

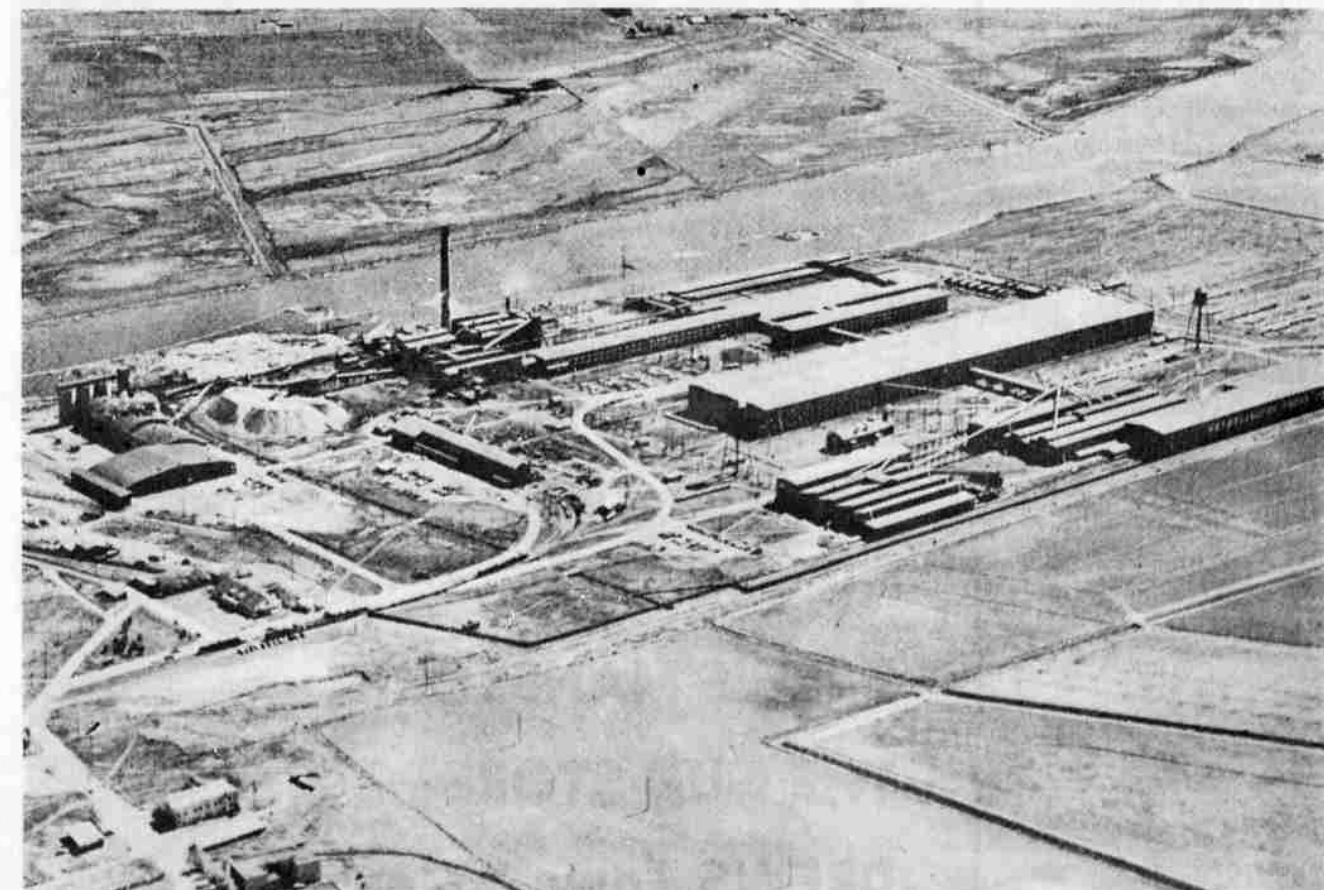
BUSINESS and INDUSTRY



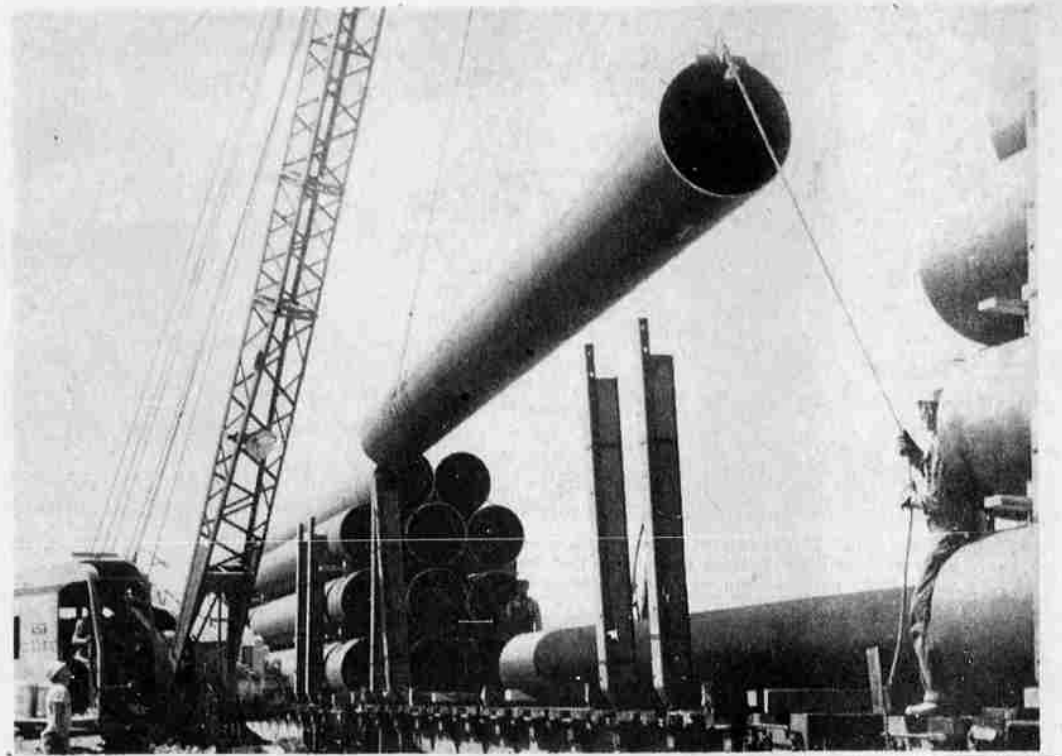
THE LUMBER INDUSTRY produces the largest share of the Basin's income. The area abounds in lodgepole pine which is easily grown, but has been a virtual weed until converted recently into insulating products by a new Johns-Manville plant. This is a view of a crane hoisting a load of pine into the processing arrangement at J-M.



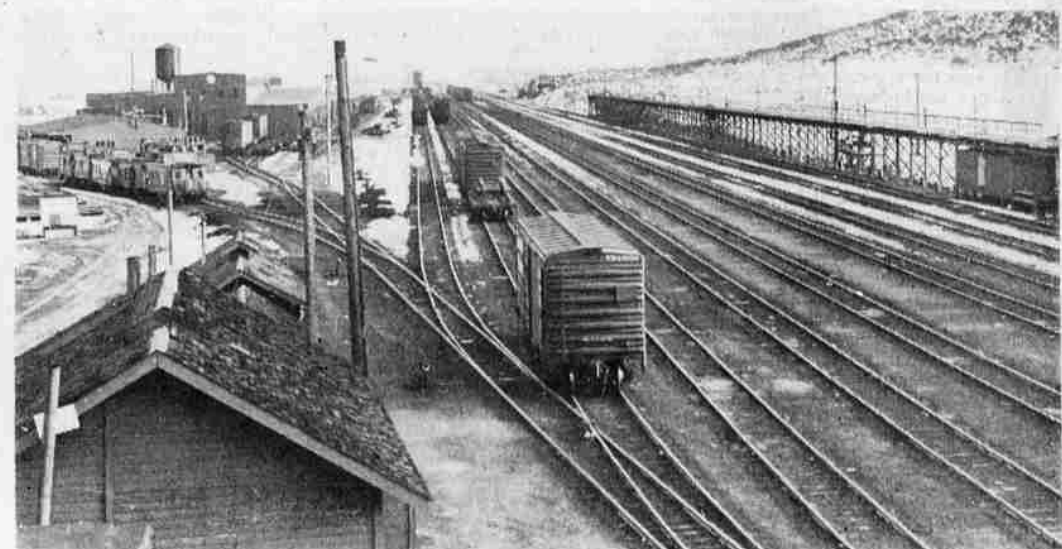
AN AERIAL VIEW of Klamath Falls, a city with a population of 17,000 and with a suburban area of another 15,000 population. This view shows Main Street on the left and Klamath Avenue on the right. In the immediate foreground at right is the sawdust pile of Consumers Heating Company. The city was first founded in 1867 by George Nurse and later incorporated as Linkville. In 1893, it became Klamath Falls.



THE PRINCIPAL LUMBER INDUSTRY giant in the area is the Weyerhaeuser Company, shown here by an aerial view taken in 1954. A number of additions have been made to the plant since this view was taken. This sustained yield operation is the backbone of the Basin's lumbering payroll. The plant is located just south of Klamath Falls. It began operation Jan. 1, 1930. Weyerhaeuser employs an average of 1,150 men.



HUGE LENGTHS of pipe are being unloaded here for use in constructing a portion of the 1,404 mile-long natural gas pipe line which will stretch from the province of Alberta, Canada, to the San Francisco Bay area. Contracts were let late in 1960, and the expected date of completion is the fall of this year. When completed, the line will deliver 415 million cubic feet of gas per day. Plans include a tap line to the main pipeline to run from the vicinity of Dairy into Klamath Falls.



THREE RAILROAD LINES serve the Klamath Basin area. This view was taken of the freight yards of the Great Northern Railway Company. Southern Pacific Company is the largest railroad in the area, handling both freight and passenger. The Oregon, California and Eastern also has a rail line into Klamath Falls.



THE JOHNS-MANVILLE plant is located 23 miles north of Klamath Falls on U.S. 97. This new plant utilizes the most modern processing machinery, converting the hitherto waste tree, Jackpine, into insulating board, hardboard products. The plant was dedicated in June of 1959. The Klamath location places the plant near an abundant supply of lodgepole pine and also near fast growing markets for insulating products.



THE HARNESSING of the potential power of the Klamath River received a giant boost when the Big Bend project was completed and dedicated on Oct. 2, 1958. This plant will generate 80,000 kw. The view shown here was taken behind the giant earth fill dam across the Klamath River. Water from this point flows through a concrete flume and drops 819 feet through twin flumes to the powerhouse in the canyon. The dam at this point is 652 feet wide. Work is already underway on the Iron Gate Dam in Northern California.