

MELVIN D. WILLIAMS
Civil and Irrigation Engineer,
LAND SURVEYOR.
 KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON
 BALDWIN BUILDING
 Official engineer Klamath Water Users' Association.

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LEGAL, REAL ESTATE AND ABSTRACTING BUSINESS
 Will furnish abstracts of title and pay taxes for non-residents.
 The examination, registration and perfecting of titles a specialty.
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THE MOST REFRESHING SUMMER DRINK
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 The only place in the Klamath Basin where good homesteads can be had. On line of California & Northeastern R. R., now building. Government irrigation contemplated. Fine vegetables, all kinds of grain and domesticated grasses. Unlimited range.
Farming, Dairying, Stockraising and Lumbering
 Write for descriptive pamphlet. Conveyance furnished if desired. Terms reasonable. Phone.
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SOCIETIES OF KLAMATH FALLS
 A. O. U. W.—Lincoln Lodge No. 110 meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every Tuesday evening. Visiting Brothers always welcome. W. O. Smith, M. W., J. W. Simmons, Recorder.
 Evangelical Lodge No. 88 Degree of Honor Lodge meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every second and fourth Thursdays in the month. Nancy N. White, C. of H., Jesse Marple, Recorder.
 W. O. W. Ewanna Camp, No. 799, W. O. W. meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Sanderson's hall. All neighbors cordially invited.
 C. K. Brandenburg, Clerk.

A. F. & A. M.—Klamath Lodge No. 77. Meets Saturday evening on or before the full moon of each month in the Masonic Hall, Alex Martin Jr., W. M., W. E. Bowdoin, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.—Klamath Lodge No. 137 meets every Saturday evening in the A. O. U. W. hall. E. Jamison, N. G., C. C. Brower, Secretary.
 Ewanna Encampment No. 46, I. O. O. F. Encampment meets second and fourth Saturdays in the month in the A. O. U. W. hall. Jasper Bennett, C. P., Geo. L. Humphrey, Scribe.

Prosperity Rebekah Lodge No. 104 I. O. O. F. meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every first and third Thursdays in the month. Jennie Hurn, N. G., Lorinda M. Sauber, Secretary.
 K. of P.—Klamath Lodge No. 99 meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every Monday evening. Bert Hamber, C. U., John Hamilton, K. of R. and S.
 M. W. of A.—Lodge meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every first and third Wednesdays in the month.
 W. B. McLaughlin, Consul
 W. A. Phelps, Clerk.

Foresters of America—Ewanna Camp, No. 61, meets in the A. O. U. W. hall every second and fourth Fridays in the month. C. D. Willson, C. K., E. E. Jamison, Rec. Sec.

KLAMATH LAKE RAILROAD CO.

IN EFFECT MAY 1st 1906.

Leave Thrall	6 A. M.
Arrive Bogus	6:25 A. M.
" Steel Bridge	6:45 "
" Fall Creek	7:05 "
" Klamath Springs	7:19 "
" Dixie	8:19 "
" Pokegama	8:30 "
Leave Pokegama	10:45 A. M.
Arrive Dixie	10:55 A. M.
" Klamath Springs	11:49 "
" Fall Creek	12:45 "
" Steel Bridge	12:50 "
" Bogus	12:50 P. M.
" Thrall	12:45 "
KLAMATH SPRINGS SPECIAL	
Leave Thrall	1:30 P. M.
Arrive Bogus	1:55 P. M.
" Steel Bridge	2:15 "
" Fall Creek	2:35 "
" Klamath Springs	2:49 "
Leave Klamath Springs	2:45 P. M.
Arrive Fall Creek	3:30 "
" Steel Bridge	3:50 "
" Bogus	3:50 "
" Thrall	3:45 "

Bervey Lindley President,
 For Sale.

So acres 9 miles from Klamath Falls on Merrill stage road, mostly improved, and 40 acres of good timber land 3 miles from Klamath Falls. For prices and particulars inquire of C. C. Low, Belmont Feed stables.

WHAT WOULD THEY DO WITH IT?
 What Part of the Work of Government Would Women Do Any Better Than Men?—Taxation Without Representation an Argument Dangerous to its Advocates.

The one argument upon which the advocates of woman suffrage fall back as being unanswerable is that women are taxed without representation. This would seem to mean that whoever is taxed should have a vote, and the only conclusion of this reasoning is that whoever is not taxed should not vote. If the argument is worth anything it must mean that.

"I own property," says a woman who seeks to be a voter, "and I pay taxes on it, and I cannot think that taxation without representation is just."

This plea has been repeated so often that it is time to point out its fallacy. There are two kinds of taxes—a money tax and a service tax. The money tax is levied on property, men's and women's alike, pro rata. The service tax is levied on men alone. It calls for jury service, police service, military service, and every man takes his chances on it.

Sometimes one goes through his seventy years without suffering from it at all. Again, he spends weary hours in the jury room, or he is sworn in as a special constable to

Quell a Riot and Fight a Mob, or he is called to camp and battlefield, where he may lose a limb or an eye or his life.

Representation goes with this kind of taxation and not with the other. Property is protected by the government, whether man's or woman's, has no representation.

If it did, it must necessarily be in some degree proportional. Mr. Astor would have hundreds of times as many votes as the man that sweeps out his office. Instead of that, Mr. Astor has one vote, the sweeper has one vote.

And the reason is plain and unanswerable; it is because Mr. Astor can carry one musket. All are equal on the ballot because all are equal on what the ballot represents.

Mr. Astor enjoys his great property because the sweeper is ready to shoulder a musket and protect him in it; the sweeper is secure in his little earnings because Mr. Astor is ready to stand by him with his musket; we find it worth while to be industrious because Mr. Astor and the sweeper make it dangerous for anybody to molest us.

Without this protection our possessions would be of no value. This protection we contribute in equal measure, man for man, and this same protection we extend to our sisters, our cousins and our aunts.

Properly an election is for the purpose of determining under what laws and in what manner this protection shall be exercised, and those

who furnish the protection rightfully claim the privilege of dictating its form.

The woman suffragists, so far from interfering taxation without representation, are asking to be represented where they are not taxed.

No Woman is Taxed.
 and no property is represented. The woman's property is taxed, and for that money it and she get exactly what the man and his property get—police protection, fire service, lighting and cleaning of streets, maintenance of courts, etc.

Every man is taxed, even if he owns no property—a tax that is laid upon his time, his strength and often upon his life. He bears this tax for the protection of all the lives in the community, no matter whose, and all the property, no matter whose, and to this tax the women contribute nothing and are not asked to contribute.

The suffragists appear to think they dispose of this consideration when they speak of men who are "exempt" from military service and still vote. The immediate answer is that there is no real exemption.

All the men are liable, but when it happens that the government in an emergency does not need all at once it takes its pick and speaks of the others as "exempt." It may at first call only for the men under twenty-five, but when more are wanted it does not hesitate to call for men as old as thirty-five, and so on. Many now living remember an emergency in which ten states called out every man, of whatever age, who could shoulder a musket at all.

But even this is not the root of the question. For regular service in a long campaign the government would not take a man forty-five years of age with weak lungs if it could get as many as it wanted who were but twenty-five and had strong lungs.

But suppose the weak lunged man of forty-five is

"Agin the Government"
 and disposed to unite in an attempt to overthrow it, will he "exempt" himself? Will he refrain from joining an insurgent force on the ground that he is over age and not in robust health?

Youth or age, lungs or no lungs, that man is a power to be reckoned with, and this is why he is allowed to vote, in order that when the ballots are counted he may see that he and his kind are in the minority and it would be hopeless for them to attempt an overthrow of the government.

When the good Prince Albert in 1851 invented world's fairs and organized the first one, it was hoped that the brotherhood of man had been demonstrated and the era of universal peace begun, but in three years there was a bloody war that involved more than half of Europe, in which the only thing contended for was commercial supremacy.

And many who read this have seen in our forest of all free countries a million men fighting to the death and spending their last dollar.

Suffrage is Not a Right.
 It is so many times has been claimed. It is at once a privilege and a burden,

and no one has reason for asking for the privilege without being willing and able to assume the burden.

It is said that the casting of a vote is a slight duty, quietly performed. But to cast a vote ought to mean to cast it intelligently and honestly, and how can women gain that accurate intelligence except by attending caucuses, primaries, nominating conventions and supplementing general knowledge as far as possible by personal acquaintance with candidates?

Even if some women have time and ability for such work must have not, and even if they had the time is it desirable that the presence and co-work of unintelligent and depraved women should be added to the already jarring factions of political life?

Every woman knows that all women cannot purify politics, and if a good woman can vote.

So Can a Bad Woman!
 But when it is asked precisely what are some of the wrongs under which women suffer in town and city government as at present conducted, at precisely what points the bylaws of towns or the ordinances of cities bear unjustly upon women as women and in precisely what ways women are to gain from being permitted to vote at town and city elections there is silence.

But how about the interests of the community? In what particulars would cities and towns be benefited by the bestowal of the ballot on women?

The question cannot be answered by contrasting the best and most intelligent women with the worst or least intelligent men. The ballot, if it is given to women, will be used by all sorts of women, just as it is now by all sorts of men, and if, as must be confessed with shame, it is usually more difficult to bring out and concentrate the votes of the best sort of men than those of the baser sort, somewhat the same difficulty may be anticipated with regard to women.

The practical question is, Will the average woman vote more steadily, more intelligently, with a clearer knowledge of men and affairs and with a wiser adaptation of means to ends, than the average man?

Bicycles in Germany.
 Consul General Guenther of Frankfurt reports that according to a correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung, only a very insignificant portion of the bicycles used in Switzerland is supplied by the home industry. During the last five years 74,500 bicycles were imported into Switzerland, of which 49,500 were German, 12,500 French, 6,000 American, and 1,000 English. Less than ten years ago England controlled the Swiss bicycle market; to-day the English trade therein is almost nil. The Zeitung correspondent says that the imports from Germany are steadily increasing, keys, bells, lanterns, oil cans, etc. coming almost exclusively from Germany.

His Living Expenses.
 Mr. Jackson (surprised)—So you find your living expenses are reduced one-half since you got married?
 Mr. Johnson (desperately)—Yah, de other half has to go for household expenses.—Life.

Political Announcements
For Congressman—First District
 The undersigned takes this means of announcing to the voters of Oregon that he is a candidate for the office of congressman from the first district, subject to the wishes of the republicans, at the approaching primaries and election on April 20, 1906.
 S. B. HUSTON,
 Hillsboro, Or.

For Joint Representative.
 Geo. H. Merryman of Klamath Falls, Oregon, candidate for the Republican nomination as Joint Representative at the Primary election, April 20, 1906.

For County Judge.
 Geo. T. Baldwin, candidate for re-nomination for County Judge on the democratic ticket at the primaries to be held April 20, 1906.

For County Judge.
 Vote for B. St. Geo. Bishop for County Judge at the Democratic primaries April 20, 1906.
MY PLATFORM.
 To meet every emergency as it arises looking it squarely in the face and doing that so far as I am individually able which will revert to the most good for the whole county.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.
 I am a candidate for the office of County Judge, subject to the decision of the Republican primaries April 20. "The interest of the county first, farorism to none."
 C. K. BUNDSBERG.

For County Judge.
 I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Judge, subject to the decision of the Republican primaries of April 20.
 J. O. HERRICK.

For County Judge.
 I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of County Judge, subject to the decision of the Republican primaries, April 20.
 A. L. LEAVITT.

For County Commissioner.
 I hereby announce myself as a candidate for nomination to the office of Commissioner of Klamath County, Oregon, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the Primary election to be held April 20, 1906.
 JACOB REBER.

For Sheriff.
 I respectfully announce my candidacy for the nomination for the office of Sheriff of Klamath County, Oregon, at the primary election, April 20, 1906, on the Republican ticket.
 Strict attention to the business of the office guaranteed.
 SEAS OBERHEIM.

For County Treasurer.
 I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of County Treasurer subject to the decision of the republican primaries on April 20.
 A careful business administration is guaranteed.
 E. ALVA LEWIS.

DR. WM. MARTIN
DENTIST
 Klamath Falls, Oregon

E. B. HENRY
CIVIL ENGINEER and SURVEYOR
 KLAMATH FALLS
 All kinds engineering and draughting

C. T. BONNEY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
 Examining Abstracts a Specialty
NOTARY PUBLIC
 Office—New Women Building

GLOSS & SONNAFRANK
 Painter and Decorator.
 Home and Sign Painting
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 Apply at this office.

Plans and Specifications Furnished
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CONTRACTOR and BUILDER
 First Class Work Guaranteed
 MAIN STREET, bet. 5th and 6th Sts
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 Klamath Falls : : Oregon
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Good Honest Service
the Card That Wins
ITS MIND
 How would a Sheet Steel Front suit you as a substitute for brick; doesn't cost so much and looks better

C. L. NOEL
 PHONE 173
Building Contractor
 Plans and Estimates Free
 Agent for Sheet Steel Fronts and Interior Decorations

THE HOT SPRINGS IMPROVEMENT CO.

Will, about the first week in May, offer for sale Lots in the **HOT SPRINGS ADDITION.**

This property is very favorably located, and we shall make such improvements upon it as to make it attractive to those wishing to build nice homes.

- We shall grade the streets.
- We shall lay cement sidewalks.
- We shall provide perfect drainage.
- We shall construct sewers.
- We shall provide a water system.
- We shall secure electric lights.
- We shall have a great hotel on the tract.
- We shall make a park around the splendid Hot Springs, situated almost in the center of the Tract.
- We shall have the depot of the California Northeastern Railway.
- We shall have a Street Car system as soon as required.
- We shall stand for A GREAT AND BEAUTIFUL KLAMATH FALLS.