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In The Day's News

By FRANK JENKINS

I suppose you have been reading these proposals to cut federal taxes as a stimulant to business and a promoter of employment. They have been coming with increasing frequency from Washington. Even President Eisenhower said the other day that if the recession doesn't quit receding of its own accord by mid-summer or early fall he may himself propose a tax cut.

You may wonder why in a period when federal spending is rising rapidly and is expected to rise even more rapidly during the next several years cutting federal taxes would help business and thus increase employment.

It doesn't seem to make sense.

—

Here is the reasoning:

When the government reaches into the taxpayer's pocket and takes out the money with which to pay its bills, two things happen:

1. The government has MORE money to spend.

2. The taxpayer has LESS money to spend.

When the INDIVIDUAL spends his own money, it is apt to make business better QUICKER than when the government spends the money. When the individual spends it, it gets more quickly into the channels of trade, thus giving an immediate boost to business.

When the government spends the taxpayer's money, it trickles out more slowly into the nation's cash registers.

—

There is another argument for tax reduction as a business stimulant.

If business is taxed less burdensomely, there will be MORE MONEY LEFT IN THE TILL after the tax collector has reached in and taken out his share. This additional money left in the till will be PROFIT — and as profit it will be TAXABLE.

Maybe—

The hopeful thinking runs—

The lower tax on the higher profit will total up to more tax money than the HIGHER tax on the LOWER profit.

—

It might work out that way.

In fact, on various occasions in the past, it has tended to work out that way.

At any rate, that is undoubtedly the idea that is in Ike's mind when he suggests that if the recession doesn't quit receding it might be advisable to reduce taxes instead of increasing them still more to make up for the reduction in government income resulting from lower net profits due to prohibitively high taxes.

In other words, it ISN'T a good idea to kill the goose that lays the golden tax eggs.

—

So much for the reasoning that lower taxes may result in a bigger total tax take.

At this point, something new is added. Yesterday's Washington dispatches tell us that a "key" Democrat — who doesn't want his name disclosed — says a TEMPORARY tax cut may begin this summer.

But—

He adds—

It would have a CUT-OFF date. That is to say, as soon as business began to rise and employment returned to normal as a result of the reduction in taxes the reduction would be cancelled and the high taxes would be slapped back on again.

—

That is a horse of another color.

If the government's total income ROSE instead of falling as a result of lower taxes that made larger profits possible, it would be because business, encouraged by the prospect of lower and less punitive taxes expanded its operations and hired more people at longer hours and better wages.

But—

If business KNEW that as soon as that began to happen the old punitive taxes would be slapped back on again, WOULD IT GO AHEAD AND EXPAND?

That is the Big Question.

Pair Held Hostage By Mental Patients

EVERETT, Wash., Feb. 9 (AP) — For 90 horror - filled minutes Charles and Carol Seay, both 21, drove southward Saturday with three armed, crazed young escapees from a mental hospital watching their every move from the rear seat.

The young married couple, taken hostage and nearly paralyzed by fear, thought they would be killed.

They had been forced at gunpoint on the hospital grounds Saturday morning to drive the fugitives away in their car.

They knew the three, knew they were classified at the hospital as psychopaths — unpredictable, possibly violent and cunning youths, 18, 21 and 23 years of age.

The Seays both are employed at the Northern State Hospital in Sedro Woolley, from which the inmates had fled Friday night, leaving behind a slightly wounded attendant.

On a lonely country road about 15 miles northwest of here came an unexpected break for the Seays. Two of the escapees had gotten out of the car to avoid arousing suspicions at a service station where they planned to get gas.

But the station was closed, and as the two afoot started to return to the car they spotted three sheriff's deputies in an approaching patrol car. They made a dash for the Seay automobile and tried to get away.

The frenzied flight put the officers in hot pursuit. Seay said when the car was forced to the side of the road the escapees shrugged, and one said, "well, the game's up."

They surrendered without resistance — and the Seays, badly shaken, felt they had been reprieved from possible death.

The flight of John Charles Burr, 18, and Richard Martin, 21, both of Seattle, and James Edward Ensor, 23, Port Angeles, apparently was haphazard and spur-of-the-moment.

Martin, the ringleader, said after their capture they had hoped to be sent to the state reformatory at nearby Monroe so they "would have a date to work toward." he meant a sentence to serve, after which there would be freedom.

"To return to the hospital will make it just as bad all over again," he said. "It's hopeless there."

Martin has been at the hospital for 7 years, Ensor for 5 and Burr 1. All were committed as psychopathic delinquents.

They had a sawed-off shotgun and a .22 caliber rifle when they escaped. At Lake Shoecraft, just before their capture, they had broken into a cabin and stolen knives, clothing and food.

The Seays were taken hostage at the hospital garage as they started to drive away for a flying lesson. The escapees apparently had hidden out in nearby woods overnight.

In their escape, Fred Bullock, an attendant, was hit in the left foot with shotgun pellets as they fled down a corridor from a ward. The shot apparently was accidental.

Dr. Charles H. Jones, hospital superintendent, said the three can be prosecuted on criminal charges, possibly for kidnaping. The case has been referred to the state attorney general.

Burr, Ensor and Martin were moved Saturday night from the Snohomish County jail where they had been held to the State Reformatory at Monroe for safekeeping.

The Seays said Ensor had boasted only minutes before the three patients were captured:

"When I have a gun, I'm the toughest man alive."

When the three officers approached the Ensor car after forcing it to the side of the road, however, Ensor's bravado quickly vanished.

He was reaching for the rifle, halfheartedly, as Seay put it, when he was dragged bodily from the back seat of the car.

In jail here Martin told newsmen he and his companions didn't plan to hurt anyone, "we didn't even know where we were going."

"We didn't mean to hit that guy in the hospital (Bullock)," Martin added. "And we fired the other shot over their heads to scare them.

"I was going to let the hostages (the Seays) go. I even gave the guy $5 to buy gas to get home on."

Legislators To Propose Space Peace

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9 (AP)—Sen. Fulbright (D-Ark) called last night for a 100-year educational campaign to carry America to victory in "fourth dimensional warfare."

A group of scientists, declaring the "date of no return" is terribly close, urged a goldfish bowl policy in all studies of space vehicles and long-range missiles so that the results will be "the common property of all mankind."

Two Republican congressmen—Reps. Keating (NY) and Hillings (Calif)—announced they will introduce a resolution Monday that would put Congress on record as believing America should take the lead in efforts to put a "for peaceful uses only" sign on outer space.

Keating and Hillings said congressional adoption of their proposal would show the world that the American people back their government's attempts for an international agreement banning military use of space.

Fulbright urged the Reserve Officers' Assn., to form "a million-member modern minute man force" to rally Americans to recognize "our own weaknesses and the strength of the Soviet."

In a speech prepared for an ROA National Council dinner, Fulbright said the U. S. public and its government must be roused to "wage the 'cold war' so that we can look for victory in 2058—100 years from now."

"The lesson of Sputnik was not merely that we had fallen behind in a significant scientific field," the Arkansas senator said. He said the important fact is "we have failed to appraise honestly and dispassionately the strength of our adversary and the weakness of ourselves."

The Council of the Federation of American Scientists advocated three proposals as a "significant step along the road to world peace." It urged:

1. An international agreement to stop further testing of nuclear weapons, monitored by a mutual inspection system set up under the U. N.

2. That "all studies of long range missiles, satellites and space platforms be open, and the results to be the common property of all mankind." Citing the International Geophysical Year as a precedent, the scientists said "it should be possible to incorporate such a program, similar to that set up under the IGY, as a permanent part of the U. N. structure."

3. Establishment of a permanent U. N. police force "as a safe and effective deterrent to aggression," which might further "decrease the chances of a nuclear war."

AIRING THEIR DISSATISFACTION with recent assessment rates passed down by the State Tax Commission, are these assessors of Eastern Oregon's District 4, who met Friday in the Klamath County Library. They are, left to right, Harold Langslett, Lake County; Glenn Horn, Jefferson County, president of District 4; John Gault, Harney County, president of the State Assessor's Association; Edwin E. Goodrich, Crook County, secretary-treasurer of the state association; Clyde (Hap) Caldwell, Klamath County; and Leslie M. Ross, Deschutes County. —Photo by Otto Ellis

French Planes Bomb Tunisia

TUNIS, Feb. 9 (AP) — A force of 25 French warplanes bombed and strafed a Tunisian town on the Algerian frontier for an hour Saturday, Tunisian officials charged that about 100 persons were killed and 82 wounded.

The French declared the raid was a legitimate defense against Algerian rebels taking refuge on Tunisian soil. They charged rebel antiaircraft guns from the area damaged French observation planes flying over Algeria Friday and again Saturday.

The raid added further strain to French - Tunisian relations, already near the bursting point.

The Tunisian government announced its ambassador to France, already flying home for consultations, was being recalled formally. It also said Tunisia will appeal to the United Nations if France does not withdraw all its forces in Tunisia.

The Tunisians are demanding the withdrawal, including those stationed at the huge Mediterranean naval base at Bizerte.

A Tunisian spokesman said the town of Sakiet Sidi Youssef with a population of 2,000 was jammed with marketers when the French planes roared over.

In the attacking force were 11 twin-engine U.S.-made B26 bombers, 6 U.S.-built Navy Corsair fighter-bombers and 8 French Mistral jet fighters, the Tunisians said.

A spokesman said most of the homes in the town and mining school a mile away were destroyed. The dead and injured still were being pulled from the ruins Saturday night.

Mustapha Fillali of the Tunisian Information Ministry said a class was under way in the mining school and all the students were killed.

The Tunisians said the local post office and the headquarters of the police and national guard in Sakiet Sidi Youssef were among the buildings destroyed.

The French said the Tunisians were warned of the likelihood of a reprisal raid.

Eastern Oregon Assessors Plan Protest To Tax Board

The assessors of Eastern Oregon's District 4, comprised of Klamath, Jefferson, Harney, Lake, Deschutes and Crook counties, will send Glenn Horn, District 4 president and Jefferson County assessor as their spokesman to the Oregon State Tax Commission which meets in Salem, Friday, February 14.

The assessors wound up a one-day conference here Friday afternoon in the county library and said that Horn will report to the commission on the results of their discussion.

Though next Friday is Valentine's Day, John Gault, Harney County assessor, and president of the State Assessor's Association, said very definitely that it will not be a valentine that Horn will bring to the tax commission.

He said that the purpose of Friday's meeting was to discuss some of the new assessment laws handed down by the commission. "Since they assumed leadership over the state assessors a year ago, they have been unwilling to listen to arbitration," he stated.

"For example," Gault said, "they want us to assess certain types of lumber at $2 more than it is being sold for at the mills." He added that when the commission sends down new assessment rates, they are final and any arbitration by groups of assessors as to how they wish to comply with commission rulings appeared to him to be 'virtually useless.'

"We'll go and talk with them this Friday," said the Harney assessor, "and if they won't listen to reason, we might be forced to assess the way we think it should be done. If we all band together, there is very little chance that the commission will take us to court.

"The big thing," said Gault, "is that people do not realize that since the tax commission hands down to us our rates of assessment we have virtually no choice but to do as they say. And when the people complain that their taxes are too high, there is nothing we can do, because of the dictatorial policy.

"It really wouldn't be too bad if they would give us some time to discuss these matters, but when we receive new rates, that's it."

Gault recalled that when the tax commission recently raised the market value on homes from 80 to 90 per cent, 34 of 36 assessors said it was wrong, contending that prices on houses were decreasing, and not increasing.

"The other two assessors, Multnomah and Lane, raised theirs to 100 per cent, just to be obstinate. In lieu of this, they were just as much out of line as the commission. As I said before, this may be our last meeting with the commission."

BULLETIN

Fire claimed the lives of Dr. and Mrs. Ray W. Oldenburg at approximately 11:30 Saturday night while they were asleep in their home at 1228 Pacific Terrace. Death apparently was caused by suffocation.

According to local firemen the blaze broke out in the rear of the house. Cause of the fire was unknown at press time. Neighbors reported the fire to the local fire department.

Dr. Oldenburg, 59, and his wife, Jean, 56, were well known figures in Klamath Falls for many years and are survived by two daughters, Mrs. Fred Coles, Klamath Falls, and Diane Oldenburg, currently teaching school in Oakridge, Oregon.

GO MAN, GO

NEW YORK (UP)—The First Army public information office is used to requests for information from youngsters on missiles, rockets and satellites. But it doesn't know what to make of the letter it received recently from a New York City junior high school student. The letter read: "Dear Sir: Please send me."

Local Teachers To Ask Pay Boost

By JOHN GUERNSEY

A salary increase amounting to approximately $154,000 per year is expected to be asked by the 204 teachers of the Klamath Falls city schools when the teachers meet with the high school and elementary budget boards in the near future. The date of the meeting is awaiting information from the state concerning how much the schools will get in the state school support funds for the 1958-59 school year.

If the teacher requests are granted as requested, it will mean that the 1957-58 teacher salary allocation of $1,112,574 will be raised by approximately $154,179. The new total amount for salaries in the elementary, junior highs, and high school within the city systems would be $1,266,753 per year.

The above salary amounts include the additional pay some of the teachers receive for duties as principals and supervisors. Also not included are the teacher-substitute costs and the costs of special education. The composite amount of the latter items for the combined elementary and high school districts is approximately $95,000.

The probable teacher requests were aired recently when members of the classroom teachers association met with committees from the budget and school boards to discuss the probable program of the teachers.

The requests sought by the teachers are these:

1. Increase the beginning rate for three-year provisional teachers from $3,430 to $3,900 and maintain the $200 annual increments through eight years to a peak of $5,500 for three-year teachers with eight years experience. The present salary schedule calls for $200 increments during the first four years, $100 during the next four years, and a peak earning capacity of $4,830.

2. Increase the starting salaries for teachers with bachelor degrees from $3,700 to $4,200, extend the $200 increment steps from four to eight, and increase the maximum possible earning for this category from $5,400 to $6,200.

3. Increase the beginning salaries for "fifth-year" teachers from $3,970 to $4,500, extend the $200 increment steps from four years to eight years, and thereby raise the maximum possible earning from $5,770 to $6,600. The fifth-year teacher is one who has attained a bachelors degree, and has earned credits toward his masters degree.

4. Increase the beginning salaries for teachers with masters degrees from $4,100 to $4,600, extend the annual $200 raises through eight years of experience instead of the existing four, and thereby raise the maximum possible earnings for masters teachers from the present $6,000 to $6,800.

Francis N. Scapple, KUHS teacher and chairman of the economic welfare committee of the classroom teachers association, said the teachers are requesting the salary hikes for the following reasons:

First, the minimum salary California can now pay a starting teacher with bachelors credentials is $4,200 annually. "The proximity of Klamath Falls to California puts the local teachers in a competitive market," he said, "and we will have to offer commensurate salaries if we are going to keep our teachers." He pointed out that 11 of the 69 KU teachers went to California at the close of the 1956-57 school year.

He adds that recent national surveys indicate that there is a definate shortage of teachers, and that large numbers of instructors are going into other fields because of more attractive salaries. Scapple said that a recent study by the U.S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare indicates that 20 per cent of those who were graduated in 1956 with teaching qualifications did not enter the teaching profession.

He added that the annual $200 increments should be extended from four steps to eight steps in an effort to keep experienced teachers in the system, and that teacher salaries should be raised in general to appeal to career teachers and thereby help alleviate the teacher shortage.

With particular reference to Klamath Falls, the teachers contend that it is not altogether fair to measure Basin teaching salaries with those at Medford, Ashland or Grants Pass. They feel that it costs more to live in Klamath Falls, and that the Basin teachers should be on a level at least $200 above that paid in the valley towns.

Unofficial information indicates that members of the school board and budget committee studying the proposal with the teachers feel that the salaries for beginning teachers should be increased. With reference to other features of the teacher proposals, the study groups have reportedly not taken a definite stand.

The above proposals apply only to teachers within the city school systems. Teachers within the Klamath County district are scheduled to meet with the county board on February 20 to discuss salary proposals.

Klamath County Bulls Win Honors At Red Bluff Sale

Buyers at the 17th annual Red Bluff Bull Sale did not follow the judge's advice when they put their money on the line Saturday afternoon. Many of the offerings of pens and individuals which did not win top honors sold for higher prices than the champions.

The Horton Hereford Ranch's pen of two coming two-year-old bulls won the judge's nod for the reserve championship in their class, but they outsold the champs by $100 a head when Charley Stover of Red Bluff paid $1,600 for the pair.

Other Oregon bulls won honors at the colorful sale when the Hudspeth Land and Cattle Company took top spot with their pen of Hereford summer yearlings and second place in the junior yearling class. First place in the junior yearling class was taken by the Petersen Brothers of Ogden, Utah.

A senior yearling bull from the Birch Meadows Hereford Ranch in Grass Valley, California was named Hereford champion of the show, but he only brought $3,100 at the Saturday sale. A Chandler bull was bid in by John Osborn of Baker, Oregon for $3,400 and another from the Kenneybrook Farms in Redwood City, California brought $3,200.

Ralph Vaden of Bonanza entered Shorthorn bulls in the sale and Frank Worden of Bonanza took down some of his Polled Herefords. All the Klamath County entries made good showings.

The 294 bulls of all breeds in the sale sold for an average price of $737 as compared to the $603 overall price averaged a year ago, but this year there were over 100 more bulls offered for sale.

The March of Dimes bull, RRR Mischief 46 donated by Jack Greening of the Rolling Ridge Ranch at Cottonwood, California, was sold over and over to raise a whopping $12,000 for the anti-polio campaign.

INJURED

Bob Schatz, 16, of 249 Martin Street, sustained a compound fracture of the right leg and a broken right hand when he was struck by a car in Pelican City Saturday night, driven by a friend, Jerry Adams, 16, of Wocus. Witnesses reported that Schatz was struck when Adams skidded on the gravel surface. No citations have been issued pending further investigation.

Cancer Claims Noted Author

SEATTLE, Feb. 9 (AP)—Cancer claimed the life Friday night of Mrs. Betty MacDonald, who became a writer through happenstance and gained success in 1945 with her first novel, "The Egg and I." She was 49.

A date with a publisher in 1944, made by a sister who already was an author, started Mrs. MacDonald on her writing career.

She was fired by the construction company where she worked for taking time off to try her hand at turning out a book based on her experiences while living on an Olympic Peninsula backwoods chicken farm.

"The Egg and I" was the result, and quickly hit the best-seller lists. Other literary successes followed, including "The Plague and I" in 1948; "Anybody Can do Anything" in 1950; "Onions in the Stew" in 1955 and the "Mrs. Piggle-Wiggle" series for children.

Mrs. MacDonald and her husband, Donald, a real estate operator moved in 1955 to Carmel Valley, Calif., where they had purchased a ranch. She returned here in September after her illness of more than a year became acute. She was in a coma most of the time in recent days.

Her home life and children were paramount with her. She once said, "I am first, last and always a wife and mother."

Red Zone Purge Studied By West

By SEYMOUR TOPPING

BERLIN, Feb. 9 (AP) — Walter Ulbricht beat off a challenge to his tough Stalinist rule in Communist East Germany Saturday, firing three top lieutenants accused of liberalism.

The party boss also ordered a nationwide crackdown on independent minded Communists who oppose his tough line in restive East Germany. The purge was the biggest since the East German workers uprising in June of 1953.

Booted out of the ruling hierarchy were:

Karl Schirdewan, Ulbricht's longtime top deputy, who was expelled from the party Central Committee and the all-powerful politboro.

Fred Oelsner, the party's leading ideologist, who was thrown out of the politboro. It was not clear whether he will remain on the Central Committee.

Ernst Wollweber, until recently the secret police boss. He was fired from the Central Committee and accused of "criminal failure" in his police work.

The Kremlin apparently ignored the popular opposition to the bearded old party leader and threw its support behind the purge.

The East German Communist party newspaper Neues Deutschland said the Central Committee decided unanimously on the purge in a secret meeting lasting from Monday to Thursday.

A report by the committee secretary, Erich Honecker, charged that Schirdewan and Wollweber advocated a liberal line in East Germany while Hungarians were in revolt in Budapest in 1956.

The report described Schirdewan as the leader of the so-called liberal goup, Oelsner, it said, was not a member of the group but advocated its policies.

In Bonn, West German government sources said the purge was the result of bitter personal feuding rather than political questions.

A spokesman for the All-German ministry, which follows closely events in the Soviet zone, said Ulbricht had considerably strengthened his position by sacking the so-called liberals and promoting loyal buddies who would support his tough line.

West German Socialists said, however, they consider economic conditions to be the prime factor in the purge. A party statement said Ulbricht is running into immense difficulties in his program to force workers to produce more.

(Editor's Note: The following is a summary of the forerunning story by Associated Press News Analyst John M. Hightower.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9 (AP)—Soviet leaders are seeking a way to crack down successfully on "revisionism" in Communist Eastern Europe without reviving Stalinist terror methods. But they are fully capable of using terror if they deem it necessary.

This is the significance seen by qualified officials in the news of a purge Saturday of three East German Red leaders. The three had been regarded in the West as constituting a relatively liberal faction.

Every development within the Communist bloc now gets particularly careful study here and in other Western capitals because of the possibility of a summit conference later this year and the potential effect of various events on Soviet policy in the meantime. What happens in Eastern Europe may be of crucial importance.

The United States and Russia may finally open diplomatic negotiations next week on problems involved in organizing a summit conference, and possibly improving East-West relations.

The White House disclosed Saturday that Ambassador Mikhail A Menshikov, Russia's fast-moving new envoy, will call on President Eisenhower Tuesday to present his credentials. This ceremony will put him in business here as Moscow's top negotiator.

Meanwhile, U. S. Ambassador Llewellyn Thompson, who is understood to believe that some kind of first step disarmament agreement with Moscow may eventually be possible, is due back in the Soviet capital next Thursday. He finished up two weeks of consultation here Friday.

In evident anticipation of active discussions through Thompson in Moscow and Menshikov in Washington, the Soviet radio proclaimed Saturday that the United States was correct in insisting on adequate preparation for a summit conference. The radio comment was a more explicit statement of what Premier Bulganin had officially told President Eisenhower a week ago—that Russia was willing to have preliminary diplomatic negotiations but not a foreign ministers' conference.

Behind all the sparring over how to go about setting up a conference stands the hard reality of power relationships between the Soviet and West Blocs, involving a broad range of military and political factors which change only slowly.

Among these factors is the strength of the political base from which each of the two super powers can conduct negotiations. Dissension within the Western camp is the usual state of affairs.

State Department officials stress that there are disagreements and weaknesses on the Soviet side too. The East German purge fits into this picture.

Angus Auction Planned Here

The Pacific Coast Aberdeen Angus Association will hold its 12th annual Angus sale in the sales pavilion at the Klamath County Fairgrounds on February 15. Over 60 registered cattle and some commercial animals will be offered in this sale which will be the largest of its kind offered in the West so far this year.

Judging will begin on Saturday at 9 a.m. and the sale will start at 1 p.m. Jim Guttridge, well known Oregon cattleman will act as judge and Si Williams of Pendleton will cry the sale. Lunch will be offered spectators in the heated pavilion and the public is invited to attend.

So far 40 bulls and 20 females have been listed for sale among the registered cattle to be judged and a number of commercial Angus will be sold. Some of these will be local cattle and the rest will come from some of the top breeders in Oregon and California.

Alvin Cheyne of Spring Lake is serving as chairman of the sale and Scott Warren of Algoma is assisting him. According to Cheyne many of the registered cattle to be offered have undergone rate of gain testing programs and due to the fact that there is a marked shortage of Angus bulls in the Pacific Northwest he predicts that this sale will attract a great deal of attention.

The sale committee reports that the cattle will begin to arrive a the fairgrounds Wednesday and the public is invited to come inspect the animals on Thursday and Friday. "Buy with Comfort, Convenience and Confidence" is the motto of the association who established their annual sale here after the new pavilion was completed.

Weather

FORECAST—Klamath Falls and vicinity: Cloudy Sunday with intermittent rain. High Sunday 43-48.

High Saturday	49
Low at midnight	37

Boosters Called For Kid's Rodeo

An open meeting has been planned for 7:30 p.m. Monday in the Klamath County Library to discuss the production of a kid's rodeo to be held in the fairgrounds this summer, according to Warren Woodard of Henley.

The Klamath County Sheriff's Posse, who sponsored the event last year recently decided to discontinue the project, Woodard said, and plans must be made for some new organization to take over.

A great deal of interest has been expressed regarding the event by local ranchers who have indicated that they will lend their full support, Woodard said. The public is urged to attend.

Indian Hearing Witnesses Urge Present Law Be Used

WASHINGTON (AP) — Two witnesses who said they represent Klamath Indians who want to leave the tribe asked a Senate Indian Affairs subcommittee Friday to let the present law for ending federal supervision over the tribe run its course.

Mr. and Mrs. Wade Crawford were the only witnesses to appear before the subcommittee this week who urged that the law calling for termination by 1960 not be changed.

The committee is considering two proposals. One by Sen. Neuberger, (D-Ore), subcommittee chairman, calls for outright federal purchase of the tribal reservation, including timber estimated to be worth from 118 to 209 million dollars.

An alternative administration proposal also calls for federal purchase, but only if private industry declines to buy the timber under a formula set out in the bill.

Crawford, a member of the tribal executive committee, said Neuberger and Secretary of the Interior Seaton "are both terribly confused and divided."

Both bills, he said, were written on "theories and assumptions" without actual consultation with the Indians.

Neuberger said he doesn't believe he and Seaton are as divided as Crawford appears to believe. He asked whether Crawford would be satisfied if Neuberger and Seaton worked out a mutually satisfactory proposal.

"I certainly would scrutinize that with a microscope," Crawford replied.

Crawford inserted in the record a petition he said was signed by 240 adult members of the tribe against any proposal which would defer distribution of the tribal assets among the members.

This petition, he said, shows that four members of the tribal council who Thursday urged delay in the termination program "do not represent the feeling of the tribe."