

CALAND BUSINESS BRIEFS

A few early seed potatoes, early Janssen, here the "American" and "Bee" shoe at the Brick Store, Conner, of Lone Rock Ranch, Lake valley, spent Sunday in L. Alva Lewis.

A new line of ladies' dressing the window at Winter's Jew. Martin, the merchant and mill, arrived in the city Tuesday.

Boys returned Tuesday from where he has been visiting his relatives. L. Alva Lewis, line of Laughlin Fountain Pens, \$5.00. Every pen guaranteed. Jewelry Store.

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CONFIRMS PROPOSITION

KLAMATH FALLS, Ore., April 15, '05.
HON. WM. H. SANDERS.
Meeting Chairman Board of U. S. Consulting Engineers, and J. P. Churchill, Chairman Water Users' Assn.

GENTLEMEN: Confirming proposition made to the bodies of which you were chairman on the above date at Klamath Falls, Oregon, and in order that a definite and correct record may be made thereof, we beg to say:

We understand, up to the time that we heard to the contrary from your Messrs. Lippincott and Sanders, that the purpose of said meeting was to take up negotiations with reference to the acquisition of our water rights in the Klamath Basin by the Reclamation Service at the point where the same were left off at Washington. These negotiations, as well known to your Mr. Lippincott and also to Mr. F. H. Newell, Chief Engineer of the service, had reached the point where the only difference was as to the consideration to be paid us between the figures \$150,000, then signified as agreeable to the Reclamation Service, and \$250,000 as asked by the Klamath Canal Company, and that difference was, as understood by us to be submitted to a board of arbitrators to consist of United States Senators Bard and Fulton and Congressman Needham of California, for final determination. Your Mr. Lippincott, however, at the meeting of this date at Klamath Falls, stated that the proposition to us submitting such question of consideration was a tentative one. This consideration, however, was exclusive of the right to develop power from the Upper Klamath lake. Finally, however, the representative of the Klamath Canal Company understood that before consummation of arrangement certain engineering difficulties which had been suggested by telegram from Mr. Humphrey had to be investigated on the ground by the board of engineers. However, as it was stated at the Klamath Falls meeting that past negotiations were not to be considered, and as we were requested to submit a proposition to the Reclamation Service to be by it passed upon in a recommendatory way and thereupon submitted to the Secretary of the Interior eliminating, however, any reservations for water for power and contemplating absolute withdrawal of our Company from the field, we thereupon signified our willingness to accept the total sum of \$250,000 to include:

First, The right to divert waters from the Upper Klamath lake for irrigation of arid lands, together with canals as far as constructed therefrom;

Second, The right to divert waters from Upper Klamath lake for development of power at Klamath Falls, and;

Third, Right of navigation upon the canal used for such diversions.

As to our water right to the irrigation of arid lands, we beg to say that prior to the advent of the Reclamation Service in said field, and under and in compliance with the laws of the State of Oregon permitting corporations organized for the purposes that our Company was so to do, we filed notices and plats of appropriation and posted same and performed all the acts necessary under the laws of said state to initiate our right to such appropriation, and such appropriation covered all of the several interests hereinabove indicated. We immediately, as required under the laws of Oregon, commenced construction of our facilities for diversion and have prosecuted such construction without interruption and with due diligence up to the present time. Our rights of irrigation were also supported by contract from the land owners of upwards of 29,000 acres lying below our system. Such contracts required us to deliver water by April 15, 1906. We originally contemplated the irrigation of much more land than this as fast as future conditions and development would warrant, but if the government remains in the field the irrigable area to us available will not exceed the acreage above indicated, to-wit, 29,000 acres.

As to the development of power, our notice of appropriation called for 150,000 inches, and enough thereof is available for 10,000 horse power. The water used for this purpose are to be returned to Lake Ewanna at its upper or northerly side, the water for this purpose to be taken from our tunnel and canal system within the town of Klamath Falls, and the power plant to be located thereon. In addition to our regular canal we

have acquired and now hold a franchise or grant from the City of Klamath Falls for a right of a water way usable for the development of this power through said town, and in pursuance of said privilege we have partially constructed said water way and had the same in course of construction when enjoined by action brought in the Circuit Court of the United States, instituted, so we are informed, at the request of the Reclamation Service. In connection with this right we beg to suggest that we are additionally informed that Mr. Knykendall, the local attorney for the branch of the Reclamation Service known as the Water Users' Association, instituted on the alleged behalf of Mr. Beebe, an injunction suit challenging our right as granted by the Town of Klamath Falls to maintain said water way, but on the trial of said cause the Honorable F. L. Frazer, Circuit Judge of the State of Oregon, decided adversely to his contention and upheld our rights. The power to thus develop we contemplate using for development of electricity for power and light purposes, and pumping plant for supply of water to the municipality.

As to the rights of navigation, we contemplate the use of the main canal, navigation to extend thereon from the Upper Klamath Lake to the various points lower down the valley along its course.

At the said meeting at Klamath Falls Mr. Sanders, the Chairman thereof, as well as Mr. Lippincott, of the Board of Engineers, declared that we had no water right because we neglected to obtain permission from the Secretary of War for the diversion. On date above mentioned the Klamath Canal Company was served with writ of injunction prohibiting such diversion, the basis for such action apparently being:

First: The actual interference with actual navigation by our diversion; and, Second: The failure to obtain permission from the Secretary of War for the diversion.

As the proper tribunal has this point before it for decision at this time, its decision is idle. We desire to say, however, that our position may be made clear, that we believe the result of that action will be the absolute upholding of the rights we have asserted. So confident are we that this will be the result, that we welcome the bringing of this action.

We submitted to Mr. Lippincott and through him we are informed the same was exhibited to the Water Users' Association, a statement of our expenditures in connection with our operations in the Klamath Basin, as above outlined. We did not submit this statement as an evidence of the value of our property, but simply to show actual outlay and extent of operations. The figure we submitted for an absolute transfer of all our rights in the water field, including the Klamath Basin, is far below its actual value and far below what could be actually realized, as we firmly believe, from the carrying out of our plans. In view, however, of the character of the opposition that our enterprise in this field seems to have aroused and engendered, we are willing to make what we consider a very substantial reduction from what we consider the actual value of our property, and this we have done in submitting the sale thereof at the figure above named. In this connection and with reference solely to the value of the power which can be developed in the vast and varied adjacent field to which such power may be applied, we beg as an illustration thereof to call your attention to the power plant of the Siskiyou Electric Light & Power Company, of which one of your Chairmen, Mr. J. P. Churchill, is an important official, now in operation at Fall Creek, Siskiyou County, California, and which is furnishing power not only in said County, but at the present time extended to the State of Oregon, and which is lighting several municipalities and furnishing power to sawmills, mines and other plants.

In conclusion we beg to say that this communication is made for the reason above stated, of placing our proposition, with the substantial reasons therefor in definite form so that no future misunderstandings may arise from a misconception or misunderstanding arising from the oral discussions pro and con at the former meeting.

Respectfully submitted,
KLAMATH CANAL COMPANY.
By C. N. Hawkins, President.

over his extensive properties. In company with Dr. C. R. Ray these gentlemen have gone to upper Rogue River, and will remain a few days. The Messrs. Ray and Hopkins, while not significant to outward appearances, may prove of great importance to this section.—Medford Oregonian.

BASE BALL SUNDAY.
There will be a base ball game next Sunday at 2 P. M. at the Agricultural Association grounds, between the Maroons and the High School. The two teams have been practicing some time and are now fully organized. The line up is as follows:

MAROONS
Joe Ball P Jesse Siemens
Chas. Martin 1B Geo. Merryman
Al Stahlman 2B Roy Forker
Don Zumwalt 3B Al Sloan
Harry Benson SS K. North
Will Wilson CF Chas. Darley
Rose Boyd LF Holly Siemens
Harry Dyggart RF Alex Shives

PIANO TUNING—H. E. Hall is here to do piano tuning. His work is guaranteed. References can be obtained at Ft. Klamath. Leave orders at Winter's jewelry store.

HOPKINS AT MEDFORD.
Col. Frank H. Ray, who is a prominent figure in Wall Street, New York, and principal stockholder of the Condor Water Power Co., is in the valley, on a tour of inspection.

Congressman Hopkins of Pennsylvania, who owns many thousands of acres of valuable timber land in Jackson and Klamath counties, is also here looking

ABANDONING USE OF MEAT

Consumption of Fruits and Vegetables is on the Increase in This Country.

Striking though the decline in meat consumption as shown by the census report is, none of us will take it as evidence that we eat less generously than our ancestors. Indeed, says Pearson's Magazine, Americans as a people never fared better in food than they do to-day. To make up for the decreased meat diet there is but one way to turn. Have we increased our vegetable food—our wheat, corn, oats, potatoes, garden vegetables, fruits, sugar?

The census gives interesting results. In 1850 Americans consumed 430 bushels of wheat for each 100 persons; in 1900, 623 bushels—a very marked rise. Corn and potatoes give very similar percentages of increase. But the most surprising change is in the consumption of oats, presumably on account of the improved methods of the manufacture of oatmeal; 90 bushels in 1850 to 336 bushels in 1900—over fourfold in 40 years. During the last decade, however, the consumption of oatmeal has lost ground relatively, dropping to 361 bushels for each 100 persons. This decrease is probably due to the substitution of other "cereals" and "breakfast" foods, which have in some families wholly taken the place of oatmeal.

Now, take the market garden product, fruits and sugars. Anyone who will stop to think of the present day grocery store with its rows upon rows of inviting canned goods—tomatoes, corn, peas, beans and all manner of fruits—and of the excellent displays of green vegetables and fresh fruits, from huckleberries to watermelons, will find himself convinced of the importance part these foods play in our common diet. And then our candy item, our preserves item; no one whose memory can supply a comparison of the candy stores of 30 years ago with those of to-day can fail to be impressed with the increase of sugar consumption. Here, indeed, the figures tell a striking story. In 1850 each man, woman and child in America ate 23 pounds of sugar; in 1900 66 pounds of sugar. And in the 20 years since 1880 the consumption of market garden products and fruits has increased more than threefold.

And here is another interesting point: Ten years ago potatoes outranked market garden products more than two to one. The last census puts them in the opposite relation, potatoes falling behind by nearly \$10,000,000. One of the most striking features of this increased eating of market garden products is indicated by the remarkable increase of land covered by glass to supply our modern bills of fare with early and late "green stuff." It is scarcely a dozen years since this increase began its expansion and yet the census of 1900 reports over 300 acres of land covered with glass in New York state alone and nearly as much in Pennsylvania and New Jersey, with over 200 acres each in Illinois and Massachusetts.

BOTTLE GUN SHOOT'S OIL.
Invention of a Brazilian Admiral to Smooth the Surface of the Ocean.

While the process of quieting the troubled waters by scattering oil on the surface has been known and practiced for a long time, there are constantly new means being devised for the application of the oil. The latest thing of this character is the "bottle gun," which has been invented by Vice Admiral Guimaraes, of the Brazilian navy, who proposes to scatter oil on the water ahead of the boat by its means.

The gun is a handy little piece, mounted on a pivot carriage, which is bolted down to the deck, so that there is no recoil. It is made of bronze, but the chamber at the breech which contains the propelling charge is of steel. The charge, in a brass central fire cylinder, is loaded into the gun from the rear, as it is a breech-loading piece, with an interrupted screw plug to close it.

The bore of the gun is of much greater diameter than the powder chamber, and the projectile, which is nothing more than an ordinary wine bottle filled with sawdust steeped in oil, is entered at the muzzle and rammed home. The advantage of this is obvious, since there would never be any difficulty in providing a supply of these fragile projectiles.

When the gun is discharged the bottle is, of course, broken, and with its contents scattered over the water for a considerable distance. If fired ahead, to form a smooth pathway for the advancing vessel, it requires to be discharged every five minutes, but if the vessel is stationary or lying to one round every 20 minutes is said to be sufficient.

Touched the Spot.
"Rodrick—So Freddy is after the rich Gotrox girl? How in the world did he make such a favorable impression with the mother?"

Van Albert—Oh, that was easy. When he saw the mother and daughter together for the first time he asked if they were sisters.—Chicago Daily News.

The Other Side.
She—I should imagine automobileing must be the poetry of motion.
He—So it is; until the machine breaks down. Then it suddenly becomes "blank verse!"—N. Y. Times.

Altogether Too Unpleasant.
Would-be Actress—In the third act I simply lose myself.
Manager—Well, let us have that act first.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Would Give Up.
Papa—What?
Daughter—I wish to marry the duke.
Papa—Well, I'll give up!
Daughter—I knew you would, you dear old popper you, but the duke wants to know how much?—Houston Post.

Where the Real Pull Comes.
Patient—Well, now, can you give me the gas?
Doctor—The tooth is out, my dear sir.

Patient—Yes, but it's paying the fee that hurts.—Royal Magazine.

KLAMATH COUNTY BANK

Klamath Falls, Oregon

Alex Martin, President, Alex Martin Jr, Cashier
E. R. Reames, Vice-Pres't, E. M. Bubb, Asst. Cashier.

Absolute Safety

Is the policy of this bank, and it is rigidly adhered to.
Safety first. Liberality next.

WALL PAPER

BIG SHIPMENT OF SPECIALLY SELECTED WALL PAPER WILL BE HERE SOON

GEO. R. HURN
Hardware Dealer Klamath Falls

"MANNING'S" KANDY KITCHEN

CANDIES, CONFECTIONERY FRUIT, TABLETS, STATIONERY, ENVELOPES, CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, CUTLERY AND NOVELTIES.
A. J. MANNING.

BEST EQUIPPED HOTEL IN SOUTHERN OREGON

Lakeside Inn,

MRS. M. McMILLAN, Prop'r.

Modern improvements. 73 rooms and suites. Sample Rooms, Bar Room, Parlors, Two Club Rooms, Etc., Etc.

SPECIAL RESORT FOR TOURISTS

BISHOP'S EXCLUSIVE FURNITURE STORE

is the place to save money. Call and see my stock before sending out for your goods. I will take pleasure in showing you around and will give you prices that will justify you in buying at home. Complete line of iron and wood beds, springs and mattresses, chairs, tables, etc., etc., etc.

HARDWARE

Stoves, Tinware and Crockery

Stiletto Cutlery

Wagons and Farm Implements

GEO. T. BALDWIN

Hardware Dealer

FIRST EXCURSION OF THE SEASON

STEAMER WINEMA

SUNDAY, APRIL 30, 1905.

ROUND TRIP \$1.00

TICKETS ON SALE AT BISHOP'S

BENEFIT DANCE

Opera House, Saturday Evening, April 29, 1905
Tickets 50 Cents

Proceeds to be used to buy artificial limb for 12-year old John Stankey

SELL THE MARKER



Fountain Pen

Y DRUG STORE

Klamath Falls.

WHY I Advertise in the Newspapers



I advertise in the newspapers because I am not ashamed of my goods or the work of my repair department, and to let people know about myself, my store and my stock.

Because I cater to the intelligent class and they read the papers, and I believe in increasing my business.

Because I talk to more people through the newspapers at a greater distance in less time and at a more reasonable price than in any other way.

Because my newspaper advertising has brought me greater returns for the least expenditure of any advertising I have done.

Because when I write an ad., I am not too stingy to pay for placing it in the best possible medium or to have it inserted so that it is attractive. Thus I know it is seen and read by almost everyone in the house where the paper goes.

L. ALVA LEWIS, Jeweler.

NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

Ladies Shirts, Underwear, latest in Collars and long Ties, Lawn Caps, and new Ribbons. The swellest line of Ladies and Children's Kid Gloves and Hosiery ever received in Klamath Falls, also a full line of new Embroidery. Call and see them at

Mrs. G. W. Fish's Millinery Store. Next door to Kandy Kitchen.

WORKMEN ADOPT NEW PLAN.

At the special session of the A. O. U. W. Grand Lodge in Portland last week, the proposed new plan of assessment was adopted and ordered put into effect, by a vote of 131 to 48. The change in the assessment adopted the plan of the old-line insurance by a fixed rate, dependent upon the age of the applicant when he joins the order, making it that each member on the average, will pay into the order during his expectancy of life, the amount of his insurance. The delegates from Klamath Falls, K. D. Jones and Marion Hanks, have returned and will probably be in attendance at next lodge meeting to give their report of the proceedings. Judge Baldwin, who is one of the Grand Lodge members, will not return until the last of the month.

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