

# KLAMATH REPUBLICAN.

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## EVENTS OF THE DAY

### Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

#### TERSE TIPS FROM THE WIRES

An interesting collection of items from the two Hemispheres presented in a condensed form.

Chinese government is dealing out ruses to the Boxers.

Four persons were killed in a trolley-car accident at Providence, R. I.

The Republican convention held at Philadelphia will seat 16,000 people.

Boers have torn up 24 miles of railroad between Pretoria and Koonstad.

Boers captured a British battalion of 500 men at Rooledval, severing Roberts' line of communication.

Philippine rebels aim to follow the tactics of the Cuban rebels during the war of the latter against Spain.

The steamer City of Seattle, which arrived at Seattle from Alaska, brought 230 Klondikers and \$500,000 in gold.

Senator Clark was given a great ovation at Butte, Mont. He made a speech denouncing his enemies as perjurers.

Documents seized in the Philippines indicate that in a rebel plot for an uprising in Manila, women were to take important part.

Chinese minister in London says it is heard that the powers should believe the empress dowager is aiding the Boxers' movement.

May shipments of coal from Seattle to San Francisco by water amounted to 29,000 tons, or half of the total amount of coal received at that port during May.

As a result of a week's scouting in the Philippines, more than 200 insurgents were killed and 160 captured, while 140 rifles, with ammunition and stores were seized.

Two five-story brick buildings, owned by Geo. E. Ketchum, on West avenue, New York, containing 125,000 bushels of grain, were destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$140,000.

In the preliminary examination of L. L. Cook, charged with the murder of James Collins at Arlington, Or., a physician testified that Collins could easily have been saved.

It is estimated that during the past month various railroad corporations have placed orders for 20,000,000 to 30,000,000 feet of Washington fir, mainly in bridge timbers, dock stuffs and ties.

The clean-up of gold in the Klondike this season will be \$20,000,000 to \$25,000,000, according to the estimates of well-known miners arriving from the Klondike. The spring work is well along in the district, the only drawback being the scarcity of water. This fact, it is said, will result in delaying the clean-up until late in the summer.

Russia and Japan may come to war as a result of the Boxers' movement.

General Pio del Pilar, the Filipino leader, was captured by Americans six miles east of Manila.

Two men were instantly killed and eight seriously injured by the explosion of a boiler at a brick works at Anniston, Ala.

The Boxer movement is spreading throughout China. Russia gives notice that if the powers do not act she will go it alone.

An explosion, caused by mining fuses at the customs department, at Oporto, Portugal, killed two persons and injured 13.

Harry Dekker, a well known promoter of Western railroad properties, shot and killed himself in his apartments at New York City.

One man was killed and four hurt by the falling of a freight elevator in the Nichols & Shepherd Implement building at Kansas City.

A fire in the oil refining and salt peter district of Hanburg, Germany, destroyed property to the value of 4,000,000 marks, including many dwellings.

A tannery owned by Fayette, Shaw & Co., at Miller, Wis., was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$100,000. Nine hundred men were thrown out of employment.

The investigation of the affairs of Adolph A. Kuhn, junior member of the firm of Kuhn Bros., brokers, of Chicago, shows he has left a shortage of \$1,000,000.

The president has approved the findings and sentence in the case of Captain Denning, of Buffalo, assistant commissary of subsistence, U. S. V., tried at San Francisco on a charge of forgery and embezzling public funds.

Alexander Stevenson, a line repairer of the Utah Electric Light & Power Company, of Salt Lake, was instantly killed by electricity on Third South and Main streets. He went up a pole to do some work, and took hold of a live wire. His body hung suspended in the network of wires in the presence of hundreds of people.

The bubonic plague has entirely disappeared from Honolulu.

Harry Kimball Shaw, of Pittsburg, Pa., gave a dinner at Paris to 25 persons that cost \$8,000.

Ex-Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, has announced his candidacy for reelection to the senate.

The shortage in Cuban revenues occasioned by the defalcations disclosed will be reimbursed by the general deficiency bill.

## LATER NEWS.

British marines killed and wounded 40 Boxers.

Roberts' line of communication is again open.

General Grant reports the capture of San Miguel, a rebel stronghold.

The summer residence of the British minister at Peking has been burned.

Seven persons were drowned by the upsetting of a boat on Lake Bennett, Alaska.

Four people were killed by the destruction of a large coeprage plant in Brooklyn.

Robert's forces had a hard battle with General Botha, but did not defeat the Boer leader.

Pennsylvania will push the candidacy of former governor Pattison for the vice-presidency.

The money appropriated by congress for use at the mouth of the Columbia will be used at once.

Two persons were drowned at South Bend, Ind., by the capsizing of a boat on the river, at that place.

Methuen and Kitchener, in an engagement with Dewet's troops, scattered the Boers in all directions.

Terry McGovern, champion lightweight of the world, knocked out Tom White in three rounds at New York City.

New York capitalists have secured concessions from the government of Honduras to build a railroad in that country.

Wood workers of Chicago threaten to go out on July 1, unless their wages are increased. The strike will involve 3,000 workmen.

Two city detectives of Kansas City undertook to stop a street fight between a crowd of negro men and women and as a result a man and a woman were killed.

William Connors, a prospector of Phoenix, Ariz., was fatally shot by E. H. Gibson, proprietor of a saloon. Connors, who was intoxicated, had threatened to kill Gibson.

News has been received in New York of the murder of Dr. Edna G. Terry, in charge of the station of the Methodist Episcopal Woman's Foreign Missionary Society at Tsung Hua, China.

Thomas Lewis, a miner of Tucson, Ariz., has been arrested on a charge of setting fire to the Catalina forests, where 5,000,000 feet of timber were destroyed. A miner who was with Lewis claims that Lewis became incensed because the pine needles hurt his feet and set fire to them, causing the most disastrous forest fire ever known in the Southwest.

Fifteen hundred Boers surrendered to General Buller.

Half the town of Frances, Wash., was destroyed by fire.

San Francisco's Chinatown will be released from quarantine June 22.

France talks of joining Russia and Germany to restore order in China.

Boers have evacuated Laing's Nek, and Buller is encamped on Joubert's farm.

San Francisco Chinese have won another case against the board of health of that city.

The steamer China arrived at San Francisco from the Orient with 556 Chinese merchants.

Mrs. George H. Baker, widow of the poet and ex-minister to Russia, is dead at her home in Philadelphia.

Postmaster Graham, of Salt Lake City, Utah, was convicted of unlawful cohabitation and fined \$250.

Americans at Chin Kiang are in need of protection, as a large number of Boxers have halted at that place.

Russian authority says the present trouble in China will be put down, but a terrible upheaval will come later.

Mme. Augusta Lehmann, once a singer of international reputation, is dead at Santa Cruz, Cal., aged 80 years.

The president has issued a proclamation formally announcing the establishment of reciprocity agreement with Portugal.

A score of passengers were injured, some severely, by the derailing of a train on the Great Northern, near Summit, Mont.

General Otis says the Filipinos are quick and anxious to learn and suggests that an educational system be adopted in the islands.

General MacArthur reports the capture of Rhizon, near Mexico, and Carstany at Acala, both important, the latter a very important leader of the guerrillas in Pangasinan province, Luzon.

The Yaqui Indians are causing trouble for the Mexicans. They occupy the impassable Bacatete mountains, a range 50 miles in length, and it requires the utmost vigilance on the part of General Torres' 6,000 troops to hold them in check.

The United States navy will build warships aggregating over \$100,000,000 in cost as soon as the builders are prepared to undertake the great programme, which calls for 11 armored ships and three highly improved Olympia type of cruisers.

Kansas has 300 flour mills, with a capacity of 10,000,000 barrels a year.

The proposed ocean cable between Copenhagen and Iceland will be 404 miles long and cost about \$850,000.

Many Americans who went to Paris with the expectation of making expenses by working are penniless.

The census office is to handle the statistics of the 75,000,000 people of this country with intricate electric machines.

## CAPTURED BY BOERS

### Another British Battalion in Dutch Hands.

#### ROBERTS' COMMUNICATION CUT

Disaster to the Derbyshire Regiment in the Engagement at Rooledval.

London, June 13.—Lieutenant-General Sir Frederick Forester-Walker, in command of the lines of communication in South Africa, reports that in the disaster to the British troops on June 7, at Rooledval, where the Boers cut Roberts' line of communication, the Fourth battalion of the rank and file of the Derbyshire regiment were all killed, wounded or made prisoners, except six enlisted men. Two officers and 15 men were killed and five officers and 22 men wounded, many of them severely.

The Boers returned the wounded to the British. Officers killed included Colonel Wilkison, Captain Idemant-Colonel Baird-Douglas, and Lieutenant Hawley. The wounded included Colonel Wilkison and Lieutenant Blanchard, of the Canadian infantry. Forester-Walker's dispatch in full is as follows:

"Cape Town, June 13.—The following telegram has been received from Colonel Knox: 'Koonstad.—The following casualties are reported from Rooledval, under date of Rhenoster river, June 8, received here by flag of truce on June 10: The Fourth battalion of the Derbyshire regiment, the Sherwood Foresters; killed, Lieutenant Baird-Douglas and Lieutenant Hawley and 15 of the rank and file; wounded, Colonel Wilkison, Captain Bailey, Lieutenants Hall, Lawler and Blanchard, and 50 of the rank and file; the Shropshire light infantry, one; Cape Pioneer Railroad regiment, seven; Ammunition Park, Royal marines and Imperial Telegraphs, one each; Post-office corps, one.'

"Stoneman reports that many were severely wounded and the remaining fourth of the Derbyshire and details are prisoners, except six of the rank and file, who are in his camp. All the wounded are in his camp, lately occupied by the Fourth Derbyshires. Inquiries are being made as to the names."

It is inferred the Boers captured over 500 men, and as late as June 10, held positions cutting off the British forces north of Koonstad from reinforcements.

## APPEALS TO THE POWERS.

The Imprisoned Chinese Emperor Begs for His Relief.

London, June 13.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, telegraphing yesterday says:

"Weng Tung Ho, Emperor Kwang Hsu's tutor and confidant, who was dismissed by the dowager empress after the coup d'etat in 1898, sends, with the special sanction of the emperor and his party, including three viceroys, a message to the people of the West. It is in part as follows:

"His majesty is convinced through ample trustworthy sources, that the loyal support of many scores of millions of the Chinese will be accorded to his proposals for putting an end to the state of anarchy brought about by the action of the Empress Hsi Tsi. The government of China being virtually non-existent, the emperor proposes that the foreign powers, whose troops dominate the capital, shall remove his imperial person from the palace, in which his majesty is confined a prisoner; shall declare Empress Hsi Tsi and her present ministers to be usurpers, and shall bring Emperor Kwang Hsu to Nankin, Wu Chang or Shanghai, whichever the chief foreign powers deem to be the most suitable situation for the new capital of the Chinese empire under the new conditions. It is proposed by his majesty and his advisers that the foreign powers should declare a joint protectorate and undertake the task of governing the country through his majesty."

"The message suggests that the protectorate should abolish certain boards in Peking, appoint new ministers, abolish the existing so-called army, establish a gendarmerie under foreign officers, take control of the customs, posts and telegraphs and work them through Chinese officials, establish uniform currency, readjust taxation and insure the freedom of religion."

Spokane, Wash., June 13.—O. B. Masterson, a young business man of Rathdrum, Idaho, eloped this morning with Clara, the youngest daughter of W. A. Hart, a wealthy banker of that city. The young couple, accompanied by a party of friends and Probate Judge Brady, took the North Coast Limited of the Northern Pacific at Rathdrum. The train was late, and soon after leaving the station started at a 62-mile gait. The wedding party hurried to the observation car, where Judge Brady quickly pronounced the words which made the couple man and wife.

Rathdrum is but seven miles east of the Washington state line, so there could be no delay, as the judges' jurisdiction extended only to the county line. He spoke the final words just in time as the train was in Washington before the congratulations could be spoken.

Cave in at the United Verde.

Jerome, Ariz., June 13.—This morning about 1 o'clock there was a serious cave in on the 500-foot level of the United Verde mine, in which John Gray, of Salt Lake, and Jed Torreno lost their lives, and Robert Norther, of London, was slightly injured. James Meickle, a laborer, had his arm and thigh broken, and received internal injuries which are likely to prove fatal. The accident occurred in what was supposed to be the safest place in the mine.

## IT MEANS A FIGHT.

Chinese Will Oppose Advance of Troops to Peking.

London, June 15.—The Chinese are entrenched outside of Peking to oppose the advance of the international column.

A dispatch from Tien Tsin, dated Tuesday, June 1, says:

"I learn that the Chinese have guns trained on the American mission and the British legation. Two thousand Russian cavalry and infantry with artillery have landed at Taku."

The Shanghai correspondent reports that United States Minister Conger, by courier, asks for 2,000 United States troops.

The question of provisioning the relief force is already difficult, and it is predicted at Shanghai that it will become acute.

The leading members of the reform party, representing 15 out of 18 provinces, are at Shanghai. A dispatch to the Daily Mail, dated yesterday, says they are sending a petition to the United States, Great Britain and Japan praying those powers to take joint action against any attempt on the part of the other powers to partition the empire, and they implore the powers thus addressed to rescue the emperor.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that the ships of the Russian Pacific squadron on the active list, as well as those at Vladivostok have been ordered to proceed with all haste to Chinese waters.

The foreign office confirms the report of an engagement between troops of the international column and the Boxers Monday. It says that "about 35 Chinese were killed."

## 'BOBS' HEARD FROM

He Reports Two Battles That Have Been Fought With the Boers.

London, June 15.—The dispatch from Lord Roberts clearing up the situation at Pretoria and along the communications stands alone. Military observers, noting that no mention is made of prisoners, assumes that General Dewet got away with his forces practically intact.

General Buller entered Volksrusst Wednesday, pushing through Charlesown and encamped at Laing's Nek. The tunnel was not much damaged. Both ends were blown up, but the engineers think that the repairs can be effected in about four days. The advance troops of General Buller saw the Boer rear guard four miles distant yesterday. It was estimated that 8,000 Boers were withdrawn. The townspeople at Ermelo counted 15 guns.

Three hundred Free Staters, released from guarding Van Reenan's Pass, have gone to join President Steyn's command in the eastern part of Orange River colony. General Buller has sent notice to the Free Staters that unless they surrender by June 15 their farms and other possessions will be confiscated.

President Kruger keeps a locomotive with steam up attached to the car in which he concentrates the executive offices of the government, and it is said that he intends to leave Machadodorp soon, and to establish the Transvaal capital at Naal Spruit, in the mountains, a fine defensive region. The state printing press is operating at Machadodorp, producing leaflets containing war news for distribution among the Boers.

## CRITICAL STAGE PASSED.

Worst of the St. Louis Strike Is Apparently Over.

St. Louis, June 15.—To all appearances, today witnessed the beginning of the end of the riotous demonstrations and scenes of bloodshed that have characterized the great street railway strike for over a month past, and in many quarters it is thought that the strike itself. The opinions are based upon statements of the chief of police and sheriff that the critical stage has been passed, and upon the fact that the St. Louis Transit Company is slowly but surely approaching a complete resumption of business with the aid of non-union men.

The inquest over the bodies of victims of Sunday's riot began today. The testimony adduced was not of a character calculated to base a decision upon as to which side was to blame for beginning hostilities, the witnesses disagreeing on material points. Some placed the blame on the posse men and others placed it on the strikers.

During the course of a heated argument over the strike Sherman C. Patterson, president of the local street railway men's union, was stabbed in the neck and mortally wounded at a late hour tonight. Edward Caintry, of East St. Louis, who wielded the knife is under arrest. The tragedy occurred in a saloon where both men had been drinking.

Sheriff Pohlmans' posse comitatus has almost reached the number, 2,500, asked for by the police board. Citizens wearing deputy sheriff's badges suffer systematic boycott in many localities, being unable to buy anything to eat or drink.

## Recent Indignities.

Spokane, June 15.—Thirty white men and an equal number of Japanese railroad laborers had a free-for-all fight at Hillyard, four miles from Spokane, this evening and for a time it looked as if the affair would culminate in a bloody riot. The Japanese who have been annoyed for a week by the whites who dislike the presence of Orientals, charged their opponents, drove them into the pit of the roundhouse, and there the real fracas occurred. The place looked like a shambles when the Japanese were finally driven out. Sheriff Cole and a posse went to Hillyard on a special engine, but the trouble had subsided. Two Japanese are in the hospital, while most of the white men are nursing bruises. Stones, iron bolts and clubs were used in the battle.

## SAN MIGUEL TAKEN

### General Grant Reports Capture of Stronghold.

#### NO AMERICANS WERE KILLED

Important Fugal Leaders Have Been Caught—Desire of Filipinos for Education.

Manila, June 14.—General Grant, who led reinforcements with artillery against the insurgents in the mountain east of San Miguel, reports the capture of the rebel stronghold after four hours' fighting. The rebels were scattered and the Americans are pursuing them. General Grant's column had some 200 men.

He made one statement in particular which came as a distinct surprise, in view of the fact that he has spent a year and a half in fighting the Filipinos, for he declared that these same Filipinos were without question the very best of any of the Asiatic races living on the Pacific coast and islands.

He paid a high tribute to their acquirements, saying that young and old were alike anxious to learn from the Americans, and quick to do so if given an opportunity. The demand for schools on the American plan was insatiable. It had not been possible to secure a sufficient supply of Spanish-American text books, the market having been denuded of such.

When the book-hungry Filipinos were told this, they begged for American school books, and declared that their children could learn from them even without the Spanish text and translations. General Otis found to his astonishment that such was the case, and says that in the course of a very few months the Filipino children pick up a fair knowledge of English. Even the old natives on the text books in the effort to fix English phrases in their minds. There was a dearth of teachers, too. General Otis often having to use the soldiers in his ranks who knew a little Spanish and so were suitable as detail for teachers.

General Otis said he looked upon this educational movement as the only solution of the Philippine problem, and was confident that the spread of American ideas through the Filipino schools would in the end make good citizens of the Filipinos.

General Otis was positively of the opinion that the American forces in the Philippines at present were sufficient for all needs. Of course, he said, General MacArthur's present army could not furnish a guard to protect every Filipino household from the Ladronees; to do that would require a force of not less than 200,000 troops, and even then the task would occupy many years. As a matter of fact, he said, Spain had spent several centuries in the effort to stamp out the Ladronees in the Philippine group, and there was reason to believe that those brigands are scarcely more numerous now than they were during the Spanish occupation, when the islands were nominally at peace with Spain.

General Otis was confident, however, that conditions would steadily improve, and that little by little these robber bands would be driven away. Meanwhile, he admitted that it was often dangerous for Filipinos of the better class, whose interests naturally lay in American sovereignty, to admit their preferences, for they were subject in that case to assassination, to the loss of property and to persecution, instigated by various elements in the population to whom American occupation was obnoxious.

## CHINA'S TREACHERY.

Japanese Official Stain by the Empress' Body Guard.

London, June 14.—The Times, in an extra edition, publishes the following dispatch from Peking, dated June 12:

"The chancellor of the Japanese legation, Sugiyama Akira, while proceeding alone and unprotected, on official duty, was brutally murdered by soldiers of Tung Fuh Siang, the favorite body guard of the empress, at the main gate railway station yesterday.

"The foreign reinforcements are daily expected. The present isolated position at Peking, the destruction of foreign property in the country, and the insecurity of life are directly attributable to the treachery of the Chinese government."

## Infantine Released.

San Jose, Cal., June 14.—Nick Infantine, who was brought back from Portland, Or., by the sheriff, on a charge of grand larceny in the alleged stealing of \$600 from Jose Wilson, who married him here, has been released by Justice Rosenthal for want of evidence.

## Immigrants on Tramp Steamers.

New York, June 14.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor may issue regulations to exclude all immigrants arriving in the United States on tramp steamships, according to a Washington correspondent of the Herald. Under the law, immigrants who come within the classes not allowed to enter the United States must be returned when possible on the steamers bringing them. In the case of a tramp steamer, it is very difficult to enforce this provision.

## POLICE WERE WITHDRAWN.

St. Louis Street Cars Now Run Unmolested—All Quiet.

St. Louis, June 16.—The predictions that yesterday witnessed the beginning of the end of the great street railway strike were corroborated today when the police department withdrew its officers from all the cars and power-houses of the St. Louis Transit Company and returned them to their regular beats. The Transit Company continues to augment its force of non-union men and its transportation facilities at a ratio that promises to see the system in full swing before many more days have passed.

Much interest is being shown by the general public in the coroner's inquest at present in progress over the bodies of strikers and a citizen killed last Sunday by members of the sheriff's posse comitatus. The testimony adduced at today's hearing does not deny that Deputy Sheriff Marsh shot Frederick Bolze, the citizen in question, but the witnesses disagreed as to the deputy's provocation for shooting. There was testimony from about 35 witnesses, consuming three hours, after which the jury returned a verdict of homicide. A sensational feature of the inquest was the conflicting statements made by witnesses as to whether Police Lieutenant Stack ordered the deputy sheriff to fire on the crowd. Several of the deputies testified that he ordered the posse to shoot, while Stack declared he did all in his power to prevent the deputies from firing.

The disappearance of Deputy Sheriff Marsh was a startling development at the inquest. It is believed that Marsh has left the city. No further search will be made for him probably, unless friends of the dead man seek to prosecute him, the verdict of the coroner's jury being practically an exoneration.

## Charged With Conspiracy.

San Francisco, June 16.—Ernest Emmerich, chief clerk in the quartermaster's department, U. S. A., has been arrested, charged with conspiring with J. W. Bartholomew, also under arrest, to defraud the government by approving bills for supplies that were never furnished. He was released on \$3,000 bonds. On his person was found a note made payable to him from the American Box Factory, which has been paid considerable money for supplies that it is claimed were never delivered to the government. Bartholomew is the secretary of the concern. The boxes were used in packing guns and ammunition for shipment.

## Eight Miners Killed.

Canmore, Alberta, June 16.—A terrible gas explosion occurred in Canmore coal mine yesterday afternoon, resulting in the instant death of eight men and the injury of several others. The cause of the explosion is supposed to have been the carelessness of one of the miners in opening his safety lamp in violation of the rules, and in a portion of the mine where to do so was dangerous in the extreme. This miner is believed to be one of the unidentified victims.

## A Wedding in June.

Astoria, Or., June 16.—Governor T. T. Geer, Oregon's chief executive, and Miss Isabelle Turlinger, were married in Astoria this afternoon, under circumstances as happy and surroundings as pleasant as could be desired. The weather did not promise well, but resulted in a beautiful sunset as the bridal party started away on their special car, amid a shower of rice. The ceremony was performed at the First Presbyterian church, by Rev. Henry Marcotte, pastor of the church.

## The Ashantee Rebellion.

London, June 16.—The Daily Express has the following dispatch from Freetown, dated yesterday: "There has been another fight on the line of communication of the Krumah relief expedition. There are 16,000 men surrounding Krumah, and 2,000 facing the relief force. The leaders of the rebellion include Ashantah, Queen of Obeseu."

## Torturing a Murderer.

London, June 16.—A Shanghai dispatch, dated yesterday, says: "A Chinese steamer, laden with arms and ammunition, cleared from Shanghai today, bound for Tien Tsin. A notorious murderer, who was delivered by the municipality of Shanghai to the Chinese authorities, is being slowly stoned to death in a cage. Thousands of spectators watch his agonies daily."

## Thirty Miles From Peking.

Berlin, June 16.—The Berlin papers have a dispatch from Tien Tsin saying that the international force has arrived within 30 miles of Peking, but that the distance remaining must be traveled on foot, as the railway is completely destroyed. This, the dispatch says, will require three days.

## Six Million Destitute.

Simla, India, June 16.—Over 6,000,000 persons are now receiving relief. There was an increase in Bombay of 3,200,000 last week, owing to the return of destitute people who deserted the works on account of the cholera scare. The prospects of a fair monsoon are somewhat improved.

## Bishop Wilmer Dead.

Mobile, Ala., June 16.—Right Rev. Richard Hooker Wilmer, Episcopal bishop of the diocese of Alabama, died this morning, aged 84 years.

## Five Miners Killed.

Biwabik, Minn., June 16.—A terrible accident occurred today at the Hale mine, three miles from here, in which five men were instantly killed by an explosion of dynamite.

## Druggists and Hotelmen Excluded.

St. Paul, June 16.—The grand lodge of Old Fellows today voted to exclude druggists and hotel-keepers from the order in this state. William McGregor, of Minneapolis, was elected grand warden.

## ESCAPE OF BOTH

### British Must Reckon With a Formidable Force.

#### TRANSVAAL NOT YET PACIFIED

Buller's Advance Delayed by the Lack of Supplies—Rundie in a Skirmish at Ficksburg.

London, June 16.—That Commandant General Louis Botha should have been able to stand for two days against Lord Roberts and then retreat without losing any guns or having any of his men captured, is taken to mean that he has a force which the British must still reckon as formidable when acting slowly. The pacification of the whole of the Transvaal, especially the wide spaces far from the railways, is looked upon as a business requiring months, rather than weeks. Meanwhile, everything goes well for the British arms.

A Boer bulletin issued June 12, at Machadodorp said:

"Both wings of the federal forces touched the advancing army at I. A. M. yesterday, east of Pretoria. Fighting continued until dark. The enemy, though in overwhelming numbers, were checked along a line of 36 miles, and the burghers succeeded in driving back their right wing five miles. Two burghers were killed and