

The Herald and News

Price Five Cents—28 Pages

KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1959

Telephone TU 4-8111 No. 6222

In The Day's News

By FRANK JENKINS
Western Hemisphere stuff:
President Eisenhower flies south today for two days of what the reporters call "shirt sleeve" diplomacy with the new president of Mexico, Adolfo Lopez Mateos. This diplomatic session in shirt sleeves (it should be added that coats are much too heavy for comfort down that way) will be held in Acapulco.

But —
The dispatches report —
The informality of the trip is much preferred by Dwight Eisenhower, and apparently by Lopez Mateos, to the starchy formality of a conventional state visit where contact between the principals is controlled by the courtly rules of diplomatic protocol.

The two presidents will take a yacht ride around sparkling blue Acapulco bay. They will entertain each other at luncheons and dinners at some of the loveliest night clubs and hotels in the Western Hemisphere. It's a safe bet that in the two days they won't see a single burro, loaded to the ears with sugar cane stalks or the fleshy, spiny maguay leaves which are the raw material from which tequila is made, plodding along under the direction of his ragged, cotton-shirt-and-pants - clothed Mexican owner — than which no sight in Mexico is more typical.

Acapulco doesn't go in for things like that.

But at least these presidents of the two great republics of the Western Hemisphere will do no worrying at luncheon or at dinner over who shall sit above the salt and who shall sit below.

They'll be free to BE THEMSELVES. They'll be free to speak in the language of everyday human intercourse rather than the high-flown phrases of diplomatic double-talk, which must be so worded as to mean ANYTHING.

That is as it should be in our Western world.

One other thought:
President Eisenhower speaks passable French. He speaks understandable German. Whether or not he can make himself understood in Spanish, I don't know.

But I'll risk this guess:
President Mateos will be at least able to understand English. If so, that will simplify their conversations. Nothing makes such man-to-man conferences stiffer than having to speak through an interpreter.

I think nearly everyone who has been there will agree that Mexico is a HOPEFUL country. It could be the key to good relations on our part with Latin-America, Mexico and the U.S. spatted and fought with each other for a long time. But we're coming to understand each other.

Ike is a good man to further this growing friendliness and understanding. He has that indefinable quality known as charm. He LIKES PEOPLE. He and Mexico's new prexie can do a lot to increase Western Hemisphere goodwill.

More power to them in their upcoming talks.

TO VISIT LISBON
LONDON (UPI)—Princess Margaret will visit Lisbon during the British trade fair in June, it was announced Tuesday.

SACRAMENTO (UPI)—Gov. Edmund G. Brown's proposal to create a state agency to protect and advise consumers today was safely past one of its sternest legislative tests.

A subcommittee of the powerful Senate Finance Committee Tuesday approved a budget item to appropriate \$45,000 to operate the new state office.



READY FOR OCCUPANCY in the fall of 1959 will be the new Mount Shasta High School building which is nearing completion. The 37,203 square foot structure, under construction by the Singleton Construction Company of Eureka, was started in May of 1958 and contains a gymnasium, class room wing and separate shop buildings. Howard Perrin of Klamath Falls is the architect for the new school which will cost in excess of \$600,000. Inspector for the project is Jess E. Rodefer of Mount Shasta. — Photo by Peggy Walsh

Weather

FORECAST—Klamath Falls and vicinity: Mostly cloudy with occasional rain or snow through Thursday. Highs 37-44; low tonight 28-33.
High yesterday 41
Low last night 22
Precip. last 24 hours 0.13
Since Oct. 1 3.60
Same period last year 12.39

Northern California — Partly cloudy tonight with scattered showers in the extreme north; rainy Thursday; little change in temperatures. Coastal winds southerly, 15-30 miles an hour. Point Sur northward.

Bolt Strikes Machinist

ALAMEDA, Calif. (AP)—For a fleeting split second an aviation machinist was a conductor for a bolt of lightning, but he suffered only minor burns and shock.

His P2V Navy patrol bomber was at 7,000 feet on anti-submarine training Tuesday when it was struck by lightning 100 miles northwest of San Francisco.

Aviation Machinist Billy L. Cheatewood was sitting in the plastic nose cone. The bolt struck just below the bubble. It coursed up his right leg, along his back-bone to a point under his right shoulder blade and entered the back of his metal seat.

The electrical charge continued through the plane's fuselage, shearing off rivets with one-inch heads and stripping off the plane's stabilizer.

Doctors at Oak Knoll Naval Hospital expressed belief Cheatewood escaped death or critical injury because his shoulders rested against the seat. He was treated for minor burns on the legs and back and shock.

BUILD BANTAM CAR
LONDON (UPI)—The Soviet Union said today it will mass produce a new bantam car that is now on display in Moscow.

Moscow said the car has a 23-horsepower, two-cylinder, air-cooled engine at the rear and a top speed of 60 miles an hour. It weighs 1,500 pounds and gets about 50 miles to the gallon of gasoline.

It is not pie in the sky material," Richards told the Senate subcommittee Tuesday. "Such an office operates very successfully in New York and it has been instrumental in getting many constructive laws adopted in that state to protect the consumers' interests."

Legislative analyst A. Alan Post opposed the \$45,000 expenditure because he said the governor and all state agencies were duty bound to look after the interests of the consumer.

"It is difficult for me to see that there is a real need for a special office," he said.

Eisenhower Mexico Bound

WASHINGTON (AP)—President Eisenhower takes off today for Austin, Tex., on the first leg of a good will mission to Mexico for informal talks with President Adolfo Lopez Mateos.

Eisenhower arranged a morning news conference and scheduled departure aboard his private plane, Columbine III, for 11:45 a.m. PST. He is due to arrive at Bergstrom Air Force Base at Austin at 5:30 p.m., PST.

Eisenhower will spend the night at Bergstrom, then take off at 6 a.m. Thursday on a four-hour flight to Acapulco, Mexico's tropical resort on the Pacific Ocean. The President plans a two-day stay.

This will be the first meeting of Eisenhower and Lopez Mateos, who took office last December. They have arranged talks aboard the Mexican president's yacht Thursday and at Eisenhower's Acapulco hotel, the plush Pierre Marques, Friday.

But administration officials report there are no major United States-Mexican problems to occupy the two chief executives, and that the principal purpose of the visit is to give them a leisurely opportunity to get acquainted.

Eisenhower was host to Lopez Mateos' predecessor as president, Adolfo Ruiz Cortines, at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., in 1956.

Social affairs loom large on the calendar. Lopez Mateos will give a dinner for Eisenhower Thursday night at the swanky El Mirador Hotel where there will be native folk dancing and an exhibition of spectacular high diving.

Eisenhower will reciprocate Friday with a luncheon and a dinner, honoring the Mexican president. The dinner will be at the Ski Club, one of Acapulco's most fashionable nightclubs.

The President will be accompanied by his youngest brother, Dr. Milton S. Eisenhower, a top adviser on Latin American affairs. Others in his party are the President's son, Army Maj. John Eisenhower, a White House aide; Roy R. Rubottom, assistant secretary of state for inter-American affairs; and Mexico's ambassador to the United States, Antonio Carrillo Flores.

Other developments:
Republicans: GOP legislators went on record in opposition to a bill already approved by Democrats to repeal cross-filing.

Democrats: A caucus of Democratic legislators endorsed a bill by Assemblyman Jesse M. Urrah (D-Los Angeles) to limit installment credit charges.

Capital punishment: Sen. Donald L. Grunsky (R-Watsonville), a trial lawyer by profession, came out with a six-page denunciation of efforts to abolish the death penalty. He said it would be "most unwise to abolish the death penalty as a trial and error experiment."

Nixon: Assemblyman William A. Munnell (D-Los Angeles), Democratic State Central Committee chairman, criticized Vice President Richard M. Nixon. In a press release, Munnell said Nixon's trip to California was a "dress rehearsal of the carrot-and-whip technique he plans to employ in 1960 in his drive for the presidency."

World News In Brief

VANGUARD — Washington — The space agency is pushing ahead with plans for orbiting three more Vanguard satellites.

SOSA — Havana—Major Jesus Sosa Blanco, the No. 1 Batista "war criminal," was executed.

SCHOOL — Front Royal, Va.—Warren County, Va. becomes the fourth Virginia locality to integrate its schools today.

IRE—Washington — Eisenhower flew south today for two days of shirt-sleeve diplomacy with Mexican president.

CYPRUS—London—Cyprus talks postponed pending recovery of Turkish premier from injuries received in plane crash that killed 12.

SOVIETS — Moscow — Khrushchev ridicules Western threats to break through Red Berlin blockade; says Soviet troops not there to play games.

PLANE—Washington—U.S. will send Russia a three-million-dollar bill for Air Force plane shot down in Soviet Armenia.

FLOOD—Russellville, Ill. — Wash cracks through Indiana and Illinois levees, floods thousands of acres; 800 flee.

RACKETEERS—Washington — Senate investigators expect to expose new type of juke box scandal by tracing loans to narcotics dealers.

LABOR LAWS CHANGES SEEN
WASHINGTON (AP)—The Eisenhower administration will insist on Taft-Hartley law changes as part of any legislation to curb labor abuses, Sen. Everett Dirksen (R-Ill.) said today.

Dirksen, the Senate Republican leader, said President Eisenhower and Secretary of Labor James P. Mitchell are backing solidly an effort to get Congress to act on a single-package measure based on the President's 20-point program.

"If the Labor Committee doesn't report out a bill including all of the President's proposals, we will offer them as amendments when the Senate takes up the measure," Dirksen said.

Dirksen described as impractical Mitchell's announced willingness to go along with Sen. John F. Kennedy (D-Mass.) on a two-bill approach, with union-management curbs considered in one measure and controversial changes in the Taft-Hartley Act in another.

Levees Snap; 600 Routed

RUSSELLVILLE, Ill. (UPI)—The maverick Wabash River cracked through levees in Indiana and Illinois, routing about 600 persons and washing out about 35 square miles of rich valley farmland.

Floodwise residents of farms and small communities in the path of the cascading water fled quickly and safely to higher ground.

The Wabash, on its worst rampage in nearly half a century, tore through weakened levees Tuesday at Oaktown, Ind., and two miles south of Russellville. The break on the Illinois side was the most severe.

A 200-foot hole torn in the levee near Russellville sent tons of water surging over a quarter of a mile of countryside within a 10-minute period. Thousands of acres of winter wheat were destroyed in fields under as much as three feet of water.

Farmers along the fringes of the flood worked through the night by the light of car headlights emptying silos of grain and moving to higher ground.

Others caught by the first rush of the floodwaters fled by rowboat, Army duck, truck, car or foot, lugging whatever equipment and possessions they could.

All 50 residents of the nearby village of Westport fled, with store owners and tavern keepers taking as much of their stock with them as they could.

The flooding came unexpectedly as the river had begun receding and levees were expected to hold. However, the relentless pounding of the high water weakened and finally punched through the earthen mounds along the storied Wabash.

U.S. 50 between Russellville and Vincennes, Ind., was the main escape route and it was jammed Tuesday by farmers with grain wagons, tractors and trucks hauling goods to safety. Cattle cars from the Vincennes stockyards joined the rush, moving livestock to safety.

Convicted a second time as a major war criminal, the 51-year-old career officer had one last request—that he be given the right to give the orders to his executioners.

Army sources gave this account of the major's execution in the early morning hours at La Cabaña Fortress:

Sosa Blanco was led from his cell into the courtyard where the firing squad waited.

"I forgive you, muchachos (boys), and you will forgive me," he said, then calmly: "Get ready. Aim. Fire!"

War Will Be Started By Reds, Not Allies, Ike Tells Reporters

WASHINGTON (AP)—President Eisenhower said emphatically today that if there is any shooting over West Berlin it will be started by the Soviet Union—and not by the Western Allies.

The President told a news conference the Allies have no intention of taking the first step in a shooting war.

He was commenting on an assertion by Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev that any attempt by the Western Allies to shoot their way to West Berlin would mean war.

Eisenhower said Khrushchev must have been talking about shooting by Communist forces to stop the Western Allies from doing their duty.

The President was alluding to pledges by the Allies to maintain their rights of communication with West Berlin.

Eisenhower underscored his position by setting forth his view twice during the 30-minute news conference.

On other matters, the President said:

DULLES—He wants John Foster Dulles to continue as secretary of state as long as Dulles believes he is in shape to carry on.

Eisenhower said he has discussed with no one the possibility of replacing Dulles in the Cabinet.

As for reports that Dulles tried to resign after learning he has cancer again, Eisenhower said Dulles never has made any specific statement to him about stepping aside in connection with this latest illness.

But, the President went on, the idea of Dulles being willing to resign is no new thing. Since the start of the administration's tenure, Eisenhower said, Dulles has been telling him that he would resign at once if Eisenhower ever should feel that he (Dulles) had become a national or a political liability.

As he did last week, Eisenhower heaped praise on the ailing Dulles. The President called him his closest friend and confidant in the government. There is no equal, Eisenhower said, to Dulles' wisdom and knowledge in the foreign affairs field.

Eisenhower replied with a blunt "no" when asked whether he has been giving any thought to having someone else represent the United States at the proposed East-West foreign ministers conference on Berlin.

MEXICO — His scheduled talks with Mexico's President Adolfo Lopez Mateos in Acapulco, Mexico, Thursday and Friday will give him a chance, primarily, to pay his respects to that country's chief executive.

Eisenhower added they will discuss matters of common interest. And from what he hears about Acapulco's weather, the visit is sure to be pleasant, the President commented.

BUDGET—He doesn't see why the term balanced budget is becoming a bad word.

Eisenhower made that remark when told an unnamed Republican senator had suggested that the President is making a fetish of his determination to maintain a balanced budget.

Observing that there is a prospective deficit of about 13 billion dollars for the current year, Eisenhower commented that the administration has accepted that and has been guilty of no fetish in doing so.

As for the fiscal year starting July 1 and the administration's proposal that revenue and spending be kept in balance, Eisenhower said crisply that if we can't live within our means in a time of developing prosperity, then just when are we going to be able to do so.

McELROY — Secretary of Defense Neil H. McElroy indicated when he took office that he might not be able to stay on until Eisenhower leaves the White House early in 1961. But McElroy, on the other hand, has not indicated any particular time for resigning, Eisenhower said.

must have been talking about shooting by Communist forces to stop the Western Allies from doing their duty.

The President was alluding to pledges by the Allies to maintain their rights of communication with West Berlin.

Eisenhower underscored his position by setting forth his view twice during the 30-minute news conference.

On other matters, the President said:

DULLES—He wants John Foster Dulles to continue as secretary of state as long as Dulles believes he is in shape to carry on.

Eisenhower said he has discussed with no one the possibility of replacing Dulles in the Cabinet.

As for reports that Dulles tried to resign after learning he has cancer again, Eisenhower said Dulles never has made any specific statement to him about stepping aside in connection with this latest illness.

But, the President went on, the idea of Dulles being willing to resign is no new thing. Since the start of the administration's tenure, Eisenhower said, Dulles has been telling him that he would resign at once if Eisenhower ever should feel that he (Dulles) had become a national or a political liability.

As he did last week, Eisenhower heaped praise on the ailing Dulles. The President called him his closest friend and confidant in the government. There is no equal, Eisenhower said, to Dulles' wisdom and knowledge in the foreign affairs field.

Eisenhower replied with a blunt "no" when asked whether he has been giving any thought to having someone else represent the United States at the proposed East-West foreign ministers conference on Berlin.

MEXICO — His scheduled talks with Mexico's President Adolfo Lopez Mateos in Acapulco, Mexico, Thursday and Friday will give him a chance, primarily, to pay his respects to that country's chief executive.

Eisenhower added they will discuss matters of common interest. And from what he hears about Acapulco's weather, the visit is sure to be pleasant, the President commented.

BUDGET—He doesn't see why the term balanced budget is becoming a bad word.

Eisenhower made that remark when told an unnamed Republican senator had suggested that the President is making a fetish of his determination to maintain a balanced budget.

Observing that there is a prospective deficit of about 13 billion dollars for the current year, Eisenhower commented that the administration has accepted that and has been guilty of no fetish in doing so.

As for the fiscal year starting July 1 and the administration's proposal that revenue and spending be kept in balance, Eisenhower said crisply that if we can't live within our means in a time of developing prosperity, then just when are we going to be able to do so.

McELROY — Secretary of Defense Neil H. McElroy indicated when he took office that he might not be able to stay on until Eisenhower leaves the White House early in 1961. But McElroy, on the other hand, has not indicated any particular time for resigning, Eisenhower said.

must have been talking about shooting by Communist forces to stop the Western Allies from doing their duty.

The President was alluding to pledges by the Allies to maintain their rights of communication with West Berlin.

Eisenhower underscored his position by setting forth his view twice during the 30-minute news conference.

other hand has not indicated any particular time for resigning, Eisenhower said.

JOBS — Sometimes it seems more difficult to get good men to take top government jobs for the remaining two years of his administration than it was for the first six years. However, he remarked with a smile, taking a job for two years is not as bad as accepting one for eight years.

And good men, the President said, don't hesitate to accept a position for the remaining two years.

Want Dulles To Carry On, Says Chief

WASHINGTON (AP)—President Eisenhower said today he wants Secretary of State Dulles to remain on the job as long as Dulles believes he is able to carry on.

Eisenhower told his news conference that he and Dulles agreed during the President's visit to Walter Reed Army Hospital Tuesday to go right ahead with plans for international conferences.

In response to a question, the President said he has given no thought to naming an alternate negotiator if Dulles is physically unable to attend the conferences because of his illness with cancer.

Moreover, Eisenhower said he has not discussed with anyone the possibility of replacing Dulles as secretary of state.

Eisenhower said that since Dulles became secretary of state he has made it clear to the President that any time Eisenhower feels the secretary is either a political or national liability the President can accept his resignation.

In this connection, Eisenhower said Dulles had never made the specific statement that he wanted to resign because that would have indicated the secretary wanted to lay down his duties and responsibilities.

Dulles will be treated with radiation therapy in an effort to control the cancer condition discovered as the result of an operation for hernia last Friday.

Maj. Gen. Leonard D. Heaton, commander at Walter Reed, has now called in four outside medical experts for consultation on the future handling of Dulles' illness.

Senator Eyes Primaries

WASHINGTON (UPI) — Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey (D-Minn.) is eyeing half a dozen state presidential primaries to test his wings as a contender for the 1960 Democratic presidential nomination.

Friends of Humphrey said today he probably would enter the presidential primary in his home state of Minnesota, unless the legislature abolishes it, and those in Wisconsin and South Dakota.

Looking West, he was reported to be thinking about entering either the Oregon or Montana primary, or both. Pennsylvania was listed as the possible site for an eastern bid.

If Humphrey should decide to plunge into the primaries, he probably would emerge as the most active challenger to Sen. John F. Kennedy (D-Mass.) for the 1960 nomination.

Many Democrats expect Kennedy also to invite primary contests outside his home state. They have doubts about such other potential contenders as Sen. Stuart Symington of Missouri, Sen. Lyndon B. Johnson of Texas, Gov. Robert B. Meyner of New Jersey and Gov. G. Mennen Williams of Michigan.

Unlike Sen. Estes Kefauver (D-Tenn.), who challenged all comers in the 1952 and 1956 primaries, neither Humphrey nor Kennedy is expected to enter any state without the blessing of party leaders in that state.

Brown's Bid For New State Agency Passes Sternest Legislative Test

SACRAMENTO (UPI)—Gov. Edmund G. Brown's proposal to create a state agency to protect and advise consumers today was safely past one of its sternest legislative tests.

A subcommittee of the powerful Senate Finance Committee Tuesday approved a budget item to appropriate \$45,000 to operate the new state office.

Sen. James J. McBride (D-Ventura), chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, said the action was tantamount to approval by his group.

"I'm not going to quarrel over such a piddling amount," McBride said. "But I intend to take a long hard look at the agency during the next nine months to see if it really is necessary and if it is doing a good job."

Brown said in his inaugural message that consumers need a "helpful spokesman in government" as a defense to "highly organized special interests."

Legislative analyst A. Alan Post opposed the \$45,000 expenditure because he said the governor and all state agencies were duty bound to look after the interests of the consumer.

"It is difficult for me to see that there is a real need for a special office," he said.

However, McBride and Sens. Randolph Collier (R-Yreka) and Nathan F. Coombs (R-Napa) were unanimous in approving the budget item.

The policy bill setting up the agency, SB33 by Richards, is scheduled for a committee hearing Feb. 25.

Other developments:
Republicans: GOP legislators went on record in opposition to a bill already approved by Democrats to repeal cross-filing.

Democrats: A caucus of Democratic legislators endorsed a bill by Assemblyman Jesse M. Urrah (D-Los Angeles) to limit installment credit charges.

Capital punishment: Sen. Donald L. Grunsky (R-Watsonville), a trial lawyer by profession, came out with a six-page denunciation of efforts to abolish the death penalty. He said it would be "most unwise to abolish the death penalty as a trial and error experiment."

Nixon: Assemblyman William A. Munnell (D-Los Angeles), Democratic State Central Committee chairman, criticized Vice President Richard M. Nixon. In a press release, Munnell said Nixon's trip to California was a "dress rehearsal of the carrot-and-whip technique he plans to employ in 1960 in his drive for the presidency."

LABOR LAWS CHANGES SEEN
WASHINGTON (AP)—The Eisenhower administration will insist on Taft-Hartley law changes as part of any legislation to curb labor abuses, Sen. Everett Dirksen (R-Ill.) said today.

Dirksen, the Senate Republican leader, said President Eisenhower and Secretary of Labor James P. Mitchell are backing solidly an effort to get Congress to act on a single-package measure based on the President's 20-point program.

LABOR LAWS CHANGES SEEN
WASHINGTON (AP)—The Eisenhower administration will insist on Taft-Hartley law changes as part of any legislation to curb labor abuses, Sen. Everett Dirksen (R-Ill.) said today.

Dirksen, the Senate Republican leader, said President Eisenhower and Secretary of Labor James P. Mitchell are backing solidly an effort to get Congress to act on a single-package measure based on the President's 20-point program.

"If the Labor Committee doesn't report out a bill including all of the President's proposals, we will offer them as amendments when the Senate takes up the measure," Dirksen said.

Dirksen described as impractical Mitchell's announced willingness to go along with Sen. John F. Kennedy (D-Mass.) on a two-bill approach, with union-management curbs considered in one measure and controversial changes in the Taft-Hartley Act in another.

Mitchell himself could not be reached for comment on Dirksen's statement. A Labor Department spokesman said the department had no comment.

Mitchell issued a statement last week saying he would not oppose the two-package approach provided both halves of it were passed during the session.

"Whatever the packaging," he said then, "it's the product that counts."

But he called for public pressure on Democratic leaders to make certain that Congress didn't quit with only part of the program enacted.

TROOPS COMBAT POLITICAL RIOTS
PARIS (AP)—Troop reinforcements were rushed into barricaded Brazzaville in the French Congo today to cope with continuing political riots in which 22 Africans have been killed and 76 injured.

The riots resulted from rivalry between local political parties in the Congo republic, now a semi-autonomous state within the French community.

Major Orders Own Shooting

HAVANA (AP) — Maj. Jesus Sosa Blanco died before a firing squad today, calmly giving the order to fire.

Convicted a second time as a major war criminal, the 51-year-old career officer had one last request—that he be given the right to give the orders to his executioners.

Army sources gave this account of the major's execution in the early morning hours at La Cabaña Fortress:

Sosa Blanco was led from his cell into the courtyard where the firing squad waited.

"I forgive you, muchachos (boys), and you will forgive me," he said, then calmly: "Get ready. Aim. Fire!"

Just One Thing Makes Him Mad

HAMILTON, Ohio (AP) — Every time James Daniels, 42, approached the intersection of North Third and Vine streets here, the "walk-wait" pedestrian lights at the intersection would turn to "wait," he told police.

This he said irritated him.

Tuesday afternoon, when the light turned to "wait," Daniels whipped out a revolver and shot out the light police reported.

Officers charged him with destruction of property carrying a concealed weapon and discharging firearms in the city.

Major Orders Own Shooting

HAVANA (AP) — Maj. Jesus Sosa Blanco died before a firing squad today, calmly giving the order to fire.

Convicted a second time as a major war criminal, the 51-year-old career officer had one last request—that he be given the right to give the orders to his executioners.

Army sources gave this account of the major's execution in the early morning hours at La Cabaña Fortress:

Sosa Blanco was led from his cell into the courtyard where the firing squad waited.

"I forgive you, muchachos (boys), and you will forgive me," he said, then calmly: "Get ready. Aim. Fire!"



KLAMATH UNION HIGH SCHOOL Ski Club members have made three trips to the Mt. Shasta Ski Bowl recently. The members, more formally known as the Pelican Schuss Boaters, were out on the ski trails and taking instruction when this picture was taken at the Bowl weekend before last. Howard Bailey, faculty adviser for the club, states that about 32 youngsters made this trip, and last weekend the club skied at Tomahawk. Officers for the club are Kurt Schmidt, president; Pat Crawley, vice president; and Barbara Canine, secretary. The Dunsmuir High School bus is also shown as