

By FRANK JENKINS
Farm note from Russia:
Premier Khrushchev made a speech today to farm leaders at Tiflis, capital of the Soviet republic of Georgia. He is on a tour of the Soviet Union to spur farm production.
He urged the Georgian farmers to PRODUCE MORE.

Communist China, as well as communist Russia, is having its food troubles. One gathers from the news that China's food shortages are approaching the point of famine. Widespread drought is offered as an official excuse, but one can't help suspecting that lack of enthusiasm for more production on the part of China's farmers has something to do with it.

They aren't allowed to keep what they raise — or to sell their surplus on the open market to the highest bidder. Instead, the state takes it ALL away from them and feeds them what it thinks they need.

Note to Mr. Kroosh and Old Mao:

Let your farmers BUY THEIR LAND and own it. Let them sell their crops to the highest bidder — either government or PRIVATE bidders — and KEEP THE MONEY.

If you'd do that, you'll soon have plenty of food. If you doubt it, come over and have a look at our storage warehouses, which are bulging.

New slant on juvenile delinquency:

About 483,000 juvenile delinquency cases, excluding traffic offenses, were handled by the juvenile courts in the U.S. during 1959. These involved about 417,000 children — which is to say, there were quite a few repeat-ers.

Sounds pretty bad?

Wait a minute.

These children who got into the juvenile courts in 1959 (the latest year for which the figures are available) represented ONLY 1.7 PER CENT of the nation's child population.

Put that way, it doesn't sound so bad.

Question:

Do we pay more attention to the bad news than to the good news?

Another question:

If it is true that we pay more attention to the bad news than to the good news, does it lead us to the conclusion that the modern world is WORSE than it really is?

One can't help wondering.

More along that line:

The latest figures indicate that in January of this year about 5.7 million persons were out of work in the United States. That sounds pretty bad.

But —

Official figures reveal that in December 66 million people were WORKING. That is the largest number EVER AT WORK IN ANY DECEMBER IN OUR HISTORY.

Maybe we've been looking too much at the hole and too little at the doughnut.

Goldberg Sees 3 Million More Without Jobs

WASHINGTON (AP) — Secretary of Labor Arthur J. Goldberg estimated today that three million more Americans will suffer long-term unemployment in the next 12 months and urged Congress to pass swiftly President Kennedy's bill to extend jobless benefits.

Goldberg testified before the House Ways and Means Committee as the administration opened its drive for enactment of its economic package. The measure picked for that effort is the one generally considered to have the least opposition. It would provide federal funds for extension, up to 13 weeks, of unemployment benefits to those who have used up their rights under existing law.

As the hearing got under way, the Republicans ran up new storm signals for the whole program, assailing what they called "Democratic gloom-and-doom distortion."

Did You Know?

- * Klamath Basin has potato "millionaires?"
 - * That 12,000 lambs were marketed by Klamath Lamb Pool in 1959?
 - * 21,000 wool fleeces were marketed in 1959?
 - * Tulana Farms has more than 10,000 acres in diversified farming?
- These, and many, many other pertinent facts about the Basin will be included in the 144 pages of the Herald and News Progress Edition which will be published Sunday, Feb. 26. The edition will feature more than 1,000 illustrations and pictures in the advertising and news that will go into this first Klamath County Progress Edition.
- Reserve your extra copies now by calling TU 4-8111. Only 25c. or mailed anywhere in the United States, 50c.

Weather

Klamath Falls and vicinity —
Snow level near 3,500 feet. Clearing tonight and mostly sunny Thursday. Low tonight 25-30, high Thursday 45-48.
High yesterday 45
Low last night 33
Precip. last 24 hours .17
Since Oct. 1 7.75
Same period last year 4.35

U. OF ORE. LIBRARY
NEWSPAPER SECTION
GEN. REF. AND DOCUMENTS DIV.
EUGENE, OREG.

Herald and News

Price Ten Cents—16 Pages

KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1961

Telephone TU 4-8111 No. 6611

Weather

Northern California: Showers most areas with snow in mountains today; clearing tonight; fair Thursday; cooler.

MI Shasta-Siskiyou area: Heavy snow today down to 3,000 feet; clearing tonight; fair Thursday; colder.

54 AMERICANS DIE IN CRASH

Stevenson Denounces Red Moves; Gallery In Uproar

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. (AP) — U.S. Ambassador Adlai E. Stevenson today denounced the Soviet Union's latest Congo move as a "declaration of war against the United Nations."

The United States, he said, does not intend to stand by idly while others cause trouble in the Congo. Stevenson addressed a tense meeting of the U.N. Security Council which was disrupted by the worst public demonstration in the history of the world organization. It took 15 minutes to clear the public galleries and restore order.

The demonstrators, about 10 Negro supporters of slain Congolese leader Patrice Lumumba, forced their way into the galleries through a back door and interrupted Stevenson's speech with shouts of "vive (long live) Lumumba." Fighting broke out when the guards tried to expel the demonstrators.

Stevenson called the manifestation "obviously organized."

He spoke out firmly against a

Soviet resolution calling for the withdrawal of U.N. forces from the Congo within one month. The Security Council, he said, must rally its strength behind Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjöld to prevent any weakening of the U.N. role.

"Does this council favor abandoning security for insecurity and anarchy?" he asked. "Does the Soviet government really want Africans to kill Africans? The United States does not and it devoutly hopes the Soviet Union does not."

He said of the Soviet resolution: "This resolution is a declaration of war on the United Nations and on the principle of international action in behalf of peace."

Turning to the Soviet attack on Hammarskjöld, the U.S. ambassador said:

"To attempt to discredit the

secretary-general would not only wreck the U.N. mission in the Congo but would dangerously weaken the United Nations itself."

Addressing the Soviet delegate directly, Stevenson declared: "We believe the only way to take the cold war out of the Congo is to keep the United Nations in the Congo, and we call on the Soviet Union to join us in assuring the free exercise of the right of the Congo people to democracy."

Declaring that the United Nations was in peril, he said: "This is a moment of grave crisis."

Hammarskjöld listened intently as Stevenson strongly defended the U.N. role.

Stevenson called Hammarskjöld "a dedicated civil servant" and declared he needed no defense.

The disorder was the worst in the 16-year-old history of the United Nations.

Growers Hear Review Of Agriculture Trends

By RUTH KING

TULELAKE — Offsetting forces that are curtailing agricultural profits, the dramatic changes of the last 30 years in progress on farms, labor's attempt to organize agricultural workers in California, and a look at the national agricultural trends were discussed Tuesday night by R. J. Emerson, assistant vice president of the Bank of America, San Francisco.

Emerson spoke at the annual ladies night banquet of the Tulalake Growers Association at the Tulalake - Butte Valley Fairgrounds.

The steady increase in the cost of farming, higher labor costs, greater investment in machinery and power at increasing prices, and higher taxes have cut profits to such a narrow margin, Emerson said, that the farmer has trouble staying on top without making profits.

The consumer, however, he continued, has profited by the changes in the agricultural picture. The general diet level has been upgraded and a shift to more convenience in purchasing has taken place in the last 25-30 years.

The general public still relates

government subsidies of a few commodities to all agriculture, giving a one-sided view of the farmer's income. The public image pictures the agricultural industry as exploiters of labor, with substandard living conditions, cheap labor, "child labor" and immense profits, as "related to the higher cost of living."

"The agitators," Emerson said, "promote this picture and while they cite only the popular objective to raise farm wages, the real objective is the organization of labor. Though they would not admit it, this object, I believe, includes the closed shop and indirectly, an increase in the cost of living as the increased costs of food commodities are passed on to the consumer. This in turn will provide fuel to press for increased wages in other industries already organized since many of the current contracts are now geared to the federal cost-of-living index."

Emerson stated that another full-scale push by labor is expected in California during the spring and summer. Results of this action, he said, will increase the demands for borrowed capital ne-

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Sen. Maurice B. Neuberger, D-Ore., called today for a larger federal allocation for national forest lands in Oregon.

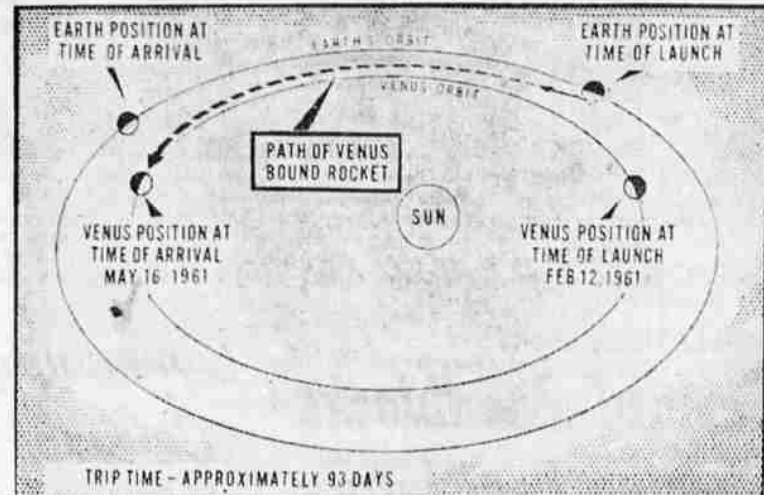
The proposed Forest Service budget submitted by former President Eisenhower called for \$36.4 million to be spent in Oregon in fiscal 1962, a reduction of \$1.6 million from last year, she said.

The proposed budget reduction was due in large measure to a sharp decline in payments to Oregon counties as their share of federal timber sales, Mrs. Neuberger said in a release from Washington, D. C.

"It is now estimated, due to the condition of the lumber market, that payments to counties in 1962 will be \$9.4 million, compared to \$12.6 million for this year and \$11.2 million for 1960," the release said.



R. J. EMERSON, assistant vice president of the Bank of America, San Francisco, was guest speaker at the annual ladies night banquet of the Tulalake Potato Growers Association Tuesday night. Emerson spoke for Earl Cokes, vice president and agricultural representative of the Bank of America, who was stricken with illness while in Washington, D.C., on business. The dinner was served to more than 300 guests from many parts of the area and elsewhere by women of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints in the home economics building of the Tulalake-Butte Valley Fairgrounds.



THE COURSE of the Russian rocket ship hurtling through space on a three-month journey toward Venus is shown in this chart. Russian scientists do not know yet whether it will score a hit on Earth's "twin" planet. The interplanetary space station — as the Russians call it — is expected to complete the trip in about three months.

Swiss Offended By President's Choice Of Envoy

BERN Switzerland (AP) — Swiss officials privately disclosed today that the government is embarrassed by President Kennedy's proposed appointment of Earl E. Smith of Palm Beach, Fla., as ambassador to Switzerland.

There was no official comment. A Foreign Office spokesman said the Cabinet has taken no decision thus far. The nomination has been under official study for more than a week.

Smith has been criticized in Swiss newspapers since his name leaked out of Washington Feb. 7 several hours before the Swiss government received the formal request for his accreditation.

Switzerland's objections to Smith apparently come from his term as ambassador to Cuba from 1957 to 1959 when he was regarded as close to ousted President Fulgencio Batista.

Forest Fund Hike Asked

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Sen. Maurice B. Neuberger, D-Ore., called today for a larger federal allocation for national forest lands in Oregon.

The proposed Forest Service budget submitted by former President Eisenhower called for \$36.4 million to be spent in Oregon in fiscal 1962, a reduction of \$1.6 million from last year, she said.

The proposed budget reduction was due in large measure to a sharp decline in payments to Oregon counties as their share of federal timber sales, Mrs. Neuberger said in a release from Washington, D. C.

"It is now estimated, due to the condition of the lumber market, that payments to counties in 1962 will be \$9.4 million, compared to \$12.6 million for this year and \$11.2 million for 1960," the release said.

Super Jet Engine Plays Part In Soviet Success

MOSCOW (UPI) — A Soviet scientist said today that "superpowerful" jet engines available only in Russia played a major part in the launching of the rocket to Venus.

Academician Vladimir Kotelnikov, as quoted by the official Tass news agency, said the engines were used with "huge rockets and perfect means of control and communication" to blast the three-quarter ton "interplanetary space station" piggy-back into space on a carrier Sputnik Sunday.

Tass quoted Kotelnikov as saying the jet engines are "available only in the Soviet Union and nowhere else in the world."

The agency said the rocket carried equipment to measure cosmic radiation and micrometeoroid impact as well as to investigate interplanetary matter and magnetic fields.

Astronomer Viktor Davydov was quoted by Tass as saying that "Soviet scientists may be expected to solve many riddles of the galaxy" with the pioneer Venus rocket.

Prof. Fobis Kukarkin of the International Astronomical Union said the launching of automatic stations to other planets makes possible the study of new forms of matter and "possibly of organic life absolutely different from that on earth."

The rocket to Venus was expected to reach its destination more than a month sooner than originally estimated because its speed has been reduced.

The paradox of a slower space ship arriving at its target quicker is explained by Einstein's theory of relativity, according to Soviet astronaut Ar. Sternfeld.

Sternfeld said Tuesday the revised forecast will bring the rocket into its approach to the Earth's sister planet about 38 to 44 days sooner than was predicted when the rocket was launched.

The estimated time of arrival of the rocket, reported hurtling through space at about 9,000 miles an hour, now is mid or late April instead of late May, Sternfeld said.

In an interview with Tass, Sternfeld explained that by slowing down, the rocket actually will have less distance to cover because of the special relationship between Earth and Venus.

The astronaut pointed out that Earth and Venus orbit in continual movement in ellipses around the sun. When the Russians fired the rocket Sunday, they aimed it at the point where Venus should be in late May.

2 Belgians Said Killed

LEOPOLDVILLE, The Congo (UPI) — Two Belgians were reported today to have been shot in the Kasai Province capital of Luluabourg in reprisal for the slaying of former Premier Patrice Lumumba.

The reports said Lumumba supporters fired on the Belgians on a cafe terrace when they failed to reply when asked what they thought about Lumumba's death. There was no word on whether they were killed or just wounded.

The shooting was said to have sent Europeans in the area fleeing to United Nations headquarters at Luluabourg, U.N. officials in Leopoldville said they could not confirm this.

U.N. officials had feared that Lumumba's killing by tribesmen in Katanga Province would touch off a wave of vengeance but most of the Congo has been strangely quiet.

Reports from Stanleyville said Lumumba's former army commander, Gen. Victor Lundula, personally broke up a demonstration assembling for reprisals against Europeans.

Stanleyville is where Lumumba's former vice premier, Antoine Gizenga, has set up a rival regime to the Leopoldville government.

Reports from Stanleyville said Lumumba's former army commander, Gen. Victor Lundula, personally broke up a demonstration assembling for reprisals against Europeans.

Stanleyville is where Lumumba's former vice premier, Antoine Gizenga, has set up a rival regime to the Leopoldville government.

Reports from Stanleyville said Lumumba's former army commander, Gen. Victor Lundula, personally broke up a demonstration assembling for reprisals against Europeans.

Stanleyville is where Lumumba's former vice premier, Antoine Gizenga, has set up a rival regime to the Leopoldville government.

Reports from Stanleyville said Lumumba's former army commander, Gen. Victor Lundula, personally broke up a demonstration assembling for reprisals against Europeans.

Stanleyville is where Lumumba's former vice premier, Antoine Gizenga, has set up a rival regime to the Leopoldville government.

Reports from Stanleyville said Lumumba's former army commander, Gen. Victor Lundula, personally broke up a demonstration assembling for reprisals against Europeans.

Figure Skating Team Killed; Toll Hits 73

By FRED CHEVAL

BRUSSELS, Belgium (AP) — Fifty-four Americans, including the entire U.S. figure skating team, perished today in the flaming crash of a Sabena Belgian Airlines jet. In all, the crash of the American-built Boeing 707 brought death to 73 persons.

Disaster struck at 10:05 a.m. as the \$5-million plane, its engines suddenly sounding odd, sought a landing in bright sunshine after a flight from New York.

The huge plane slammed to earth beside a woods three miles north of Brussels International Airport and went up in flames fed by fuel oil as the tanks exploded one by one.

All 61 passengers and the crew of 11 died. A Belgian farmer tilling his cabbage patch was struck and killed.

Mrs. Maribel Vinson Owen, 49, of Winchester, Mass., nine times the U.S. figure skating champion, was killed along with two daughters who were members of the current team. The girls were Laurence Owen, 16, and Maribel Owen, 20. Mrs. Owen last weekend had seen Laurence win the North American championships at Philadelphia.

Mrs. Owen and Coach Dean McMinn of Lomita, Calif., were accompanying the 18-member U.S. team to the world figure skating championships in Prague, Czechoslovakia.

The team is the fifth major sports group wiped out by plane crashes in a dozen years, including soccer teams of Italy, Britain and Denmark. Sixteen members of the California Poly football team were killed in the crash of a chartered plane last Oct. 29 at Toledo, Ohio.

The Boeing crashed in a small pond and started burning almost at once. Five engines previously alerted because of its erratic behavior screamed toward the scene, but arrived only in time to check the spread of fire.

"There were no survivors," a fire officer said. Charred bodies were removed to a temporary morgue at the airport.

In addition to the two Owen girls, the members of the U.S. skating team were Steffi Westerfield, Gregory Kelley and Bill and Laurie Hickox, all of Colorado Springs, Colo.; Bradley Lord and Dudley Richards of Boston; Donna Lee Carrier, Diane Sherblom and Roger Campbell of Los Angeles; Rhodie Michelson, Long Beach, Calif.; Douglas Ramsay, Seattle; Larry Pierce, Indianapolis; and Bob and Pat Dineen, New York.

Debris from the terribly twisted Boeing was scattered for several hundred yards.

The nightmare evolved from Sabena's Flight 548 from New York, piloted by Cmdr. Louis Lambrechts.

Residents of the seacoast village of Berg figured something might be wrong when the airliner sped over them for its approach to the airport. The engine roar changed oddly and the flight pattern looked erratic.

The plane circled the field a time or two. It lowered the undercarriage, retracted it, turned again and fell.

Reports from Stanleyville said Lumumba's former army commander, Gen. Victor Lundula, personally broke up a demonstration assembling for reprisals against Europeans.

Stanleyville is where Lumumba's former vice premier, Antoine Gizenga, has set up a rival regime to the Leopoldville government.

Reports from Stanleyville said Lumumba's former army commander, Gen. Victor Lundula, personally broke up a demonstration assembling for reprisals against Europeans.

Stanleyville is where Lumumba's former vice premier, Antoine Gizenga, has set up a rival regime to the Leopoldville government.

Reports from Stanleyville said Lumumba's former army commander, Gen. Victor Lundula, personally broke up a demonstration assembling for reprisals against Europeans.

Stanleyville is where Lumumba's former vice premier, Antoine Gizenga, has set up a rival regime to the Leopoldville government.

Reports from Stanleyville said Lumumba's former army commander, Gen. Victor Lundula, personally broke up a demonstration assembling for reprisals against Europeans.

Stanleyville is where Lumumba's former vice premier, Antoine Gizenga, has set up a rival regime to the Leopoldville government.

"Suddenly the plane fell in a series of spins," an airport official said. "It literally disintegrated."

There was a tremendous explosion. On a Liege-Brussels express train skirting the airport many passengers saw the disaster. Said one:

"The plane appeared to be making a normal approach to land when, on nearing the ground, it suddenly reared up pointing almost vertically, nose up into the sky. Then it fell back like a giant stone and we heard an explosion."

From her home near the crash scene, Mrs. M. Croon said the plane was "making much more noise and was much lower than they usually are."

Francois de Kleermaeker, a coal merchant, said it dropped "just like in wartime when planes fell after being hit."

Viscountess Pierre de Biolley was on her doorstep.

"The plane was making an unusual noise," she said. "It was flying extremely low. I saw it balancing in the sky then, as it flew over a small nearby wood, it

(Continued on Page 4-A)

Figure Skating Still Scheduled

FRANKFURT, Germany (AP) — A spokesman for the organizing committee of the world figure skating championships said today the event has not been canceled despite the death of U.S. competitors in the Brussels plane crash.

The spokesman said in a telephone call from Prague that reports distributed by the East German news agency ADN that the competitions have been called off "are not true."

However final decision on the competition now rests with the International Skating Union with headquarters in Switzerland.

The president of the ISU, Dr. James Koch, said earlier he favored calling off the event.

Commission Denies Hatfield's Charges

SALEM (AP) — The seven members of the state Public Welfare Commission Tuesday night issued a blanket denial of Gov. Mark Hatfield's charges against them. They invited two House committees to examine their records.

At the second hearing on the governor's charges, Joseph E. Harvey Jr., commission chairman, read the statement which said the charges "are at variance with the records."

The governor's charges, made at the first hearing a week ago, were that the commission had a lack of concern for public funds, failed to establish a public works program, failed to provide surplus food for the needy, failed to prosecute fraud cases, and raised standards of assistance in violation of legislative directives.

The governor has proposed that the Welfare Commission be abolished and that it be moved from Portland to Salem.

A parade of witnesses supported the commission and said the governor's proposal would put the commission into politics. Then Wayne Nunn, the governor's administrative assistant, said the charges of "administrative chaos and mismanagement still stand."

Nunn said that neither the governor nor the legislature has any control over what the commission spends. This was denied by Governor Goldsmith, a member of the commission, who said it is under state legislative control.

Nunn claimed that many county welfare commissioners have resigned because they object to "being rubber stamps for the state commission."

Goldsmith answered that the commission has given the counties more powers than ever before. He added that "if we go to a political system, we will have far more difficulty getting county welfare commissioners. They will object to having the gover-

nor dictate to them."

Sen. Alfred H. Corbett, D-Portland, chairman of the Joint Ways and Means Committee at the 1959 session, said the commission has obeyed legislative directives.

About 300 persons attended the hearing before the House committees on Public Health and Welfare, and State and Federal Affairs.

Miss Jeanne Jewett, administrator for the commission, testified that there is no evidence of widespread fraud or abuses by persons obtaining assistance. She said the number of ineligible persons on the rolls is kept at a minimum.

She added that she has "attempted to cooperate with the governor's office as fully as possible" and had put into effect policies which saved great amounts of money.

Her policies, she went on, led to administrative improvements. She took the credit for increasing

the percentage of federal assistance from 37 per cent of the total cost in 1956 to 46 per cent in 1959.

She produced figures which showed that Oregon has a smaller percentage of welfare cases than Washington and California, and that it is considerably below the national average.

In the past year, she declared, Oregon was the only western state whose welfare administrative costs didn't increase.

She answered "none whatever" to a question as to whether her staff had been hostile toward suggestions by the governor or federal government.

She praised the present commission as being the best informed of any commission during the 27 years that she has worked for the commission.

Hatfield has appointed three of the commissioners. He has demanded that the other four re-

Mrs. John Hall, Newport, wife of a former governor and member of the Lincoln County Public Welfare Commission, said the state commission ordered welfare payments made to two "flagrant" cases which the county commission had rejected. She said she was tired of being a puppet for the state commission.

Dr. Thomas Meador, Portland health officer, cited several cases of elderly people who lived in filth, and were denied welfare help.

Rep. Norman Howard, D-Portland, chairman of the State and Federal Affairs Committee, replied that he knew of many such cases, but that they had lots of money. He said the Welfare Department can't help where they have money.

Support for the commission was given by representatives of the Volunteers of America, juvenile courts of Oregon, and Jackson County Welfare Commission.