

**MORE PROJECTS IN  
SIGHT FOR OREGON**

**SALEM, Or., April 5.**—More irrigation projects are in view for eastern Oregon. The United States reclamation service has made three important filings on eastern Oregon streams within the past few days. The filings were made on the Umatilla, Owyhee and Malheur rivers and are on record in the office of the state engineer.

At this time the filings are not definite enough to admit of any enlargement upon the proposed projects that the United States Government expects to make. The filings must be approved, and several months will be consumed before anything of a definite nature can result from them.

The topographical surveys that have been made in eastern Oregon are the most valuable means whereby feasible reclamation projects are discovered. At the last session of the legislature an attempt was made to increase the appropriation from \$5000 to \$20,000 annually for making these surveys. The bill passed the house but failed to pass the senate.

**TILLAMOOK SHOWS THAT  
DAIRYING IS PROFITABLE**

During the year 1908 it is estimated that Tillamook county produced a little more than 2,000,000 pounds of cheese, valued at \$400,000.

Carl Haberlach, secretary and salesman for 12 co-operative cheese factories and several small dairies, has figures to show that the farmers of Tillamook county received an average price of 29.55 cents a pound for butter fat in 1908, or a total of \$220,987. The farmers were paid an average of \$1.15 1/4 for each 100 pounds of milk. The average percent butter fat test for the year was .629.

The 13 cheese factories received 19,171,322 pounds of milk, manufactured 2,073,390 pounds of cheese and 10,331 pounds of butter. The average price received for the cheese was 12.365 cents per pound net on the wharf. The factories' receipts total \$38,350.

**JAPANESE SQUADRON  
WILL VISIT COAST**

**WASHINGTON, March 31.**—Admiral Ijichi's practice squadron, with 180 cadets of the Japanese Navy aboard, will arrive at San Francisco April 25th, according to word received at the Navy Department today. The ships are en route to Honolulu and include the armored cruiser Aso and the protected cruiser Soya. After visiting San Francisco, the vessels will sail for Seattle, where the crew and cadets will visit the Alaska-Yukon Exposition. Directions have been given for the extension of courtesies to the visitors.

A great many senators, representatives and other public men, including nearly all of the members of the Missouri delegation in congress, attended a dinner given by the Southern Commercial congress at one of the big hotels in Washington the other evening. In speaking of the affair afterwards, Congressman Elvins of Missouri said: "From general conversation and from the speeches that were made after dinner, we learned a great deal about the resources of the south and of the methods it is proposed to employ in exploiting those resources. The speeches indicated a more cosmopolitan spirit on the part of the south than has heretofore prevailed. The south, undoubtedly, is cutting loose from the exclusiveness that it seemed to enjoy heretofore. It is less clannish, is broadening out, and is becoming more national in scope. Southerners are inviting immigration from the north, both of people and of capital."

As a means of identifying aliens who come to this country, Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner Woods suggests that the Federal authorities take moving pictures of every immigrant admitted to this country. Immigration Commissioner Watchorn has the matter under advisement. The recent assassination of Police Lieutenant Petrosino in Palermo has resulted in a renewed activity against the entrance of undesirable foreigners, particularly Italians. It is pointed out that the moving pictures could be easily taken as the immigrants filed by singly and that there would be little difficulty in obtaining both a profile and a front view.

W. C. Dimick of Oregon City has set his eye and fixed his ambition on the easy chair now occupied by F. W. Benson as governor of Oregon. Mr. Dimick has not said that he is a candidate for governor, but his friends have been busy circulating the rumor for some time. They have

pointed out that he is a relatively young man, of great promise as a lawyer. They have pointed to his record in the last legislature, where his course of action was mapped out along the main argument, continually made, that he was in favor of legislation only when it was in the interests of the whole people of the state and when it was economical and along the line of sound business policy.

In an address to the Denver Chamber of Commerce, Harriman said he favored a combination of all the railroads in the country under one head and the immediate expenditure of about \$300,000,000 for the improvement of the lines now regarded as weak. "The wizard" also declared that he had found a great change in public sentiment toward the railroad on the present trip. "If we could, we would throw our cloak over the weaker lines throughout the country and begin immediately the expenditure of between \$250,000,000 and \$300,000,000 to improve them. It ought to be done openly and under some sort of government supervision, but we would all be put in prison if we tried it."

Mr. Harriman has a new formula for progress. He says if Nevada desires to get in the lead, her people should legislate in favor of combination and coalition of transportation lines. That is poor advice to give a state that has examples before it of some 40 other states that are trying to undo the mistake they made in following similar counsel years ago. Elimination of railroad competition as a means of advancing a state's interests needs more unbalanced champions than Mr. Harriman to make it pass current in this day of the well-developed eye tooth.

A Missouri senator proposes the passage by the legislature of his state of a bill to prevent aliens from voting until after they have taken out their last citizenship papers. As many first papers are taken out just before election for the purpose of creating voters who can be herded to the polls and voted for some machine candidate or measure, the proposed bill is likely to meet with favor. That, however, does not mean that it will be passed by the legislature. Oh, no! Legislators need votes themselves sometimes.

Seven Chicago woman's clubs refuting the doctrine of politicians that "women cannot understand the tariff," have adopted resolutions inaugurating a nation-wide protest against an increase in necessities in every American home, with emphasis on cotton gloves and hosiery. Copies of the resolution will be forwarded to Washington and also will be placed before the coming meeting of the council of the National Federation of Women's Clubs at San Antonio, Tex., and before the Illinois State and Federation of Women's Clubs.

In Chicago they are having a great time with a policeman who saw a man he thought was one he wanted to arrest and when the man didn't stop when told by the officer, pulled his gun and shot him dead, discovering later that it wasn't the man he wanted at all. Very few seem to be taking the part of the policeman, who probably thought the fellow should have stopped whether he heard the command to halt or not. As a result of the tragedy it looks as if the hair trigger detective would have to go.

Wages in Japan are low, but the postal savings bank of that country has more than 8,000,000 depositors and their deposits aggregate nearly \$50,000,000. The difference between Japan and the United States in this respect is the difference between a government that encourages its people in the formation of thrifty habits and a government that goes on the theory that the people are legitimate plunder of private interests.

In the history of the republic there have been those in the White House who would have written a longer message, under the circumstances, and would have encumbered it with specific instructions as to what should be done. President Taft has shown admirably good judgment in ignoring these precedents and in setting an example of brevity and dispatch.

Congress has wisely passed a new copyright law which extends the time. After the first term of 28 years the term of renewal is to be increased from 14 to 28 years, making the entire period of an author or artist, in his work of 56 years. The majority of the works produced will be dead long before that.

If there is anyone who is not fighting the Payne tariff bill he must feel very much in the minority.

**NEWEST NOTES OF SCIENCE.**

There are over 228,000 students in Europe's 125 universities, nearly 3000 of them women.

A Stockholm inventor claims to have devised a method of transmitting pictures by ordinary telegraph apparatus.

The proposal to hold an international aeroplane competition in Russia this year has been abandoned for lack of funds.

A single electric lamp containing fifty pairs of carbons will be used on top of a railroad terminal at Jersey City, N. J.

A machine that cleans old bricks of their mortar automatically is a recent invention in the line of labor-saving devices.

Egg shells are being used in Germany as incandescent gas mantles, giving a clear light and proving very durable.

Senator Nelson has himself failed to discover any good reasons why real estate may not be made the basis of loans made by National banks, as is the case with loans made by other institutions, and has introduced a bill authorizing such banks to let out a limited amount of their funds upon such security when the land is improved, occupied and cultivated farms.

It is announced that E. H. Harriman is to make his future home at Santa Barbara, Cal. His house is to be located on the Hope ranch, a tract of 2000 acres four miles west of the city. That is considered to be the most beautiful spot on the Pacific Coast. E. P. Ripley, president of the Santa Fe, lives at Santa Barbara.

By a vote of 94 to 37 the Missouri house voted down the Carter bill, which provided for the election of United States Senators in accordance with the Oregon law, which requires the legislature to ratify the action of the voters irrespective of the policies of the senatorial candidate.

Somebody who is thought to know says tramps cost the country about \$4.40 a week apiece. Clearly that is more than they are worth.

**ESTRAY NOTICE.**

Black yearling colt, with white star on forehead. Came to my place about 2 months ago. Branded on left shoulder. Wm. CRAWFORD, 2-18-4t. Reservation.

**TREASURER'S NOTICE.**

Klamath Falls, March 31, 1909. Office of the Treasurer, Klamath Co. Notice is hereby given that there are funds in the County Treasury for the redemption of all County Warrants protested prior and including July 2, 1908. Interest on same will cease from this date, March 31, 1909. CLAUDE H. DAGGETT, County Treasurer.

**FINAL ACCOUNT NOTICE.**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed her final account and report as administratrix of the estate of Ebenezer N. Colson, deceased, and that ten o'clock in the forenoon of Friday, May 7th, 1909, at the County Court room of Klamath County, Oregon, in Klamath Falls, Oregon have been appointed and set as the time and place for hearing objections thereto and for settlement of the same. MARY E. COLSON, Administratrix of estate of Ebenezer N. Colson, deceased.

**NOTICE OF GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.**

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Honorable J. B. Griffith, County Judge, of the County of Klamath, and State of Oregon, made on the 30th day of November, 1908, in the matter of the estate of Charles H. Moore, an insane person, which said order authorized the sale of the real estate hereinafter described. The undersigned, John N. Moore, guardian of the estate of the said Charles H. Moore, an insane person, will on and after the 10th day of April, 1909, sell at private sale for cash, subject to confirmation by said County Judge, the following described real property, to-wit: East Half of the North West Quarter and the North Half of the North East Quarter of Section Twenty-six (26), Township Thirty-eight (38) South, Range Six (6) East, W. M.

Propositions for the purchase of said property may be left with Alex. Martin, at the Klamath County Bank, Klamath Falls, Oregon, or at the office of Geo. W. Trefren, Attorney at Law, Ashland, Oregon. JOHN N. MOORE, Guardian of the Estate of Charles H. Moore, insane. Date of first publication, February 25, 1909. 2-25-4-S

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**D. B. CAMPBELL**

**SUMMONS**

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath.

W. A. Turner and W. P. Rhoads, Partners under the firm name of Turner Bros. & Rhoads, Plaintiffs, vs. J. Frank Adams, Martha Adams and F. O. Pierce, Defendants.

Suit in Equity to Foreclose a Lien. Summons.

To the above named defendant, F. O. Pierce: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit, on or before the 6th day of May, 1909, that being the date of the last publication of summons, and the last day within which you are required to answer, as fixed by the order of publication of this summons; and if you fail to appear and answer, the plaintiffs will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Said suit is brought to foreclose a certain material-man's lien on a certain 1 1/2 story barn, of which you are the owner, situated on the following described land to-wit:

The E 1/2 of the NE 1/4 of Sec. 7, Tp. 41 S., R. 11 East of Willamette Meridian in Klamath County, Oregon; which said lien is for materials furnished by said plaintiffs to you to be used, and which were used, in the construction of said barn, and for which materials said lien was there- after filed with the county clerk of said county, within thirty days from the time the said materials were furnished, and was for the sum of \$109.83 with incidental costs to the amount of \$6.80; and for an order to sell said barn to satisfy the amount of said lien, together with reasonable attorney's fees, costs and disbursements.

That unless you appear and answer on or before the 6th day of May, 1909, the plaintiffs will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This summons is published in the Klamath Falls "Republican," a weekly newspaper printed and published at Klamath Falls, Oregon, by order of Hon. George Noland, Judge of said court, dated the 23rd day of March, 1909; the first publication to be made on the 25th day of March, 1909, and the last publication to be made on the 6th day of May, 1909. H. W. KEESSEE, Attorney for Plaintiff.

**NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE.**

By virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Klamath County, State of Oregon, dated the 19th day of January, 1909, in a certain action at law in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath, wherein Albert Shur as plaintiff recovered judgment against W. H. May, defendant, for the sum of Four Hundred Forty-eight and 70/100 (\$448.70) Dollars, together with interest thereon from the 24th day of August, 1908, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, and an order of sale of the NE 1/4 of SE 1/4 of Section 31, Township 40 South of Range 8 East, W. M., as upon execution to satisfy said sum, on the 18th day of January, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that I will on the 9th day of April, 1909, at the front door of the Court House in Klamath Falls, Oregon, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described property, to-wit: The NE 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of Section 31 in Township 40, South of Range 8 East, Willamette Meridian, in Klamath County, Oregon, taken and levied on as the property of W. H. May, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment in favor of the said Albert Shur and against said W. H. May and said land, together with interest thereon and costs and disbursements to accrue.

Dated this 9th day of February, 1909, at Klamath Falls, Oregon.

W. B. BARNES, Sheriff of Klamath County, Oregon.

**DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,**

General Land Office, Washington, D. C., January 7, 1909.

Notice of Restoration of Public Lands to Settlement and Entry.

Notice is hereby given that the First Assistant Secretary of the Interior has vacated departmental order of withdrawal in so far as the same affects the withdrawal for irrigation purposes under the act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat., 388), for use in connection with the Klamath Project, Oregon, of the following described lands in the State of Oregon, and by his authority such of said tracts as have not been heretofore finally restored and are not otherwise withdrawn, reserved, or appropriated, will be subject to settlement under the public land laws of the United States on and after April 6, 1909, but shall not be subject to entry, filing, or selection until May 6, 1909, at the United States land office at Lakeview, Oregon, warning being expressly given that no person will be permitted to gain or exercise any right whatever under any settlement or occupation begun after January 6, 1909, and prior to April 6, 1909, all such settlement or occupation being forbidden:

Willamette Principal Meridian, T. 40 S., R. 9 E., S 1/2 NE 1/4, Section 24.

FRED DENNETT, Commissioner of the General Land Office. FRANK PIERCE, First Assistant Secretary of the Interior. 1-28-4-1

**Everybody's Magazine**

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