

PORTLAND LETTER.

(Special Correspondence.)

PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 18. (Special.)—No news that has been reported by the people of Oregon during the last twenty-four months is so important as the announcement that the trans-continental railroads will make a rate, beginning March 1st and continuing until April 30th, from Kansas City, Omaha, St. Paul, and Minneapolis, Winnipeg and other similarly situated towns, to all main line railroad points in Oregon, for \$25.

The people of no state in the Union have profited more by these one-way tickets than have those of Oregon during the last four years. The rate from Chicago is \$33, from St. Louis \$30.50, with a proportionate low fare from all points in the United States. This should add many thousands of actual settlers to the population of Oregon. These are one-way tickets, and if travellers desire to return to their former homes in the older eastern states they would have to pay full fare.

Every commercial club and advertising bureau in the state, as well as every real estate firm, should begin immediately to advertise these rates. Every citizen of Oregon should write personal letters to old friends and acquaintances reminding them that the rate is good to their town. But the ticket must be bought to the point of destination—it's just as cheap to the most distant Oregon point as to one just over the border of the state.

On the 12th the Roseburg Commercial Club celebrated the opening of its beautiful new club, built expressly for them. Guests from different parts of the state were present and an elaborate banquet was served by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Club. The welcome thaw extending over the Pacific Northwest did not interfere with the Walla Walla-California excursionists, who reached Portland last Saturday as expected. A car ride over the city, dinner and evening reception at the Portland Commercial Club, were features of their entertainment.

Two events of interest last week were the meeting of the Oregon State Assessors' Association from the 12th to the 14th, and the Fourteenth Annual Convention of the Oregon State Poultry Association, both in Portland.

Closing the most successful year of its organization, the Portland Chamber of Commerce gave its annual dinner on Jan. 13th, with almost three hundred guests gathered around the tables.

Vancouver, Washington, has employed P. C. Lavey, one of America's most effective advertisers, a splendid orator and organizer, as Secretary of its commercial club. They are determined to raise \$10,000 for an advertising fund, and at a recent meeting \$4000 was subscribed in an hour.

As Dr. Darwin was walking one day in his garden he perceived a wasp upon the gravel walk with a large fly nearly as big as itself which he had caught. Kneeling down, he distinctly saw it cut off the head and then, taking up with its feet the trunk middle portion of the body, to which the wings remained attached, flew away. But a breeze of wind acting on the wings of the fly turned round the wasp with its burden and impeded its progress. Upon this it alighted again on the gravel walk, deliberately sawed off first one wing and then the other, and having thus removed the cause of its embarrassment, flew off with its booty.

SECRETARY GARFIELD PLANS AN EXPERIMENT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Secretary Garfield is preparing for a double experiment in the San Carlos Indian reservation in Arizona. There is found on that reservation a peculiar stone which is called "tuff," or white ash, which is peculiar to the reservation. When first removed from the quarries it can be cut with an ordinary knife, but it hardens when it is exposed to the air. It is as light as wood and there is a great demand for it in the vicinity of the reservation for building purposes. The Secretary has asked Congress to set aside three sections, or almost 6000 acres of land, within the reservation in which this stone is to be found, for the use of the Indians. He has expected to experiment with the stone itself, and at the same time ascertain whether it is possible to get the Indians to work in developing it and demonstrating its usefulness. The Secretary thinks that if the stone possesses the quality attributed to it, here will be a general demand by holders for it, especially in the southwest, where timber is scarce.

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It is not usually known that to read a needle in twilight, or with waning eyesight, the operator may be readily assisted in holding the needle by a piece of black cloth if for white thread, and over white cloth for black thread. Try it.

NEW YORK WOMEN ARE PROVINCIAL IN DRESS.

There is no charge that a New Yorker—or any other American for that matter—dislikes quite so much as that of provincialism. Attack our ethics and our morals; call us cold, heartless, pleasure loving, vain—and we will smile complacently, but even whisper that we are the country cousins of the Londoner or the Parisienne—and you wound us at our most vulnerable point. There is no sneer that hits home quite so unerringly as the "We do these things so much better on the other side, don't you know" with which foreign visitors sometimes meet our strenuous efforts toward cosmopolitanism.

A single visit to one of our restaurants or theaters will convince you that the conventions of evening dress are either shockingly misunderstood or deliberately defied by the average woman of means and position. She wears a hat and a high-necked dinner gown—a costume as inappropriate for an evening affair as a bright red frock at a funeral.

Of course, I am speaking primarily of city life and of women who frequent our restaurants and theaters, and on them I cannot urge too strongly the value and importance of the demi-toilet for semi-formal wear.

I was very much interested, a short time ago, in hearing a discussion on the subject of evening dress among women of moderate means. The chief reason that was advanced for its general disregard—economy—did not seem convincing. An evening gown need not cost any more than any other kind of a dress, and if a woman grumbles at its limited usefulness there are all sorts of clever makeshifts of collars and chemises that will let an evening gown see the daylight.

No; the true reason is that the American woman is not accustomed to seeing the décolleté gown in public places; she has not been brought up to it. She feels self-conscious and ill at ease in evening dress at any but certain recognized functions. She ought to feel ill at ease and provincial in anything else. I hope the time will soon come that she will feel so. Not until she does will we outgrow the last of our gaucheries—the high-necked evening frock—January Delineator.

A great many dairymen, before beginning to milk, feed each cow. The milker hurries to get through, because if the cow finishes her meal before the milker has done his work, she must be fed again to keep her in good humor. It is a better plan to do the milking first and then feed immediately, and cows that are accustomed to this treatment, generally give down their milk cheerfully, for they know that milking is a prelude to feeding. A cow is much smarter than she looks, and more grateful than most persons would believe. So long as the cows know they are not going to be struck or beaten, they will neither kick nor hook. An experienced milkman will never allow any loud talking or excitement about his barn or stable, for the quieter the cows are kept the greater the quantity of milk given, and the easier the work is performed.—January Farm Journal.

TO EXPOSE ROOSEVELT'S DARK AND CROOKED WAYS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—"Many people are sending me material in regard to Roosevelt's dark and crooked ways and I am preparing a speech in which I will try and redeem my promises made yesterday," said Senator Tillman. He said he did not know how soon he would be able to deliver his speech, but he would make it before the President retired from office.

QUEEN "LIL" PRESSES CLAIM.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—After years of vain endeavor to obtain compensation for the loss of her kingdom, Liliuokalani, former Queen of the Kingdom of Hawaii, today appeared in person before the House Committee on Claims to press her claim. It was the first time in history that a real former Queen had faced a Committee of the House. The Queen is willing to accept \$250,000 as a complete settlement.

TILLAMOOK RAISES NINETY THOUSAND.

TILLAMOOK, Or.—When the County Court levied the county and state tax, making it 15 mills, out of that amount 8 mills was for roads, which will raise \$90,000. This is considered a large amount for so small a county, with so sparse a population.

FRESH OYSTERS.

We carry a complete stock of Oysters and Eastern Baltimore oysters. Shipments received every day at the Monarch.

ARRAIGNMENT OF HAINS IS VERY BITTER.

FLUSHING, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Marshalling the evidence in the trial of Thornton J. Hains, the State's Attorney today resumed his closing address, bitterly arraigned the defendant and his brother as two cowards that had followed Mrs. Annis to the boat that they might shoot her husband before he could be warned. Thornton Hains writhed in his chair under the scorching sarcasm, and frequently turned his face away from the jury. Mrs. Annis wept while the State's Attorney told how her husband's character had been besmirched, and she weaved in her chair as Darrin, his voice ringing with emotion, said:

"From now on there will be no more criminal trials where a dead husband's character will be dragged into the mire of unjustified denunciation, and a woman's honor assassinated by two cowards who have done to death her husband. Splendid noble chivalry for these two gentlemen."

The State's Attorney attacked the plea of insanity that had been made with regard to Captain Hains, saying that it was the plan of counsel for the defense to endeavor when the Captain came to trial to show that he had recovered his mental balance within two months after the killing of Annis.

CRATER LAKE ROAD.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Will G. Steel, representing the Crater Lake Road Commission, has succeeded in his mission here. Forester Pinchot has consented to cause the forest service to begin next summer the building in the national forests of roads leading to Crater Lake, especially between the west line of the forests and Crater Lake National Park. Secretary Garfield agrees to do all he can to aid in the work.

It has been regarded as useless to ask the short session of Congress to make appropriation for these roads, but the coming session will be asked for it. The prospect is good for such an appropriation; then, if the legislature shall take such action as is asked by the commission, in addition to Klamath and Jackson Counties giving \$50,000 each in two years, which is already pledged on condition the legislature shall give \$100,000 the regular appropriation seems likely to go through.

Steel will leave in a few days to help push the matter before the Oregon legislature.

LEGISLATORS IN FIRE.

Famous Topeka Hotel Burns—Republican Headquarters for Thirty Years.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 14.—The Copeland Hotel, for thirty years Republican headquarters in Kansas and a famous stopping place for Legislators and politicians, situated at 9th and Kansas streets, was destroyed by fire that started shortly after 4 o'clock this morning. A dozen persons were injured, suffering broken limbs and bruises, and one person is missing. The missing man is I. B. Lambert of Emporia, a prominent politician. All of the 150 guests except Lambert have been accounted for.

Lambert, who is one of the most prominent attorneys and politicians in the state, is believed to have been burned to death. It is thought that none of the others have been fatally hurt. There were many sensational escapes, several persons jumping from windows.

PLANS CRIMINAL ACTION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—It is learned today upon reliable authority that the Department of Justice has turned over to United States District Attorney Stimson of the Southern District of New York, all the papers connected with the Panama Canal purchase that has been the target for criticism for the last six months. It is believed this transfer is made with the view of bringing criminal action in New York against publishers of newspapers who have been held responsible for the reflections on men connected with the transaction. Attorney Stimson, it is expected, will turn the papers over to District Attorney Jerome for presentation to the Grand Jury that a suit may be brought under the laws of New York.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease the science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity, Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

NEW OREGON CODES.

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 15.—Representative Buchanan of Douglas and Jackson has introduced a measure to provide for a new codification of the laws of Oregon. The bill provides that the attorney general shall supervise the work and that he shall be empowered to employ all the aid necessary to perform the task. There will be \$15,000 appropriated to do this work if the Buchanan bill becomes a law.

The new code is to be in two volumes, as is the present one. It is to contain the constitution of the United States and of Oregon, the act of admission, the United States laws relating to Oregon, the declaration of independence, and all the statutes and session laws, including the laws of the 1909 session. The volumes are to be printed by the state printer and to be sold by the secretary of state for \$10 a set.

It is stated that W. W. Cotton, who assisted Judge Bellinger in the preparation of the last code, is supervising the preparation of a new code for a private publishing company and that the private code will be ready during the summer. The old issue is said to be entirely exhausted and the plates were destroyed in the San Francisco fire in April, 1906.

EUGENE WOMEN RISE IN ANGER.

EUGENE, Ore., Jan. 15.—A few days ago a Medford paper printed an interview purporting to have come from J. W. Hobbs of this city, who is deputy internal revenue collector, quoting him as saying that business conditions in Eugene were no better since local option law went in effect than before, and that many Eugene society women, since the saloons were closed held "booze parties" regularly at their homes, and that a large number of them become drunkards in consequence.

The story was reprinted in the local papers and created much comment. Women's clubs and societies, as well as the W. C. T. U., held special meetings and passed resolutions condemning Hobbs and his utterances and demanding an explanation of the interview.

Hobbs happened to be away from the city on his official duties when the article was printed here and it was a few days before he read it. When he did, in Salem yesterday, he at once wired to the local papers declaring that the interview was false and denying that he ever made any such statement about the women of Eugene. The women seem to be pacified at this statement.

ATTEMPT TO SOUND JUROR.

First Suspicion of Irregularity in the Trial of Patrick Calhoun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—The first suspicion of irregularity in the trial of Patrick Calhoun upon an indictment for bribery was made known to the presiding judge of the Court this morning by Joseph Dixon, the eleventh talesman subjected to examination. Dixon, who was still the subject of interrogation when Court adjourned last evening, advanced to the bench as Court convened today and held a whispered conversation with Judge Lawlor. The Court, after directing the juror to return to the box, made the following announcement:

"The juror has made known to the Court what he believes to have been an attempt to hold a conversation with him in violation of the orders of this Court. The matter will be made the subject of immediate investigation."

WILL LIVE WHOLE CENTURY.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 15.—Dr. H. Bigger, physician and personal friend of John D. Rockefeller, today denied the report that the magnate was suffering from rheumatism. He said Mr. Rockefeller was enjoying perfect health.

"He will live to be 100 years old," said Dr. Bigger. "If men would follow Mr. Rockefeller's physical methods, we would all be young at 70."

WILL ASSIST TEACHERS.

County Superintendent J. G. Swan announces that until the February examinations he will aid teachers who may need assistance in preparing for the examination. He is at liberty for this work from 2:30 to 4 o'clock each day.

HOSPITAL AT CHICO BURNED.

CHICO, Cal., Jan. 14.—The Sisters' hospital here was totally destroyed today by a fire that threatened the lives of seven patients. When the flames were discovered nurses rushed to the rescue of the sick and carried them to safety down burning stairways. The fire started from wood placed in an oven to dry. The loss is \$15,000, partly insured.

No. 7 REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE FIRST TRUST AND SAVINGS

at Klamath Falls, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business 27, 1908.

RESOURCES	DOLLARS	CENTS
Loans and Discounts	130	00
Due from approved reserve banks	1	00
Current expenses	1	00
Cash on hand	1	00
Total	133	00

LIABILITIES	DOLLARS	CENTS
Capital stock paid in	25	00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1	00
Time certificates of deposit	7	00
Savings deposits	9	00
Total	43	00

STATE OF OREGON,)
County of Klamath,) ss.
I, J. W. Siemens, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of December, 1908.
LESLIE HOGGINS, Notary Public.
CORRECT—Attest: G. W. WHITE, }
GEO. T. BALDWIN, } Director

Now is the time to visit

California

WHEN summer has passed in these northern states, the sun is only mild under the bright blue skies of Southern California. This is one of nature's happy provisions—eternal summer for those who cannot endure a more severe climate. California has been called the "Mecca of the winter tourist." Its hotels and stopping places are as varied as those of all well regulated cities. Visitors can always find suitable accommodations, congenial companions, and varied recreations.

The Southern Pacific Co.

Will be glad to supply some very attractive literature, describing in detail the many delights of winter in California. Very low round trip excursion tickets are on sale to California. For full information, sleeping car reservations and tickets, call on, telegraph or write any S. P. Agent, or

WM. McMURRAY, Gen. Pass. Agt., Portland, Oregon

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