

FURNITURE

I want your trade. Don't send out of town for your goods. I have an immense line of warranted goods to select from. Goods and prices guaranteed. It will cost you nothing to call at my store. I will show you where you can save Money.

BISHOP



4th of July CELEBRATION

AT Klamath Falls

Arrangements are being made by the Klamath County Agricultural Association for a glorious celebration ON THE FOURTH Races, parade, ball games, fireworks, excursions on the lake

Ranches and Town PROPERTY

I have thousands of acres of choice alfalfa land and stock ranches near the Town of Merrill. Write me for information JOHN T. KING, MERRILL, OREGON

KLAMATH REPUBLICAN.

Republican in Politics, and devoted to the Timber, Agricultural, Stock and Wool interests of the great Klamath County.

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THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1904.

IRRIGATION IN KLAMATH.

Water Rights Low as Compared to Land Irrigated by the Government

The Secretary of the Interior has approved fourteen projects for storing or diverting water for the reclamation of arid lands—one in each of fourteen states. For the Uncompahgre project in Colorado the appropriation is \$2,500,000. In this case it is proposed to divert water from the Gunnison river, whose valley contains only a small amount of bottom land, through a tunnel six miles long, into the Uncompahgre valley, which has more land than water. It is expected to reclaim about 100,000 acres, and the estimated cost per acre is therefore, \$25. The Minidok, a storage project in the Snake River valley in Idaho, is a proposal to reclaim 120,000 acres for \$2,600,000, or \$21.66 per acre. The Yuma project in California proposes to irrigate by diversion about 100,000 acres of bottom land for \$3,000,000, or \$30 per acre. Storage reservoirs on the Colorado will apparently have to be made on the upper river, and will involve long canals, with, probably, much loss for seepage. The reservoirs, however are quite sure to be built in time. There is a possibility that the Yuma project may be greatly enlarged to take in the lands of the Imperial colony if an agreement can be reached with the California Development Company and the settlers. The Milk river project in Montana is a storage proposition for diverting flood waters onto about 250,000 acres not now irrigated, at a cost of \$1,500,000, or \$6 per acre. This estimate of cost is so small that we suspect some error. The statement in Forestry and Triggation, from which we take these figures and which may be regarded as semi-official, is not quite clear. A project on the North Platte river, in Nebraska, proposes to store 1,000,000 acre feet, probably sufficient to irrigate from 275,000 to 300,000 acres. The estimate for this project is not completed. In New Mexico it is proposed to store water on the Hondo river to irrigate 20,000 acres of land at a cost of \$300,000, or \$15 per acre.

The Fort Buford project, in North Dakota, involves the reclamation of 60,000 acres at a cost of \$1,650,000, or

\$25 per acre. A project in Oregon, which will probably be approved, involves the reclamation of 40,000 acres in the Malheur valley; estimated cost not given. In South Dakota it is proposed to reclaim about 165,000 acres at a cost of \$1,280,000, or \$11.71 per acre. In Utah \$1,000,000 has been appropriated for the unusual purpose of reducing the storage area, which is now so great that the loss by evaporation largely exceeds the quantity put to beneficial use. It is hoped to increase the irrigated area by about 70,000 acres, which would be \$14.27 per acre. There has been appropriated \$1,150,000 for storing water in the Big Bend country in Washington. This project is said to involve the largest area of land in any one project under consideration. There will be more money required. In Wyoming it is proposed to build a reservoir on the Shoshone river capable of holding 156,500 acre feet at a cost of \$2,250,000, or \$14.10 per acre foot. This water is to be largely used to re-enforce the natural flow on lands already under cultivation. As the duty of water in that valley is not given, we can not estimate the cost per acre, but it would certainly require three acre feet in the reservoir to fully irrigate an acre of land, so that the water would be very costly. In addition to the foregoing about \$3,000,000 each has been appropriated for the Salt river project in Arizona and the Truckee-Carson project in Nevada, upon which work has already been begun.

In all the Secretary has apportioned under the law about \$27,000,000, which is considerably more than there is now in the funds. It will be observed that the estimates of the cost of the Government part of the work vary from \$15 to \$30 per acre. In addition the settlers must build their own laterals and local controlling works and prepare the ground. The complete cost of an irrigated farm will probably run from \$50 to \$75 per acre, and in some cases will exceed that. But the farms will be worth the money.—Chronicle.

IRRIGATION.

What State Treasurer Moore Has to Say After His Visit to Klamath County.

By digging a tunnel 7,000 feet long through the base of a hill, the Klamath Canal Company will provide water for the reclamation of 20,000 acres of arid land, thus more than doubling the area of irrigated land in Klamath Basin.

"I have no doubt of the success of the project," said State Treasurer Moore upon his return from a visit to Klamath county. "Work is already in progress and the irrigation company has made contracts with farmers for the irrigation of 25,000 to 30,000 acres of land. Some of this land is always watered from the Ankeny ditch, and the farmers are merely changing their patronage. When the new system has been completed there will be 50,000 acres of irrigated land in Klamath Basin, and it will be one of the prettiest valleys in Oregon."

RAILROAD COMING.

Weed and California Capitalists Opening Up the Great Klamath Basin With Outside Connection

Special to the Klamath Republican.—Weed, Cal., June 25.—The Weed Lumber Co. and Railroad are quietly building a road to Klamath Falls. At first they are providing for logs for their own mills here, which have a capacity of 250,000 feet in 24 hours. They start from Weed at an elevation of 3500 feet, thereby overcoming switchbacks and high grades. The road is now in operation and cars are running daily beyond the newly completed trestle. The company is laying a quarter of a mile of track daily. They have three first class engines, with four drive wheels, and about 80 cars on the road. The rails and road are all standard and equal in construction to any first class railroad.

ARE BUILDING TO GRASS LAKE. A carload of spikes, from the Illinois Steel Company, has just been unloaded and ties are on the ground to lay a track to Grass Lake, over the summit near the Boyce ranch, then from that point to Klamath lake—almost level for 30 miles—to the lower end of the Klamath Basin. There is only 170 foot drop from there on with only one bridge and no cuts or trouble from present point of grading to Klamath Falls.

NEW BEHIND THE ROAD. Abner Weed is the president of the Weed railroad. The directors are G. H. Wendling of San Francisco, G. E. Bittinger, Los Angeles National Bank, E. S. Moulton, Riverside, Calif., Mr. Martin and others. Any one of the above are able to build the road alone. B. F. Brooks is the Secretary.

QUICKLY BUILDING, ASKING NO BONUS. Mr. Ambrose, who has charge of the survey and construction, leaves next Monday, June 27, with a corps of assistants to complete survey. The company expect to handle freight and cattle by November near the Ball ranch. The directors meet at San Francisco on the 27th to decide whether they will push on to Klamath Falls this fall or not.

Next week I will inform you more fully how road is progressing and describe the country of proposed route.

This rapid development of irrigation work means the building of a railroad across Eastern Oregon. Such a road will be built across the state, traversing the irrigated districts on the Deschutes and in the Klamath country, and tapping the timber belt along the eastern slope of the Cascade Mountains. The business is there, and the railroad will be a wonderful help to the development of that region, and the population will grow beyond all expectations.

The Klamath Basin lies southeast of Klamath Lake and in its natural state it is a meagerish plain. The Ankeny ditch takes water out of Klamath River a short distance below the lake, and carries it around a hill to the level lands, where it supplies farmers who are cultivating a total of about 15,000 acres of land.

The land without water is worth from \$5 to \$10 an acre. The farmers agree to pay the ditch company \$10 an acre for a perpetual water right and \$1 per acre per year for maintenance. Land that is now worth \$5 an acre will be worth \$25 to \$30 as soon as \$10 more has been expended in securing a water right. This means much to the development of the country.

Land that is raising one ton of rye hay to the acre will, with water produce five tons of alfalfa, worth at least as much per ton as the rye hay. When the land has been set to alfalfa it will be worth \$40 to \$60 an acre.

SISSON WIPE OUT.

Entire Business Section and Large Number of Residences Destroyed by Fire.

One of the most disastrous fires in the history of the town of Sisson, Cal., occurred Sunday afternoon, which destroyed the entire business section above Whiskey Row. R. P. Walsh, a commercial man, who is stopping at the Linkville, witnessed the fire and tells the story as follows: There had been a ball game in the afternoon between Sisson and Yreka, and our party had returned to the hotel, shortly before four, when we noticed a small smoke coming from one of the buildings down town. Everyone rushed to the scene, which was in Hansen's confectionery store. The fire company were there by this time and had the hose in the building but there seemed to be no water in the main pipes. From the tiny stream that came from the hose it would have taken about five minutes to fill a pail with water. If there had been a good pressure on I believe the fire could have been stopped right there.

A quantity of fireworks were thrown into the street and these caught on fire and added to the pandemonium. Inside of ten minutes the whole block was on fire. The air was full of smoke and flames and the fire spread in all directions. There was no wind blowing and by 6 o'clock the fire was about over, having burnt buildings, sidewalks, telegraph poles and everything in sight. The only part of the town which escaped was what is known as Whiskey Row and the outlying residence portion. There was only one fire proof building in town and that was in Whiskey Row. All the rest were frame buildings. The total loss is placed at \$200,000, with insurance of about \$60,000. The heaviest losers are the Siskiyon Lumber & Mercantile Co., \$30,000; Shuler Knox Company, \$50,000; Sharpe \$4,000; Mirror office, \$6,000. The following individuals lost heavily: Messrs. Rinckel, Emmons, Williams, Hansen, Osborn,

Sloan, Lee & Silverstein, Bascom, Patchin, Whiteler, Brookfield, Woods, Breker, Edson, Union Hall Association, Heas, Douglas, Clessens, Henshaw, Keyson, Lassen, Hermann, and others, whose losses in the aggregate amount to \$110,000.

The office of the Postal Telegraph Co., the telephone company's office, and twelve poles of Postal's line extending a distance of three-quarters of a mile, were burned.

WHISKEY.

Just arrived at Klamath Bar from Old Stoney Fort Distilling Co., Kentucky, 10 barrels whiskey. This whiskey we will guarantee to be the best ever offered in Klamath County. Sample free. BURNS BROS.

Notice to Creditors.

All creditors of Mat Haines, deceased, will please let the undersigned know the amount of their account against the deceased and I will settle the same as soon as possible. J. R. G. Haines has charge of the ranch with the undersigned. Mrs. E. J. Haines, Bedford, Or.

Hammocks, Cots, Tents and Camp Utensils—The Brick Store.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of an act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, John M. Anderson, of Dair, County of Klamath, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 288 for the purchase of the SW 1/4, Sec 12, Tp 22 N, R 2 E, W 1/2, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Geo. T. Baldwin, County Judge of Klamath County, at his office at Klamath Falls, Oregon, on Thursday, the 1st day of August, 1904. He names as witnesses: C. H. McCumber and Joseph Hestinger of Dair, Oregon; Jasper Bennett and Fred Bussing of Klamath Falls, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 1st day of August, 1904.

J. N. WATSON, Register.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, General Land Office, Washington, D. C., May 17, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids addressed to the Commissioner of the General Land Office and marked Case No. 12 will be received by the Receiver of Public Moneys at the U. S. Land Office at Lakeview, Oregon, up to and including the 4th day of August, 1904, for the purchase of 200,000 feet B. M. saw timber on certain parcels of land owned by the Government and dry timber sound enough and suitable for the purpose specified, and the cutwood from the logs and tops thereof, from pine and whitefir. Location of the timber on a tract of land in the SW 1/4, Sec 24, Twp 22 N, R 2 E, W 1/2, B. M. Mer., all within the Cascade Range Forest Reserve (Southern Division) Oregon. The land is about 100 feet B. M. and 140 feet cord for cutwood, for both dead and living timber, will be considered. A deposit of \$20.00 must accompany each bid, and payment in full must be made to the Receiver within 30 days of the date of notice of award or pay, if the bidder so elect at the time of making bid, to be made in three equal payments of \$6.66 and 66 cents each, due on the 1st day of August, 1904, and the 1st day of September, 1904, and the 1st day of October, 1904, which is suitable for the purpose specified, and only so much of the living timber will be cut as may be necessary to make up the amount purchased. No green pine timber of a smaller diameter than eight inches, or green whitefir of a smaller diameter than twelve inches at the base, must be cut. Prospective bidders are advised to call upon the Forest Supervisor, who will inform them of the rules and requirements which will govern this sale. Timber on valid mining and other claims except from sale. Timber should be purchased within the time specified in this notice. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

W. A. RICHARDS, Commissioner.

Triumphs of Modern Surgery.

Wonderful things are done for the human body by surgery. Organs are taken out and scraped and polished and put back, or they may be removed entirely; bones are spliced; pipes take the place of diseased sections of veins; antiseptic dressings are applied to wounds, bruises, burns and like injuries before inflammation sets in, which causes them to heal without maturation and in one-third the time required by the old treatment. Chamberlain's Pain Balm acts on this same principle. It is an antiseptic and when applied to such injuries, causes them to heal very quickly. It also allays the pain and soreness. Keep a bottle of Pain Balm in your home and it will save you time and money, not to mention the inconvenience and suffering which such injuries entail. For sale by C. C. Chittwood.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Wanted—A girl to do dining room work. Apply at the Central Cafe.

For Sale—A new Rotary Force Pump. Inquire at this office.

Wanted—To sell 2000 tons of hay in field; also crew to cut and stack on contract. Address, Ralston & Co, Langell Valley, Ore.

FOR SALE—All my household furniture for sale at reasonable prices if sold in the next two weeks. GEO. W. BRADLEY.

AUCTION SALE—At 1 o'clock Saturday, July 2, 1904, I will sell all my household goods to the highest bidder for cash. WM. GENTNER.

FOR SALE—I have another bunch of Missouri short-horns. 21 heifers and 4 bulls. 7 roans and the balance reds. Can see them at Klamath Falls. W. R. BROWN.

STRAYED—From my place in Klamath Falls, one sorrel horse, weight about 800 pounds, branded B, tail docked and mane roached. Has grown out a little. J. L. YADEN.

FOR SALE—Stock and fruit ranch comprising 360 acres, with plenty of outside range. Has a fine orchard and garden and good spring water, which can be used for irrigating. All my cattle, horses and farm implements will be sold with place. It will pay you to write me.

W. H. COPELAND, 5-19 Lorelia, Klamath Co., Or.

FOR SALE—The Klamath House—A first-class 30-room hotel, all furnished. Good building, part stone. Barn, stone cellar, blacksmith shop and out buildings, also a good garden. Well established trade in a town where Hotel accommodations are already overtaxed. Klamath Falls will double its population during the next year. Good reasons for selling. For particulars write or call on the Klamath House.

Klamath Falls, Or.

SETS WILL ASIDE.

Michael Hartery Was Insane Not Sufficient Cause For Suicide-Widow Gets Entire Estate.

The will of the late Michael Hartery, which came up for probate last Thursday at Oakland and was contested by the widow, has been set aside. Judge W. E. Greene expressed the opinion that "a man can be the sanest of men and still commit suicide," but by Hartery's acts shortly before his death Judge Greene, however, is of the opinion that he was not sane and that there was not sufficient cause for him to commit such an act. The deceased lived at Haywards and was possessed of considerable means. His wife was ill in San Francisco, and he complained to friends that her family was getting all of his money. A few days before he killed himself he gave J. F. Reynolds, president of the Oakland Meat Company, a deed to property at Haywards valued at about \$10,000. A couple of hours before his death he wrote an order to the Oakland Savings Bank to give his wife \$1000 he had on deposit there. He had a brother with whom he had never quarreled and a niece of whom he was very fond. He gave neither of them a cent. Most of his property was given to a comparative stranger, and to the wife, who, it is alleged, was the cause of his insanity, he gave all that he had left. From these actions Judge Greene held that Hartery was not of sound mind.

According to the decision rendered by Judge Greene, Mrs. Louise Hartery, the widow, will get the \$1000 in the Oakland Savings Bank under a will made in 1897 in which Hartery left her everything of which he was possessed. If the land deeded to Reynolds is recovered by the widow it will have to be by another action and the only barring the present decision has upon this phase of the case is the fact that Judge Greene has held Hartery was not sane when he made his last will, and it can be argued, was not, therefore, sane when a few days before he deeded the land to Reynolds.

Country orders carefully and promptly filled—City Drug Store.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of an act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Charley E. Landfall of Klamath Falls, County of Klamath, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 287 for the purchase of the SW 1/4, Sec 12, Tp 22 N, R 2 E, W 1/2, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Geo. T. Baldwin, Co. Judge of Klamath Co., Or., at Klamath Falls, Or., on Saturday the 30th day of August, 1904. He names as witnesses: Z. M. Fisher, C. H. Mitchell, C. H. DeLaur, E. C. Wilson, all of Klamath Falls, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 30th day of August, 1904.

J. N. WATSON, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of an act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Lillian S. Moore of Klamath Falls, County of Klamath, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 285 for the purchase of the SW 1/4, Sec 12, Tp 22 N, R 2 E, W 1/2, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before Geo. T. Baldwin, Co. Judge of Klamath Co., Or., at Klamath Falls, Or., on Saturday the 30th day of August, 1904. She names as witnesses: Z. M. Fisher, C. H. Mitchell, C. H. DeLaur, E. C. Wilson, all of Klamath Falls, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 30th day of August, 1904.

J. N. WATSON, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of an act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Augustus Bussing of Klamath Falls, County of Klamath, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 284 for the purchase of the SW 1/4, Sec 12, Tp 22 N, R 2 E, W 1/2, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Geo. T. Baldwin, Co. Judge of Klamath Co., Or., at Klamath Falls, Or., on Friday the 19th day of August, 1904. He names as witnesses: Jasper Bennett, Fred Bussing, of Klamath Falls, Or.; Charles McComber, of Dair, Or.; John Brett of Pokegama, Or.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 19th day of August, 1904.

J. N. WATSON, Register.

MASCOT



Livery, Feed and Sale STABLES Caleb T. Oliver, Prop'r Merrill - - - Oregon

MRS. HONG SING RESTAURANT LAUNDRY Japanese Curio Store

We are now moved into our new building at east end of bridge.

ALEX MARTIN President. E. R. REAMES, Vice President. ALEX MARTIN JR. Cashier.

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EXCHANGE STABLES

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