

## GOVERNMENT AND CANAL PEOPLE REACH TERMS DISEASE AND DEATH LURK IN ICE PUT UP BY BUSINESS MEN

### THE CITY COUNCIL ORDERS CRU- SADE AGAINST NUMBER OF PLACES.

The Town Council is now up in arms against typhoid germs, bacteria, microbes and every form of bacilli that carries with it disease and death into the foods that we eat, the liquids that we drink, and especially into the ice that cools our food and drink.

"The ice put up by certain business men of this city was taken from the entrance way to the filthy sewers of the town," said one of the councilmen. "I have been besieged by citizen after citizen to take this matter up," said another.

"The meats of some of the markets will be kept cool next summer by being placed practically in direct contact with the disease laden ice," said a third.

"The ice cream served to our women and children and the lemonade and soda water drunk by our wives and daughters will fairly reek with these death giving germs," said another of the councilmen. "I fear I will get some of it in my lemonade in taking a quiet drink at the saloons," said Councilman Hurn.

"These dreaded germs may invade the brewery," said B. St. Geo. Bishop. "I will be even afraid to drink ordinary cow's milk," said Councilman Willis.

"Long since have cut out all but water," said Chairman Alex. Martin, Jr. "and now I believe I shall cut that out." "Fortunately I have never drank anything," said Recorder Brower.

"I shall submit an ordinance at the next meeting with a galling gun pointing in every direction," said City Attorney Rutledge, "and expect to so word it as to catch these microbes coming and going."

Thus the war was opened on the breeders of disease by the City Council at its regular meeting Monday night.

D. E. Riseford appeared while the council was in session with a package of letters containing one addressed to each of the Councilmen and the Chairman, asking for an electric light at the corner of the street near his residence. He made various threats in these letters of what he would do if the Council should not grant the request. He stated to Councilman Hurn that they were both indebted to each other, and should the balance be in Hurn's favor he would not pay the bill if Hurn did not vote for the light. He threatened to have a team of mules tied with their heads to the front door of Councilman Willis' home and then turn in the fire alarm, so as to run

him into the heels of the mules if he refused to favor the light. The threats upon the Chairman of the Board and Councilman Bishop were of such a personal nature that these gentlemen refused to divulge them, though all the Board voted enthusiastically for the light.

Quintclaim deeds were accepted from owners granting a public alley through block 34, known as the Marple property.

The problem of handling the diseased ice claimed to have been stored by a number of Klamath business men was then taken up and discussed at length. Citizens joining in the discussion. It was reported and stated on good authority that ice had been taken from the cesspools at the mouth of the sewers near Main Street, and had been put up to be used next summer by ice cream vendors, meat markets and some of the saloons. The names of these persons were given and the matter was handled without sentiment. It was openly stated that the ice is not only filthy but it is dangerous to the health and lives of the people of Klamath Falls. The Council was unanimous in condemning it, and only wished to know how to handle the matter. They were in favor of having ice dumped into the lake and passing an ordinance prohibiting its sale, and prohibiting the taking of ice within certain limits of the city in the future.

The point of dealing with private rights arose and legal advice was sought along these lines. It was a question as to whether or not the city could prevent these persons from using the ice themselves, but it was agreed that an ordinance could be passed prohibiting them from serving it to others.

It was claimed on the other hand that those who had put up the alleged impure ice only intended to use it for cooling purposes but the Councilmen declared that it was unfit for use in any form, and that since freezing does not destroy disease germs if placed in refrigerators or used in making ice cream, the germs would creep into the foods and drinks, and thus infect the system.

It was finally unanimously voted that City Attorney Rutledge should look into the entire matter, and prepare an ordinance to be submitted at the next Council meeting, dealing as rigidly as the law would permit in the case of prohibiting the use of the alleged impure ice, and to bring about its condemnation if possible.

### IRRIGATION WILL NOW PROCEED WITHOUT FURTHER DELAY

The good news is authoritatively stated that a deal is practically consummated by which all differences are settled between the Government and the Klamath Canal Company.

Telegrams are now passing back and forth in the arrangement of the final terms of settlement. The same deal will include the interests of the Little Klamath Water Ditch Company, the Ankeny-Henley Ditch and all other water rights in the Klamath Basin.

The exact terms of the deal with the Klamath Canal Company have not been definitely settled, though there is scarcely a doubt that the matter will be amicably consummated before the next issue of the Klamath Republican.

Engineer Humphery returned last night from a trip to Los Angeles, San Francisco and Sacramento, where he went in the interest of the project, and has many good things to say. The bills in aid of the project have passed both houses of the Oregon and California legislatures, and have been signed by the governors of the two states. The bill has also passed both houses of the National Congress, and is ready for the signature of President Roosevelt, if he has not already signed it. He used his personal influence in the matter and there is no question but that he will approve the bill.

The consulting board will meet in Klamath Falls at an early date, and prepare a general report and general plans for immediate commencement of the work. One of the members will arrive from Southern California next week, and those from Washington, D. C., will come later.

The present settlement of the differences between the Klamath Canal Company and the Government, and the purchase of the former's rights as well as that of other water rights in the county, is being made between the representatives of the Klamath enterprises and the Secretary of the Interior, but Engineer Humphery states that this will have to be ratified by the water users of Klamath County.

### OWNERS OF ICE MAKE STATE- MENTS TO THE KLAMATH REPUBLICAN.

The ice users present another phase to the story.

There is always two sides to every question and the ice question in Klamath Falls certainly indicates the fact.

"It cuts no ice with me what the City Council does or the cranks who always find fault whether there is a cause or not," said one.

"There is no pure ice in Klamath county so far as that is concerned," said another. "The waters of the lake are not fit to drink and since freezing does not destroy the germs of disease, all ice taken from the surface of the lakes is impure, and no one has any particular advantage over the other. I took my ice near town and while I shall not mix it with anything I sell, or sell the ice itself, I shall use it for freezing and cooling purposes and will take such precaution as not to spread disease or cause epidemics, such as is predicted by some of the technical experts on bacteria in the town."

The Republicans, always fair and determined to give all the news and both sides of every question, called on the business men who put up ice, Tuesday morning, and stated to them what had been discussed before the city Council, and asked for an explanation. The gentlemen cheerfully responded, and gave the Republican representative the facts freely of how they secured their ice and the manner in which they expected to use or dispose of it.

A Castel, proprietor of the Brewery, made the following statement:

"I put up 40 tons of ice to be used in my business the coming year. I obtained the ice in the canal on the west side of Lake Ewauna, and consider it as pure as any natural ice that can be obtained in this country. I regard it as even purer than the ice on the Upper Lake. The ice on the Upper Lake runs a chance of being infected with the dots and jet-sam of that great body of water. A great many fish of the sucker species die and float into the waters of the lake, which give a chance for impurity, but in the canal where I got my ice, there is but little vegetation and the water is purer than in other places. It is like taking it from a flowing stream. I reiterate that my ice is as pure as can be obtained here under present conditions, and I feel perfectly safe in using it for keeping my beer cold."

A. J. Manning, proprietor of the Candy Kitchen, who serves ice cream, lemonade and other soft drinks in the summer, said:

"I have two ice houses; one I filled from the cut near the saw-mill in town, and which I am informed has been objected to. This ice I use solely for cooling purposes and it never in any way comes in contact with the ice cream, or other soft drinks which I serve. I have an ice house on the west side of the river, which I filled with ice from the cut or canal over there and which is regarded as pure as any that can be obtained in the county. This ice I serve in lemonade, ice cream and other cold drinks. But I do not intend to and never have used the ice directly with the

cream or drinks served. It is placed on the coils through which the water pipes run and around the freezer in which the ice-cream is made, and no possible danger could come from using it in the manner which I have adopted."

C. D. Willson is absent from the city, but S. L. Walker, one of his representatives, said:

"We took our ice from the Upper Klamath lake. We supplied this place as well as the Bank Saloon from the same source. We would not take any chances on taking ice from the sloughs and ponds about town, owing to the fact that most of them are polluted by the drainage from the closets and sewers of the town. Our ice is as pure as can be obtained, and we are not afraid to use it ourselves or serve it to our customers."

J. V. Houston is also absent from the city, but his representative, J. A. Houston, said:

"We put up our ice the present season as we have always done. We took it from two different sources. The ice that we use in the cellar for keeping beer cool, we took from the channel near the saloon. This we do not use for any purpose except for cold storage. The ice we use in the restaurant and for the houses we took from the canal across the lake. This is as pure as can be obtained. The statement, however, that the ice taken near the premises is impure is a mistake. It is only for the name of the thing that we do not use it except for freezing purposes. It came from a canal where the water flows from the Upper lake and is in no way connected with the sewerage of the town. We have been purchasing this course for years, and have sold and given ice to some of the very persons who are now making a howl about its impurity. They used it right along heretofore and we have heard of no serious results. If the City Council wish to make war on us, we will meet them on every point."

C. B. Crier, of the former Wampler market, which is now owned by Fred Melhase, said:

"When Melhase came here in January and bought the Wampler market, we visited the place near the market where the ice was being taken out for its use. We immediately made up our minds that the ice was not pure, and that we would not use it. We made arrangements and had 40 tons taken from the west side of the lake at the best point we could find, and this we stored in Mr. Melhase's ice-house, near the Lakeside Inn, for use in our market. We shall not use the ice put up by Mr. Wampler, but shall use our own, which is as good as there is in town."

F. O. Krause, who also put up ice from the place objected to by the Council, when seen by a Republican representative, said:

"I got my ice near the saw mill, and expect to use it for cooling and freezing purposes. I put it on coils and use in freezing ice cream, but never permit it to come in contact with the cream or soft drinks which I serve. I will have no ice for sale, and there can be no possible danger from the manner in which I will use it."

### DOUBTING THOMAS MONDELL WILL VISIT US.

Congressman Mondell, of Wyoming, who is Chairman of the Committee on Irrigation in the House of Representatives at Washington, D. C., is arranging for a visit of the members of the House and Senate Irrigation Committees to the irrigation districts of Oregon.

Since Klamath county has the great project and the one which is considered the hobby of the Reclamation officers, it will be the objective point of the distinguished visitors. This will settle all future trouble and delay in government irrigation in Klamath county. To see is to be convinced, and when they come to Klamath county the

evidence will be overwhelming. It is the intention of the visitors to assemble at Omaha, Nebraska, early in June, and proceed thence to El Paso, Texas, and from there to New Mexico; then to Arizona; thence to California. They will then go to San Francisco, stopping over at Hazen, Nevada, where they will inspect the project there. They will arrive there in time to see the turning on of the water to irrigate 50,000 acres of arid land. From San Francisco they will go to Salt Lake, and after visiting the projects of Utah, will go to Colorado, after which they will visit Idaho, and thence to Washington and Oregon.

Mondell has especially expressed himself as anxious to see the great Klamath project, since it has gained more notoriety in the past few months than all the other government schemes combined. The committee will probably reach this point in July, at a time very favorable for the county. The weather will be delightful, the roads good, and vegetation at its best. This Doubting Thomas will be convinced once and for all that the Klamath project is the most feasible in the United States; hence the people of this county have no reason to object to these distinguished visitors.

### KLAMATH SUGAR BEETS SHOW GOOD ANALYSIS

T. H. Humphery, Government Engineer in charge of the local irrigation project, received this morning from Washington, D. C. from the Agricultural Department an analysis of two sugar beets raised in Klamath County. The government official in commenting upon the product said the per cent in sugar was phenomenally high, and the analysis shows that sugar beet can be raised in Klamath County successfully and of a superior quality.

The Engineer is in receipt of a large sack, containing several bushels of sugar beet seed and as soon as he gets instructions from Washington in regard to planting and culture, these will be distributed among the Klamath farmers for experimental purposes. The analysis of the two beets raised in this county is as follows:

Average weight, 13 oz., sugar per cent 21.7, sugar in juice, 24.1, coefficient of purity, 83.1.

FOR SALE—A first class new Decker & Son Piano. For particulars call at the Republican office.

See Newton for Livery.

### RAISING THE BONUS FOR THE RAILROAD

W. S. Worden and James Driscoll, the Rustling Committee, who are in the field raising the \$100,000 bonus for the new railroad, report progress slow, but say they have the matter organized now and expect to make big reports next week. They have been disappointed in a number of cases in Klamath Falls, many persons refusing to subscribe because they do not own real estate. The committee men say that some of the business men who expect to reap a harvest from the coming of the railroad expect themselves on the ground that they have no land. Some of them take a broader view of the matter, however, and are subscribing liberally. Following are the subscriptions to date:

C. S. & R. S. Moore ..... \$5000.00  
C. E. Worden ..... 4000.00  
W. A. Wright ..... 4000.00  
G. W. White ..... 2500.00  
W. S. Worden ..... 1000.00  
Joe G. Pierce ..... 1000.00  
Fred Melhase ..... 1000.00  
Charles D. Willson ..... 1000.00  
H. F. Murdoch ..... 1000.00  
R. St. Geo. Bishop ..... 1000.00  
Mrs. R. W. Marple ..... 500.00  
J. C. Rutledge ..... 100.00  
H. J. Winters ..... 100.00

For Rent.

One good four room house, good water chicken houses, one small barn, ten acres under cultivation. An ideal place to raise poultry. Five miles from Klamath Falls. For terms apply to M. L. Burns.

### CENTRAL CAFE

Meals at all Hours  
Day or Night  
Oysters, any Style  
J. V. HOUSTON.

### HOMESEEKERS MEET WITH HARD LUCK

The Alturas Plaindealer tells about how William Thompson and Felix Allen came nearly losing their lives by drowning while trying to locate homesteads in the middle of Tule lake on the California side, in anticipation of the lake being drained by the Klamath irrigation scheme.

After describing the visions of future wealth which lured the men on the paper says:

"These men took a boat and proceeded to sound the lake for the purpose of determining the location of the lands they desired, and after finding places that suited them, they returned to the shore and gathered a number of long poles with which they intended to stake out their claims. With this boat load of poles they rowed back to their prospective happy homes and began to map out the fields. But a windstorm came upon them, and their work was cut short. Some of the poles were stuck in the lake bed, others were dumped into water in the hope that they would drift into position and also to prevent capsizing."

"The wind increased in violence, and as darkness came on, the nearly exhausted men made a determined effort and reached shore about one-half mile from their camp. As the waves were rolling too high they tied their boat in a sheltered place, and walked to camp where they found that some Indians had stolen their provisions."

"The darkness was heavy and the distance to the settlements long, so they spent the night as best they could and started home early in the morning. After other varied experiences they arrived in Alturas, tired and footsore and with an appetite that was appalling to the hotel keeper."

Town Treasurer's Notice.  
Notice is hereby given that there are funds in the town treasury for the redemption of the following warrants: 1136, 1138, 1137, 1138, 1139, 1140, 1141, 1142. Interest will cease from this date. Dated at Klamath Falls, Or., this 12th day of January, 1905.  
J. W. Siemens, Town Treasurer.

### Administrator's Notice.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath.

In the Matter of the Estate

of

Anne Uerlings, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the County Court of Klamath County, Oregon, sitting in probate, did on the 6th day of February, 1905, appoint me as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Anne Uerlings, deceased. All persons having claims against her estate will present them to me on or before six months after the date of this notice, to-wit: August 6, 1905, at my residence in Klamath Falls, Oregon, duly verified according to law.

Dated this 23rd day of February, 1905.

JOHN A. UERLINGS,

Administrator of the Estate of Anne Uerlings, deceased.

Administrator's Notice.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath.

In the Matter of the Estate

of

Charles P. Hughes, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the County Court of Klamath County, Oregon, sitting in probate did on the 6th day of February, 1905, appoint me as administrator of the estate of Charles P. Hughes, deceased. All persons having claims against his estate will present them to me on or before six months after the date of this notice, to-wit: August 6, 1905, at my residence in Klamath Falls, Oregon, duly verified according to law.

Dated this 23rd day of February, 1905.

VICTOR G. HUGHES,

Administrator of the Estate of Charles P. Hughes, deceased.

Treasurer's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that there are funds in the County Treasury for the redemption of all outstanding Klamath County warrants protested on or prior to January 18, 1901. Interest on same will cease from this date.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, this 23rd day of January, 1905.

L. Alva Lewis,

County Treasurer.

HARRY WEBER

PAINTER

All around manipulator of

the Paint and Paste Brush

Estimates Furnished

## DRUGS

A complete line of pure drugs. Everything fresh. Special attention given to prescriptions by experts.

## CITY DRUG STORE EAST END

BOWDOIN JOB PRINTER  
SIGN PAINTER  
HORN'S HARDWARE STORE  
Klamath Falls, Or.

OSCAR C. STONE,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Klamath Falls, Oregon

**BISHOP'S**  
EXCLUSIVE  
**FURNITURE**  
STORE

is the place to save money. Call and see my stock before sending out for your goods. I will take pleasure in showing you around and will give you prices that will justify you in buying at home. Complete line of iron and wood beds, springs and mattresses, chairs, tables, etc., etc., etc.

**BEST EQUIPPED HOTEL IN SOUTHERN OREGON**

**Lakeside Inn,**

MRS. M. McMILLAN, Prop'r.


Modern improvements. 73 rooms and suites. Sample Rooms, Bar Room, Parlors, Two Club Rooms, Etc., Etc.

**SPECIAL RESORT FOR TOURISTS**

**"E H MODE MILLINERY"**  
MRS. H. P. GALARNEAU.

Latest Styles and Newest Shapes in  
Ladies, Misses and Children's Headwear

FANCY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, LACES  
**UP-TO-DATE DRESSMAKING**

  
**EYE TROUBLES**

Do your eyes blur at times?  
Do they hurt after reading?  
Are there frequent headaches?  
Are the muscles around the eyes drawing wrinkles and crow's feet?

Only when sight is gone is the terrible danger realized. I examine the eyes in the most intelligent and careful manner without charge. If glasses are needed I can supply the correct lenses mounted in any manner desired.

H. J. WINTERS,  
Watchmaker and Jeweler.  
Graduate Optician