened the eyes of the people living here to what they had at home, and now that they have awakened from their long sleep they are losing no time to make purchases before it is too late or until they have to pay exorbitant prices for what they can to-day get for a nominal cost.

The certainty of the construction of the Crater Lake highway has played a prominent part in inducing people to make investments in Upper Lake property, and as soon as work is begun on this highway and its location definitely decided upon there will be a rush that is sure to send prices of property skyward. A number of the land owners have discussed the advisability of selling only in small tracts and with the stipulation that the purchaser erect on the property a substantial summer home. Something of this character ought to be done in order to prevent the holding of the property at exorbitant figures and thus retarding the development of the resort.

BALLINGER STARTS WEST.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Secretary Ballinger arrived yesterday on his way to the Far West, where he will pass the summer in the study of government irrigation projects and other works of the Interior Department.

"The President has sent me West that I might become more fully acquainted with the necessities of the Reclamation Service," said Mr. Ballinger, "and that I might be able to make such modifications in its administration as may be necessary.

"In view of the great number of projects under construction and the limited amount of funds, it is necessary to make the apportionment carry on work where the greatest necessity or emergencies exist. For this reason some projects cannot be completed as rapidly as might be desired."

THE ILES COMPANY LEAVES.

The Margaret Iles Company left Friday morning for Lakeview and Eastern Oregon, which section they will tour for the next two or three months. Their farewell performance Thursday was one of the best, if not best, of their plays, and was witnessed by a large audience. There was more than a passing interest felt in this company, for the reason that it has come to this city for many years and it is the citizens feel that they are old friends, as is, indeed, the case with several members of the company.

It is the intention of Miss Iles to return here some time this fall, when she and her company will present an entire new repertoire.

CITY COUNCIL MEETING.

Many important matters affecting the welfare of the city were discussed at a meeting of the Council Monday afternoon. One of the greatest questions to be settled is the disposition of the sewage when the new sewer system is built. At the last meeting the sentiment seemed to be strongly in favor of dumping in the river, but since then it has been learned that it will be necessary to run pipes over 2,000 feet to running water. As this will probably be as expensive as building a septic tank, many of the members of the Council have changed their minds and now favor the latter system.

Councilman Wilhite stated that he was about to change over in view of the fact that Lake Ewauna was growing in importance as an attraction. The recent water carnival demonstrated the value of this body of water and its future possibilities, and he believed he would oppose any action that would make a cesspool out of one of the greatest attractions that the city has. The matter was laid over until the next meeting.

Grading Second Street.

The street committee was instructed to investigate the filling of Second street between Main and Klamath and report at the next meeting. As Klamath street has been filled, a hole has been left on Second, and it is quite probable that the property owners will be ordered to fill to grade so as to have the street ready for laying the main sewer.

Ankeny Canal.

Mayor Sanderson stated that he believed that a contract could be made with the Reclamation Service for supplying water for street sprinkling at a very low cost. The Klamath Falls Light and Water Company has notified the city that no warrants will be received in payment of bills after this month. It is understood that the Reclamation Service is willing to furnish the city 59 inches of water in addition to the 41 inches owned by individuals, provided the city will furnish the pipe. Either the government or the property owners will fill the ditch if pipe is furnished. The Council instructed the Mayor to see the Reclamation officials and see what proposition could be secured.

The much-discussed occupation tax was again considered, and while no definite action was taken this afternoon, it is probable that some measure will be passed in the near future to provide the city with additional revenue.

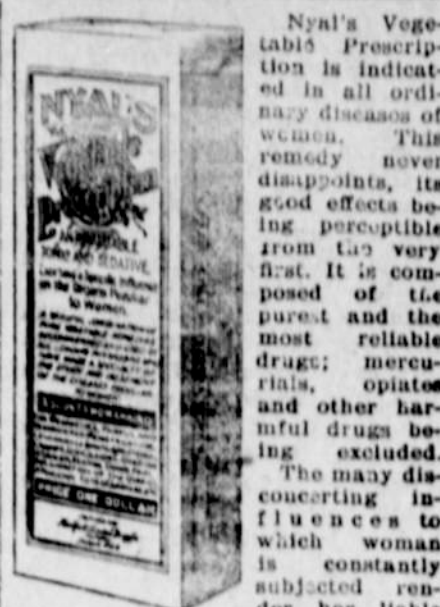
SHIPPING HAY FROM PORT.

A new factor has entered the hay market of Klamath Falls, and it is one that is going to cut considerable figures. This new factor is the Port Klamath country—a section that heretofore has never been able to get hay into this market on account of its isolated situation from a transportation standpoint. But things are changing rapidly in the northern part of the county, and nothing is playing a more prominent part in this work than Wood River—a stream that was never supposed to hold within its confines the unlocking of a territory greater than some States and with resources sufficient to supply a vast army. But the magic key was found when the work of deepening the bar and straightening the river was first undertaken, and the results following the small amount of work done have been so great as to insure greater development of the stream in the future.

The Mazama has entered into the business of hauling hay from Port Klamath. The launch runs to within four miles of the city, or to the Weed bridge, at which point arrangements have been made for dockage and where the hay is loaded directly from the wagons. C. T. Oliver has contracted for 170 tons of this hay, and others are already negotiating for larger purchases. The quality of the Port hay is such as to open for it a ready market at a price equal, if not above, that generally paid for the product of the lower valleys.

No trouble has been experienced by the Mazama in crossing the bar at the mouth of the river, the channel being kept open by the regular traffic that now floats on the bosom of this magnificent little stream. Since the warm weather has set the level of the water in the river has risen to an appreciable extent, and this condition will continue for the rest of the summer.

While the conditions are far superior to what they were a year ago, there is a good deal of room for improvement. M. F. Parker is of the opinion that the expenditure of \$100 would be sufficient to remove all of the principal obstacles to the easy navigation of the stream, but a great deal more than this sum ought to be expended in order to make such improvements as will insure the permanent use of the river as a medium for the transportation of all the freight that goes into Northern Klamath.



Nyl's Vegetable Prescription is indicated in all ordinary diseases of women. This remedy never disappoints, its good effects being perceptible from the very first. It is composed of the purest and the most reliable drugs; mercurials, opiates and other harmful drugs being excluded. The many discouraging influences to which women are constantly subjected render her liable to many functional disorders that not only tend to destroy her comfort and happiness, but which gradually merge into chronic and serious diseases.

Nyl's Vegetable Prescription is without a peer for the successful treatment of female weakness, painful and disordered menstruation, hysteria, cramps, "bearing down pains," inflammation and falling of the womb. This is a remedy of sterling worth.

UNDERWOOD'S PHARMACY
Cor. 7th and Main Streets
Klamath Falls - - - Oregon

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior.

U. S. Land Office at Lakeview, Oregon, May 15, 1909.

NOTICE is hereby given that JAY J. ARANT, of Klamath Falls, Oregon, who, on July 7, 1904, made Homestead Entry No. 3250 (Serial No. 01192) for SE 1/4 NE 1/4, Sec. 6; SW 1/4 NW 1/4, N 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 5, Township 33 South, Range 7 1/2 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Homestead Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before County Clerk of Klamath County, at Klamath Falls, Oregon, on the 8th day of July, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses: E. L. Arant, of Klamath Falls, Oregon; Charley Andrews, of Olene, Oregon; B. S. Grigsby, of Klamath Falls, Oregon, and W. F. Arant, of Klamath Falls, Oregon.

J. N. WATSON, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior.

U. S. Land Office at Lakeview, Oregon, May 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that THOMAS J. JACKSON, of Port Klamath, Oregon, who, on Nov. 8, 1907, made Homestead Entry No. 3854 (Serial No. 01493), for Lots 2, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, Section 15, Township 33 South, Range 7 1/2 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before R. M. Richardson, U. S. Commissioner, at Klamath Falls, Oregon, on the 3rd day of July, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses: Samuel H. King, of Port Klamath, Oregon; J. H. Wheeler, of Port Klamath, Oregon; Charles C. Jackson, of Port Klamath, Oregon.

J. N. WATSON, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior.

U. S. Land Office at Lakeview, Oregon, May 20, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that SAMUEL H. KING, of Port Klamath, Oregon, who, on April 23, 1908, made Homestead Application No. 4007 (Serial No. 0196) for Lot 22, Section 10; and Lot 9, Section 15, Township 33 South, Range 7 1/2 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before R. M. Richardson, U. S. Commissioner, at Klamath Falls, Oregon, on the 3rd day of July, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses: J. H. Wheeler, of Port Klamath, Oregon; W. D. Kingdon, of Port Klamath, Oregon; C. C. Jackson, of Port Klamath, Oregon; T. J. Jackson, of Port Klamath, Oregon; Warren D. Kingdon, of Port Klamath, Oregon.

J. N. WATSON, Register.

A FEW BARGAINS.

Five lots, signly location, \$1500. Can loan \$750 on the deal. A nice cottage with bath, large lot, \$1700. A good buy. A large residence, fire lot, \$3500. Three cottages on three lots. Room enough for another cottage, \$2250. **MASON & SLOUGH.**

NOTICE.

Parties wishing sagebrush land cleared, call on or write, **W. W. MASTEN,** Klamath Falls, Ore.

12-3tr

Have E. W. Muller add an attachment to your phonograph so you may enjoy the new 4-minute Amberol records. **12-17**