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Koufax Handcuffs Yanks, L.A. Wins 5-2

Dodger Ace Sets Strikeout Mark

NEW YORK (UPI)—Southpaw Sandy Koufax broke the World Series strikeout record today when he fanned 15 New York Yankee batters in a superb six-hit pitching performance that enabled the Los Angeles Dodgers to win the opening game of the classic, 5-2.

John Roseboro's three-run homer and a pair of run-producing singles by Moose Skowron drove in all the Los Angeles runs off Yankee lefthander Whitey Ford before a crowd of exactly 69,000 fans in sun-soaked Yankee Stadium.

Koufax' feat broke the record of 14 set by Carl Erskine of the old Brooklyn Dodgers exactly 10 years ago to this day in the 1953 World Series against the Yankees.

By striking out the first five batters he faced, the 27-year-old Koufax also tied a record set by Mort Cooper of the St. Louis Cardinals in 1943, also against the Yankees. The Dodger fireballer pitched 4 2-3 perfect innings before Elston Howard singled with two out in the fifth for the Yankees' first hit.

Tom Tresh drove in both New York runs with a homer into the left field stands in the eighth inning. The homer also drove in Tony Kubek, who had beaten out an infield hit.

An inning by inning description of the game follows:

Dodgers first
Wills was called out on strikes. Ford threw him only four pitches. Gilliam rapped Ford's second pitch to Kubek who threw him out. W. Davis struck out on three pitches.
No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

Yankees first
Kubek went down swinging on a one and two pitch. Richardson struck out swinging at a blazing fast ball. Tresh was called out on strikes on a two and two pitch.
No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

Dodgers second
T. Davis grounded out on Ford's second pitch. Kubek to Pepitone. E. Howard drove Ford's third pitch against the centerfield fence at the 457-foot mark for a double. Skowron singled to center, scoring F. Howard.
Tracewski singled to center, Skowron stopping at second. Roseboro hit a 0-1 pitch into the right field stands near the foul line for a home run, scoring Skowron and Tracewski ahead of him and putting the Dodgers in front, 4-0. It was Roseboro's first World Series home run. Koufax filed to Maris. Wills was called out on strikes.
Four runs, four hits, no errors, none left.

Yankees second
Mantle was called out on strikes. Maris also struck out making it five in a row for Koufax. That tied the series record for strikeouts for the start of a series game. It was set by Mort Cooper of the Cardinals against the Yankees in 1943. Roseboro made a one-handed catch of E. Howard's foul by the Yankees' dugout.
No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

Dodgers third
Gilliam singled to center. W. Davis forced Gilliam at second, Richard to Kubek. T. Davis singled to right, W. Davis going to third. F. Howard fouled to E. Howard, the runners holding their bases. Skowron singled to left center, scoring W. Davis. T. Davis going to third. Tracewski forced Skowron at second, Boyer to Richardson.
One run, three hits, no errors, two left.

Yankees third
Pepitone struck out. Boyer grounded out, Koufax who deflected the ball to Tracewski who threw to Skowron at first. Ford fouled to Gilliam on the first pitch.
No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

Dodgers fourth
Roseboro struck out. Koufax was given a big ovation for his superlative pitching as he came to bat. He grounded out, Boyer to Pepitone. Wills lined to Ford.
No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

Yankees fourth
Kubek struck out for the second time. So did Richardson. Gresh also struck out, the second time in a row the top three batters for the Yankees went down on strikes.
No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

Dodgers fifth
Gilliam walked on four straight pitches. W. Davis sacrificed Gilliam to second, Ford to Richardson, who covered first. T. Davis beat out a ground ball off Ford's glove for an infield hit, Gilliam going to third.
F. Howard grounded out, Ford to Pepitone; Gilliam holding third. T. Davis going to second on the play.
Skowron was purposely passed, filling the bases.
Tracewski forced T. Davis at third, Boyer unassisted.
No runs, one hit, no errors, three left.

Yankees fifth
Mantle struck out for the second straight time.
Maris fouled to Roseboro.
E. Howard lined Koufax's first pitch to right for a single. It was the first New York hit.
Pepitone also singled to right, E. Howard stopping at second.
Boyer singled off Tracewski's glove, filling the bases. Tracewski made a good stop to keep the ball from going into center field.
Hector Lopez batted for Ford and struck out.
No runs, three hits, no errors, three left.

Dodgers sixth
Williams went in to pitch for the Yankees. Roseboro grounded out, Richardson to Pepitone. Koufax filed to Mantle. Wills grounded out, Kubek to Pepitone.
No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

Yankees sixth
Kubek grounded out, Gilliam to Skowron. Richardson walked on a three and two pitch. Tresh walked on four straight pitches, Richardson going to second. Mantle filed to Tracewski who raced into mid right field to make the catch, the runners holding their bases. Maris popped to Wills behind second base.
No runs, no hits, no errors, two left.

Dodgers seventh
The lights were turned on. Gilliam was called out on strikes. W. Davis also struck out. T. Davis singled to right. T. Davis stole second. F. Howard struck out.
No runs, one hit, no errors, one left.

Yankees seventh
The attendance was 69,000—right on the dot. Fairly went to right field for the Dodgers. E. Howard struck out. Koufax' 12th strikeout. Pepitone fouled to Roseboro. It was Roseboro's 15th put out, setting a new series record for a catcher. The previous mark of 14 was set by Mickey Cochrane and Roy Campanella in 1929 and 1953. Boyer popped to Wills.
No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

Dodgers eighth
Skowron struck out. Tracewski grounded out, Kubek to Pepitone. Roseboro struck out.
No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

Yankees eighth
Linz batted for Williams and struck out. It was Koufax's 13th strikeout. It was the 22nd strikeout in the game, tying a series record set in 1944 and by the old St. Louis Browns and the St. Louis Cardinals.
Kubek beat out a ground ball to Wills at deep short for an infield hit. Richardson struck out. It was Koufax's 14th strikeout, tying the series record set by Carl Erskine of the Dodgers 10 years ago today against the Yankees. Tresh hit the first pitch into the left field stands, close to the foul line, for a home run, scoring Kubek ahead of him and making the score Dodgers 5, Yankees 2.
Mantle walked. Alston went out to the mound and conferred with Koufax. He left Koufax in. Maris grounded out, Tracewski to Skowron.
Two runs, two hits, no errors, one left.

Dodgers ninth
Hamilton went in to pitch for the Yankees. Koufax struck out. Wills flied to Maris. Gilliam grounded out, Kubek to Pepitone.
No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

Yankees ninth
E. Howard lined to Tracewski.
Pepitone singled to right.
Boyer flied to W. Davis.
Bright batted for Hamilton.
Bright struck out.
No runs, one hit, no errors, one left.

Dodgers	5	9	0
Yankees	2	6	0

WP—Koufax. LP—Ford.

Weather
Klamath Falls, Tulelake and Lakeview—Mostly fair through Thursday except for a chance of isolated afternoon and evening thundershowers over mountains. Lows tonight 35 to 42.

High yesterday	81
Low this morning	47
High year ago	68
Low year ago	43
Precip. last 24 hours	.00
Since Jan. 1	6.74
Same period year ago	9.90

Herald and News

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Weather
AGRICULTURAL FORECAST
Harvest outlook is for good to excellent conditions with little or no precipitation and above seasonable temperatures for next five days. No hard frost or freeze in picture for present time.

Pair Reports On Situation In Viet Nam

In The Day's News

By FRANK JENKINS

From Washington:

Senator Hubert H. Humphrey, of Minnesota, assistant Senate Democratic leader, expressed belief last night that President Kennedy may decide within 72 hours to lift restrictions on the sale of wheat to Russia.

He had just come from a meeting of party chieftains with the President and reported that the consensus of leadership was in support of sales of wheat stocks to the Soviets and to other countries in their orbit.

From Moscow this morning:

Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev has told the Russian people that large amounts of wheat are coming from Canada and Australia. He hinted that he may not need U.S. wheat.

"If we use bread economically," he said, "the resources we now have will be sufficient for the normal supply of our population."

What cooks?

Well, business is business — and this wheat deal is Big Business. It may run into hundreds of millions of dollars.

And—

Mr. Kroosh is the buyer. As the buyer, he naturally wants to beat the price down as low as possible. So . . . he plays casual and uninterested, intimating that he has about all the wheat he needs and will be interested only if he gets an extraordinarily good deal.

? ? ? ? ? ? ?

Well, let's HOPE that's the way it is.

If we can get our relations with Soviet Russia down to a BUSINESS basis, we will be making progress toward peace.

More from Moscow:

Premier Khrushchev is out on one of his numerous trouble-shooting trips through the agricultural areas of the U.S.S.R. He says drastic steps are being planned to improve the LAGGING PRODUCTION of Russia's state-run farms. He is calling for more use of chemical fertilizer and the use of IRRIGATION to guarantee a grain crop whether there is sufficient rainfall or not. He says it will cost $1.87 billion to handle the fertilizer and an additional $3.8 billion to extend the irrigation works.

His trip and what he is telling the Russian farmers lead to speculation that he feels he may be unable to solve his farm problems by makeshift measures and has decided to divert large amounts of money from INDUSTRY AND DEFENSE to pay for a thorough overhaul of Russian agriculture.

Hmmmmmmmmmmmmm.

If Mr. Kroosh really wants to learn how to grow more wheat in Russia, we can tell him:

Cut out your outmoded socialist system.

Sell land to your farmers—or GIVE it to them.

Let 'em KEEP for themselves what they make—after taxes, of course.

TURN 'EM LOOSE.

The first thing you know, they'll be SWAMPING you with wheat.

How do we know?

Well, we tried the system a long time ago.

First at Jamestown.

Then at Plymouth.

It WORKED—in both places. It will work in Russia if you will give it a good honest trial. The free enterprise system beats the communist system all hollow.

Kennedy Appears Ready To Approve Wheat Sale

WASHINGTON (UPI) — President Kennedy, with support from congressional leaders, appeared near a decision today to permit sale of U.S. wheat to the Soviet Union.

Senate Democratic Whip Hubert H. Humphrey, Minn., predicted the presidential decision would come within the next two days. He said he favored the deal through private grain channels.

Agriculture Secretary Orville L. Freeman said in Harrisburg, Pa., Tuesday that the United States had not been approached by Russia about a possible wheat sale. However, he said this country would be willing to listen to a Soviet proposition.

Although no direct Soviet overtures has been made to the U.S. government, a Russian trade mission has discussed the possible purchase of U.S. wheat in Ottawa with private American grain dealers.

Democratic congressional leaders told Kennedy Tuesday they would support sales of wheat to Russia and other Soviet bloc nations but not to Red China.

Humphrey, one of those who conferred with Kennedy, said he urged the use of private grain trade channels to carry out the transaction instead of government-to-government dealings.

He told reporters there would be "inevitable political static" if the sales were allowed but that the "best way to handle it is through the private grain trade."

Humphrey said he felt a government-to-government deal would be "a mistake—politically undesirable and economically undesirable."

The initial proposed sale would involve about 115 million bushels, at a sale price of about $200 million, he said.

Kennedy gave the Democratic leaders no indication of what he would do, Humphrey said. However, the Minnesota Democrat added, "it is my guess that the President will act to change the (export) regulations to permit some type of sale."

TIKES SAVOR SYMBOLIC FRUIT — Capt. Lowell D. Bilyeu's two youngsters, Dana (left) and Karen, weren't sure what the William Tell mission was all about, but if it had something to do with their being treated to juicy apples, they were all for it. The Oregon produced fruit was presented by the Klamath County Chamber of Commerce to the air field and symbolized its participation in the William Tell missile firing competition which starts Monday at Tyndall Air Base, Fla.

Envoys Meet With JFK After Jaunt

WASHINGTON (UPI) — President Kennedy today received a report on the confused situation in South Viet Nam from Defense Secretary Robert S. McNamara and Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

The two top Pentagon officials, just back from an inspection tour of the area, met with Kennedy at 11 a.m. EDT.

W. Averell Harriman, assistant secretary of state for far eastern affairs, also attended the White House meeting along with Central Intelligence Agency Director John A. McCone.

McNamara and Taylor spent a week in South Viet Nam trying to find out for Kennedy whether the war effort against the Communist Viet Cong had been hampered by the little Asian nation's domestic religious crisis.

McNamara declined on their arrival at nearby Andrews Air Force Base, Md. today to give newsmen any inkling of what his report contains. He saved it for a conference the two Pentagon leaders had with the President at the White House, only a little over three hours after their return.

On their departure from Saigon Tuesday, McNamara issued a statement saying he and Taylor had traveled the "length and breadth of this land" and had spoken with several hundred persons during their visit.

Assess Situation

Kennedy sent McNamara and Taylor to South Viet Nam Sept. 23 to make a first hand assessment of the progress of that country's war against the Communist guerrillas, a war in which 12,000 to 15,000 U.S. servicemen are involved.

The President gave the two investigators a three-way assignment.

—To assess the military situation now, compared with the period before late August when the Vietnamese government cracked down on Buddhists and threw the country into a political turmoil.

—To assess the probable effect of the Vietnamese government's repression of the Buddhists and other policies on the future progress of the war.

—In the light of the first two findings to recommend what action the United States should take.

Policy Isn't Question

U.S. officials said it was not a question of deciding U.S. "policy" in Viet Nam — the policy is and has been to see the war won and help the Vietnamese economically toward a better life.

The question, officials said, is one of tactics— how forceful the United States should be in trying to persuade the Vietnamese regime to make reforms, what U.S. aid policy should be, how the Vietnamese war effort should be organized and what its working relationship with U.S. military officials should be.

Nikita Tells Russians Of Bread Shortage

MOSCOW (UPI — Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev frankly told the nation Tuesday about the extent of this year's harvest failure, but assured his citizens they will have enough bread this winter if they do not waste it.

"On the condition that we economize on bread, we will have enough to normally supply the population," he said in a Sept. 26 speech published for the first time Tuesday in Izvestia, the government newspaper.

"If we spend bread thriftily," he added, "the available resources will be sufficient for the normal supply of the population."

Some speculation that this meant Khrushchev was turning down further grain deals with the West, including a $380 million purchase from the United States, was rejected by authoritative sources here.

In disclosing for the first time publicly that the Soviet Union had purchased millions of tons of grain from Canada and Australia, Khrushchev apparently was seeking to reassure the population.

Despite the drought and cold weather that caused the poor harvest, there have been no shortages of bread here, although flour sales have been cut off the farmers have been warned not to feed bread to livestock.

Reports from Washington said the Soviets were seeking an additional 200 million bushels of American grain. This would be the biggest Soviet-U.S. business deal by far since the end of World War II.

Khrushchev's speech indicated, these sources said, that the Soviet Union apparently has used up all its grain reserves. Thus, although "available resources" are adequate, the Soviet Union probably still is interested in grain from the United States to build up new reserves.

Bill Signed Hiking Pay Of Military

WASHINGTON (UPI) — President Kennedy signed into law today legislation providing a $1.2 billion pay increase for nearly two million members of the armed forces effective immediately.

The measure gives pay boosts ranging from $5 a month for recruits with two years of service to $110 a month for lieutenant colonels and Navy commanders.

Congressional action was completed Monday when the House approved the Senate-passed bill, 332 to 5. It covers all members of the armed forces except 742,000 draftees and enlistees in their first two years of service.

The pay boost is aimed at encouraging men to stay in the military services.

For enlisted men, the hikes would go from $5 for some recruits to $70 for senior sergeants and petty officers. For officers, they would range from $20 for second lieutenants and ensigns to $110 lieutenant colonels and commanders.

The bill also would benefit retired military personnel, widows receiving military pensions and an estimated 900,000 reservists on drill-pay status.

Written into the bill was a special $55 a month combat bonus for an estimated 2,000 U. S. servicemen exposed to Communist Viet Cong fire in South Viet Nam.

Rep. L. Mendel Rivers, D-S.C., chairman of a House armed services subcommittee which spent months working on the bill, said it still did not do "justice" to the men and women in uniform.

KINGSLEY CREW ENPLANES FOR FLORIDA — Col. Edwin J. Witzenburger, commanding officer of Kingsley Air Field, addresses the fighter squadron under his command before it departed early Tuesday to compete in the live missile firing competition at Tyndall Air Force Base, Fla., Oct. 7 through 14. Joining the colonel in wishing success to the squadron were, left to right, Jim Monteith, president, Klamath County Chamber of Commerce; Lt. Col. Richard C. Garrett, squadron commander, and George Callison, manager of the chamber.

Valachi Relates Downfall Of Disgraced Gangster

WASHINGTON (UPI) — Cosa Nostra informer Joseph Valachi told Senate investigators today about a mobster who "died of a broken heart" after disgracing himself by showing nervousness after the killing of gangland boss Giuseppe Masseria.

The squat alumnus of the crime combine identified the nervous gangster as Ciro Terranova. Masseria, who was set up for death by his own lieutenants, was murdered in a Coney Island restaurant. Masseria was the leader of the Italian faction in the 14-month Italian-Sicilian gang war of 1930-31.

"Ciro was so shaky in putting the key in the ignition that they threw him off the wheel," Valachi said in describing the episode. He said Vito Genovese, alleged "under the table" boss of Cosa Nostra, Terranova and other aides had been present at Masseria's slaying.

Valachi said Ciro began to have what he called the "buck wheats" after the incident and his underworld power began to be stripped away.

"After a while he took it so hard that he just died of a broken heart," he said.

"He disgraced himself?" asked Chairman John L. McClellan, D-Ark., of the Senate investigations subcommittee. Valachi agreed.

Valachi testified about the Masseria slaying, touched upon briefly in Tuesday's testimony, after answering a volley of questions posed by subcommittee members.

He disclaimed knowledge of criminal operations in a variety of mid-western cities in language which suggested that he had never heard of the cities themselves.

"Senator, I never heard of Omaha," Valachi said, when Sen. Carl T. Curtis, R-Neb., asked about policy and horse book operations there.

Rusk Stirs Cuban Issue

NEW YORK (UPI) — Secretary of State Dean Rusk plans at a dinner meeting tonight with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko to hammer at the urgent need for a settlement of the Cuban problems to ease world tension.

Officials said Rusk wants to emphasize the view that there can be no real improvement in East-West relations until Russia pulls the rest of her troops out of Cuba and persuades or forces Fidel Castro to stop trying to Communize his neighbors.

There is little expectation in diplomatic quarters that Rusk will make any headway on the issue at this time. However, American officials believe Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev may be growing somewhat weary of his Cuban burden and inclined to diminish support of the Havana regime. Rusk wants to keep the pressure on the Kremlin.

The U. S. secretary apparently hopes to keep tonight's meeting confined principally to Soviet-American matters.

Hunters Disgruntled Over Timing Of Interstate Deer Herd Session

Interest in a public hearing on the depletion of the interstate deer herd, set for 9 a.m., Friday, at the Winema Motor Hotel, was mounting among deer hunters today, but many of them were disgruntled because the session had been scheduled at a time when they would be working at their jobs.

The hearing is being co-sponsored by the Oregon Legislative Interim Committee on Wildlife and the California Assembly Committee on Fish and Game to determine the facts relating to the reduction in the numbers of the interstate deer herd during the past few years.

Bob Pyle, representing some 250 members of the local Fish and Game Council, expressed disappointment that the meeting had been scheduled for a time when most members of the group would be at work.

He also decried as "poor planning" the selection of the fall of the year for the meeting, stating that it should have been deferred until statistics covering this year's deer hunting season could be compiled in the two states. The deer hunting season is now open in both Oregon and California.

On the question of the inopportune season for the hearing, Cecil L. Edwards, secretary of the Oregon committee, told the Herald and News in a telephone conversation from Salem Tuesday that the date of the meeting had been the idea of the California delegation.

"Rather than risk any further delays in initiating our studies, we decided to accept the date that was suggested to us," he said.

Edwards then voiced his regret that the hearing could not be held at a time of day when more people could be in attendance; however, he offered his assurance that the hearing would remain in session until everyone had expressed his views.

Although the committee is interested in receiving the comments from as many people as possible, it does not seek to hear the same points of view reiterated again and again. "Instead, it seeks to obtain as many divergent opinions as may be presented on the matter," Edwards said.

Pyle speculated that approximately 100 local hunters would be present during the hearing, not including those from other inter-

(Continued on Page 4-A)

Army Vows To Support Government

ALGIERS (UPI)—The Algerian army pledged its loyalty to "strong man" President Ahmed Ben Bella today and denounced the rebels who are seeking to overthrow him.

In a statement issued by its political department, the army said it "condemns energetically this attempted counterrevolution and decides solemnly to combat any attack upon the fruits of the revolution."

"It reaffirms its loyalty to the government and people and pledges itself to pursue the struggle for the building up of socialism," the statement added.

The army announced its support for Ben Bella as heavily armed loyalist troops moved to isolate the rugged Kabylia region where anti-government rebels have called for his ouster.

The army statement denounced the insurgent leaders as "ambitious politicians, sick for power and division."

It admitted that a certain number of officers had joined the dissidents, including Col. Mohand Ou El Hadj, who was ousted by Ben Bella from his command of the 7th Military Region for supporting the movement against the government.

"All this is going on," the statement added, "at a moment when (Portuguese Premier Antonio) Salazar is promising material aid to all counterrevolutions."

Missing Girls' Bodies Found In Wooded Area

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. (UPI)—Sheriff's deputies today combed the woodland area where the torn bodies of two little girls, kidnaped three weeks ago, were found underneath an elm tree.

A pathologist, with a Federal Bureau of Investigation agent by his side, was to examine the victims today in hopes of discovering the precise cause of death.

The bodies of Melissa Ann Lee, 5, and Barbara Foshaug, 4, were discovered Tuesday 10 miles northwest of Minneapolis near Medicine Lake in a woods across from Mission Farms, a rehabilitation home for alcoholics.

Detective Inspector Calvin Hawkinson said the deputies would not search the immediate area where the girls' bodies were found, but "another area close by."

Since they were last seen getting into the car of a black-haired stranger Sept. 7, dozens of officers and volunteers had probed nearly every square foot of the south Minneapolis tenement district where the girls lived.

"I had a feeling it would be like this," said Barbara's mother. She said an older son had been praying that his little sister would come back safe.

A road maintenance worker found the two small bodies lying face up, side by side, almost touching, in the leaves and grass under the tree.

Barbara's body was nude, Melissa Ann was wearing red shorts and a white plastic headband which the Federal Bureau of Investigation studied closely for possible fingerprints.

The girls' things were next to their bodies and the rest of their clothes was about seven feet away. Police Chief Claude Lien of suburban Plymouth Village roped off a 50-yard square around the bodies.

Dr. John Coe of Minneapolis General Hospital was assigned to perform the autopsy to determine exact cause of death and whether the girls had been sexually abused.

"It seems certain now that they were kidnaped and slain," Capt. Henry Deason, head of the Minneapolis police homicide division said. "By whom is another question."

The bodies were identified by Melissa's stepfather, Melvin Leverett.

Police took Melissa's 23-year-old mother out to the scene where the girls were found. Detective Inspector Calvin Hawkinson said the mother recalled the family had picnicked in Plymouth Village in the past but not near the area where the bodies were discovered.

A 5-year-old playmate of the girls said the black-haired stranger carrying candy approached the girls and tried to entice them into his car.

Police Ask Hunter Aid

Oregon State Police have urged each deer hunter to leave with his family a map showing the location of his campground and the license number of his car before going hunting.

Sergeant Bruce Lattin of the state police said Tuesday that police have received numerous calls from people seeking to locate hunters.

"Unless we have an accurate description of the location of the hunter's campground its difficult or impossible to find the sought party," Lattin said.

Police have also advised hunters to leave at home the name of a gas station, grocery, or other establishment where they plan to stop for supplies.