

NO SUEZ DETOUR AID PLANNED

In The Day's News

By FRANK JENKINS
Still more on Suez:
Secretary Dulles tells the reporters in Washington this morning the United States is prepared to help finance the canal through the Export-Import Bank, rather than directly through the treasury — increased exports of oil to Western European nations.

That is to say:
If —
As a result of Nasser's seizure of the canal —

Our friends and customers in Western Europe find themselves short of oil, we will sell them what they need. Since our oil will cost them more than they have been paying for Middle East oil coming through Suez, we are prepared to help them finance their oil needs during the emergency period.

Thus a simple business proposal is substituted for a proposal that smacked of threatening FORCE to compel Egypt to open up the canal ON OUR TERMS — or else.

Where will we get the oil — without limiting ourselves and thus unsettling our own economy?

That, too, is an interesting story. Most of our oil-producing states have laws limiting the amount of oil that can be pumped out of the ground within a certain period. The federal government is conferring with these states as to the advisability of RAISING THE LIMITS during the period of the Suez crisis in order to take advantage of this unexpected increase in the export market for oil.

The result of that would be a considerable increase in business activity in the oil-producing states.

But, you say, that would tend to DRAIN OFF our oil reserves, threatening scarcities in the future?

Well, we aren't as scared of that as we once were. Among other things, we have fabulous oil reserves in the form of oil-bearing shale. Development of these reserves awaits only a sufficient market to make extraction of oil from shale profitable. Extraction of oil from shale would greatly stimulate the economies of the areas where the shale deposits are. Besides, atomic power offers immense possibilities in the not too distant future.

Anyway, this simple business proposal to supply our friends and customers in Western Europe with oil enough to tide them through if a power-hungry demagogue in Egypt is foolish enough to close the Suez canal to the profitable Middle East oil traffic beats going to war — even if we do have to lend our friends some more money while they are adjusting their economies to the use of our higher-priced oil.

War is terribly costly.

It is terribly wasteful.

In a few short years war would use up more of the world's oil — including ours — than would be required for GENERATIONS of peace-time progress.

Patient Beats Up Nurses

REDWOOD CITY (UP) — A 6-foot-8-inch, 240-pound Palo Alto man went berserk in the emergency ward of Sequoia Hospital today. He pummeled several attendants and knocked over equipment before seven employees and a policeman finally subdued him. Kenneth W. Russell, 27, went on the rampage apparently because a nurse told him that a doctor would have to take some stitches in his cut hand. Russell had come to the hospital for treatment after he had smashed his hand through a glass door of a tavern.

Wheat Crop Tops Forecast

PORTLAND (UP) — Oregon's spring wheat crop yielded a harvest topping earlier forecasts, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture has predicted an overall wheat harvest of 25,634,000 bushels.

The Crop Reporting Service said that would be 17 per cent more than the 1955 harvest but four per cent below average.

17 Nations Prepare For New Suez Talks

LONDON (UP) — Acceptances were reported in hand Monday from 17 nations invited to the projected 18-nation conference opening here Wednesday to set up a Suez users' association.

British officials said only Ethiopia is to be heard from and is expected to say "yes" soon.

Spain accepted Sunday. However, diplomatic authorities said Spanish Foreign Minister Alberto Martin Ariza would suggest consideration here of Egyptian President Nasser's proposal for creation of a negotiating body on non-control aspects of the canal's operations. Spain wants to remain on good terms with the Arabs.

The 18 nations are those which originally backed a plan at the London Suez conference of mid-August for international operation of the canal, a plan which Nasser declined to accept even as a basis for negotiation.

MISGIVINGS
While the acceptances poured in, many of the countries expressed misgivings about the idea of the users' association and made it plain they were not committing themselves in advance to adopting the plan-denounced by Nasser as a step toward war.

British papers began warning their readers of possible oil rationing and higher food prices because of the increased costs of shipping around South Africa. In South Africa, port officials in Capetown began round-the-clock work to handle the increased shipping they expect as a result of the Suez crisis.

Nasser already has denounced the Western plan as a "declaration of war" and pushed plans for a rival conference on the canal's future.

U. S. READY
The United States was reported ready to grant half a billion dollars in loans to Western European countries to help them pay the extra cost of detouring their ships around Africa if Egypt turns down the users' plan.

The U.S. offer also would help dollar-short Western Europe to buy American and Venezuelan oil to replace oil from the Arab-owned fields of the Middle East. Secretary of State Dulles will make known the American aid offer when he attends the users' conference opening here Wednesday.

The parity has been called to consider Dulles' plan for organizing a Suez Canal users' association. Under the scheme, announced by Britain's Prime Minister Eden last week, the association would use its own pilots to guide ships through the waterway, collect fees and share the revenue with Egypt.

If Nasser refuses to permit the ships to go through under this plan, the stage would be set for a test in the United Nations of the Egyptian leader's claim his governments keeping the canal open to world navigation.

TO APPEAR
Most of the 18 nations that endorsed the "Memorandum" for international control and operation of the Suez are expected to turn up at the parity. They are the United States, Britain, France, Turkey, Portugal, Italy, Japan, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Iran, the Netherlands, Pakistan, West Germany, New Zealand, Australia and Ethiopia. Only Spain was regarded as hesitant about attending the meeting, because of her desire to keep her present good relations with the Arab world.

Nearly all the nations have made plain they oppose use of force against Egypt and favor an approach through the United Nations. This appeared to promise a cool reception for Dulles' plan for Western-operated canal convoys to test Nasser.

Stevenson added Monday: "Nothing has happened, since then to change my views."

He went on to say that if that placed him in "disagreement with Mr. Truman, that is where the record must rest."

Stevenson also said he didn't agree with Truman on application of the word "racketeers" to personnel of the Eisenhower administration.

(Earlier story on page 12.)

Demos Plan Lake Visit

LAKEVIEW — The Lake County Democratic Central Committee and the Morse-Ullman Lake County Committee swung into high gear with a series of planning meetings this week in preparation for the visit of Senator Wayne L. Morse and Al Ullman to Lakeview, Friday night.

Senator Morse, candidate for reelection to the United States Senate and Al Ullman, candidate for Congress from the Second District, will address a Democratic rally scheduled for 8 p.m. Friday in the Alger Theater.

Lake County Democratic Chairman Dick Moffett urged all Democrats to join in the caravan that will welcome Senator Morse and Al Ullman to Lake County when they form a "Morsecapade" to lead the senator and his party into town from the meeting place at Booth State Park at 4 p.m. Friday.

Mrs. Harvey Kelly, chairman of the Morse - Ullman Lake County Committee, pointed out that this will be Senator Morse's only visit to Lakeview during the campaign.

Senator Neuberger will be in Lakeview in late October to speak in behalf of Senator Morse.

Weather

FORECAST — Klamath Falls and vicinity: Fair through Tuesday. Highs near 80; low Monday night 56-64.

Adlai Mum On Suez Situation

WASHINGTON (UP) — Adlai E. Stevenson said Monday he has "never doubted the verdict of the jury" which convicted Alger Hiss of lying when Hiss denied giving secrets to the Communists.

The subject came up at a news conference held by the Democratic presidential nominee who was told former President Truman had said he does not believe Hiss was a spy.

Stevenson also told the news conference that while he has been highly critical of administration foreign policy, with "particular misgivings" about Middle East affairs, he does not think it would be wise for him to comment on the "present dangerous situation" regarding the Suez Canal.

On the Alger Hiss situation, Stevenson's attention was called to the fact that Republican leader Leonard Hall have challenged him to repudiate the views expressed by Truman.

Hiss, a former State Department official, served almost four years in federal prison after he was convicted of perjury in denying he passed government secrets to a Soviet spy ring.

In Milwaukee on Sept. 3, Truman was asked whether he regarded Hiss as a Communist spy. He replied, "No."

When the matter was raised Monday Stevenson said he would be very glad to comment on it. Then he harked back to a statement he said he made during the 1952 campaign. At that time, Stevenson said, he made this statement: "As I have repeatedly said, I have never doubted the verdict of the jury which convicted him (Hiss)."

Stevenson added Monday: "Nothing has happened, since then to change my views."

He went on to say that if that placed him in "disagreement with Mr. Truman, that is where the record must rest."

Stevenson also said he didn't agree with Truman on application of the word "racketeers" to personnel of the Eisenhower administration.

(Earlier story on page 12.)

States Rights Confab Ends

MEMPHIS, Tenn. (UP) — The National States Rights Conference has launched a "national conservative movement" to try to elect a President by deadlocking the electoral college.

The 317 delegates from a dozen splinter parties in 25 states approved a platform and "endorsed" candidates in the climax of a three-day meeting Saturday.

A move to formally set up a third national party was beaten down.

The 15-point "declaration of principles" that serves as a campaign platform called for repeal of federal income taxes and condemned "federal invasion of states rights."

T. Coleman Andrews of Richmond, Va., a Democrat and former commissioner of internal revenue, is the states rights candidate for President.

"Endorsed" as Andrews' running mate was Thomas H. Verdel of Bakersfield, Calif., a former Republican representative.

The long-shot strategy of the movement is to win enough presidential electors to keep either major party (if the race is close) from getting the necessary 266 votes—one more than half.

The election would then be thrown into the house of representatives, where each state would have one vote, regardless of population. States rights leaders predict they could win a "compromise" fight.

States listed by conference officials as having, or are certain to have, independent electors on the November ballot were:

Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Jersey, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, New Mexico and Wyoming.

COMMIE SPEECH

HONG KONG (UP) — Marshal Chu Teh, warlord of the Chinese revolution, told China's Communist party congress Monday Formosa is "liberation was certain" whatever the means used. He urged soldiers on the Chinese Nationalist bastion to "return to the motherland."

Herald and News

KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1956
Price Five Cents—16 Pages Telephone TU 4-1111 No. 3583

Four Negro Students Bow To Whites; Tension Eased

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Four Negroes bowed Monday to a school board order and dropped efforts to enter school at Clay, Ky., thus easing racial tension and halting a white boycott of classes in the little western Kentucky town.

The climax came quickly and quietly when the principal, Mrs. Irene Powell, read the board's order to the Negroes who had been escorted to the school by Adj. Gen. J. B. Williams and were accompanied by their mothers.

When Mrs. Powell finished reading, Mrs. James Gordon, mother of James, 10, and Theresa, 8, shook hands with the principal, said "Thank you for your kindness," and added she was taking her son and daughter back to Rosenswald, a Negro school on nearby Providence where they were enrolled before they started attending classes in Clay last week.

Mrs. Catherine Copeland, mother of Bobbie Carl, 12, and Samuel Lee, 14, said she also would take her sons back to Rosenswald.

WHITES RETURN
As the Negroes departed about 100 white children dropped into the school which has an enrollment of 500 and which was boycotted last week after the Negroes were admitted.

While integration received a setback in Kentucky, it went forward another step in North Carolina when John O. Lyon, a 23-year-old Negro from Durham entered Gaston Technical Institute at Gastonia. North Carolina already has Negroes as graduate and undergraduate students in several of the other units of its consolidated university system.

The Webster County school board held the Negroes could not be admitted to the Clay school.

The committee reported that it was sticking to its announced revenue target of 345 million dollars for the 1957-58 period, despite recent reports that budget requests would total 280 million.

It said it would propose repeal of the 45 per cent income surtax, but only if a sales tax is adopted in its place.

Members tentatively approved these other proposed changes in the present income tax laws: Adding a capital gains provision to the personal income tax. These gains would be taxed at a lower rate than regular income and this would be an incentive to investment in the state, proponents said.

Permitting a taxpayer to claim a child attending school as a deduction, regardless of the child's income.

Permitting the taxpayer to use federal adjusted gross income figures from his federal tax to begin computation of the Oregon tax.

State Sen. Rudie Wilhelm, of Portland, committee chairman, urged that corporation excise taxes be reduced from 8 per cent to 5 per cent with firms paying the lower figure no longer being permitted to offset up to 50 per cent of the amount they pay in personal property tax.

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State Sales Tax Plans Revealed

PORTLAND (UP) — The bill which the Legislative Interim Tax Committee plans to submit to the next session of the State Legislature calls for a 3 per cent general retail sales tax. The committee, which met here Saturday, expects a sales tax to bring in 130 million dollars per biennium.

Of this, 40 million dollars would be distributed for local property tax relief under the proposed bill.

The rest of the state's income then would come from existing tax sources, including the state income tax.

The committee reported that it was sticking to its announced revenue target of 345 million dollars for the 1957-58 period, despite recent reports that budget requests would total 280 million.

It said it would propose repeal of the 45 per cent income surtax, but only if a sales tax is adopted in its place.

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Judge's Son Passes Bar

David Raymond Vandenberg Jr., son of Circuit Judge and Mrs. David R. Vandenberg of Klamath Falls, has passed the Oregon State Bar examination, according to an Associated Press dispatch Monday from Salem.

One hundred and six other law school students also passed the examination.

Vandenberg was born in Klamath Falls on April 17, 1930. He attended Sacred Heart Academy, received degrees from the University of Portland and Northwestern Law School, Portland.

Mrs. Vandenberg said her son may enter law practice in Klamath Falls.

Judge Vandenberg is still in Portland where his mother, Mrs. Mary Vandenberg, is gravely ill. He has been assigned temporarily to the circuit court of Multnomah County to try several cases.

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Dulles Says America To Help Oil Loans

WASHINGTON (UP) — Secretary of State Dulles said after a conference with President Eisenhower Monday that there is no American plan to finance the "detouring of the Suez Canal."

Dulles told reporters at the White House the United States is prepared to help finance, through the Export-Import Bank, increased exports of American oil to western nations if transit through the canal is "impractical or greatly diminished."

Asked whether he was barring financial aid to other nations to help them transport oil around Africa and thus detour the canal, Dulles said he and Eisenhower have planned only as a contingency the financing of American oil exports.

"We have not gone beyond that in our planning and we do not believe we will have to," Dulles said.

GOES TO LONDON
The secretary of state spent an hour with Eisenhower in advance of his scheduled departure later in the day for London.

In London, Dulles will participate in a meeting of 18 governments which failed in efforts to get Egypt to accept internationalization of the canal operations.

Dulles reiterated in a formal statement issued after his conference with the President that the United States "is dedicated to seeking by peaceful means assurance that the Suez Canal will carry out the international purpose to which it is dedicated by the convention of 1888."

Dulles is reported to regard the London conference, opening Wednesday, as one of the most difficult of the many flying assignments he has undertaken on behalf of the Eisenhower administration. Because he attaches so much importance to united action to meet Nasser's challenge, he agreed to attend personally rather than delegate the task to subordinates.

MAJOR REVISIONS
In order to achieve this united action, Dulles is understood to be ready to consider major revisions in a plan for a Suez