

**YONNA VALLEY ITEMS.**

Godfrey Beck went to Bonanza this week for his winter's supplies.

Wm. Uhrmann, of this valley, butchered five hogs this week which he intends to keep for his winter's supply of pork.

Adam Weidman made a visit to the Yonna blacksmith shop last week to get his plow which has been there for repairs. This shows that he intends to begin plowing soon.

Chas. Woelk, who has a ranch in this valley, is now repairing the damage done on his ranch by the large fire which swept over a part of Yonna Valley last summer and destroyed his fences. Jacob Rueck and John Shook also lost part of their fences by the fire.

Chas. Drew, who recently brought nursery trees from Ashland, through some mistake by those who delivered them to Merrill, has lost a box of trees valued at about \$300. He is now trying to locate them.

Joe Schmidt, who has been absent for some time, has come back to spend the winter on his homestead in Yonna. Henry Stoehsler is now helping him get in his winter's supply of wood.

C. E. Drew returned from the Falls Wednesday and brought his winter's supplies back with him.

L. A. Sterzl went to Bonanza on Wednesday to get a load of flour from the flour mill there.

Wm. Uhrmann, the road supervisor of District No. 8, is now building a bridge and fixing the road otherwise near Olene. L. A. Sterzl is assisting him. Uhrmann certainly is a good road supervisor. Everything he does, he does well.

H. J. O'Brien, of Yonna, made a trip to Bonanza Wednesday.

Dan Johnson, of Bly, will have some of his horses wintered at Mrs. L. Fitch's ranch, in Yonna Valley.

W. L. Simpson was in Dairy on business Thursday.

Messrs. John Lind, Thomas Stanley and Jacob Rueck are now plowing land for spring use.

D. Bursell and Mr. Howard, of Merrill, were visiting at Godfrey Beck's this week. They came to this valley on his way to the Falls, Thursday evening.

A. E. Wagner made a business trip to Bonanza, last Friday.

Johnny Ankeny, of Bly, was at Geo. Smyth's on a business trip this week.

W. Bliss is doing some carpenter work for Wm. Flackus, of this valley.

Matt Skeene, of the Reservation, stayed at the Hildebrand road house Tuesday night. He was riding through Yonna searching for his cattle.

Ike Jackson and relatives, who were visiting at Swan Lake, came back last week and spent a night at Godfrey Beck's home.

Chas. Wagar has taken up a homestead in the northern part of Yonna Valley and must be tired of solitude.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Coburn gave a party for their friends last Saturday. They were entertained by dancing and music, after which they all partook of a fine supper.

as Albert Beck will stay with him this week.

Mike Doohar and Luke Walker are now working in the timber on the Swan Lake mountain.

Miss Effie Coburn will go to Bonanza to assist Mrs. Geo. Morine in her work. Mrs. Morine has again taken charge of the Big Springs Hotel.

Harrison Gray returned from the Fort last Friday, bringing with him a proof of his brother's skill in hunting, a number of ducks.

Messrs. Ernest Nail, Frank Beck and Willie Jonas spent last Saturday hunting.

Scy Pool has his taken his horses, about 21 head, from the Grigsby ranch to the Bennett ranch, where he now lives, and will feed them there this winter.

The new addition to the Hildebrand school house was finished last week. It consists of a large cloak room and porch. The improvements cost about \$125.

Miss Hazel Fitch is visiting with Mrs. Chas. McCumber, of Yonna.

Messrs. Chas. Drew, Will Logue and W. H. Bliss were helping Jesse Drew do carpenter work on his place last week.

Jesse Drew delivered a load of potatoes to Mrs. M. Hoagland, who has charge of the American Hotel at Bonanza. The price received for the potatoes was 2 1/2 cents per pound.

Mr. Reynolds has just completed the dam in the northern part of Yonna Valley belonging to Geo. Ritter and Jasper Bennett. Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds will now return to their home in Ashland.

**THIS AGED COUPLE HOLDS THE RECORD.**  
COLUMBUS, Ga., Dec. 13.—Tripletts were born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose A. Calhoun, of this city. This couple now has 25 children. The father is 82 years old.

**THE MOVING STONE**

**OF BUENOS AYRES.**  
The "moving stone of the south republic," one of the most remarkable geological formations on the South American continent, is located on the Tandil mountains, in the southern part of the republic above mentioned. It is known far and near as "the moving stone," and was to the Indians an object of great veneration at the time of the advent of white men in that locality.

A enormous boulder appears to be sustained on its base by an almost invisible axis, and has an oscillating movement east and west, or to and from the mountain, the power of a single man being sufficient to put it into motion. It measures 24 feet in height, and about 90 feet in length and 18 feet in breadth. It represents a volume of over 5,000 cubic feet. Its figure is that of an irregular cone, and the base upon which it rests has the form of a cone also, its diameter being but 10 inches. When the wind blows from the southeast the "moving stone" may be seen rising and falling, after the manner of the waves on the ocean.

**THE MINISTER DRIVEN**

**TO BEGGING.**  
He arose and walked about the room, in his excitement unconsciously using real pulpit gestures.  
"If people expect us to be their spiritual guides, why don't they put us on an equality with them? Why do they compel us to go around asking for discounts from the merchant and the doctor and the lawyer as though we were almost 'on the town'? If my cupboard is getting bare, all I have to do is to hint to my neighbors that I'd like some vegetables or fruit out of their gardens and it comes right in. That's a thing I don't often do. But sometimes a poor minister is actually driven to hinting; and then how can he feel much different from a beggar, I'd like to know?"

The minister drew his chair close to mine and sank his voice almost to a whisper.  
"Sir, I tell you there's something wrong with Protestantism when it, in the first place, so shamefully underpays its servants, and, in the second, raises the money for their poor salaries by such humiliating methods."—Robert Haven Schaufier, in Success Magazine.

**BE UP TO DATE OR FAIL.**

A physician tells me that he goes through his medical library every year and throws out a lot of books which have become useless to him because the new, the up-to-date, the more progressive, are pushing out the old.

We all know that some of the scientific books published are useless a year after they appear in print. There never was a time in the history of the world when the new in every line of endeavor crowded out the old as it does today.

If you examine your business thoroughly you will probably find old foggy methods, obsolete ideas, and cumbersome ways of doing things; a lot of red tape in your methods.

Remember that nothing else is improving faster than business methods. If you are keeping books as they were kept a quarter of a century ago, if you are using the same business system, you will find that you are way behind the times.—Success Magazine.

**ALL BUT CHRISTIANS ARE BARRED FROM THIS COLONY.**

Grants Pass.—A number of families have arrived here from the east to make their homes with the Ideal colony, being established at Wolf Creek, in Wolf Creek Valley, in the northern end of Josephine County. The colony is being founded under the direction of Rev. W. G. Smith. A large farm, or rather several big farms, were purchased and subdivided into smaller tracts, and the members of the Ideal colony will turn their attention largely toward the growing of fruit, for which the climate and lands of Wolf Creek Valley are well adapted. Only Christian people are sold tracts inside the colony, and no saloons or places of vice will be allowed. The site of the colony is one of the most picturesque and is on the main line of the Southern Pacific.

**LOCATOR HAS TO RETURN THE FEE.**

The jury in the case of Millie Garfison vs. O. F. North brought in a verdict Saturday night for the plaintiff and awarded her damages in the sum of \$100, the amount of the location fee.

Why is it that women who apparently never give their flowers much attention have so excellent "luck" with them when the woman who spends hours trying to make plants grow never gets a thing except a crop of dead leaves?

You cannot afford to miss the big sale at the Boston Store

**SOCIAL SESSION**

**OF CITY COUNCIL.**  
The meeting of the City Council Thursday night was more of an experience meeting than anything else, as far as any actual business was done. All the members of the Council were present with the exception of Ankeny. President Sanderson was acting Mayor.

It was discovered that the building ordinance under which the Council was compelling everyone to take out a permit before erecting any buildings in the city, was non-effective, as there was no penalty attached for non-compliance. The Council requested the City Attorney to draw up a new ordinance which will be introduced at the next meeting.

An ordinance to regulate the selling of liquors, which was copied from the Ashland ordinance, was placed on the table, but as none of the Councilmen offered to introduce it, it could not be acted upon. The fact that it was not introduced is sufficient proof that it would have received little if any support.

The greater part of the evening was taken up in a discussion of the question of enforcing the prohibition law. President Sanderson stated that the police wished instructions as to what to do, and he intimated that he was in favor of instructing them to assist the sheriff in this work. None of the other members of the Council appeared to be of the same opinion, at least they did not so express themselves. Some of the members, however, took the opposite view and expressed themselves as opposed to the city taking any such action. It appeared to be the feeling of the Council that they did not wish to take any part in the matter, but would turn the job back to the sheriff to do as he pleased with it.

**NO MORE CHEAP TIMBER LAND.**

It is now claimed that if the recent ruling of the Secretary of the Interior in regard to the price to be charged for timber claims, is enforced, it will mean that the timber business of the country will be given into the hands of the scrippers and poor men will be unable to take up a claim. The ruling of the Secretary which was to go into effect the first of December is to the effect that instead of paying \$2.50 an acre for the land, the timber will have to be appraised and the claimant will have to pay accordingly.

It is said that the government can never appraise all the entries. There are several thousand timber claims filed in the United States every month, and it would require almost the entire army to appraise all these claims. The government has about 60 special agents to do this work, and more than 30 of these agents are located on the Pacific Coast. A single agent cannot appraise more than three or four claims in a month, and only then when the claims are in groups. To properly appraise a claim will necessitate a practical cruise of the claim and this requires time. The force of special agents is entirely inadequate to keep up with the filings. The Secretary says, however, that in the event of no appraisal being made within nine months, the land shall go at the estimate of the entry man. Owing to the small force of special agents, hundreds of claims cannot be reached in regular order within the prescribed time.

According to the timber dealers, the new ruling of the Secretary of the Interior will make claims run \$3000 and \$4000, and even higher, and this places them beyond the reach of the poor man. They contend that it will drive the sale of timber land into the hands of scrippers, through purchase of Northern Pacific scrip. If the land rises in price the scrip will be bought up and timber land secured through this means. The new ruling of Secretary Garfield will make a lively market for scrip and the railroad will be one of the chief beneficiaries of Garfield's order.

**UNITED STATES NAVY IS NEXT TO GREAT BRITAIN.**

The United States is now second to Great Britain only as a naval power, according to tables of the naval strength of leading nations, which are included in the annual report of ex-Secretary Metcalf, of the Navy Department. France is building more ships than the United States, and were these completed in each country France would supplant the United States in second place as regards aggregate tonnage.

The following table shows the rank of the navies in total tonnage as they now are and as they will be when vessels now building are completed.

Great Britain	1,669,005	1,871,176
United States	685,426	801,188
France	628,882	770,468
Germany	524,573	693,599
Japan	371,891	444,903
Russia	240,943	320,040
Italy	220,458	248,778
Austria	114,250	148,350

**PUBLIC NOTICE.**

Department of the Interior, Washington, November 18, 1908.

In pursuance of the provisions of Section 17 of the Reclamation Act of June 17 1902 (32 Stat. 388), notice is hereby given as follows:

Water will be furnished from the Klamath project, Oregon-California, under the provisions of the Reclamation Act, in the irrigation season of 1909, for the irrigable land shown on farm units of:  
Willamette Meridian.—T. 39 S., R. 8 E., T. 38 S., R. 9 E., T. 40 S., R. 9 E., T. 39 S., R. 10 E., T. 40 S., R. 10 E., T. 41 S., R. 10 E., T. 40 S., R. 11 E., T. 41 S., R. 11 E., T. 41 S., R. 12 E.

Mt. Diablo Meridian.—T. 48 N., R. 5 E.  
approved November 16, 1908, by the Secretary of the Interior and on file in the local land offices at Lakeview, Oregon, and Redding, California.

Homestead entries accompanied by applications for water rights and the first instalment of the building and operation and maintenance charges may be made under the provisions of said act for the farm units shown on said plats. Water right applications may also be made for lands heretofore entered and for lands in private ownership and the time when payments will be due therefor is hereinafter stated.

The limit of area per entry, representing the acreage which, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Interior, may be reasonably required for the support of a family on the lands entered subject to the provisions of the Reclamation Act, is fixed at the amounts shown upon the plats for the several farm units.  
The limit of area for which water right application may be made for lands in private ownership shall be 160 acres of irrigable land for each land owner.  
The charges which shall be made per acre of irrigable land in the said entries and for lands heretofore entered or in private ownership which can be irrigated by the waters from the said irrigation project, are in two parts as follows:  
1. The building of the irrigation system, \$39.00 per acre of irrigable land, payable in not more than ten annual instalments, each payment not less than \$3.00 per acre or some multiple thereof, provided, however, that full payment may be made at any time of any balance remaining due, after certification has been made by the Commissioner of the General Land Office that full and satisfactory compliance has been shown with all the requirements of the law as to residence, cultivation and reclamation.

2. For operation and maintenance, which will, as soon as the data are available, be fixed in proportion to the amount of water used, with a minimum charge per acre of irrigable land whether water is used thereon or not. The operation and maintenance charge for the irrigation season of 1909 and until further notice will be 75 cents per acre of irrigable land whether water is used thereon or not.  
For lands hereafter entered, the first instalment on account of the said charges for the irrigable lands shown on these plats shall be paid for the season of 1909 at the local land office at Lakeview, Oregon, or at Redding, California, at the time of entry and of filing water right application, the total payment being not less than \$3.75 per acre. The second instalment shall be due and payable May 1, 1910, at the same place. Subsequent instalments shall be due and payable on May 1 of each year at the same place.

For lands in private ownership and for lands heretofore entered the first instalment shall be due and payable May 1, 1909, and the instalments for the year 1910 and subsequent years shall be due and payable on the same date and at the same place.  
The first instalment of the charges for all irrigable areas shown on these plats, whether or not water right application is made therefor or water is used thereon shall be due and payable as herein provided.

The regulation is hereby established that no water will be furnished in any year until all operation and maintenance charges then due shall have been paid. Accordingly no water will be furnished for the irrigation season of 1909 for any lands, unless the portion of the instalment for operation and maintenance due and payable on or before May 1, 1909, has been paid on or before that date, and in like manner no water will be furnished in any subsequent irrigation season unless payment has been made on or before May 1 of that year of the portion of the instalment for operation and maintenance which was at that time due and payable.

For all applications for water rights filed after June 15 in 1909 or any subsequent year, one instalment of the charges for building, operation and maintenance, \$3.75 per acre, must be paid at the time of filing, but the portion of the instalment for operation and maintenance shall be credited on account of the instalment of said charges for the subsequent year.

If any instalment of the charges shall not have been paid in full on or before May 1 of that year of the portion of the instalment due and payable as herein provided, it shall then become delinquent and under the terms of Section 5 of the Reclamation Act, the entry and water right application shall be subject to cancellation with the forfeiture of any moneys paid thereon.  
The charges herein provided for may for the convenience of applicants be paid to the special fiscal agent of the U. S. Reclamation Service assigned to the Klamath project for transmission to the register and receiver of the local land offices on or before the date specified for payment at the local land offices; but in case this privilege is availed of, the necessary charges for transportation of the cash as determined by the Special Fiscal Agent, must accompany the payment of the water right charges.

JAMES RUDOLPH GARFIELD, Secretary of the Interior.  
12-17-12-31

**ENTRAY NOTICE.**

Bay Horse, weight about 900 lbs. 2-cornered brand.  
10-817 S. Herlthy, Klamath Falls.

**THE MONARCH MERCANTILE CO.**  
DEALERS IN  
Fruits, Produce, Eggs, Butter, Cheese, Poultry, Fresh Eastern and Coast Oysters, and Genaray Market

OUR STOCK OF CONFECTIONERY IS THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE COUNTY

Finest Grade of Everything. Smokers' Articles: Cigars, Pipes, Tobaccos—best in the market.

We make a Specialty of Dried Fruits of all kinds. California, Nevada and Home Honey.

OUR AIM IS TO PLEASE OUR PATRONS AT ALL TIMES

BEST EQUIPPED HOTEL IN SOUTHERN OREGON

**Lakeside Inn,**  
MRS. M. McMILLAN, Prop'r.

Modern improvements. 73 rooms and suites. Sample Rooms, Bar Room, Parlors, Two Club Rooms, Etc., Etc.

SPECIAL RESORT FOR TOURISTS

**MIDWAY STABLE**  
FIRST-CLASS TURNOUTS  
With or Without Driver  
CHAS. R. BALDWIN, Proprietor

**SUMMONS.**  
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County.  
Eugene Spencer, Plaintiff, vs. F. L. Wright and Clara Wright, Defendants. Summons.  
To F. L. Wright, above named defendant:  
In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the plaintiff's complaint in the above entitled suit on or before the 17th day of December, 1908, that being the last day prescribed in the order for publication of summons and the time within which the said defendant is required to appear and answer and if you fail so to answer the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief as demanded in plaintiff's complaint, that is to say:

That judgment and decree be entered for the sum of \$3488.34 together with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 13th day of June, 1908, and for the further sum of \$300 as attorney's fees, together with costs and disbursements of said suit, and that the following real property, to-wit:  
An undivided four-fifths interest in and to the South 1/2 of SW 1/4 Section 20, North 1/2 of NW 1/4 and Lots numbered 1 and 2 of Section 29, the NW 1/4 of the NE 1/4, SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 and Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Section 30, all in Township 39, South Range 7 East, Willamette Meridian, Klamath County, Oregon, saving and excepting all that portion of lot 2, of Section 29, to-wit: Beginning at the Southeast corner of said lot 2, thence North 10.80 chains, thence West 10.80 chains; thence South to the meander line on the right bank of the Klamath River, thence following said meander line up stream to the place of beginning, containing 12 acres, more or less, held under mortgage in this suit foreclosed, be sold to satisfy any judgment or decree obtained in this suit; and that an order of sale be made, as under execution, to the Sheriff of Klamath County, Oregon, and that sale be made as provided by law on all of said real property as described herein and that all right and title and interest of the defendants in and to such real property, or any portion thereof, be foreclosed, and for such relief as may be equitable.

This summons is published in the

Klamath Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Klamath Falls, Oregon, by order of the Hon. George Noland, Judge of the above named court, and dated on October 29th, 1908, directing  
The first publication to be made on Thursday, the 5th day of November, 1908 and the last publication to be made on the 17th day of December 1908.  
F. H. MILLS, Attorney for Plaintiff.  
11-5-12-17


**NOTICE.**

To All Actual Settlers on Railroad Lands:

The time has now arrived when every settler on railroad lands should join in a complaint in the suit now pending between the Government of the United States and the Railroad Company and others. The object of this is that the rights of every one may be settled at the one time, and every person who intervenes, if the settlers are successful, as we fully believe they will be, will at once be enabled to obtain title to their land, while if they are not joined in this suit, complications will be sure to arise, either by forfeiture of the lands to the Government of the United States, or by reason of a decree of the court simply affecting parties to the suit, or in other ways that will make it more expensive to the parties than at present, and would take them a long time to get title even if successful in other proceedings.

All parties who are interested are invited to call upon or correspond with the undersigned at once.  
GEO. W. TREFREN,  
12-3-21 Ashland, Ore.

The Christmas money goes farther if put into an Edison Phonograph—farther because the phonograph goes farther, carries with it more pleasure for more people for a longer time than any gift you could select. Every machine guaranteed for one year.



SEVEN MODELS \$12.50 to \$60.00  
H. J. WINTERS  
Jewelry and Musical Instruments