

In The Day's News

By FRANK JENKINS

From San Francisco:
Californians must approve the water bond measure on November 8 or face the threat of a nose-diving economy, dead-end jobs, parched lands and abandoned farms, according to Thomas J. Mellon, a San Francisco business executive.

He told the monthly meeting of the Feather River Project Association today that the state water program as embodied in Proposition 1 on the ballot holds the answers to the problems of growth, flood and water shortages. He predicted Proposition 1 will be passed by the California voters.

I think most of us up this way will agree that Proposition 1 is probably the most important measure to be voted on in California since Admission Day. But up here in the North, which has the water that is so precious to the state's future, there are some problems.

For example:
On the California ballot at the November 8 election there will be another measure that is immensely significant. It is Proposition 15. It proposes to reapportion the California legislature in such a manner as to give the South a majority in the Senate.

The South already has a majority of the popular vote. It has a majority, as of now, in the Assembly. If Proposition 15 is approved at the coming election, the South will have a majority in BOTH houses of the legislature.

That is to say: If Proposition 15 is approved on November 8, the North will be in perpetual danger of losing its water to the more populous South.

Here's a thought:
The South has oil. Its oil is a natural resource. The North needs it. It GETS it. There is no battle over it. The North BUYS ITS OIL from the South, which has more than it can use and so is happy to export its surplus.

The North has water. Water, too, is a natural resource. But the North can't sell its surplus water—legally. It has to give it away. Not only that, the North will have to pay its share of the taxes to build the facilities to carry the water to the South after the North has given its surplus away.

Somehow, that doesn't sound right. It certainly won't be right if after having given its water and having helped by paying taxes to build the facilities to carry its water away, a situation arises in which the North will have to give away water it is going to NEED BADLY in the future if it is to bring about full development of its area.

That situation could arise if Proposition 15 is approved on November 8.

What will the North do on November 8?
Personally, I think the attitude of the North toward Proposition 1 will depend on the fate of Proposition 15, which proposes to reapportion the legislature. If Proposition 15 is approved, the North will be in perpetual danger of losing its water.

So—
It seems reasonable to expect that until the fate of Proposition 15 is known (which can't be until after the election in November at which the voters will pass on BOTH issues) the North will be inclined to VOTE AGAINST BOTH.

That would be only simple precaution.

2 KF Men Wounded

Separate hunting accidents Sunday put two Klamath Falls men in Klamath Valley Hospital for treatment of gunshot wounds.

State police said Lester Miller, 24, was struck in the left thigh by a bullet from the gun of an unknown hunter. The bullet which lodged near the pelvis was removed by surgery. Miller, a mechanic, was hunting with John Giffman of Ashland.

Wayne Burnett Thompson, Kingsley Air Force Base, put a 30-30 rifle bullet through his left foot when the gun was discharged accidentally as he prepared to enter the timber to hunt.

Condition of both men is reported to be satisfactory by hospital officials.

Captain Defects

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador (UPI)—A Cuban freighter Havana, skippered by the Cuban freighter Havana, defected Sunday saying he did not want to live under the "tyrannical regime of Premier Fidel Castro. His family already had fled from Cuba to Miami, Fla., to seek political asylum.

Weather

Klamath Falls and vicinity —
Fair through Tuesday. Highs 70-76; low tonight 33-38.
High Sunday 74
Low last night 38
Precip. past 24 hours 0
Since Oct. 1 .56
Same period last year .26

Herald and News

Price Ten Cents—14 Pages

KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON, MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1960

Telephone TU 4-8111 No. 6508

Weather

Northern California — Fair through Tuesday except partly cloudy in southern Sierra.

Mount Shasta-Siskiyou — Fair with little temperature change through Tuesday.



A PROFITABLE BREAKFAST to raise funds for the Disaster Car for Klamath Falls and vicinity was held at the Safeway Parking Lot, Eighth and Pine streets, Saturday morning. More than 700 tickets had been sold in advance of the breakfast. Shown here are, seated, Dr. R. F. Peters, George Steele and Jack Maddan; back row, C. W. Davis, chairman of the Lions Club-sponsored event, and Jim Mosley, co-chairman, and manager of the Safeway Store which contributed food for the breakfast. All funds taken in were to go to the Disaster Car Fund.

Exposition Successful

PORTLAND (AP)—The Pacific International Livestock Exposition closed its annual eight-day show Saturday and it was one of the most successful since World War II.

Total paid attendance for the show and livestock events reached 74,253. It had been 42,698 the year before.

Estimated gross attendance, which included children under 12 admitted free and complementary admissions, was 92,113.

Louie Torricellas of Eugene won the all-around cowboy award and \$953. He finished first in bull dogging Saturday night.

Top money winner for go-rounds during the eight-day show was Sanny Flynn, Longcreek, Ore., who was first in bareback bronc riding.

Dick Bryant, Laveland, Colo., earned \$614 and first in brahma bull riding. Harry Charters, Melba, Idaho, took in \$832 and won calf roping.

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Shooting Times

OREGON
October 18
5:55 a.m.—5:20 p.m.
CALIFORNIA
October 18
5:47 a.m.—5:25 p.m.

Logger Saves Boy

OMAK, Wash. (AP)—A husky logger who lowered himself 75 feet down a rocky cliff rescued early Monday a frightened boy whose 12-year-old companion had fallen to his death some nine hours earlier.

Sammy Wahsine, 9, of Athena, Ore., was rushed to an Omak hospital, where a doctor said he had suffered no ill effects.

Sammy is a student at St. Mary's Mission, east of here on the Colville Indian Reservation.

Sunday he and another student, Phillip Ameno of Chelan, Wash., got permission from the Jesuit priests at the mission to go on a hike to Omak Falls.

When they did not return for supper, the mission sent out a search party. The searchers found the boys about 6 p.m., but Phillip was dead.

Sammy had fallen at about 3 p.m., landing on a ledge about 75 feet from the top of a 150-foot canyon wall. Then Phillip fell, tumbling all the way to the bottom.

Sammy was still stranded on the two feet-wide ledge. A force of about 15 men and boys, including priests, sheriff's deputies and volunteer firemen, assembled to rescue him.

By this time it was pitch dark. It was chilly, but not freezing.

O-C Funds Fight Seen

EUGENE (AP)—A fight over money from timber sales on Oregon and California land grants will go before the next Legislature.

This was assured Saturday as the Legislative Interim Committee on Education submitted its report.

The committee was able to agree that in the next five years the state's share of school expenses should be boosted to 30 per cent of school costs. The committee suggested the voters should pass on this proposal.

The committee split, however, on the O & C funds.

The majority recommended that 12½ per cent of the O & C funds received by each county should be included in figures on state aid. This would lessen the state contribution to the 18 Western Oregon counties getting O & C funds.

Elvis Injures Guitar Finger

MEMPHIS, Tenn. (AP)—Elvis Presley was in a hospital today with a finger broken in a touch football game with a crowd of old high school chums.

The rock 'n' roll king, home from Hollywood for a rest, snapped the little finger on his guitar-strumming hand Sunday when he made a dive for the ball carrier and missed.

Touch football is a favorite pastime for the famed singer, a frustrated halfback who wasn't able to try for the team at Humes High School because he had to work after school.

Shotgun Blast Fells Paper Official

Firing Squad Kills 2 Americans

HAVANA (AP)—A Cuban firing squad Sunday executed two more Americans from the small invasion force that Fidel Castro charged was part of a U.S. plot to provoke an incident at Guantanamo Naval Base.

The prime minister directly linked the 27-man expeditionary force that landed on Cuba's northeast coast Oct. 15 with mounting tension over the big naval base the United States holds on the island by treaty.

Castro said on television that the small band intended to create the pretext for U.S. intervention in Cuba by trying to form a "zone of operations and zone of perturbation" near the base.

The United States formally charged before the United Nations last Friday that Castro himself appeared bent on provoking an incident over the base.

Firing squad bullets just before dawn cut down a Louisiana adventurer and a former U.S. Marine seeking to avenge the Castro government's seizure of his father's Cuban plantation.

The two Americans were: Allan Dale Thompson, 36, a native of Queen City, Tex., who grew up in Mooringsport, La., and worked in fishing camps in that area.

Robert O. Fuller, 25, whose father moved to Miami, Fla., after confiscation of his property in Cuba.

Another American who landed with them, Anthony Zarba, 27, of Somerville, Mass., was executed with seven Cuban insurgents at the same firing range in San Juan Valley last Thursday.

A prediction of more invasions against the Castro regime came from Fuller's grieving father, William, in Miami, Fla.

"There'll be other expeditions," Fuller told newsmen. "Some may fail, but sooner or later the Castro regime may fall."

The younger Fuller, who served with the U.S. Marines in Korea, testified at his trial in Santiago that peasants had aided the invaders.

A similar revelation came from Angel Rivero, a Cuban member of the expeditionary force, who testified, "I came to combat communism in Cuba."

The court spared the lives of Rivero and another Cuban, Juan Gonzalez. They were sentenced to 30 years in prison.

The court rejected appeals for clemency for Thompson and Fuller, contending that the Americans and the Cubans should get equal treatment.

Fuller's mother, who remained in Cuba when the rest of the family went to Florida, attended the trial. Mrs. Fuller is a native of Massachusetts but has lived in Cuba since childhood.

Cuban prosecutor David Diaz charged the United States was backing the invaders and warned that future invaders "will bite the dust drenched in blood."

The U.S. State Department has denied any connection with the invasion.

Castro disclosed that one of his former cabinet members, Manolo Ray, was "one of the little leaders of the counter-revolution."

Ray, a bomb expert who fought with Castro against the regime of Fulgencio Batista, was replaced as public works minister last year by left-winger Osmani Cienfuegos.

Castro admitted concern, however, about the allegiance of the Cuban navy. He threatened to dissolve the force unless it shapes up in thorough revolutionary fashion. He disclosed two big naval installations in Havana and Cienfuegos had been deactivated, along with several warships.

ALGIERS, Algeria (UPI)—The fiercest fighting in two years between French forces and Algerian Moslem rebels took more than 300 lives over the weekend in the Aures Hills, it was reported today.

French officials said 277 Moslems were killed. A private source reported about 40 French soldiers killed.

The heating up of the Algerian war followed appeals by the rebels to Communist China and Russia for more help to free the giant North African territory from France.

The Soviet news agency Tass indicated today the Russians were responding to some extent. It reported the Soviet motorship Fata Fatezh was being sent with supplies for Algerians.

Rebel "Premier" Ferhat Abbas recently made a trip to Moscow and Peiping to ask for aid.

In Tunis, Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba was quoted by a new French language newspaper "Africa Action" as saying the Soviet Union and Red China were likely to give massive aid to the Algerian rebels.

"The West can take the initiative away from the Communists and save the situation, and itself, if the members of NATO decide together to pressure the French to end the Algerian war," Bourguiba said.

The French launched the Aures attack Friday to try to clean an estimated 1,700 rebels out of the rocky, hilly area about 180 miles southeast of Algiers.

While Hammarskjold was defending the U.N. role in the Congo he was under severe attack by the Soviets in the assembly's financial committee, which is tackling the question of how to pay for the multimillion-dollar Congo operation.

"They have left their families. They do not solicit merits for future advancement in the home countries to which they want to return. They work against the heaviest odds under a continuous nervous strain, they have endless working days, they do not know whether all they do will not be swept aside one of these days by new waves of political unrest."

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Navy Band Here

Monday is U.S. Navy Band Day in Klamath Falls by proclamation of Mayor Lawrence Slater. Flags are also flying on Main Street in honor of the distinguished and famous band which appears in two performances today in Pelican Court at Klamath Union High School.

The band, sponsored by the music department of KUHS, appears here for the benefit of a return visit to the East-West Shrine game at San Francisco.

The band will play at a matinee for school students during the afternoon. The evening concert, open to the public, is scheduled for 8 p.m. All proceeds will be used to help pay expenses of the band which will appear during half-time pageantry.

Arrangements for the band were made by LaMar Jensen, music director, KUHS.

War Flares In Algeria

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Dag Boosts U.N. Move

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. (AP)—Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold vigorously defended today the men directing the U.N. operation in the Congo and the multinational force of nearly 20,000 men under their command.

He spoke in the U.N. General Assembly to answer charges by Soviet Premier Khrushchev and others that the United Nations is working hand in hand with "imperialists" and seeking to impose a new colonialism on the new African republics.

"Let nobody be misled. Those many men from the very nations in Africa, Asia, Europe and the transatlantic countries who are serving the United Nations in the Congo, why are they there?" he said.

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PORTLAND (AP)—Police said Don Newhouse, production manager of the struck Oregonian, was wounded Sunday night by a shotgun blast fired through a basement window of his Portland home.

The blast struck Newhouse in the right hip and thigh, police said. At Good Samaritan Hospital, the supervisor said Newhouse was in fair condition and was undergoing surgery.

Newhouse, 41, is a cousin of S. I. Newhouse, owner of the Oregonian and 10 other newspapers and the Conde Nast Publishing Co.

Officers said Newhouse was filing a key at his basement workbench when the shot was fired from about six feet above him. It tore through the window and entered Newhouse's lower right side.

A physician estimated that some 50 pieces of shot struck Newhouse and some passed clear through his leg.

"I heard a pop, an explosion, and I thought the TV tube had blown up," Mrs. Newhouse said. She was upstairs with a family friend and five Newhouse children.

"I went downstairs calling Donald, when I heard him say 'quick' and I knew he was in the basement," Mrs. Newhouse said.

"That's when I found him collapsed and bleeding. All he could say was 'I don't know how it could have happened.'"

Mrs. Newhouse called Mrs. Wallace Hagestad, a nurse who was visiting. "Don was on his back in a state of shock," Mrs. Hagestad said.

"We thought he had received an electrical shock and I began applying artificial respiration while Lee (his wife) went next door to the doctor."

Dr. Arnold Rustin, the neighbor, carried the injured man to the family station wagon and took him to the hospital.

"It wasn't until the doctors found the shotgun pellets in him that we knew what had happened," Mrs. Newhouse said.

Such killer storms are common in this part of the world. Nearly 500 persons were killed in the same area by one in the fall of 1958.

Here they are called cyclones. In the Pacific they are known as typhoons; in the Atlantic, as hurricanes. No matter what the name, their chief devastating characteristic is the high-speed winds that boil up the sea and smash it against shores.

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