



FIERY COFFIN — This Lakeport Boulevard home became blazing tomb early Thursday morning for the five members of a Pelican City family. Firemen said the fire was first reported shortly after 7 o'clock. For over two hours the fire raged, keep-

ing all rescue or body removal efforts stagnated. Both the front and rear entrances to the building were badly burned. Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Clary and their 2-year-old son,

Roy Wayne, were found in a front bedroom; two daughters, Dawn Kay, 5, and Goldie Leona, 4, perished in a rear bedroom.

— Photos by Wes Guderian

In The Day's News

By FRANK JENKINS

From Washington:

The first tentative experiments to try out the theory of a neutron bomb, to kill MEN but leave everything else untouched, may be made in Nevada underground test caverns. When preliminary field research might start, or whether it has already begun, is a tightly held government secret.

The idea is that a precisely harnessed nuclear detonation can be made to produce a burst of intense radiation by high-speed, deep-penetration, LETHAL neutrons without creating the intense shock, heat effects and radioactive contamination of present bombs.

Various papers and comments by non-government experts during the past several years have suggested that such neutrons could penetrate steel armor and even several feet of concrete. Soviet nuclear physicists have speculated similarly.

Question:
Do we mean business?
Or is it just Buck Rogers talk?

Well—

Senator Thomas J. Dodd of Connecticut, urging resumption of nuclear tests in the atmosphere, said the other day that "this country must press every possible effort to convert the neutron bomb (the death ray) from a theoretical concept to a practical reality."

Pointing out that work on the neutron bomb project had gone as far as it could without testing when the moratorium on tests began in late 1958, Senator Dodd said: "The neutron bomb would not only be a far more effective battlefield weapon than any now available to us. It would provide us with the most effective anti-missile warhead that nuclear technology is today capable of producing."

It's an unpleasant thought, but it looks like we're coming closer and closer to the time when man will hold in his hands the power to DESTROY MANKIND.

Another question:
Is there an answer to it?
A BETTER BREED OF MEN is the only answer I can think of.

That suggests another question:
How to get a better breed of men?

This thought occurs:
A LITTLE MORE ATTENTION TO THE TEN COMMANDMENTS WOULD HELP.

Trumans Visit White House

WASHINGTON (AP) — President and Mrs. Kennedy treated the Harry S. Trumans, Independence, Mo., to a very nostalgic evening at the White House.

And the 77-year-old former president had such a good time he even sat down at the piano himself and entertained some 40 dinner guests Wednesday night with a rendition of Paderewski's Minuet in G.

House Rented!

This Want Ad brought several calls and rented the house.

Read the Want Ads and use the Want Ads for all your home needs . . . to rent, buy, sell, lease or trade. To place a Want Ad just call the Herald and News, TU 4-8111, or stop at the office, 1201 Esplanade. A Want Ad writer will be glad to help you word your ad. Be thrifty — pay cash or pay your telephone ad in five days and receive 50 cents discount.

Weather

Klamath Falls and vicinity — Partly cloudy through Friday morning, becoming cloudy in afternoon. Lows 20-25. Highs 48-52.

High yesterday 57
Low last night 20
Precip. last 24 hours .00
Since Oct. 1 1.76
Same period last year .39

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Price Ten Cents—24 Pages

KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1961

Telephone TU 4-8111 No. 6863

Weather

Mt. Shasta-Siskiyou—Cloudy today and tonight; rain or snow likely Friday; colder Friday.

Northern California — Fair today except coastal fog; cloudy in north tonight and Friday with rain. Warmer in north today.

Family Of 5 Dies In Early Morning Home Fire

Hurricane Kills 100

BELIZE, British Honduras (AP) — Rescuers today counted more than 100 dead and thousands homeless today in shattered Central American coastal towns rav-

aged by Hurricane Hattie. The death toll was expected to rise higher.

Harassed officials so far were unable to estimate the number in-

Soviets Reject Atom Test Ban

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. (AP) — The Soviet Union today rejected any new U.N. moratorium on nuclear bomb testing as unfeasible in practice and fundamentally incorrect as an approach to ending such tests.

In a slashing speech before the General Assembly's main political committee, Soviet Delegate

Semyon K. Tsarapkin charged time after time that the United States and the other Western powers were trying to drag the world into a devastating nuclear war.

"The threat of war can't be exorcised by resolutions," he declared. "It can only be removed by deeds—by one deed—general and complete disarmament."

The United States already had rejected the proposed moratorium, sponsored by India and five other countries, but on wholly different grounds. U.S. Delegate Arthur Dean said the United States could not accept an uncontrolled moratorium because there was no assurance that it would not be violated just as the Soviet Union resumed testing in violation of the 1958 moratorium.

Tsarapkin referred to the Western powers in such terms as "warlike maniacs." He charged that, in urging a test ban treaty, Western propagandists were "doing their dirty work to block the Soviet Union from completing its defenses" while the West prepares for war.

He said he believed the non-aligned countries were less concerned over the Soviet test bomb explosions than over "the terrible danger of the rocket and nuclear war which looms over us in all its terror."

Auto Fight Pact Hoped

DETROIT (UPI) — The United Auto Workers Union and Chrysler Corp. early today resolved two key contract issues and both sides voiced the hope they could reach full agreement before a strike deadline of midnight tonight.

UAW President Walter P. Reuther, after a day-night bargaining session ended at 1 a.m., announced agreement in principle on new insurance and unemployment compensation plans for 60,000 Chrysler workers.

The two most important issues still unresolved, Reuther said, were representation—the number of company-paid union committee-men per plant—and production standards—the amount of work an employee is expected to perform.

Reuther and Chrysler Vice President John D. Leary were scheduled to resume their meeting later today. But subcommittees worked through the night writing contract language on the two settlements reached early today.

Shooting Times

November 3
OREGON
6:10 a.m.—5:00 p.m.
CALIFORNIA
6:00 a.m.—5:00 p.m.

Troops Push In Katanga

LEOPOLDVILLE, the Congo (AP) — Gen. Joseph Mobutu declared today troops of the central Congo government have moved along a wide front more than 35 miles into north Katanga Province in a general offensive to end the long-standing secession proclaimed by Katanga President Moïse Tshombe.

Occupying villages and mission stations as they march, Mobutu said, his troops have been joyously received by the north Katanga population.

The beaming army commander in chief told newsmen flags of the central government are being planted all along the march from Kasai Province into northwestern Katanga.



REMOVING THE BODIES — Removal of four of the five bodies discovered in the aftermath of Thursday morning's residence fire which wiped out the R. L. Clary family of Pelican City was by windows at the side of the building. Shown are Suburban and OTI firefighters handling the litter. Inside the window is a Ward's Funeral Home attendant.

U.S. To Test Bombs In Air

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Kennedy said today the United States will make preparations to set off nuclear tests in the atmosphere if they become necessary to safeguard free world security.

Kennedy, in a statement read personally to newsmen after a meeting of the National Security Council, said the United States would never test in the atmosphere for political reasons.

Atmospheric tests, which spread radioactive fallout, would be resorted to only if determined necessary to maintain U.S. responsibilities in the world, Kennedy said.

Even if such a situation is deemed to exist, he said, tests in the atmosphere would be undertaken only to the degree necessary for "orderly development" of nuclear weapons.

And then, Kennedy said, a point would have been reached in which

progress would not be possible without such weapons tests.

Kennedy once again emphasized that the United States is strong militarily—strong enough to retaliate with devastation if attacked.

Kennedy also said the United States, to demonstrate its nuclear capabilities, would not have to fire a nuclear explosive of 30 megatons or more such as the Soviets detonated this week.

Kennedy read this statement to a room crowded with cameramen and reporters after a morning meeting of the Security Council—the nation's top policy-setting security agency. Former President Harry S. Truman, a visitor in Washington, was invited to sit in on the meeting for a half-hour.

A number of other top government officials including Adlai Stevenson, U.S. ambassador to the United Nations; and Gen. Lyman Lemnitzer, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, also were present.

Nevada Caverns Eyed For 'Death Ray' Tests

WASHINGTON (AP) — The underground test caverns in Nevada may be the site for the first tentative experiments on the theory of a neutron bomb—sometimes referred to as a "death ray" bomb—which would kill without leaving wide destruction.

When preliminary field research might start or whether it had begun was a tightly held government secret.

But the theory of an "N bomb" seemed to suggest that the first step would be to find out whether the nuclear reaction would be contained in a test as has been worked out by slide rule, computers and projection of nuclear physics facts.

The theory is that a harnessed nuclear detonation can be made to produce a burst of intense radiation by high-speed, deep-penetration, lethal neutrons—without creating the tremendous shock, intense heat and radioactive contamination of present nuclear bombs.

Such neutrons, various experts have suggested, could penetrate steel and several feet of concrete.

Intense Flames Stall Rescuers

By ANDY MERSON

A wooden frame home in Pelican City became a fiery coffin for five members of the Roy L. Clary family early Thursday morning.

Dead are Roy Lee Clary, 28, his wife, Elvina, 25, and their three children, Roy Wayne, 2, Goldie Leona, 4, and Dawn Kay, 5.

The five bodies were removed from the wreckage about two hours after the fire began. They were charred almost beyond recognition.

First report of the blazing structure in the chill dawn reached Klamath Falls, Klamath County and Suburban Fire Departments shortly after 7 a.m.

Dr. J. Martin Adams, county coroner, and Dr. George R. Nicholson, deputy coroner, were on the scene shortly after 8 a.m. as firemen tried to cool the smoking mass enough for removal of bodies.

The five bodies were found in two bedroom areas; the two girls both on a single bed, one at each end.

Reports filtering in to Oregon State Police and the three fire departments on the scene this morning all said that Clary had returned from his job at Klamath Falls, Hardwoods about 3 a.m.

Clary had been employed there since July 20, 1959, he was a lathe operator at the plant and a "very good employee," according to Aaron Abis, superintendent.

Contents of the Lakeport Blvd.

UN Hassle Near Crisis

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. (AP) — Negotiators for Soviet-American agreement on an interim secretary-general for the United Nations appeared at the critical success-or-failure stage today.

The outcome depended on whether the Soviet Union would approve still secret plans of U. Thant of Burma, the big powers' choice for the post, for the number of principal advisers he would name and the geographic areas from which he would choose them.

After weeks of Soviet-American wrangling over this last remaining issue, U. S. Ambassador Adlai E. Stevenson and British Minister of State Joseph B. Godber said Wednesday they would let U. Thant decide the matter for himself.

Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Valerian A. Zorin after a conference with U. Thant told newsmen: "We are near to agreement."

If the Soviets agree, the Security Council might meet Friday morning to recommend the Burmese diplomat's appointment and the General Assembly could elect him in the afternoon to serve until April 1963, filling out the unexpired term of the late Dag Hammarskjöld. However, some diplomats thought the council assembly action would not take place until early next week.

Firemen from Klamath County, Suburban, Klamath Falls and Oregon Technical Institute Fire Departments fought the blaze and helped with body removal.

One youthful firefighter wiped the sweat from his face with a grimy sleeve, "how the hell do things like this happen?" he asked; "those could have been my kids."