

**E. B. HENRY**  
CIVIL ENGINEER and SURVEYOR  
KLAMATH FALLS  
All kinds engineering and draughting  
Plans and Specifications Furnished

**J. E. DUVAL**  
CONTRACTOR and BUILDER  
Main Street, 5th and 6th Sts.  
SODA WATER  
USE  
KLAMATH FALLS SODA WATER  
THE MOST  
REFRESHING SUMMER DRINK  
Manufactured in all Flavors  
Telephone Main 33

ESPY, the Soda Water Man



**Homesteads Located**  
BUTE CREEK VALLEY  
The only place in the Klamath Basin where good homesteads can be had. On line of California & Northeastern R. R., now building. Government irrigation contemplated. Fine vegetables, all kinds of grain and domesticated grasses. Unlimited range.  
Farming, Dairying, Stockraising and Lumbering  
Deeded lands in a preliminary state of cultivation and Timber claims.  
Address J. H. WHITCOM, PICARD, CAL.

**BEST EQUIPPED HOTEL IN SOUTHERN OREGON**  
**Lakeside Inn,**  
MRS. M. McMILLAN, Prop'r.  
Modern improvements, 73 rooms and suites. Sample Rooms, Bar Room, Parlors, Two Club Rooms, Etc., Etc.  
SPECIAL RESORT FOR TOURISTS

**KLAMATH LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLES**  
BUESING & BENNETT, PROP'S.  
First-Class Livery. Anything from a saddle horse to a 4-in-hand. Parties conveyed to all points in Southern Oregon and Northern California; also to favorite camping, hunting and fishing grounds.  
Horses Boarded by the Week or Month.  
Special attention given transient stock and special rates to freighters. Grain by the sack. Hay by the bale or ton. Phone—Main 44  
Klamath Falls, Or., east end

THE BLACK 4-YEAR-OLD REGISTERED PERCHERON STALLION **RICHMOND**  
will make the season of 1906, opening May 1st and closing August 1st  
AT THE HORTON RANCH  
Terms \$12.50 per season, due August 1st, 1906, Insurance \$20.00 due when satisfied mares are with foal. Said Stallion will be handled by Jack Horton. Good pasture for mares at the rate of \$1 per head per month. Will not be responsible for accidents.

**KLAMATH FALLS STEAM LAUNDRY**  
NOW IN OPERATION  
All kinds of laundry finished in a FIRST CLASS MANNER  
D. B. CAMPBELL, PROP'R.

**TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.**  
United States Land Office, Lakeview, Oregon May 16, 1906.  
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878 entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.  
Fred H. Mills, of Klamath Falls, county of Klamath, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3897, for the purchase of the SE1/4, NE1/4, and SW1/4, of Section No. 19, in Township No. 33 South Range No. 9 K W M, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Clerk of Klamath County, Oregon, at his office at Klamath Falls, Oregon, on Thursday, the 2nd day of August, 1906.  
He names as witnesses: H. A. Willis, E. B. Henry, John Schollock, and Jack Kinsell all of Klamath Falls, Oregon.  
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 2nd day of August, 1906. J. N. Watson, Register. 5247-26

**SOCIETIES OF KLAMATH FALLS**  
A. O. U. W.—Linkville Lodge No. 110 meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every Tuesday evening. Visiting Brothers always welcome. W. O. Smith, M. W. J. W. Siemens, Recorder.  
Evangeline Lodge No. 88 Degree of Honor Lodge meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every second and fourth Thursdays in the month. Nancy N. White, C. of H. Jesse Marple, Recorder.  
W. O. W. Ewanna Camp, No. 799. W. O. W. meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Sanderson's hall. All neighbors cordially invited.  
G. K. Brandenburg, Clerk.  
A. F. & A. M.—Klamath Lodge No. 77. Meets Saturday evening on or before the full moon of each month in the Masonic Hall. Alex. Martin Jr., W. M. W. E. Boardman, Secretary.  
I. O. O. F.—Klamath Lodge No. 137 meets every Saturday evening in the A. O. U. W. hall. E. E. Jamison, N. G. C. C. Hoover, Secretary.  
Ewanna Encampment No. 45, I. O. O. F. Encampment meets second and fourth Saturdays in the month in the A. O. U. W. hall. Jasper Bennett, C. P. Geo. L. Humphrey, Scribe.  
Prosperity Rebekah Lodge No. 104 I. O. O. F. meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every first and third Thursdays in the month. Jennie Hurn, N. G. Louisa M. Sauter, Secretary.  
K. of P.—Klamath Lodge No. 99 meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every Monday evening. Bert Bamler, C. C. John Hamilton, K. of R. and S.  
M. W. of A.—Lodge meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every first and third Wednesdays in the month.  
W. B. McLaughlin, Consul  
W. A. Phelps, Clerk.  
Foresters of America—Ewanna Camp, No. 61, meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every second and fourth Fridays in the month. C. D. Wilson, C. R. E. E. Jamison, Rec. Sec.

**For Sale.**  
Tent house including stove, cooking utensils, dishes and chairs. Two blocks south of K. K. store.  
Always a fresh stock of candles at A. J. Manning's.

**TIME FOR WEANING COLTS.**  
**How to Bring the Foals Through a Serious Period of Existence with Perfect Success.**  
The season for weaning foals is at hand and it is time to make preparation therefor, if such preparation has not already been made. The colt should be taught to eat grain and be fed regularly so that it will learn to depend upon the feed rather than upon its mother's milk. Under such conditions there will be much less fuss on the part of both mare and colt when the latter is finally removed, and the change will have less effect upon the growth and condition of the colt, as it is extended over a long period and effected gradually, says the Prairie Farmer.  
It will be well, too, to have the colt halter-broken before it is taken away from its mother. At no time can it be more readily taught to stand tied or to lead than when by the side of the dam. Even if the colt is to run loose in a shed or box during the winter until it is old enough to work, the halter-breaking at this time should not be neglected. The colt will never forget it and when ready to go into harness will be much more tractable because of the early lessons.  
Again, it is often necessary to handle the colts during their growing period for the purpose of trimming the feet or dressing wounds that have been accidentally inflicted and in such cases it is a very great advantage to have them well halter-broken.  
The colt should be liberally fed on nourishing growing food during its first winter, as its development the first year determines largely the kind of a horse it will make. After the first year it will get along very well on coarser and cheaper feed than some other kinds of stock, but it should have of the best during the first year.  
While it should have a liberal ration the colt should not be fed too much corn. Muscle and bone making feeds such as oats and bran are better suited to its needs. A mixture of corn and bran make an excellent grain ration for the colt. With good clover or alfalfa hay for roughage, the bran may be dispensed with, and a larger proportion of corn used with satisfactory results.

**HORSES THRIVE ON SILAGE**  
**Dut, Says an Indiana Man, It Must Be Fed Judiciously and with Some Care.**  
When silage was first introduced many cases of sickness in horses were reported, and it was then thought silage was not suited for horses; under proper care, however, good silage is a safe and valuable food for horses. When beginning to feed silage, allow the animal to become accustomed to the food by degrees, as this is as important as when changing from old to new corn or from hay to grass. A first feed give a small amount, and increase gradually as the animal's appetite and condition of bowels may indicate. Silage makes a good roughage for horses when used in connection with hay or stover and grain. Silage is also a good feed for hogs and has been found to be economical to use in conjunction with corn as a maintenance ration, but not so if used alone. All good silage contains a large amount of corn and if a large ration of corn is given besides, it often proves dangerous and gives boggy trouble. Hogs fed from 28 to 35 pounds of silage and 14 to 21 pounds of corn on the colt per week can be kept in good condition through the severest winter. By using silage the feeder saves one-third in the cost of feed. Silage is considered a cheap maintenance ration for carrying brood sows over winter, and not for fattening.—Agricultural Epitomist.

**CONVENIENT HOG TROUGH.**  
**Arrangement That Is Handy Because It Can Be Cleaned Without the Pigs Interfering.**  
Make a common V shaped trough of heavy solid lumber. Make a swing gate of 2x4 timber and one inch boards. Take 1 1/2 inch boards 12 inches wide by 4 feet long and bore 2 inch holes in 3 inches from ends. Hang the gate by nailing boards to each end of trough. Attach a latch so that the gate can be held on either side of trough. Place the trough in hog lot fence. When you go to feed, push the gate from you and latch it. Clean out the trough and put in the feed. Now pull the gate to you so hogs can eat. This arrangement is handy for the trough can be cleaned or feed mixed without hogs interfering.—C. B. Robinson.

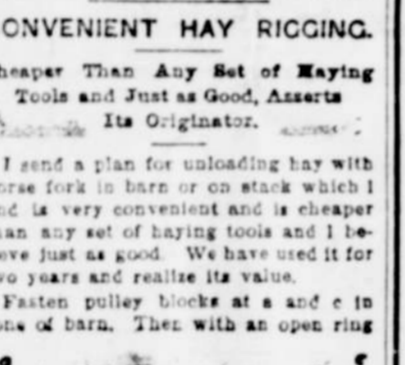
**Windmill Made at Home.**  
It may be built by setting an upright post, supporting an upright shaft, having a hub on top, carrying three horizontal arms, to each of which are hinged light rectangular frames, covered with heavy mullin or light canvas, regulated to swing in one direction only, from horizontal to perpendicular. The sails are carried with wind at right angles to it, and return edgewise against the wind. The post may lean two feet at the top, so as to shorten the connection of the upper box with it. The lower bearing may be in a post set even with the ground, under the upper bearing. The pulley, four feet in diameter, secured near the bottom of the shaft, may have a smooth, true groove for rope band burned into its circumference by a crowbar, its one end resting in a hole in a post, the other in hand, while the middle, in contact with the wheel, is red hot.—Albert Daily, in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

**Not Impossible.**  
Bill—Do you think it impossible to keep a good man down?  
Jill—No, not if he's dead.—Baltimore News.  
**His Long Smoke.**  
Benham—I'm going to smoke as long as I live.  
Mrs. Benham—Oh, longer than that, dear.—N. Y. Herald.

**The Main Thing.**  
"Was her wedding a success?"  
"Oh, yes! She received 78 presents."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

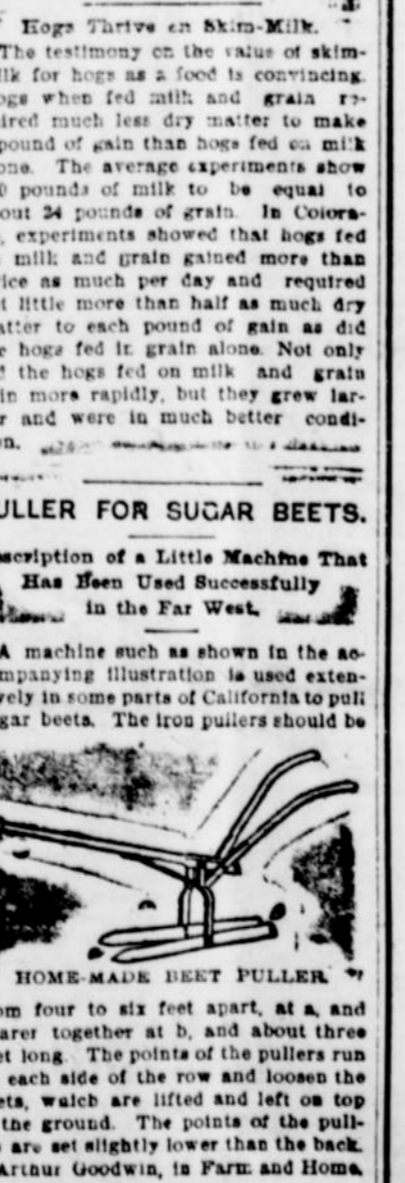
**LIVE STOCK**  
**RATION FOR WORK HORSES**  
A Combination of Oats and Corn Makes a Wholesome and Most Economical Feed.  
We should always remember that oats form the ideal grain food for the horse, writes Prof. W. A. Henry, of the Wisconsin college of agriculture. The cereal proper contains a large amount of nutriment. The hulls surrounding the grain give the material bulk, tending thereby to prevent overfeeding, and at the same time rendering the food light and easy to digestion by the fluids of the stomach. Where horses are hard worked one should depart from the oat ration with caution, and learn by experience what can be accomplished. The farmer might well try bran and gluten feed as partial substitutes for oats. Remember that bran is light and partially inert, so that it may take the place of a small portion of the hay formerly consumed. On the other hand, it furnishes to the horse probably three-fifths or three-fourths as much nutriment as the same weight of oats. In using gluten feed, remember that it is considerably higher in protein than oats and almost or quite as rich as the carbohydrates. In the trial reduce the oat allowance one-third and substitute a mixture of bran and gluten feed equal parts by weight. Remember, too, that corn can always be fed to horses with satisfaction. There is a limit, however, to its use, and in such cases as those the supply should not be large. For one feed each day allow a couple of pounds of corn in substitution for the same of oats. Remember that corn causes horses to sweat easily if fed in large quantities. It is a better winter than summer feed. Corn is a strong, hearty food and is much appreciated by hard worked horses, because it does furnish so much energy. In the southern part of the corn belt horses live almost wholly upon corn. Farther north where oats are the main crop they subsist almost entirely on the latter grain. A combination of the two will usually prove more economical and better than to feed either so exclusively as is customary.

**CONVENIENT HAY RIGGING.**  
**Cheaper Than Any Set of Haying Tools and Just as Good, Asserts Its Originator.**  
I send a plan for unloading hay with horse fork in barn or on stack which I find is very convenient and is cheaper than any set of haying tools and I believe just as good. We have used it for two years and realize its value.  
Fasten pulley blocks at a and c in corners of barn. Then with an open ring fasten another pulley to ring in hay fork. Then tie one end of rope to open ring, after it has been closed, and then through pulley at c, then down through pulley at b, which is on fork, then through pulley at a, then through a pulley at d, which is down on barn floor. All that is necessary to change the fork so as to drop hay in either mow is to untie rope from fork and the opposite end there. This method saves one the cost of track and car and will pull almost directly straight upwards until the fork full of hay gets pretty well up, then will travel over mow. Those who have hay in stack can use this plan by using two tall posts, or one 1 1/2 stack 2 near a tree which can be used to fasten one pulley to. Get post far enough away so you can drive load of hay between post and stack. This rigging will not take any more rope than a track and car and is very convenient in small barns.—O. O. Bosworth in Ohio Farmer.



**Hogs Thrive on Skim-Milk.**  
The testimony on the value of skim-milk for hogs as a food is convincing. Hogs when fed milk and grain required much less dry matter to make a pound of gain than hogs fed on milk alone. The average experiments show 100 pounds of milk to be equal to about 24 pounds of grain. In Colorado, experiments showed that hogs fed on milk and grain gained more than twice as much per day and required but little more than half as much dry matter to each pound of gain as did the hogs fed on grain alone. Not only did the hogs fed on milk and grain gain more rapidly, but they grew larger and were in much better condition.

**PULLER FOR SUGAR BEETS.**  
**Description of a Little Machine That Has Been Used Successfully in the Far West.**  
A machine such as shown in the accompanying illustration is used extensively in some parts of California to pull sugar beets. The iron pullers should be from four to six feet apart, at a, and nearer together at b, and about three feet long. The points of the pullers run on each side of the row and loosen the beets, which are lifted and left on top of the ground. The points of the pullers are set slightly lower than the back.—Arthur Goodwin, in Farm and Home.



**FRANK IRA WHITE**  
**Emma Block**  
Telephones: Main 394; Suburban, 14X1  
**Klamath Falls, Oregon**

**GARDENS, ORCHARDS, HOMES**  
Only small acreage tracts adjacent to Klamath Falls, good land, matchless location, traversed by two county roads and other highways being constructed in the

**East Klamath Falls Tracts**  
Fourteen Hundred Acres under the Main Canal, Four Hundred Acres above the Main canal, nearly all of which will come under the High Line Canal

This large acreage is for sale in tracts to suit purchasers. It is townsite property at acreage prices, a portion surveyed in blocks 260x400 feet, each block containing SIXTEEN lots 50x120 feet, with 60-foot streets and 20-foot alleys. Larger blocks containing 28 lots the same size. Acreage tracts, with convenient roads provided, in three, five, ten, twenty or forty acres.

**BLOCKS** } \$ 800  
              } 1,000  
              } 1,600  
**ACREAGE** } From \$25  
              } to  
              } \$250 an acre

**THE BEST BUY IN KLAMATH COUNTY**  
Persons seeking an investment cannot afford to miss this opportunity. Those contemplating buying a home should investigate this tract. Every acre will show an increase of from 100 to 1000 per cent

**FRANK IRA WHITE**  
**Emma Block**  
Telephones: Main 394; Suburban, 14X1  
**Klamath Falls, Oregon**

**BONANZA**  
**IT IS GROWING EVERY DAY**  
Now is the time to buy lots in the **GRANDVIEW - ADDITION** to Bonanza  
An investment made now in this property will yield larger returns than any property in Klamath county.