

Forest Men Do Big Job For Public

Numerous Projects Make Progress in Fremont's Far-Flung Recreational Areas

By HELEN HOFFMAN
Of Bly

Wild Life Week seems a suitable time to discuss the service that provides the major protection of wild life and conserves as well the beauties and resources of forest and range for the use of mankind.

To most people it seems, the forest service and its accomplishments are more or less vague. As one veteran forester remarked, "If anyone thinks all there is to it is dressing up in a forest green uniform and looking pretty, he's as crazy as a bed-bug."

The fifteenth work period has just come to an end in Fremont forest and the sum of the accomplishments of the four men and CCC boys of the Bly district is no small matter, according to the report of Fred Stone, superintendent of Camp F-119.

One project ready for recreation pleasure is the Sprague River camp ground. A temporary sign, (to be replaced later by a standard forest service emblem), about four miles east of Bly directs the traveler to his left, where following a gravelled road he soon finds himself, after winding down the hillside, on the banks of the river. Recently completed facilities are the 32-foot long foot bridge and the 40-foot vehicle bridge across the stream. Ninety-four rods of foot trail have been constructed leading to and beyond the Indian writings on the rocky wall at the left and down the river. The camp ground covers about five acres, recently cleaned up and planted with some 1500 willow trees. A well has been dug, five latrines installed and 15-foot camp tables set up for public use. Foreman Lem Huston and Archie Strong have directed most of this work. Other improvements are anticipated for the further development of this site.

Carpentry Projects
Several carpentry projects have been completed in various parts of the district. Rollin Meyers superintends the major part of this work. The Girl Scout cabin at Dead Horse lake, 30x70 feet and containing a kitchen and large recreation hall with fire place, was a major project this season.

A scaler's portable cabin has been built to be moved about over the forest area where workmen may live while marking and scaling marketable timber for sale to private lumber companies.

A new administrative cabin has been built at State Line spring. This is for the use of the ranger and as headquarters for deer counters. Food is stored here for use at all times and nearby a cabin for hay and feed storage is maintained for horses used by the service.

Foreman Bill Harbison has completed the new lookout on Fish Hole mountain. This consists of a 14x14 room on a 40-foot tower. This is an emergency lookout only used when visibility is poor from other lookouts. Material used is creosoted, ring connected timbers.

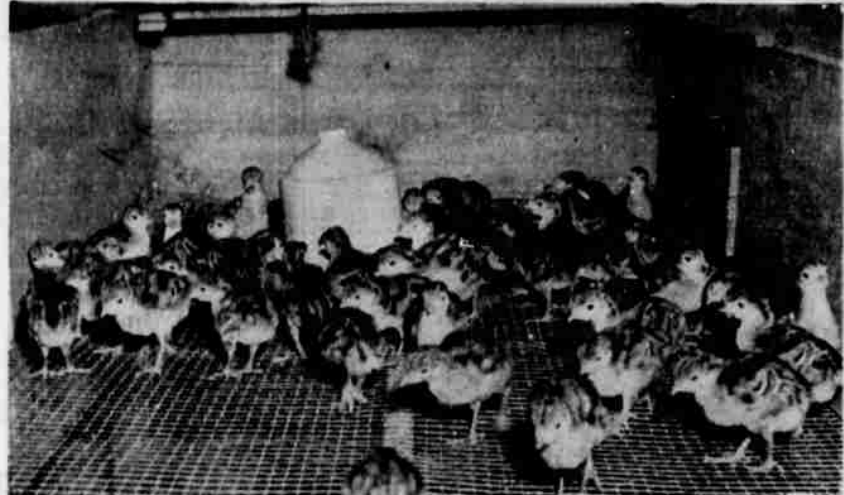
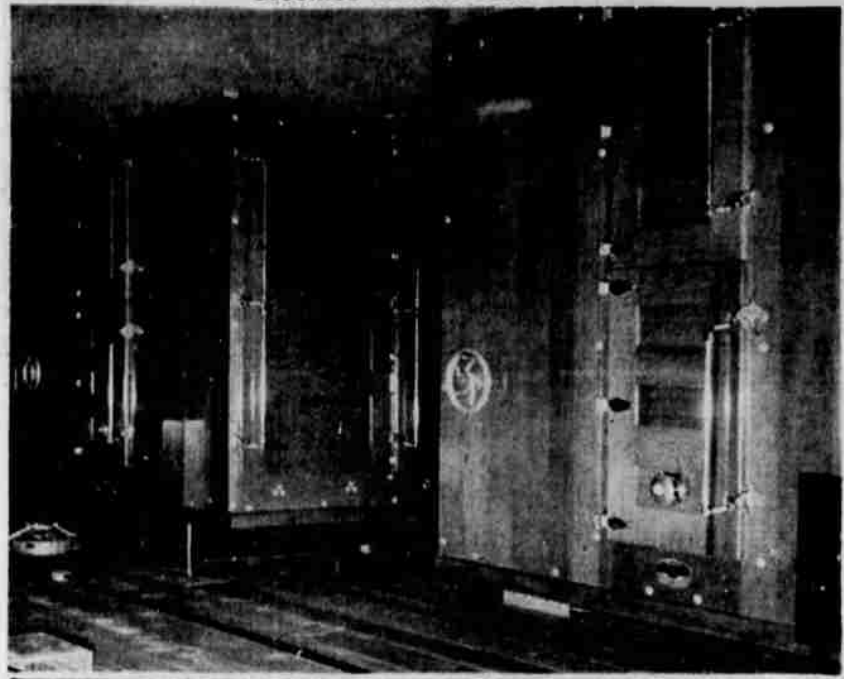
On Quartz mountain the forest service has maintained a small hut under the supervision of A. T. Hoffman. During the last two months 36,520 board feet of rustic fence material and 15,000 board feet of miscellaneous lumber has been prepared.

Bath House Built
This was used largely for bridges, cattle guards and the rustic fence at Lakeview warehouse and Paisley ranger station built by Richard Barnhouse. At the Lakeview spike camp the entire CCC camp has been moved back from the road further up the slope at the right of the Hot Springs and a new bath house was constructed by Bill Harbison's crew.

A surprising feature is that 400 miles of forest road are maintained in Bly district alone. Hoffman is in charge of this work which is just getting under way. Grading is done on the main roads rocks and high centers are removed from the branch roads and drainage ditches dug on all of them. Herb Bradley, Lyle Springer and Leand Harris are assisting on this project. The forest area is a network of these roads which are mostly for fire protection. Three-hundred newly painted informational and directional signs are ready for placement on these roads.

Telephone Lines
A complicated but well organized system of telephone lines covers the entire forest.

Groomed for the Platter



Thousands of baby turkeys are being turned out each week at the Liskey Brothers turkey farm near Malin. Above, two of the large incubating units which produce fluffy baby turks like those shown below.

The central switchboard for all of these is at Dairy Creek guard station, located 33 miles northwest of Lakeview. Major hook-ups are those to Dog Lake, Lakeview, Paisley, Silver Lake, Fremont Point, Cougar Peak, Bald Mountain, Gearhart Lookout and several others.

A dispatcher is maintained at each district headquarters who keeps in close touch with every lookout in his special part of the forest. At times of extreme emergency such as a lightning burst, the fire chief at Lakeview goes to Dairy Creek headquarters for 100 per cent communication facilities. Sem Jarvis is fire chief of Fremont forest. Wiring and maintenance is under supervision of Foreman Bill Harbison who is an expert electrician. Range conservation during this work period has consisted of seeding in six seeded areas and seeding burned over areas with crested wheat. Fred Stone seeded the Barnes River site last fall, over 110 acres.

Water conservation, which consists of developing a spring and placing a system of burned out log troughs conveniently on the range, has been carried out in three new areas in the Dog Lake section under direction of A. T. Hoffman. This work is carried on largely in the summer work season. Approximately 50 miles of drift fence has been constructed.

Wild life conservation under the supervision of Biologist Archie Strong consisted of the planting of 250,000 rainbow trout in numerous streams and lakes.

Garage at Bly
In the soil conservation field Richard Barnhouse maintained some 200 erosion dams. Forty new dams were built on Wild Horse creek by Archie Strong. A complete garage service is maintained at Bly by Warren Osborne in the forest service shops. Aside from a blacksmith shop where all hand tools such as picaroons, sledges, mattocks and all fire fighting tools are kept in top condition, Mr. Osborne does all repair and maintenance work on the mobilization machinery of the district. This includes nine stake racks, two dump trucks, three caterpillars, four pickups, one panel truck and two air compressors. This service has to be available at all times and a crew of five men is retained for the work.

Besides the maintenance and material construction an educational set up is carried out in regular classes where the foremen instruct the rangers in theory and all in all, judging from the fact that seven foremen supervised the entire labor output necessary for the above mentioned accomplishments, as well as many lesser jobs relevant to the service, one may

Huge Incubators Hatching 6000 Turkeys Weekly Here

Behind the heavy doors of three large incubating units on the Liskey Brothers ranch in the Malin section, thousands of turkey eggs are carefully placed in order, so that platters on holiday tables may hold golden brown birds—ready for the carving knife.

A dispatcher is maintained at each district headquarters who keeps in close touch with every lookout in his special part of the forest. At times of extreme emergency such as a lightning burst, the fire chief at Lakeview goes to Dairy Creek headquarters for 100 per cent communication facilities. Sem Jarvis is fire chief of Fremont forest. Wiring and maintenance is under supervision of Foreman Bill Harbison who is an expert electrician. Range conservation during this work period has consisted of seeding in six seeded areas and seeding burned over areas with crested wheat. Fred Stone seeded the Barnes River site last fall, over 110 acres.

Water conservation, which consists of developing a spring and placing a system of burned out log troughs conveniently on the range, has been carried out in three new areas in the Dog Lake section under direction of A. T. Hoffman. This work is carried on largely in the summer work season. Approximately 50 miles of drift fence has been constructed.

Wild life conservation under the supervision of Biologist Archie Strong consisted of the planting of 250,000 rainbow trout in numerous streams and lakes.

Bath House Built
This was used largely for bridges, cattle guards and the rustic fence at Lakeview warehouse and Paisley ranger station built by Richard Barnhouse. At the Lakeview spike camp the entire CCC camp has been moved back from the road further up the slope at the right of the Hot Springs and a new bath house was constructed by Bill Harbison's crew.

A surprising feature is that 400 miles of forest road are maintained in Bly district alone. Hoffman is in charge of this work which is just getting under way. Grading is done on the main roads rocks and high centers are removed from the branch roads and drainage ditches dug on all of them. Herb Bradley, Lyle Springer and Leand Harris are assisting on this project. The forest area is a network of these roads which are mostly for fire protection. Three-hundred newly painted informational and directional signs are ready for placement on these roads.

Telephone Lines
A complicated but well organized system of telephone lines covers the entire forest.

Schools Here Training For Citizenship

Practical Lessons in Democracy Given Youngsters Through Activities

EDITOR'S NOTE: This is another of a series on Klamath's educational program by the League of Women Voters, Klamath chapter.

The schools of our city are accepting their responsibility of training the future citizens for democracy. An educated electorate is the first requirement of this form of government, so all the work that the schools do might be regarded as training for citizenship. However at an early age the children are taught to regard the government of the school as part of their own responsibility. Student government is allowed as much as seems practical.

Department, now a days, is called citizenship. This includes obedience to school rules, courtesy, co-operation, cleanliness, health, industry, and consideration for the rights of others. A common remark heard by an entering classmate is, "Now, you are not a good citizen." A child in the first grade knows what it means to be a good citizen of his school.

In some of the schools councilmen are chosen from each section to represent the class in the court. These children are usually good students and highly regarded by their classmates. Meetings are held once a week if there are enough cases to warrant it. Councilmen, traffic officers, or teachers may report an offender. The offender is then served notice to appear at the council meeting where he is tried before a jury of his peers and sentenced by a youthful judge. This method of school management requires a great deal of time, skillful handling by the principal and teachers and full understanding and co-operation by the parents. For these reasons it has been abandoned in some of the schools and disciplinary matters are more quickly settled by adult judgment, giving the student time to master the school arts, which is his real business at this age.

A good chance for student participation in school affairs comes in the auditorium department in the platoon schools. Here each class is organized beginning with the third, having a president, vice-president and secretary, who learn to conduct meetings at this tender age. The minutes must be letter perfect or they are duly corrected. Each child in school must participate in some way during the year. Programs, skills, and plays are given in which the children do the work and take the parts.

Forum discussions, in the most modern manner are held in some of the current events and history classes. Students are encouraged to think a problem through and express their own views.

All the schools have traffic officers who are on duty when children are apt to be crossing the streets. Each school manages this according to its own needs. At the Mills school sixth, seventh, and eighth graders serve, while at Joseph Conger fourth graders are called into service. All the boys who are making passing grades in all their subjects rotate for duty outside. The girls guard the halls. If a child disobeys the rules or falls down in any subject he loses his turn on the squad and the next child in line takes his place.

The Junior police is an organization under the direction of David Bridge, recreational director, in conjunction with the schools. They direct the bicycle

The Call-Chronicle-Examiner

EARTHQUAKE AND FIRE: SAN FRANCISCO IN RUINS



EMERGENCY JOB—The front page of the combined newspaper put out by three San Francisco dailies after the earthquake and fire of April 18, 1906—just 35 years ago Friday.

Why I Want To Be A Dairy Club Member

EDITOR'S NOTE: The following essay was judged as outstanding among winning entries in the essay contest among 4-H Club members.

By JAMES CONROY
Of Modoc Point

For years past it has been self-evident that boys or girls participating in 4-H work are becoming the real stockmen of today. Throughout the course of 4-H club instruction we are taught the fundamental purposes of raising good stock, how to select the best through the process of eliminating the particular features of an animal that make for an inferior type. Along with this we learn how to care for and feed our livestock. This is especially necessary since without proper care even the fattest will not thrive to its best. Also without human kindness the animal inclined toward nervous trends does not respond to the best of food, whereas proper treatment is a reverse is a means of feed conservation.

For those of us that have worked in stock clubs it is easy to realize the genuine attachment just as the senior police direct the automobile traffic. To get on the Junior police force a boy must be in good scholastic standing, of good moral character and willing to take responsibility. Thirty boys from the entire school system are now on the force. Violators are brought to court each Saturday morning at 9:30 where they are tried by a boy's jury, judge, district attorney and prosecuting attorney. Mr. Bridge is always present at these meetings and is the final authority in all cases. Bicycles are impounded for a length of time depending on the seriousness of the offense. No fines are given because that would punish the parents instead of the child.

Four-H clubs, Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, Brownies, Campfire Girls, Bluebirds are closely connected with the schools. Often meeting places are in the school buildings and school supplies are gladly given when they can be used. Occasionally school time is given for the meetings. Many teachers are leaders of these groups. Every child is urged to take part in some of these activities.

ENLIGHTENING
ROCK ISLAND, Ill. (AP) — A group of Boy Scouts at their camp for the first time this spring watched with apparent amusement as Boy Scout Executive L. C. Jameson prepared to light the first fire.

Boy Scouts must be able to start a fire with two matches, but Jameson used a score with no results. Then he discovered that the "paper" he was using was sheet asbestos.

TROLLEY TREMORS
MILWAUKEE (AP) — Street cars cause too much vibration in some parts of town, Alderman John Kalupa claimed before the city council's utility committee.

He cited a recent instance when, so he said, vibrations caused by a street car jolted the denture plate out of the mouth of a woman choir member at a south side church.

Old Paper Tells Story Of Disaster

35th Anniversary of San Francisco Earthquake, Fire Passed Friday

Many Klamath residents lived in the San Francisco bay area during the disastrous earthquake and fire which was marked by its 35th anniversary Friday. On the morning of Thursday, April 18, 1906, the city was "a mass of smoldering ruins" from the great fire.

A Klamath Falls man brought graphic recollections to The News and Herald office with a copy of the makeshift Call-Chronicle-Examiner newspaper published the day after the tremor rocked San Francisco for 48 seconds and caused the most serious disaster the west has ever known. The paper is shown on this page.

As the buildings of the Call and the Examiner were going up in flames newsmen rushed to the Chronicle building and worked frantically to publish the issue. "At nine o'clock the Crocker-Woolworth bank building was on fire at the corner," reads the paper. "Across from it is the railroad building and Masonic temple. Only a row of small buildings separate it from the Chronicle building."

"At nine o'clock, under a special message from President Roosevelt, the city was placed under martial law," says another line. "Hundreds of troops patrolled the streets and drove the crowds back, while hundreds more were set at work assisting the fire and police departments. The strictest orders were issued. . . . During the afternoon three thieves met their death by rifle bullets while at work in the ruins."

Not only San Francisco was hard hit by the quake, the paper reports, but also in many other towns. "On the north conditions are fully as shocking as here. . . . The bridges crossing the Russian river at that point (Healdsburg) are in the stream. . . . Many have arrived, however, on horseback and in wagons."

"These messengers bring the saddest tidings of the destruction of Healdsburg, Geyserville, Cloverdale, Hopland and Ukiah. This report takes in the country as far north as Mendocino and Lake counties, and as far west as the Pacific ocean."

Nevertheless, San Francisco was rebuilt and stands today as one of the show places of the world. Mayor Angelo J. Rossi recently received a letter from a high London dignitary requesting detailed information as to the method used by the bay city in reconstruction.

Navy Cooks Polish Off for Duty at Celebrated Hotel

PHILADELPHIA, April 18 (AP)—Food to sustain the crew of the new 35,000-ton battleship Washington will have all the touch and frills of the celebrated Bellevue-Stratford kitchen.

Five of the vessel's cooks are taking a post graduate course in the hotel's basement culinary layout right now and all 20 will have been through the polishing process before their dreadnaught boat comes out of the Philadelphia navy yard next month.

"The point is to perfect their style," explains Chief Commissary Steward O. M. Aylor. "They're all pretty good in a galley now. Most of them have had at least five or six years' experience."

"But they feel there's no end to what they can learn. They're interested in the finer technique."

Ask Aylor if that means putting ruffles on lamb chops and he replies thoughtfully: "Well, yes, it might. Of course that's not required in the navy but it's a good thing to know."

"What we're thinking of is salads and salad dressings, soups, sauces and gravies. . . . And there's no denying our main interest is in turning out a good roast. You know, the navy people are very fond of meat. They get it three times a day in one form or another. . . . Then, too, we'd like the ship's galley to turn out tasty bread, rolls and cakes."

Very earnest in their studies, the battleship cooks are in the kitchen every morning at 6:30, white and speckless in their uniforms.

With Chief Camille Kurts or one of his assistants they go through every department. All cooking secrets are theirs.

Looking for Bargains? Turn to the Classified page.

Nautically Nice



If Suzanne Lloyd, above, were admiral in command of the U.S. Navy, she wouldn't be necessary. Judging on looks, she'll have plenty following as "Miss Foreign Trade, 1941" at Los Angeles during celebration of the event.

Groesbeck Speaks On Oregon Colleges At Rotary Meeting

Rollo C. Groesbeck, Klamath Falls attorney, was the principal speaker at Rotary luncheon Friday at noon when he discussed the Oregon system of higher education, of which he is a member of the board.

Groesbeck traced activities of the system before 1929, when each of the schools of higher education was governed by its own individual board of regents, and from that point outlined the consolidation system whereby all institutions were coordinated. These schools include the University of Oregon, Oregon State college, and the University of Oregon school of medicine, as well as the three colleges of education, located in Ashland, Monmouth and La-Grande.

"Student fees in Oregon are the highest in any state west of the Mississippi river," Groesbeck stated, and offered comparative figures. The amount of money spent each year toward education in this state per student was also given.



"I PLEDGE ALLEGIANCE"—A class of Mills school youngsters giving the flag pledge, a part of citizenship training in this and other Klamath schools.