

KLAMATH REPUBLICAN.

VOL. V.

KLAMATH FALLS, KLAMATH COUNTY, OREGON, NOVEMBER 29, 1900.

NO. 33.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKETS FROM THE WIRES

An interesting collection of items from the two hemispheres from a condensed form.

Sanitary conditions at Peking are becoming serious.

The good roads movement was formally launched in Chicago.

Methodists convened in New York denounced the Church of Rome.

Rebel and American activity in the field has been greatly increased.

Kentucky bank is out \$201,000 through the dishonesty of a clerk.

The United States supreme court sustained the Tennessee cigarette law.

Four men were burned to death in a fire that destroyed a Pennsylvania hotel.

The battleship Kentucky will enforce the indemnity claim against Turkey.

In an engagement north of Manila 11 Americans and 50 Filipinos were killed.

There is a scarcity of food in Tien Tsin, and already there is considerable suffering.

The Hay-Panncote treaty will be the stumbling block in the way of canal legislation.

Twenty-six Oregon counties that have not remitted scalp bounty tax are requested to do so.

The marriage of the Duke of Manchester and Miss Zimmerman, of Cincinnati, is announced.

Past fiscal year was the most prosperous period known to American shipping for some time.

A Chicago firm submits the best bid for the construction of the new post-office building in Salem, Or.

Fifty-six cases of yellow fever are now under treatment in the city of Havana, among them two Americans.

Fred J. Kisel, of Malheur county, Oregon, has been appointed as a delegate to the National Irrigation Congress.

Rev. James Deighton, once a noted London preacher, and an intimate friend of Spurgeon, died at Huntington, Ind., aged 63 years.

The population of Minnesota, as officially announced, is 1,715,754, against 1,301,826 in 1890, an increase of 449,928 since 1890, or 34.5 per cent.

Dispatches from Vladivostok say the Chinese have destroyed 300 vessels of the southern section of the Manchurian railroad. All the stations were burned and much rolling stock was destroyed. The damage is estimated at 10,000,000 roubles.

Two men held up a saloon at Tacoma and secured \$12.

Fire at Canton, China, destroyed between 200 and 300 houses.

Robbers blew open the vault of a bank in Quincy, Ill., and secured \$2,000.

Fire at an Oshkosh, Wis., lumber yard destroyed \$15,000 worth of fine grade lumber.

The transport Logan has arrived at San Francisco from Manila, with 272 sick soldiers.

Two men were killed and four seriously injured in a train wreck near Jackson, Miss.

The steamer Nome City has arrived at Seattle from Nome with 259 miners and \$100,000.

Fire destroyed the business portion of the town of Phillip, W. Va., causing a loss of \$100,000.

A heavy snow storm is raging in British Columbia, \$20,000 damage being done in Vancouver alone.

Two fishermen were drowned in the bay at Seattle from a small sailboat, which capsized in a gust of wind.

The American legation building at Caracas was injured beyond repair by the recent Venezuelan earthquake.

The University of Oregon football team defeated the University of California team by a score of 2 to 0.

The United Mineworkers have decided to bring into their organization all workers in and about the mines.

The murderous Apaches of Mexico, will be hemmed up in the mountains and exterminated by the Mexican troops.

Anarchists were not concerned in the recent assault on Emperor William. It was merely the act of a demented Berlin woman.

Three Americans were killed in a fight with 200 Indians in the province of Pamy. The enemy lost 100 killed and 21 wounded and 50 prisoners.

One hundred dead bodies were found in a swamp just west of the city of Galveston, Texas, on the island where they had been deposited by the storm of September 8.

More than four-fifths of the population of Mexico are of mixed or Indian blood.

Presel, slayer of King Humbert, wrote to his wife in New York, that he is kept in a damp well and compelled to stand all the time.

Turkey has been taking a census of Islam, and finds that the number of Mohammedans in the world is 196,500,000. Of these 18,000,000 are in Turkey.

LATER NEWS.

The damage empress desires to return to Peking.

Another snow storm is sweeping over British Columbia.

Seventy-five lives were lost in the tornado in the South.

Negotiations are under way for a reciprocity treaty with Russia.

A difference of opinion has brought the Chinese negotiations to a standstill.

Paul Kruger, ex-president of the South African republic, has arrived at Marseilles.

The ways and means committee of the house, decides to reduce the war tax \$30,000,000.

MacArthur is pushing the campaign against the Filipinos, reinforcements being sent to the several divisions.

The official count for Ohio is as follows: McKinley 543,918, Bryan 474,882; McKinley's plurality, 69,036.

Lampson P. Sherman, brother of the late Senator John Sherman, of Ohio, died at Des Moines, Iowa, aged 79.

The official count for Nebraska, shows that McKinley's plurality in the state is 7,822. The total vote of the state is 251,998. McKinley received 121,825 and Bryan 114,013.

The population of the state of New York as officially announced by the census bureau, is 7,263,012, as against 5,997,853 in 1890, an increase of 1,270,159, or 21.1 per cent.

At Republic, Wash., Charles Kramer was found hanging by his neck, in a slaughter house. He had been missed since November 9. His body was found by George Kaglan, who visited the slaughter house. He was generally independent, and having lost \$100 on the election, it is supposed that induced him to take his own life.

Labor troubles that have been smoldering for some time at the Plano Harvester Manufacturing Company's plant at West Pullman, Illinois, culminated in a lockout of 900 workmen. Notices have been posted announcing a suspension of work for an indefinite period. The plant was shut down last July, but work was resumed again the day after election.

The Vossische Zeitung, of Berlin, points out "the dangers of permitting Boers to trek into German Southwest Africa, since they are unmanageable and incapable of accepting orderly conditions." Giving a word of warning, it says: "The Boers would seek to hold the ground, thus forming a state within a state. The German colonial authorities should remember that it would be generations before the Boers forget that they once possessed an independent political existence."

The allies at Peking resolved on strong measures.

No effort will be made by congress to decrease southern representation.

The opening of the Milton cemetery, the first in Eastern Oregon, was celebrated.

Russia deals the Pacific coast a hard blow by putting a high tariff on flour to Siberia.

The house ways and means committee considered the reduction of the stamp tax.

An ex-rebel chief will start in pursuit of Aguinaldo, who is said to be in Northern Luzon.

The population of Florida is 528,52, as against 391,224 in 1890, an increase of 137,298, or 35 per cent.

The assistant postmaster-general of the United States pleads for a wide extension of the rural free delivery.

E. Gates was convicted at South Bend, Wash., of murder in the second degree for killing Captain Heeson.

The situation in South China is improved so that the rebels have been conquered, and the rebellion is nearly extinct.

The population of Rhode Island was announced to be 428,556, as against 345,506 in 1890; increase of 83,050, or 24 per cent.

John H. Ott, the comedian, died at New York, of a complication of diseases. He was taken ill about two weeks ago. He was 38 years old.

The big cotton mill operatives' strike in Alamogordo county, North Carolina, has been declared off. The strike has been in force about three months, and several thousand hands were involved.

Dawson City advices brought by the steamer Danube, arrived at Victoria, are to the effect that on November 13, Dawson was reported to have been free from new cases of smallpox for 10 days.

The British warship Pheasant, rushed from Victoria, B. C., received rush orders from the Admiralty dispatching her to Panama to protect British interests in the revolution which has recurred there.

The annual report of Rear-Admiral Enloe, chief of the bureau of yards and docks, submits estimates aggregating \$12,456,399, of which \$11,252,540 is set down for public improvements. The annual emphasizes the importance of having proper provision made at an early date for storing at convenient points along our coasts the large number of torpedo-boats which are being completed and put afloat.

Charge on Bicycles.

The Missouri is now claimed to be the longer by 200 miles than the Mississippi.

Captain Hassell, who commanded a company of American scouts in the Boer army thinks the Boers will resume fighting in the spring.

James M. Lynch, the new president of the International Typographical Union, succeeded S. B. Donnelly, the retiring president. Headquarters of the union are at Indianapolis, Ind.

DUPLICITY OF CHINESE

Mild Punishment of Leaders of Boxer Uprising.

HONORED RETIREMENT OF TUAN

An Attempt to Thwart the Demands of the Powers—T'ai Yuan Missionaries Are Safe.

London, Nov. 23.—The Morning Post's Peking correspondent, says:

"The edict inflicting punishment is milder than the first reports suggested. Prince Tuan and Prince Cheng are only banished, and not imprisoned. Duke Lan cannot accept the edict, owing to the inadequacy of the punishment."

"Count von Waldsee officially announced that he has stopped looting and restored peace in the province of Chi Li."

Dr. Morrison, writing to the Times from Peking, says:

"In communicating the punishment edict dated Sian Fu, November 13, to the foreign envoys, Li Hung Chang submits it as the final punishment the court is able to inflict, and repeats the stereotyped plea of all Chinese plenipotentiaries, namely, that the emperor threatens him and Prince Ching with severe punishment if they fail to induce the representatives of the powers to accomplish a compromise. The mildness of the sentences excites ridicule, and strengthens the ministers in their determination to demand the death penalty. The punishments are illusory. Prince Tuan is merely banished to his own home, and others undergo a merely nominal lowering of rank. Perpetual imprisonment means a life of honored retirement."

"Large numbers of Southern Chinese now residing in Peking, fearing further tribulation during the winter, are preparing to leave for the south."

According to the Shanghai correspondent of the Times, it is asserted on good authority in Tien Tsin that there are still some missionaries surviving at T'ai Yuan Fu under the protection of the Mandarin.

"A Chinese official reports," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Standard, "that the allies have captured two passes leading from Chi Li into Shan Si. Herr Knappe, the German consul, has returned from Nankin. He reports that he asked the viceroy to permit foreign troops to ascend the Yangste and to stop sending supplies to Sian Fu."

"The French consul here reports," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily News, "that severe persecutions of Catholic converts continue in the province of Kang Si. Mr. Goodnow, United States consul, hears that the Protestants in the province of Che Kiang are similarly persecuted. The governors of both provinces are Manchus and violently anti-foreign."

THE APACHES' RAID.

The Mormon Colonies Appeal for Military Aid.

Chihuahua, Mex., Nov. 23.—The Mormon colonies of Durban, Pacheco, Colonia, Oaxaca, Colonia Diaz and Colonia Juarez have appealed to the military authorities of Mexico against further raids from the bands of hostile Indians. Preparations are being made by the war department to strengthen the military garrisons and to annihilate the force of Apaches which made the bloody attack on the Pacheco settlement a few days ago. These Apaches have taken refuge in the Sierra Madre mountains, and their pursuit will be difficult. The Pacheco colony has a population of about 1,200.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 23.—The president of the Mormon church in this city has received a telegram from A. W. Levis, president of the Mexican mission at Colonia Juarez, Mexico, saying that no Mormons have been killed, as recently reported, and denying that there had been an Indian uprising.

British Steamer Seized.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 22.—Passengers who arrived here Sunday on the British steamer Atrato, from Colon, say there were rumors at Colon, when they sailed, that the British steamer Tobago had been seized by the Colombian government at Panama, and sent, under an armed escort, to Buera Ventura. It is added that the British consul at Panama had asked his government for a war vessel.

March Against Panama.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 21.—The British steamer Atrato arrived here today from Colon. Captain Copp reports that the insurgents had gained several important victories during the fortnight that preceded his departure, and that when he left Colon they were marching in force against Panama, where the stores had been closed in momentary expectation of an attack.

Fatal Hotel Fire.

Sturgeon Bay, Wis., Nov. 22.—The Hotel French burned today. Miss Heberd, of Annapoe, Wis., a guest, was burned to death. All others in the hotel escaped. The financial loss is nominal.

Charge on Bicycles.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Thirty-two Western roads have signed an agreement to make a minimum charge on all bicycles, tricycles and baby carriages, regardless of their weight, instead of classing them as baggage, as many lines have been in the practice of doing. Hereafter these articles will be charged for the same as excess baggage, nothing less than 25 cents per piece being collected. If the weight is over 50 pounds, actual weight will be charged.

SENSATIONAL MURDER CASE.

A Pennsylvania Minister Accused of Killing His Wife.

ARE AFTER AGUINALDO

Ex-Rebels Will Join Americans in the Pursuit.

MACABOLO WILL LEAD PARTY

He Will Have One Hundred Picked Natives and Will Be Supported by United States Troops.

Manila, Nov. 23.—General Macabolo, the ex-Filipino chief, is prepared to start in pursuit of Aguinaldo with 100 picked natives, supported by American troops. Other ex-rebel Filipinos will be used in campaigning in the country. Their offers have not been formally made yet, but they are ready if the authorities will accept their services. Aguinaldo, it is supposed, is in Northern Luzon, according to statements made by ex-rebel leaders now in Manila, confirmed from other sources.

Aglipay, a renegade native priest, not long ago an insurgent leader in Northern Luzon, has written to friends in Manila asking for election news and requesting to be informed whether a decision has been reached concerning the relations between church and state, and the disposition of church properties. The replies sent him contain the information that church and state will be separate, and the entire religious freedom will be allowed.

Transport Indians Aground.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Quartermaster-General Ludington received a cable dispatch today from Colonel Miller, chief quartermaster at Manila, confirming the press report of the grounding of the transport Indiana on the east side of Isla de Polio, one of the smaller islands of the Philippine group, east of Luzon. Colonel Miller's dispatch follows:

"Indiana aground November 7. She is reported as not damaged. Palani (quartermaster), with transport Pennsylvania and a lighter draught vessel, left Manila Sunday in order to relieve her. Nothing more necessary."

When the Indiana ran aground she was loaded with supplies and a company of the Twenty-second infantry, detailed to act as a garrison at Baloi.

TORNADO IN THE SOUTH.

Much Loss of Life in Tennessee and Mississippi.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 23.—A tornado bounding through a narrow stretch of territory stretching from a point three miles north of Lula, Miss., to Lagrange, Tenn., caused a heavy loss of life and property this afternoon.

The storm so completely interrupted telegraphic and telephonic communication that neither the origin nor the extent of the disaster is learned. From meager details obtainable, covering only three points, it appears that 19 lives were lost, and the destruction of property was also heavy. It is believed that between the towns heard from numerous farm-houses and interior communities of more or less considerable population were struck. Accompanying the tornado was a rain storm of terrific proportions.

The tornado struck the town of Lagrange, 43 miles east of Memphis, on the southern railway, in Fayette county, this afternoon. Only one church is left standing in the town. The streets are littered with the debris of destroyed buildings, merchandise, telegraph and telephone wires and poles. Several persons are dead.

Six persons were injured more or less seriously, and 10 business places were totally destroyed. The Methodist, Baptist and Presbyterian churches were demolished. The residence portion of the town also suffered heavy loss, several buildings being completely demolished and a large number damaged.

A perfect deluge of rain was falling when the cyclone came, but its advance was forestalled by a roaring, rushing sound, followed by quick heavy reports which gave the inhabitants warning, and they rushed out from the falling buildings.

STORM IN CHICAGO.

Rain Fell in Deluging Quantities and Thunder and Lightning Plentiful.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Glaring flashes of lightning and loud peals of thunder, sights and sounds generally peculiar to midsummer in Chicago, accompanied the storm which burst upon the city shortly before midnight last night. Rain fell in deluging quantities, and the elements displayed all the characteristics of a summer thunder-storm. Telephone and telegraph wires were affected by the electricity in the atmosphere. The streets of the city ran like rivers. There was enough wind on the lake to endanger the safety of light craft.

The storm is probably the forerunner of a cold wave that has forced the mercury down to 13 degrees below zero in Montana, and which is scheduled to arrive in Chicago today.

John Wanamaker has been re-elected president of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association.

Frank Sargent Declines.

Washington, Nov. 23.—It was learned tonight that Frank Sargent, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, to whom was tendered the office of chief of the bureau of engraving and printing, has decided definitely not to take the position, but to remain at the head of the labor organization he now represents.

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SWEPT BY A STORM.

Devastation Wrought by a Tornado in the South.

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KRUGER'S RECEPTION

Ex-President of Transvaal Is Now on French