

LIVE IN TOWN AND FARM.

Father of Irrigation in Southwest Tells What is in Store for the Farmer.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—A new social order for farmers is pictured by Geo. E. Barstow, of Barstow, Tex., president of the Irrigation Congress, who is in Chicago on business connected with the big gathering to be held in Seattle next summer. Great tracts of land where the farmers will not live on the land, but in towns, from which they will hasten with the aid of fast horses, or in automobiles, or interurban cars, to cultivate the soil, was the new thing which the irrigation expert declared would soon become a fact.

Mr. Barstow is known as the father of irrigation in the Southwest. He has himself put through great private irrigation projects at Barstow, Tex., and has been a prime mover in including the Federal Government to build the systems which will make fertile over 3,000,000 acres of land, which once was a desert. It is on these Government tracts that the old isolated farmhouse is to become a thing of the past.

"The Government is laying out towns every five miles," he said. "Thus no farm will be much more than two and one-half miles from a town. The farms will be small, 15 to 40 acres, and the farming intensive. Under these circumstances the farmers will live in towns of 1500 to 2000 people, enjoying all the benefits of urban life—schools, churches and social life. At the same time they will be within easy reach of their farms as is the average Chicagoan of his business."

"A tide from the city to the country has already set in. Many college graduates have chosen farming, on irrigated tracts for their life work."

Mr. Barstow said that the coming congress would be the greatest gathering of its kind ever held. Over 2500 delegates from 40 states and territories and 20 foreign nations are expected.

RECOMMEND ONLY ONE NORMAL SCHOOL.

SALEM, Feb. 9.—One normal school, probably at Monmouth, will be the recommendation of the joint committee on ways and means. Should this recommendation be followed, it will cut off from the state treasury the schools at Weston, Ashland and Drain. The appropriation will be probably \$150,000. Provision will be made for paying the railroad fare to the one normal of students in far-away parts of the state. As Monmouth holds a balance of power on the committee, it is likely to be favored in the report.

This will undoubtedly lead to efforts of the other normals to tack their desired appropriations on the Monmouth appropriation bill or elsewhere.

At this time it is too early to foresee what success the change will have in the Legislature.

When the New Year opened prohibitionists renewed their fight in the south, where a vast stretch of territory is as dry as Sahara so far as liquor is concerned. In many states prohibition is paramount, obscuring all other interests. More than half the south's territory is already dry and in the remaining section the sale of liquor is restricted. The only strongholds of the saloons are the cities. Georgia for a year has been experimenting with a "near prohibition" law, forbidding the sale of liquors containing more than 4 per cent of alcohol. State-wide prohibition laws became effective January 1 in North Carolina, Alabama and Mississippi. Prohibition advocates in Louisiana have suspended their fight to test the new Gay-Shattuck law for the regulation of the liquor traffic. Tennessee is the chief center of interest among the other states where state-wide prohibition fights are in progress. The prohibitionists assert that a state-wide bill will pass the legislature. Kentucky, the second largest distilling state in the Union, with 119 counties, has but four in which the sale of liquor is not prohibited. Virginia presents a string of victories for the anti-saloon element, as prohibition now exists in 80 of the 100 counties. In Texas, where more than half the counties have accepted prohibition, the voters soon will be called upon to vote on a constitutional amendment for prohibition. In Arkansas, two-thirds of its area, or 75 counties are "dry," and the question of state-wide prohibition will be presented to the voters for decision. The difficulty of enforcing the prohibition laws, however, is conceded to be one of the chief obstacles to its absolute success in many states.

The Japanese society of Seattle has asked its home government to send two warships to Seattle to remain in the harbor during the progress of the Exposition this year.

GALE HAPPENINGS.

Willis Johnson was in Merrill trading Saturday.

R.C. Cowley came up from Langell Valley Friday evening with his horses which he will feed on the Haynes ranch.

Mrs. J. D. Morgan went to Merrill Saturday morning to trade.

Mr. Haynes went to Poe Valley Saturday on business and returned Monday.

Eugene Hammond went to Klamath Falls Sunday where he was called to serve on the jury. During his absence Walter Eller will do the work on the ranch.

J. Frank Adams took 87 head of horses to Fred Tolle to feed.

Mrs. J. E. Whitlatch and Miss Neva and Charles Whitlatch, were in Merrill trading Saturday.

Miss Vesta Todd, Gwen Elvy and Leo Todd and George Wooden went to church Sunday in a sleigh.

W. H. Hadley, wife and children, took dinner Sunday with J.H. Hobbs.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Hammond and son, Willie, were in town Saturday.

J. E. Whitlatch is busy moving to the Watson ranch.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Todd and family took dinner Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Wooden.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Albin and Will Graham spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Anderson.

Alice and Hazel Hadley returned to school Thursday after about three weeks' absence on account of sickness.

J. E. and Jesse Whitlatch have been hauling hay up to Mr. Whitlatch's dry ranch for the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Caldwell and Mrs. Hammond spent Sunday afternoon at J. E. Whitlatch's.

Mrs. M. Glacimini was to have had a musical at her home Sunday afternoon, but on account of the weather was obliged to postpone it.

Mr. Cardwell was thrown from a colt last week and severely hurt his arm. He could not use it for several days, but it is better now.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Anderson entertained a few friends last Saturday evening at 500. Those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. M. Glacimini, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hobbs, John Callahan, Jack Anderson, Miss Ella Callahan, Miss Blanche Robinson, Dannie Anderson and Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Anderson.

A number of friends surprised Miss Della Gerking at the home of her sister, Mrs. H. F. Tolle, last Friday evening. They spent the time very pleasantly playing games and pulling candy. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Tolle, Mrs. John Elvy, Miss Vesta Todd, Miss Neva Whitlatch, Miss Gwen Elvy, Miss Della Gerking, Misses Audrey, Gertrude and May Tolle, Charles Whitlatch, Lee Thomas, George Wooden, Leo Todd, Nella Johnson and Harley Johnson.

LIVE WITHIN FIFTY MILES.

A very important ruling by the Secretary of the Interior, with regard to the interpretation of the National Irrigation act, was that defining the word "neighborhood" to mean any place within a distance of 50 miles. The National Irrigation law provided that applicants for water rights should either reside upon the land for which water was asked, or must reside "in the neighborhood of the land."

When the law was first put into operation, Secretary Hitchcock held that "neighborhood" meant any point within 20 miles of the land, and from that day to this a 20-mile radius has constituted a neighborhood, so far as reclamation purposes were concerned. But Secretary Garfield takes a more liberal view, especially as most irrigation projects have remarkably good transportation facilities, trolley lines, etc., and he has changed the ruling so that an applicant for water right may reside anywhere within 50 miles of his land.

Finding the saloon conditions in London worse than she expected, Carrie Nation declared that she would no doubt have to resort to force in her temperance crusade. She said the situation demands the most drastic treatment. The police have warned Carrie that the first violence on her part will bring a long prison sentence. The almost universal custom in England of cigarette smoking has alarmed Mrs. Nation more than the drink evil. She says that "England is puffing its brains away."

Pittsburg, Pa., is to possess the finest mural portrait of Lincoln in existence if plans now under way are carried through. The portrait is to adorn the walls of the new Soldiers' and Sailors' Memorial Hall. Such painters as John W. Alexander, Edwin Abbey, John Sargent, W. H. Chase and Kenyon Cox will be asked to bid on the contract for the work, which is expected to cost at least \$30,000.

MONUMENT TO SEWARD.

The state of New York will erect on the ground of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, which opens in Seattle in on June 1, a permanent monument to William H. Seward, Secretary of State during the administration under which Alaska was purchased from Russia and made the first outlying possession of the United States.

The Seward memorial will be a replica of the Seward residence in Auburn, N. Y., in which the Secretary lived during the time that the negotiations were in progress.

There are many today who remember the avalanche of ridicule and censure which poured down upon the head of Seward, particularly, and of the administration generally, when news of the purchase was published. Just what the United States, or any one else for that matter, could want of the collection of icebergs which Alaska was popularly supposed to be, passed the public comprehension. The northern territory was promptly christened "Seward's Folly," and the seven millions of dollars paid for was counted as lost.

Today the foresight of the statesman who had the hardihood to declare that the territory would one day be a new continent, housing a new people, is vindicated and "Seward's Folly" has become "Seward's Treasure Box." In gold alone it has turned out many times the millions Russia was paid for it and in furs and fish it has added many other millions, and will continue to add them to the national wealth.

Although the navy has not yet gone into the business of fighting in the air, the secretary has now before him for consideration an aerial torpedo gun, said to be the invention of an officer of the service. Just how it is to bring about general destruction is still a secret. It is probable that this and other aerial topics will come up in the navy department before long and that a serious effort will be made to add aeronautics to the branches of naval work and research. The bureau of equipment has already proposed this.

EAT SAUSAGES AND NEW BREAD

Or Any Other Favorite Food Without Fear of An Upset Stomach

You can eat anything your stomach craves without fear of a case of indigestion or dyspepsia, or that your food will ferment or sour on your stomach if you will occasionally take a little Diapiesin after eating.

Your meals will taste good, and anything you eat will be digested; nothing can ferment or turn into acid or poison or stomach gas, which causes belching, dizziness, a feeling of fullness after eating, nausea, indigestion (like a lump of lead in stomach), biliousness, heartburn, water brash, pain in stomach and intestines or other symptoms.

Headaches from the stomach are absolutely unknown where this effective remedy is used. Diapiesin really does all the work of a healthy stomach. I digest your meals when your stomach can't. Each triangle will digest all the food you can eat and leave nothing to ferment or sour.

Get a large 50-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin from your druggist and start taking today and by tomorrow you will actually brag about your healthy, strong stomach, for you then can eat anything and everything you want without the slightest discomfort or misery, and every particle of impurity and gas that is in your stomach and intestines is going to be carried away without the use of laxatives or any other assistance.

Among the exhibits in the Hawaiian building at Seattle in 1909 will be an exact reproduction of the volcano Kilauea in action. This will be of great interest to visitors to the Pacific fair.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, etc. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MANY WILL BE HELPED BY IT

Tells How To Prepare a Simple Mixture To Overcome Disease

To relieve the worst forms of Rheumatism, take a teaspoonful of the following mixture after each meal and at bedtime:

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces.

These harmless ingredients can be obtained from our home druggists, and are easily mixed by shaking them well in a bottle. Relief is generally felt from the first few doses.

This prescription forces the clogged-up, inactive kidneys to filter and strain from the blood the poisonous waste matter and uric acid, which causes Rheumatism.

As Rheumatism is not only the most painful and torturous disease, but dangerous to life, this simple recipe will no doubt be greatly valued by many sufferers here at home, who should at once prepare the mixture to get this relief.

It is said that a person who would take this prescription regularly, a dose or two daily, or even a few times a week, would never have serious Kidney or Urinary disorders or Rheumatism.

Cut this out and preserve it. Good Rheumatism prescriptions which really relieve are scarce, indeed, and when you need it, you want it badly.

Tight shoes are a sure panacea for all other troubles. The man whose footwear pinches him will soon cease to worry about anything else.

When a man gets a pain the whole township knows it; but a window may have several panes all at once without making any fuss about it.

"The woman is the weaker vessel" men are fond of saying, but when it comes to endurance and patience she has her lord beaten to a frazzle.

RESTORATION TO ENTRY OF LANDS IN NATIONAL FOREST.

Lists Supplemental 817, 1549, 1877 and 1929.

Notice is hereby given that the lands described below, embracing 655.27 acres, within the Crater, Cascade and Deschutes National Forests, Oregon, will be subject to settlement and entry under the provisions of the homestead laws of the United States and the act of June 11, 1906 (34 Stat., 223), at the United States land office at Lakeview, Oregon, on March 27, 1909. Any settler who was actually and in good faith claiming any of said lands for agricultural purposes prior to January 1, 1906, and has not abandoned same, has a preference right to make a homestead entry for the lands actually occupied. Said lands were listed upon the applications of the persons mentioned below, who have a preference right subject to the prior right of any such settler, provided such settler or applicant is qualified to make homestead entry and the preference right is exercised prior to March 27, 1909, on which date the lands will be subject to settlement and entry by any qualified person. The lands are as follows: The NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, Sec. 25, and the NE 1/4 of NE 1/4, Sec. 26, T. 34 S., R. 6 E., W. M., listed upon the application of Daniel G. Brown, of Fort Klamath, Oregon.

Also a tract of 115.27 acres situated in Sec. 7, T. 24 S., R. 8 E., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point identical with the NW corner of Section 18; extending thence E. 60 chains; thence N. 10 chains; thence N. 45 deg., W. 14.14 chains; thence W. 50 chains; thence S. 20 chains to point of beginning, listed upon the application of T. F. Hamner, of Crescent, Oregon, who alleges settlement in 1905.

The SE 1/4 of SW 1/4, Sec. 15, the NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, the SW 1/4 of NW 1/4, and the N 1/2 of SE 1/4 of NW 1/4, Sec. 22, T. 23 S., R. 10 E., application of William H. Howard, of Rosland, Oregon. The SE 1/4, Sec. 14, T. 34 S., R. 6 E., application of C. E. Mulkey, of Fort Klamath, Oregon. The SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, Sec. 23, T. 34 S., R. 6 E., application of Sherman A. Brown, of Fort Klamath, Oregon. The NE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, the W 1/2 of NE 1/4, and the N 1/2 of NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, Sec. 23, T. 34 S., R. 6 E., application of Frank M. Upp, of Klamath Falls, Oregon.

FRED DENNETT, Commissioner of the General Land Office. Approved January 8, 1909. FRANK PIERCE, First Assistant Secretary of the Interior. 1-23-2-18

PASSENGER RUSH EXPECTED.

Great Northern Railroad officials estimate that 1,000,000 persons will pass through the city of St. Paul during the coming summer on their way to the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition which opens in Seattle on June 1st.

The estimate is divided, 400,000 to the Northern Pacific, 400,000 to the Great Northern and 200,000 to the Soo and Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

The Union Pacific and its connections have not as yet published any estimates but that they will be large is assured by the several unusual attractions which the Northwest will have to offer during the summer months.

During the life of the exposition Portland is to hold its annual rose festival, a beautiful pageant which never fails to attract from all over the country. The Portland festival dates are June 7 to June 12. That many of those who attend Portland's big show will come on to the exposition goes without saying.

From August 9 to 14 the National Irrigation Congress will be in convention in Spokane and as it draws besides delegates from every state, a host of others interested in irrigation problems and possibilities, the exposition can count heavily upon it as a producer of patrons.

The Grand Lodge of Elks will be held in Los Angeles during the exposition term and the Grand Army of the Republic will hold its national encampment in Salt Lake during the same period and each is counted upon to increase traffic into Washington.

It is calculated by the fair officials that with the aid of these other attractions traffic over the Oregon Short Line and the Shasta route, will not be less than another million.

See Ady for marsh lands.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

General Land Office, Washington, D. C., January 7, 1909.

Notice of Restoration of Public Lands to Settlement and Entry.

Notice is hereby given that the First Assistant Secretary of the Interior has vacated departmental order of withdrawal in so far as the same affects the withdrawal for irrigation purposes under the act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat., 338), for use in connection with the Klamath Project, Oregon, of the following described lands in the State of Oregon, and by his authority such of said tracts as have not been heretofore finally restored and are not otherwise withdrawn, reserved, or appropriated, will be subject to settlement under the public land laws of the United States on and after April 6, 1909, but shall not be subject to entry, filing, or selection until May 6, 1909, at the United States land office at Lakeview, Oregon, warning being expressly given that no person will be permitted to gain or exercise any right whatever under any settlement or occupation begun after January 6, 1909, and prior to April 6, 1909, all such settlement or occupation being forbidden:

Willamette Principal Meridian. T. 40 S., R. 9 E., S 1/2 NE 1/4, Section 24. FRED DENNETT, Commissioner of the General Land Office. FRANK PIERCE, First Assistant Secretary of the Interior. 1-23-4-1

NOTICE.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath.

In the Matter of the Estate and Guardianship of Robert Laughlin, an insane person.

Notice of Hearing Petition For Sale By Guardian.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas E. Stanley, the guardian of the person and estate of Robert Laughlin, an insane person, has filed a petition praying for an order to sell, at private sale, the real property hereinafter described, belonging to the estate of said insane person, and that the 27th day of February, 1909, has been fixed for the date of hearing said petition, and that the same will be heard at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., on said day, at the court room of said above entitled court at Klamath Falls, in said county and state. All persons interested are required to appear at such time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why an order should not be granted as prayed for in said petition.

The property referred to in said petition is particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The S 1/2 of the NE 1/4 and the N 1/2 of the SE 1/4, Section 13, Township 38 South, Range 11 East, W. M., in Klamath County, Oregon, containing 160 acres.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, this 25th day of January, 1909.

THOMAS E. STANLEY, Guardian. 1-23-2-25

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath.

Carrie Nelson, Plaintiff, vs. Hans Nelson, Peter Nelson, J. H. Hamilton and Emma Hamilton, his wife, Anna Margaret Hansen and Wilhelm Hansen, her husband, Defendants. Summons. Suit in Equity to Quiet Title.

To the above named defendants, Peter Nelson, Anna Margaret Hansen and Wilhelm Hansen:

In the name of the State of Oregon you and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit, on or before the 11th day of March, 1909, that being the date of the last publication of summons, and the last day within which the defendants are required to appear and answer, as fixed by the order of publication of this summons; and if you fail to appear and answer, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in said complaint, to-wit:

For a decree quieting plaintiff's title in and to the following described real property, to-wit:

The East 1/2 of the Southwest 1/4; the Northwest 1/4 of the Southwest 1/4, and the Southeast 1/4 of the Northwest 1/4 of Section 11, Township 38, South of Range 12 East of Willamette Meridian, containing 160 acres, situate in Klamath County, Oregon.

Also a certain lot or parcel of land situate in the City of Klamath Falls, County of Klamath, State of Oregon, described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the Northeastly corner of Lot 8, in Block 55 of Nichols Addition to the Town of Klamath Falls, Oregon, as marked and designated on the official plat of said Addition; thence Westerly 65 feet to the Northwest corner of said Lot 8; thence Southerly along the Westerly line of said Lot 8, 110 feet; thence Easterly and at right angles to Ninth street, 65 feet; thence Northerly along the Easterly line of said Lot 8, 110 feet to the place of beginning.

and for a judgment against defendants and each of them, for her costs and disbursements in this suit.

This summons is published in the Klamath Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Klamath Falls, Klamath County, Oregon, by order of Honorable George Noland Judge of said Circuit Court, and dated the 27th day of January, 1909, the first publication to be made on Thursday, January 28th, 1909, and the last publication to be made on March 11, 1909.

BENSON & STONE, 1-23-3-11 Attorneys for Plaintiff.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned, that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of John D. Whitman, deceased, by the County Court of Klamath County, Oregon, and that all persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same to me at the office of H. W. Keesee, at Klamath Falls, Oregon, within six months from this date, properly verified as by law required. Dated January 28th, 1909.

B. S. GRIGSBY, Administrator of the Estate of John D. Whitman, deceased. 1-23-2-35

Money to Loan—We have a few hundred dollars to loan on real estate. Loan must be paid by May 1, 1909. MASON & SLOUGH.

Everybody's Magazine

A STAR SERIAL BEGINS NOW

There is an article in this number with a big jolt in it. DON'T MISS IT. You know some of the things Everybody's has done. THIS IS ANOTHER.

There is a story by the "Pigs Is Pigs" man that is one long ache of laughter, and back of these special features a big, fine Everybody's Magazine.

For Sale By F. E. ANKENY AMERICAN CONFECTIONERY



There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. This is on account of their style, simplicity and simplicity. McCall's Magazine! The Queen of Magazines has more subscribers than any other Ladies Magazine. One year subscription for number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 4