KLAMATH REPUBLICAN.

Published every Thursday by

W. HUSE & SON,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One year (in advance)	$2.00
Six months	1.00
Three months	50
Single copies	10

Advertising at reasonable rates.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1899.

Captain Dreyfus, who was recently tried and convicted without evidence by a French court, to the surprise and indignation of all civilized countries, was pardoned last week and now enjoys freedom again.

That the Filipino insurgents are having hard sledding in a financial way is shown by the fact that they have recently issued paper money to the amount of $3,000,000, and propose to confiscate all the horses, cattle and other property needed for the use of their army.

The only famine now raging in the Pacific states is a freight car famine. It is caused by the enormous amount of grain, fruit, goods, cattle and lumber to be sent per railroad, and the fact that the freight cars are few in comparison with the amount of freight to be hauled.

It is possible, of course, that business may be somewhat unfavorably affected by the political battle of next year, this being not uncommon experience in the year of the Presidential contest, but the danger of this will be reduced to a minimum if events shall be such as to create general confidence in Republican success. Let the financial and commercial interests of the country feel well assured of another Republican triumph and the national campaign will have little effect upon business.—Omaha Bee.

This paper needs a correspondent in every town and school district in the county, to send us the news. The growth and improvement of every locality will be of interest to all. We would like to receive communications every week telling of what is going on—the new houses being built, the business being transacted, and as to the cattle, the crops, the schools, churches, social gatherings, marriages, births and deaths; indeed, everything which will be of interest to our subscribers. This paper also needs a good agent in every town in the county to obtain subscribers, and for their trouble we will be glad to pay them liberally.

Senator Thurston in a recent speech on expansion and the Philippine question, said: "I was not an expansionist but now I am thoroughly convinced that the Administration did the only thing possible We were at war with Spain. We struck her most vital point—Manila. Once there we had Spain at our mercy and forced peace within a comparatively few days. The idea that Dewey should have sailed away after destroying that fleet and taking Manila is preposterous. I think it is equally clear that we never could have justified the surrender of the islands to Spain. I think everything was done by the Administration that could possibly have been done. We could not anticipate a Philippine revolution."

Henry Watterson says that "the Democratic party of Jefferson and Jackson was ever the apostle of national expansion. Manifest destiny was its rallying cry. That idea is none the less living and vital to day than it was fifty, sixty, eighty years ago. All these new territorial acquisitions are with us to stay. They came to us unbidden. They were sent to us by that mysterious power to which we owe all that we are, all that we have. Who shall say it nay? He that does this—and the more surely if he be a party leader—pronounces his own political damnation. No party ever threw itself across the pathway of its country's greatness and glory and lived to tell the tale, and no party ever can, or will, or ought."

Senator Vest of Missouri will not see or believe that any prosperity has come to the farmer in the past two years. He said in an interview at Toronto, Canada, on Monday; "Republicans claim prosperity as due to the tariff policy, but farmers have received no particular benefit from the prosperity and are as dissatified as ever." Facts from all sections of the country, especially the great farming West, disproves the sentence above uttered by Mr. Vest. Millions of mortgages in Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri, Iowa and the Dakotas were in 1898 paid off by the increased sale of their products and millions more will be paid and cancelled before Christmas chimes are rung from the gold the 1899 crops will bring them.—Fremont (Ohio) Journal.

The Western Immigration Bureau decided on the 23d that successful competition in the carrying of passengers and freight has been handicapped by the Southern Pacific railroad, which, it is asserted, demanded the full proportion of the traffic rate west of Ogden. Hence it was decided that if the Southern Pacific does not recede from its position, tickets shall be routed west of Ogden via the Oregon shortline and Oregon railroad and Navigation Company to Portland and from there to San Francisco by boat, or over the Santa Fe. This will possibly result in good to Southern Oregon, which has long been suffering on account of the high rates charged by the S. P. Railroad. If this road is thus boycotted for its unfairness, it is not unreasonable to suppose that it will bring its managers to time, and that immigration to Southern Oregon will not hence-

OHIO REPUBLICANISM.

The republican campaign was opened on the 23d at Akron, Ohio by Governor Roosevelt of New York and Judge Nash of Columbus, and was attended by 75,000. In his opening remarks, the Judge said: "There is a very important matter with which the republican party and its politics had much to do in the last two and a half years. Our foreign markets have been enlarged and our foreign commerce has been increased. We believe this to be absolutely necessary for the present and future prosperity of the country. The policy of the republican party is to strengthen and make larger foreign markets for our goods. It is in earnest in this matter. We are just as zealous in the cause as we ever were in saving our home market for Americans. This we propose to do, even if it requires that governmental assistance shall be given to our shipping so that our wares may sail the world over under our own flag. This we will do, even if it involves the construction of the Nicaragua canal by our own government. This we will do, even if it demands that our flag shall never be hauled down in islands lawfully acquired by the valor of our soldiers and sailors."

As to "imperialism," the speaker said: "who in the world is in favor of it? Imperialism is the power, authority of an emperor. I know of no imperialist in this broad land. I know of no man in it who desires to change the spirit or character of this great republic as it was handed down to us by our fathers. Even those who believe that it is a wise act to retain possession of the islands which have come to us as part of the victory which we won over Spain, do not wish to establish an empire in them, or any thing akin to an empire. All they desire is to carry to their inhabitants the same enlightenment and the same civilization which we enjoy. When they are prepared for it, it is proposed that the congress shall act to give them a government free in character and guaranteeing to them the sacred rights which we cherish.

"Within the last few years many of the business men of this country have consolidated their great interests into corporations and combinations which are publicly known as 'trusts.' The men who conduct our manufactories, trade and commerce are generally intelligent, far-seeing citizens, with the patriotism equal to that of any other class of citizens. I am very loth to believe that these men would knowingly do any thing that would be detrimental to the country or their fellowmen. It is true, however, that there are things connected with these new organizations that need regulation by law in order to prevent evils which may arise. Undoubtedly careful and wise legislation will be acquired, both on the present congress' part and by the state legislatures, to regulate and prevent evils which may emanate from the large corporations. Such legislation we can safely entrust to the men of the republican party."

It is prophesied by Portland newspapers that there will be a great scarcity of beef in the Northwest this winter on account of stockmen having sold off so many of their cattle that very few cattle are left. The Oregonian of Sunday says that "the demand for stock cattle, to replenish the ranges of Montana, has been so great that Oregon cattlemen have left their own ranges almost bare of stock in many instances. The high price paid for veal, 8 cents a pound, has also tempted farmers to dispose of their heifer calves. A two-months-old calf will dress 100 pounds, and $8 is considered a big price, so farmers have sold calves as well as yearlings and 2-year-old heifers, without considering the scarcity to result in the years to come. Oregon has to feed not only Portland, but the cities on Puget sound and the great mining region recently developed in Alaska.

Dishonest Land.

The Conservative knows a quaater section of very beautiful and fertile land adjoining Nebraska City. That half-mile square of superior soil, when first sold and deeded, in 1857—42 years ago—brought only $200 in gold. But the land is, like the gold dollar which Colonel Bryan describes, "dishonest-" It is "dishonest" because its puachasing power is constantly increasing. Today, one acre of this dishonest land will buy 200 gold dollars. Honest land, like an honest dollar, can not buy more at one time than at another!

Think of the diabolism of this wickedly enhancing land—contemplate the nefariousness, the innate rascality of a soil that has risen in purchasing power in 42 years, so that one acre buys as many dollars today of gold coin as 160 acres bought in 1857!

What is Colonel Bryan's remedy? Is it the coinage of desert land farms at 16 to 1?

Will Colonel Bryan permit people holding lands that cost $1 25 an acre to demand and get interest on $200 for each acre thus bought? Will that kind of wat-

Cuba Railroad.

A New York dispatch dated Sept. 23 says:

"Within a very short time the construction of a railaoad will probably be begun which will make every point of importance in Cuba easy of access. We have the right of way; we have the concession, and, best of all, we have the money. It is our purpose ta have a main line through the island, and to do this we must build a road from Santa Clara to Santiago de Cuba, a distance of about 400 miles. Then we will build branches to the main line from every port on the north and south sides of the island.

"This means the building of more than 850 miles of road at a cost of at least $25,000,000. London and Boston capitalists have financed the undertaking. The surveys have been made, and all that is necessary to permit the commencement of the work of construction is the repeal of the Foraker resolution. This we have every reason to believe will be repealed in the early days of the coming session. We shall rush the work and give Cuba a railroad system that will prove of incalculable benefit in the development of her many resources."

Notice for Bids.

Bids will be received by the undersigned until 2 o'clock p. m. Sept. 30th 1899, for the purchase of $500 School District Bonds issued by school district No. 28 Klamath county, Or. Bonds redeemable after ten years, interest payable semi-annually.

H. H. VAN VALKENBURG.
Tres. Klamath County.

Notice.

There is money in the Town Treasury to pay all warrants up to and including No. 682. J. W. SIEMENS.
Town Treas.

For Rent.

320 acres good farm land, 200 acres in cultivation, all fenced, fair dwelling house and barn. Good water. Cash rent or wheat in mill at thrashing time. Apply to C. L. PARRISH.

The state fair, at Salem, closed last Friday. It was the most successful fair the state has had in ten years.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County.

M. I. Thompson, Plaintiff, vs. J. W. Thompson, Defendant. } Suit for Divorce.

To J. W. Thompson, the above-named defendant:

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby summoned and required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above-entitled court and cause on or before Thursday, November 9, 1899, and if you fail so to appear and answer as herein required, for want thereof the above-named plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in her complaint.

The relief demanded is a decree of the court dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant and the care and custody of the minor children, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

This summons is published by order of Hon. L. F. Willits, Judge of the County Court of Klamath County, Oregon. Said order directs that this summons be published once a week for six consecutive and successive weeks, the first publication thereof to be made on September 28, 1899, and the last publication to be made on November 9, 1899.

Dated September 28, 1899.

A. L. LEAVITT,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the Circuit court of the State of Oregon for the County of Klamath.

T. T. Geer, Governor of Oregon, F. I. Dunbar, Secretary of State of Oregon and Chas. S. Moore, Treasurer of the state of Oregon, constituting the State Land Board. Plaintiff. vs. Frank Pattemore and Lucy E. Pattemore, his wife. Defendants. } Suit in Equity to foreclose a mortgage.

Notice is hereby given that, by virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued out of the above named court and cause on the 26th day of August 1899, upon a decree made in said court on the 23rd day of June 1899, wherein the above named plaintiff recovered judgment against the said defendant, Frank Pattemore, for the sum of $542.91, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum, and the further sum of $38.52, and the sum of $75.00 attorney's fees in said suit, with the costs and disbursements therein, taxed at $20.00. Which said decree against said defendants and each of them, ordered the sale of the following described mortgaged real property to satisfy said judgment and costs. Therefore in compliance with said execution and order of sale, I have duly levied upon said mortgaged premises, and will on Saturday the 7th day of October 1899, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the County Court house, in Klamath Falls, Klamath county, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, the following described real property, situated in Klamath county, Oregon, to wit: The northeast quarter of section nineteen (19) in township Thirty-nine (39) south of Range ten (10) east, Willamette Meridian, containing 160 acres. Together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging. The proceeds of said sale to be applied in the payment of the expenses of said sale, together with plaintiff's said judgment, including interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, this 7th day

A. KERSHNER,

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Lakeview, Or., Aug. 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before C. H. Withrow, County Clerk, at Klamath Falls, Or., on Sept. 30, 1899, viz:

JOHN F. WISNER.

H. E. No. 1889, for the SE¼ of SW¼, S½ of SE¼, NE¼ of SE¼, Sec 25, Tp. 39 S., R. 12 east, W. M., Oregon. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: J. A. Stewart, H. G. Bussey, David Campbell, and W. R. Campbell all of Lorella, Oregon.

E. M. BRATTAIN, Register.

TREASURERS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that there are funds in the County Treasury for the redemption of the following County Warrants protested on Jan 12, 1899. Interest on same will cease from this date. 4098, 4104, 4055, 4119, 4076, 4106, 4096, 4087, 4099, 2805 4118, 4100, 4077.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Or., this 21st day of September 1899. H. H. VAN VALKENBURG, County Treasurer.

Protect your family and yourself by taking out an accident policy. $10 to $25 per annum pays for $1000 with weekly idemnity of $5 to $12.50.

C. L. PARRISH,
Agent for Aetna Insurance Co.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, For Klamath County.

A. D. Harpold, Plaintiff. vs. Ross Guilliams Defendant. } Action at law to recover Money.

To Ross Guilliams, the above named defendant: In the Name of the State of Oregon:

You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above-entitled action, on or before Thursday, October 26th, 1899, that day and date being the last time prescribed in the order for the publication of Summons, the first publication thereof having been made on the 14th day of September, 1899; and if you fail to answer, for want thereof, the plaintiff will take judgment against you as demanded in the complaint on file in this cause, to-wit:

For the sum of $863.31, together with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from the 1st day of July, 1899, together with plaintiff's costs and disbursements of this action; and will ask the Court for an order that any property taken under attachment herein be sold to satisfy said judgment, or so much of such property as may be sufficient to satisfy the same.

This summons is served by publication thereof in the KLAMATH REPUBLICAN, by order of Hon. Henry L. Benson, Judge of the 1st Judicial District of Oregon, made, dated and filed in said Court and cause on the 13th day of September, 1899, at Klamath Falls, Oregon, and which said order so made and filed requires that this summons in this cause be published once a week for six consecutive and successive weeks from the 14th day of September, 1899, the date of the first publication thereof as prescribed in said order. H. F. MURDOCH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Klamath.

T. T. Geer, Governor of Oregon F. I. Dunbar, Secretary of State of Oregon, and Chas. S. Moore, Treasurer of the State of Oregon, constituting the State Land Board. Plaintiff. vs. W. E. Howe, Belle Howe, his wife, and J. L. Hanks, Defendants. } Suit in Equity to foreclose a mortgage.

Notice is hereby given that, by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the above named court and cause on the 26th day of August 1899, upon a decree made in said court on the 22nd day of June 1899, wherein the above named plaintiff recovered judgment against the said defendant W. E. Howe for the sum of $443.33 with interest at eight per cent per annum, and the further sum of $31.03 and the sum of $60.00 attorney,s fees with interest thereon at six per cent per annum, together with the costs and disbursements of said suit taxed at $6.50. Which said decree against said defendants and each of them ordered the sale of the following described mortgaged real property to satisfy said judgment and costs. Therefore in compliance with said execution and order of sale, I have duly levied upon said mortgaged premises, and will on Saturday the 7th day of October 1899, at 2 o,clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the County Court house, in Klamath Falls, Klamath county, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, the following described real property, situated in Klamath county, Oregon, to wit: The southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section six (6) and the south half of the northwest quarter of section five (5) in Township forty (40) south of Range ten (10) east, Willamette Meridian, containing 120 acres. Together with the tenements, hereditments and appurtenances thereunto belonging. The proceeds of sale to be applied in the payment of the expenses of said sale, together with plaintiff's said judgment, including interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, this 7th day of September 1899. A. KERSHNER.
Sheriff of Klamath county, Oregon.