

# KLAMATH REPUBLICAN.

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KLAMATH FALLS, KLAMATH COUNTY, OREGON, JUNE 16, 1904.

NO. 11.

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

### GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

**Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting to Our Many Readers.**

Roosevelt desires Ambassador Choate to succeed Knox as attorney general.

John W. Minto has been appointed postmaster at Portland, to take effect July 1.

Pedricaris, the American held by Moroccan bandits, will soon be released.

The Japanese have deluged Russian forces in a number of towns along the Liao Yang.

A waterpout in Oklahoma was the cause of three deaths and washed away many houses.

Kansas objects to being made the dumping ground for the objectionable Colorado unionists.

Many union miners are being deported from the Victor, Colorado, mining district every day.

Cripple Creek alliance has decided it will not try to break up the printers' union, fearing that the papers will suspend.

Four hundred school children were thrown in a mass at San Jose, Cal., by the breaking down of a platform in a theater. None were seriously injured.

The secretary of the Mineowners' Association says the desire to make all join the union and not the eight hour day is the real issue in the Colorado trouble.

Postmaster Bancroft, of Portland, has resigned.

The American Medical association will meet in Portland in 1905.

The alleged leader in the Victor, Colorado, riots has been captured.

Attorney General Knox has been chosen to succeed the late Senator Quay.

The Victor, Colorado Citizens' alliance has resolved to make war on all unions.

In a battle between Colorado ranchers and train robbers one of the latter was killed.

Russia is not negotiating with Turkey for the passage of the Baltic fleet through the Dardanelles.

General Kuroki's movements are a puzzle to the Russians and they do not know what to expect next.

The mother of Lewis Etzel, the American correspondent killed by Chinese, has filed a claim for \$20,000 with China.

An attempt was made near Grants Pass to wreck a passenger train on the Southern Pacific. Ties placed on a curve were discovered by the engineer in time to prevent serious results.

No trace has been found of the Victor assassins.

General Kuropatkin, with his main force is at Liao Yang.

Chinese say that when the Russians abandoned Taky Kao they poisoned the water sources.

Union men say the Victor explosion was the work of the citizens' alliance and not of the union.

Another outrage has been perpetrated at Tangier in which a British subject was the victim.

If Panama rejects a gold standard, a hitch in the negotiations with the United States is sure to follow.

Colorado militiamen are scouring the hills around Cripple Creek and all union miners found are deported.

Freight handlers of San Francisco have gone on strike. The trouble is likely to spread to all affiliated unions.

The acting governor of Colorado has left it with Adjutant General Bell whether martial law is necessary in Teller county.

Lewis Etzel, an American correspondent for a London paper, has been killed by Chinese bandits, who mistook him for a pirate.

The Port Arthur channel is again open.

Mrs. Samuel Clemens (Mark Twain) is dead.

Russia fears a rising against the czar if Port Arthur falls.

Vice Admiral Togo has been promoted to admiral.

The Japanese have found Tallenwan by completely mined and must delay landing.

Fire near Richmond, Va., destroyed 4,000,000 pounds of tobacco. Loss, \$600,000.

Reports have been sent out that both Japan and Russia have lost ships in a fight at Port Arthur.

Two riots in Victor, Colo., following the blowing up of non-union miners, resulted in two miners being killed and a number injured.

Thirteen non-union miners were killed at Victor, Colo., while waiting for a train. Three hundred pounds of dynamite was placed under the depot platform and fired by electricity by unknown persons. Troops have been ordered to the scene.

A Paris report says General Kuroki has been captured.

## ONLY FIVE SHIPS CAN GO OUT.

### Chinese Machinist Tells of Conditions at Port Arthur.

Chefoo, June 11.—A Chinese formerly employed in the machine shops at Port Arthur, who arrived here to but three of the five sound vessels. All the guns from the damaged ships have been removed to the forts, and the sailors from these ships have gone to the front with the troops. The Russian warships, which formerly were painted black, are now painted gray, as are the vessels of the Japanese fleet. Russian torpedo boats leave the harbor occasionally for half an hour, but the larger warships cannot get through the entrance.

The Russians are refusing permission to skilled workmen to leave Port Arthur, but many are escaping. Little work is being done in the machine shops because of the confusion among workmen each time firing is heard. One shell recently wrecked a machine shop building, but did no damage to the machinery. Another shell wrecked the offices in the dock yard.

Three hundred and fifty mines have been laid in the roadstead, and many others have been placed around the ships in the naval basin. Some of the latter were exploded last week by lightning, but no damage was done.

The Chinese who have come out of Port Arthur complain of the treatment accorded them by the Russian soldiers, declaring they were maltreated if they did not supply the soldiers with money and liquor. Villagers in the vicinity of Port Arthur are compelled to supply the soldiers with rice, and Russian horses are turned loose in their wheat fields, destroying the crops.

Japanese spies who entered Port Arthur last week distributed notices assuring the Chinese liberal treatment in case the Japanese were victorious.

## MINES IS CLOSED.

### Colorado Troops Sent to Union Property to End Strike.

Victoria, Colo., June 11.—In a bloodless assault made by 150 militiamen and deputies, led by Adjutant-General Sherman M. Bell on the Portland mine today, the mine was indefinitely closed, to be opened later on terms which will prevent any workman securing work without presenting satisfactory working cards from the Mineowners' Association. General Bell says the mine was closed because of "military necessity," as the men working in it were contributing to the support of the strikers, and thereby continuing the present conditions in the district. His proclamation also states that dangerous men in the mine should be held.

What promised to be the bloodiest strife the district ever saw passed away as mildly as a summer shower. Without the firing of a shot or a harsh word, the General and his force marched up to the mine, took possession, read the proclamation, concerning the present disposition of the mine and then left, with employees of the company in charge of the plant.

Following the closing of the Portland it was announced that the mines will begin to reopen tomorrow, the nonunion mines first and others later, and that business is to be resumed in the district at once. All miners who want work must first secure a working card from the Mineowners' Association.

## RUSSIANS WILL GUARD SHIPS.

### No Stranger Will Be Allowed to Visit the Navy Yards.

Odesa, June 11.—Extreme measures are being taken to safeguard the various Russian arsenals and ships. All magazines are watched day and night, and it would go hard with any stranger found prowling around them, as the orders to the guards are to "shoot first and investigate afterward."

These exceptional measures are inspired by the fear that there will be a repetition of recent deliberate attempts to wreck some of the warships in the navy yards. The attempts are believed to have been made by workmen, who had been bribed by Japanese agents, and as a result no workmen are now permitted to enter the yards or arsenals without a large metal number, which they are compelled to wear in a conspicuous position to establish their identity.

## Liberty Bell at St. Louis.

St. Louis, June 11.—The historic Liberty Bell arrived here today in response to the petition of 90,000 public-school children of this city, and will remain in the Pennsylvania building until the close of the World's Fair. Accompanied by a squad of mounted police and a long line of military organizations, the famous old bell was taken to the exposition, where formal exercises were carried out. The gate had been thrown open to the school children of the city and the day had been proclaimed as a holiday by Mayor Wells.

## Attack in Begun.

Indianapolis, June 11.—A special received by the News from its staff correspondent at Chefoo says: "The long-contemplated attack by the Japanese on Port Arthur began early this morning. The Russian forces around the beleaguered city were reinforced by the troops which had garrisoned Dalny and Kinchou. The Russian vessels in the harbor with their great guns aided the land forces in repelling the attack. The fighting still goes on."

## Russians Entrenched Near Kalchun.

Tientsin, June 11.—Ten thousand Russian Infantry, with several batteries of artillery, are entrenched in a strong position at Pochichia, 13 miles south of Kalchun, and 35 miles from Niu Chwang.

## REPUBLICANS WIN

### ENTIRE STATE TICKET ELECTED BY A BIG MAJORITY.

Democrats Successful in a Number of Counties on the Legislative and County Tickets—Local Option Will Carry by 2,000—Direct Primary Nominating Law Swept the State.

The republican plurality of Supreme Judge F. A. Moore has passed 22,000, and is still climbing. As the complete returns come in the decisiveness of the republican victory is indicated. Food and Fair Commissioner J. W. Bailey is keeping up with the head of the ticket.

In the First District Binger Hermann is holding close to the 7000 mark, and it is evident that he will reach this figure on the official count. J. N. Williamson is climbing past the 13,900 mark in the Second District. Complete returns show steady gains as in the case of Hermann and Moore, and it is evident that Mr. Williamson will be returned to congress with the largest plurality ever won by a republican.

Local option has swept the state by a majority of more than 2500. The majority of Multnomah county against the measure has already been wiped out, the measure is making steady gains. It will take the official count to determine the majority won by the advocates of the law.

The counties carried for local option are Baker, Benton, Clackamas, Coos, Crook, Douglas, Gilliam, Jackson, Josephine, Klamath, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, Morrow, Polk, Sherman, Tillamook, Umatilla, Union, Wheeler and Yamhill. Standing with Multnomah in opposition to the law are Clatsop, Columbia, Malheur, Washington and probably Wasco and Grant. Curry, Lake, Marion and Willamette are yet to be heard from, but their vote will not make any appreciable effect on the result.

The primary nominating law has carried the state by more than 25,000 plurality, and that of the state printer amendment is little less. Both aroused practically no opposition at the polls.

The surprise of the election in the First District was the defeat of D. L. Keyt, republican, by F. H. Hawk, democrat, as representative by six votes. A recount may change the result.

A. C. Marsters, republican, is defeated for state senator in Douglas county by O. P. Coshov, democrat.

Robert G. Smith, democrat, of Josephine county, is elected to the legislature, defeating R. W. Clarke.

In Washington county E. W. Haines is elected over Sewell, the democrat candidate.

Direct J. V. Hamilton, democrat, is re-elected to the circuit bench in the Second Judicial District, comprising the counties of Douglas, Lane, Curry, Benton and Lincoln.

Coos and Curry counties elect A. J. Shover, democrat, and J. M. Burns, republican, joint representatives. These seats were occupied by republicans in the last legislature.

G. S. Wright, republican, defeats E. B. Gonsky, democrat, for joint representative of Tillamook, Lincoln and Yamhill.

William Galloway, democrat, has defeated B. L. Eddy for circuit judge in the Third district, comprising Marion, Lincoln and Tillamook. Eddy, by a 700 vote, Eddy losing his home county by 25 votes.

R. A. Booth, republican, is re-elected state senator in Josephine, Lane and Douglas by a good majority.

Dr. W. G. Cole, republican, generally has given the head of the republican ticket good, and in most instances phenomenal majorities. Local conditions brought about the election of candidates to fill county offices in a number of instances, notably where candidates were up for re-election who had performed satisfactory service.

Umatilla's official figures give a republican majority of 805. For district attorney, J. H. Raley, democrat, had a majority of 121 in his home county, Umatilla, but Morrow county, with a majority of 380, more than overcame this vote and re-elected J. W. Phelps, republican, of Heppner.

W. L. Bradshaw, democrat, is elected judge of the Seventh district, comprising Crook, Gilliam, Wasco, Sherman and Wheeler counties. After a warm race with J. A. Collier, republican, Frank Meneffe, democrat, becomes district attorney of the same district.

Later figures increase the lead of Leroy Lomax, republican, over Sam White for district attorney of the Eighth district, which comprises Baker, Union and Willamette.

Dr. W. G. Cole, republican, for joint representative of Umatilla and Morrow has a majority of 600 over F. B. Holbrook, democrat.

In the Ninth district, George E. Davis, judge, and J. W. McCulloch, district attorney, both republicans, have handsome majorities.

Complete returns from Multnomah county show that C. W. Nottingham, independent republican, is elected by 197. For district attorney Manning, democrat, is elected by a large majority, as is also Word, democrat, as sheriff.

## Lincoln County.

Toledo, June 11.—Complete returns indicate that the republican state and legislative nominees have received majorities in Lincoln county ranging from 200 to 400.

## Polk County.

Dallas, June 8.—Complete official returns on the county ticket of Polk county show the entire republican ticket elected with the exception of sheriff, Ford, the democratic nominee, being elected sheriff by a majority of 358. Official returns of the state and district ticket, complete with the exception of three precincts, show the entire republican ticket elected with the exception of B. L. Eddy, who is defeated by Galloway for circuit judge by a majority of 93. Hermann receives a 300 majority.

## CANNOT AID FORT.

### Kuropatkin Says It is Impossible to Relieve Port Arthur.

Paris, June 9.—A St. Petersburg dispatch quotes a general officer of the Russian army as follows:

"Two days ago there was a conference between the Emperor and the chief partisans of General Kuropatkin and Admiral Alexieff. The latter were active in an attempt to influence the czar to send an order to General Kuropatkin to advance at once and relieve Port Arthur. The intention, of course, was to upset the disposition of troops, made by the military commander-in-chief and compel him to give battle, even at the risk of defeat.

"Fortunately the good sense of the emperor prevailed and he contented himself with inquiring of General Kuropatkin if the situation permitted of his advancing to relieve the beleaguered stronghold, saying he wished it could be done, but leaving it to his general to decide. General Kuropatkin replied it was impossible at present to do anything for General Stoessel and his command. Knowing him as I do, I am certain that the commander-in-chief would sooner have resigned than to have executed an order which might have brought disaster upon his troops."

## RUSSIANS DESPERATELY BOLD.

### Reconnoitering Parties Go to Any Length to Get Information.

Tokio, June 9.—According to the Japanese correspondents with the first army in Manchuria (Kuroki's), the active Russian operations are limited to a series of skirmishes fought by Cossacks and mounted infantry, but which accomplished little else than to occupy the attention of the Japanese outposts. The Russians engaged number hardly more than 600 men, supported by a mountain battery. Their operations extend through the districts of Aiyang and Saimat, and their object is to interfere as much as possible with the Japanese provision trains. Their efforts have proven futile, and no damage has been done except the killing of a number of Japanese troopers.

The Russian reconnoitering parties are bold to the point of desperation. They consist chiefly of a young officer and a handful of men who are willing to go to any length to secure information. They will ride boldly within the Japanese lines, and, if discovered, shoot their way out, endeavoring to do as much damage as possible before being killed or taken prisoners.

## BELIEVE FLEETS MET.

### Steamers Passing Gulf of Pechili See Flashes at Sea.

Chefoo, June 9.—An impression prevails here that a naval battle took place last night in the Gulf of Pechili. Passengers on steamers passing the Liao Tie Shan promontory at the time did not hear any firing, while reports come from Teng Chow of heavy firing being heard there from 11 o'clock last night until 2 o'clock this morning. Vessels from the Miao Tao Islands confirm this report and so do the residents of hills in the vicinity of this city who heard the firing and saw flashes out at sea during the night.

The fact that the Russians were endeavoring, June 4, to clear the roadsteads of Port Arthur of mines indicates an intention upon their part to give battle outside the harbor upon the first favorable opportunity.

A Japanese correspondent returning from Tallenwan says there is a persistent rumor there that the Japanese battleship Yamashiro struck a mine off that port recently and was sunk. Chinese arrivals from Tallenwan are unable to confirm the story.

## Japanese Punishing Bandits.

Chefoo, June 9.—A fleet of junks which has arrived from Dalny for the purpose of buying stores for the Japanese report having heard continuous firing between Dalny and Port Arthur for several days. Japanese warships are making Dalny their headquarters and are coming and going continuously. They take turns guarding the entrance to Port Arthur. The junks report Chinese are no longer allowed to leave Port Arthur, and that the Japanese are punishing the bandits who raided Dalny and Tallenwan.

## Japan May Have Got It.

Bridgeport, Conn., June 9.—A report reached this city today that the submarine boat Protector had been shipped to Japan from New York, and that four boats modeled after the Protector are now under construction at the works of the Newport News Drydock & Shipbuilding Company. Bridgeport men interested in the construction of these boats decline to give any information as to what has been done with the Protector. Japanese agents have been in this city several times.

## Third Pacific Squadron.

St. Petersburg, June 9.—Grand Duke Alexis, commander-in-chief of the navy, according to an apparently reliable report, which, however, is not officially confirmed, has obtained the permission of the emperor to create a third Pacific squadron from the ships of the Black Sea fleet, and persons already been obtained from Turkey to take the ships through the Bosphorus on the condition that they will not return.

## HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

### PROMISE OF A BIG CROP.

#### Umatilla Wheat Fields are in Flourishing Condition.

PENDLETON.—Based on reports from the various sections of the county, the wheat crop, conservatively estimated, will amount to more than 1,000,000 bushels. The condition of growing grain at the present time is considered most satisfactory and unless the weather within the next three weeks proves unfavorable, farmers say this year's crop will reach 1,500,000 bushels in excess of last year.

The wheat in the vicinity of Pendleton is quite far advanced, having headed out several days ago. The wheat in the vicinity of Pendleton and Athena, which is owned by the Umatilla Indians, is an immense expanse of waving grain. Thousands of acres in this locality are rented by the Indians to the large farmers at a nominal figure, and comprise the richest farming land in the country. The average annual yield is from 20 to 25 bushels an acre, and accordingly the profit to the farmer is very large. In reality, this year, produce the large farmers by renting these lands are greater than they would be if owned by the farmers themselves, since a comparatively small working capital is required. The reservation wheat land will, this year, produce the largest portion of the crop of the county, provided the grain escapes injury from any tricks of the weather during the critical period.

Grain in that part of the county northwest of the city is also reported to be in a very healthy condition. It has headed and reached the stage for haying. The land in that locality is lighter and of course the yield is never as large as that of the reservation lands, yet anything approaching a partial failure has never been known there.

In the Helix country wheat is looking good and an average crop is in prospect. The early frosts did some damage to grain in that locality, but by the recent heavy rains the affected grain will make a satisfactory yield. Out of 1000 acres owned by Christian Breeding less than 40 acres were damaged. Other stands suffered in a less degree.

Farmers living south and southeast of the city also give most favorable reports of growing grain and feel assured that they will harvest an unusually large crop this year.

### Coming Events.

Nights of Friday Convention, sixth district, Fossil, June 13.

Commencements—University of Oregon, Eugene, June 13-15; Albany College, June 10-15; Pacific University, Forest Grove, June 10-15.

Annual Reunion, Department of Oregon, G. A. R., Hood River, June 15-17.

First Oregon Cavalry and Infantry Reunion, Hood River, June 16.

Lane County Veterans' Association, June 22-24.

Linn County Pioneer Association Reunion, Brownsville, June 22-24.

Pioneer Association Reunion, Portland, June 22.

Northwest Sportsmen's Tournament, Pendleton, June 24-28.

Christian Campmeeting, Turner, June 23-27.

Federated Fraternal Mardi Gras and Carnival, Portland, June 23-27.

Western Division State Teachers Association, Portland, June 23-27.

Eastern Oregon G. A. R. Encampment, La Grande, July 1-4.

Southern Oregon Chautauqua Assembly, Ashland, July 13-22.

American Mining Congress, Portland, August 22-27.

### Rinehart Clans Will Gather.

PENDLETON.—A fare and one-third rate is being granted by the O. R. & N. for the second annual Rinehart family reunion at Summerville in the Grand Ronde Valley, to which members of the big Rinehart clan from all over Oregon and Washington are expected to come. The reunion is to take in the descendants of Louis and Elizabeth Rinehart, whose immense family has blossomed out into other immense families, until with the fourth generation there is an extraordinary gathering when all get together. It is probably the first time that the O. R. & N. has made a low rate for a family reunion.

### Grand Rende Fruit Good.

LA GRANDE.—The crop prospects for Union county and most of Eastern Oregon are very flattering so far this season. Grand Ronde Valley has had a heavy shower last week, just when it was most needed. Sugar beets never looked better than now, and hundreds of Indians, Japs and many whites are now in the fields thinning them as rapidly as possible. Only a few early strawberries and some cherries were damaged by the frost. A full crop of all fruits is assured in the Grand Ronde Valley; the strawberries will be on the market in about four weeks.

### Bids are All Too High.

ASTORIA.—County court opened bids for construction of a reinforced concrete foundation for the new court house. Four bids were received as follows: John Bingham, Portland, \$21,857.40; Bingham & Flynn, Portland, \$21,439.65; Ferguson & Houston, \$20,987. The lowest bid was much higher than the court anticipated and about \$7000 above the architect's estimate. Final action on bids was deferred until the architect will be here.

### Poor Business at Cold Storage.

ASTORIA.—Up to the present the fishing season has been a greater failure than last year, especially for the cold-storage people. At this time last year fully 500 tierces of pickled fish had been put up, while now not over 150 tierces have been packed. The pack of the canners is not much over 10,000 cans, but those interested are not discouraged as they expect a large late run the same as last year.

### APPLES BROUGHT HIGH MARK.

#### New Yorker Found Eastern Fruit Could Not Compete.

HOOD RIVER.—The Hood River Fruit Company is a new Hood River corporation. The company is capitalized at \$75,000, the stockholders being Burt Van Horn, of Buffalo, N. Y., A. A. Jayne and T. A. Decker, of Hood River. Mr. Van Horn owns a 400-acre apple orchard in New York. His apples met with competition in big markets with the Hood River product, and last November he made a special trip to this valley to acquaint himself with conditions. The result of his investigation is the recent organization of the Hood River Fruit Company.

The company has been formed chiefly for the purpose of growing commercial apples. It is not a speculative land-dealing scheme, says Mr. Van Horn. Mr. Van Horn was for years prominently connected with the street railway business in the City of Buffalo. He expects to spend much of his time in Hood River this summer and fall, except when his other business interests take him out of town. He, as yet, has not contracted for clearing the fruit lands he has purchased.

Following are the Hood River farmers who made sales of land to the Hood River Fruit Company: Boyd Sprout, Warren Wells, August Paasch, C. H. Stauffer, G. R. Castner, W. V. Johnson.

### Found With Stolen Horses.

LA GRANDE.—Word has reached here from Wallowa county that Bill Cottingham, more familiarly known as "Coyote Bill," who was wanted in the state of Washington for stealing horses, and who took French leave, was years ago near Wallowa last week in camp, in company with his wife. He was hunted down by some of his bondsmen. He apparently thought he was perfectly safe when he was caught. He had horses in the camp, also, that were stolen from Cottingham and was immediately taken back to Washington.

### Wire to Be Strung to Imnaha.

LA GRANDE.—The stockholders of the Imnaha, Joseph & Eureka Telephone company in Wallowa county have elected officers to act during the ensuing year. President, J. P. McCully; vice president, Frank Kernan; secretary and treasurer, J. P. Rusk. All the stock has been subscribed, and the contracts let for the construction of the line from Joseph to Buckhorn Springs, and in the near future will be built on to Imnaha and Fruita.

### New Hatchery Site on Siuslaw.

ASTORIA.—Master Fish Warden Van Dusen has returned from a trip to the Siuslaw river, where he selected a new site for the state salmon hatchery. The site is a fine one, and has been experienced in the past by the floods, which rise rapidly, and several times a vast amount of damage has been done. A location has now been selected where this difficulty is expected to be obviated.

### Build a Hotel at Hot Lake.

PENDLETON.—A fine new hotel is under construction at Hot Lake, where State Senator W. M. Pierce, of Pendleton, is one of the proprietors. The structure will be three stories high, brick, equipped with modern conveniences and 100 feet long with two L's, each 120 by 45 feet. It will cost \$75,000.

## PORTLAND MARKETS.

WHEAT—Walla Walla, 72c; Blue-stem, 80c; Valley, 81c.

BARLEY—Feed, \$22 per ton; roll-cut, \$24.50@25.

FLOUR—Wheat, \$3.90@4.05 per barrel; hard wheat straight, 45c@44.25; clear, \$3.85@4.10; hard wheat patents, \$4.40@4.70; Graham, \$3.50@4; whole wheat, \$4@4.25; rye flour, \$4.50.

OATS—No. 1, white, \$1.25; gray, \$1.20 per cental.

MILLSTUFFS—Bran, \$19@20 per ton; middlings, \$25.50@27; shorts, \$20@21; chop, \$18; linseed, dairy food, \$19.

HAY—Timothy, \$15@16 per ton; clover, \$8@9; grain, \$11@12; cheat, \$11@12.

VEGETABLES—Turnips, 80c per sack; carrots, 80c; beets, \$1; parsley, \$1; cabbage, \$2@2.25; red cabbage, 24c; lettuce, head, 25c@40c per doz; parsley, per doz, 25c; cauliflower, \$1.75@2 per dozen; celery, 75c@90c per dozen; cucumbers, \$1.25@1.50 per dozen; asparagus, 50c; peas, \$1.50 per pound; rhubarb, 3c per pound; beans, green, 15c; wax, 15c; squash, \$1 per box.

HONEY—\$3@3.50 per case.

POTATOES—Fancy, 75c@81 per cental; growers' price; new potatoes, 3c@4c per pound.

FRUITS—Strawberries, \$1.75@2 per crate; cherries, 75c@1.25 per box; gooseberries, 6c per pound; apples, fancy, Baldwin and Spitzenberg, \$1.50@2 per box; choice, \$1@1.50; cooking, 75c@1.

EGGS—Oregon ranch, 17@17 1/2c per dozen.